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► **B****ASSOCIATION AGREEMENT**

between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part

(OJ L 261, 30.8.2014, p. 4)

Amended by:

		Official Journal		
		No	page	date
► <u>M1</u>	Decision No 1/2016 of the Geographical Indications Sub-Committee of 10 November 2016	L 335	133	9.12.2016
► <u>M2</u>	Decision No 1/2017 of the EU-Georgia Sanitary and Phytosanitary Sub-Committee of 7 March 2017	L 98	22	11.4.2017
► <u>M3</u>	Decision No 1/2018 of the Geographical Indications Sub-Committee of 14 March 2018	L 100	1	19.4.2018
► <u>M4</u>	Decision No 1/2018 of the EU-Georgia Customs Sub-Committee of 20 March 2018	L 140	107	6.6.2018
► <u>M5</u>	Decision No 1/2019 of the EU-Georgia Association Committee in Trade Configuration of 18 October 2019	L 296	30	15.11.2019
► <u>M6</u>	Decision No 2/2019 of the EU-Georgia Association Committee in Trade Configuration of 18 October 2019	L 296	33	15.11.2019
► <u>M7</u>	Decision No 1/2020 of the Geographical Indications Sub-Committee of 23 January 2020	L 66	1	4.3.2020
► <u>M8</u>	Decision No 1/2021 of the EU-Georgia Association Committee in Trade Configuration of 17 June 2021	L 240	3	7.7.2021
► <u>M9</u>	Decision No 1/2021 of the EU-Georgia Customs Sub-Committee of 1 September 2021	L 381	78	27.10.2021

Corrected by:

- **C1** Corrigendum, OJ L 297, 15.10.2014, p. 42 (22014A0830(02))
- **C2** Corrigendum, OJ L 80, 25.3.2015, p. 128 (22014A0830(02))

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ASSOCIATION AGREEMENT

**between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy
Community and their Member States, of the one part, and
Georgia, of the other part**

PREAMBLE

THE KINGDOM OF BELGIUM,

THE REPUBLIC OF BULGARIA,

THE CZECH REPUBLIC,

THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK,

THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY,

THE REPUBLIC OF ESTONIA,

IRELAND,

THE HELLENIC REPUBLIC,

THE KINGDOM OF SPAIN,

THE FRENCH REPUBLIC,

THE REPUBLIC OF CROATIA,

THE ITALIAN REPUBLIC,

THE REPUBLIC OF CYPRUS,

THE REPUBLIC OF LATVIA,

THE REPUBLIC OF LITHUANIA,

THE GRAND DUCHY OF LUXEMBOURG,

HUNGARY,

THE REPUBLIC OF MALTA,

THE KINGDOM OF THE NETHERLANDS,

THE REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA,

THE REPUBLIC OF POLAND,

THE PORTUGUESE REPUBLIC,

ROMANIA,

THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA,

THE SLOVAK REPUBLIC,

THE REPUBLIC OF FINLAND,

THE KINGDOM OF SWEDEN,

THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN
IRELAND,

Contracting Parties to the Treaty on European Union and the Treaty on
the Functioning of the European Union, hereinafter referred to as 'the
Member States',

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THE EUROPEAN UNION, hereinafter referred to as ‘the Union’ or ‘the EU’
and

THE EUROPEAN ATOMIC ENERGY COMMUNITY, hereinafter referred to
as ‘the Euratom’

of the one part, and

GEORGIA,

of the other part,

hereafter jointly referred to as ‘the Parties’,

CONSIDERING the strong links and common values of the Parties,
established in the past through the Partnership and Cooperation
Agreement between the European Communities and their Member
States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part, and being
developed within the framework of the Eastern Partnership as a
specific dimension of the European Neighbourhood Policy and recog-
nising the common desire of the Parties to further develop, strengthen
and extend their relations in an ambitious and innovative way;

ACKNOWLEDGING the European aspirations and European choice of
Georgia;

RECOGNISING that the common values on which the EU is built
—democracy, respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms, and
the rule of law — lie also at the heart of political association and
economic integration as envisaged in this Agreement;

RECOGNISING that Georgia, an Eastern European country, is committed
to implementing and promoting these values;

RECOGNISING that Georgia shares historical links and common values
with the Member States;

TAKING INTO ACCOUNT that this Agreement shall not prejudice and
leaves open the way for future progressive developments in EU-Georgia
relations;

COMMITTED to further strengthening respect for fundamental freedoms,
human rights, including the rights of persons belonging to minorities,
democratic principles, the rule of law, and good governance, based on
common values of the Parties;

UNDERSTANDING that internal reforms towards strengthening
democracy and market economy will facilitate participation of Georgia
in EU policies, programmes and agencies. This process and sustainable
conflict settlement will mutually reinforce each other and will contribute
to build confidence between communities divided by conflict;

WILLING to contribute to the political, socio-economic and institutional
development of Georgia through wide-ranging cooperation in a broad
spectrum of areas of common interest, such as the development of civil
society, good governance, including in the field of taxation, trade inte-
gration and enhanced economic cooperation, institution building, public

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administration and civil service reform and fight against corruption, the reduction of poverty and cooperation in the field of freedom, security and justice necessary to effectively implement this Agreement and noting the EU's readiness to support relevant reforms in Georgia;

COMMITTED to all the principles and provisions of the Charter of the United Nations, the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE), in particular of the Helsinki Final Act of 1975 of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, the concluding documents of the Madrid, Istanbul and Vienna Conferences of 1991 and 1992 respectively, and the Charter of Paris for a New Europe of 1990, as well as the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights of 1948 and the European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms of 1950.

RECALLING their will to promote international peace and security as well as engaging in effective multilateralism and the peaceful settlement of disputes, in particular by cooperating to that end within the framework of the United Nations (UN) and the OSCE;

COMMITTED to international obligations to fighting against the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and their means of delivery and to cooperating on disarmament;

RECOGNISING the added value of the active participation of the Parties in various regional cooperation formats;

DESIROUS to further develop regular political dialogue on bilateral and international issues of mutual interest, including regional aspects, taking into account the Common Foreign and Security Policy (CFSP) of the European Union, including the Common Security and Defence Policy (CSDP);

FULLY RESPECTING the principles of independence, sovereignty, territorial integrity and the inviolability of the internationally recognised borders under international law, the Charter of the United Nations, the Final Act of the Helsinki Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe and relevant United Nations Security Council resolutions;

RECOGNISING the importance of the commitment of Georgia to reconciliation and its efforts to restore its territorial integrity and full and effective control over Georgian regions of Abkhazia and the Tskhivali region/South Ossetia in pursuit of a peaceful and lasting conflict resolution based on principles of international law, and of the EU's commitment to support a peaceful and lasting resolution of the conflict;

RECOGNISING in this context the importance of pursuing the implementation of the Six-Point Agreement of 12 August 2008 and its subsequent implementing measures, of meaningful international presence for maintaining peace and security on the ground, of pursuing mutually supportive non-recognition and engagement policies, of supporting the Geneva International Discussions and of safe and dignified return of all internally displaced persons and refugees in line with principles of international law;

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COMMITTED to provide the benefits of closer political association and economic integration of Georgia with the EU to all citizens of Georgia including the communities divided by conflict;

COMMITTED to combating organised crime and illicit trafficking and to further strengthening cooperation in the fight against terrorism;

COMMITTED to deepening their dialogue and cooperation on mobility, migration, asylum and border management taking also into account the EU-Georgia Mobility Partnership, with a comprehensive approach paying attention to legal migration, including circular migration, and to cooperation aimed at tackling illegal migration, trafficking in human beings and efficient implementation of the readmission agreement;

RECOGNISING the importance of introducing a visa free travel regime for the citizens of Georgia in due course, provided that conditions for well-managed and secure mobility are in place including the effective implementation of visa facilitation and readmission agreements;

COMMITTED to the principles of free market economy and the readiness of the EU to contribute to the economic reforms in Georgia, including in the framework of the European Neighbourhood Policy and the Eastern Partnership;

COMMITTED to achieve economic integration in particular through a Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area (DCFTA), as an integral part of this Agreement including regulatory approximation and in compliance with the rights and obligations arising out of the membership of the Parties in the World Trade Organisation (WTO);

BELIEVING that this Agreement will create a new climate for economic relations between the Parties and above all for the development of trade and investment, and will stimulate competition, which are factors crucial to economic restructuring and modernisation;

COMMITTED to respecting the principles of sustainable development, to protecting the environment and mitigating climate change, to continuous improvement of environmental governance and meeting environmental needs, including cross-border cooperation and implementation of multi-lateral international agreements;

COMMITTED to enhancing the security of energy supply, including the development of the Southern Corridor by, inter alia, promoting the development of appropriate projects in Georgia facilitating the development of relevant infrastructure, including for transit through Georgia, increasing market integration and gradual regulatory approximation towards key elements of the EU acquis, and promoting energy efficiency and the use of renewable energy sources;

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ACKNOWLEDGING the need for enhanced energy cooperation, and the commitment of the Parties to implement the Energy Charter Treaty;

WILLING to improve the level of public health safety and protection of human health as an essential element for sustainable development and economic growth;

COMMITTED to enhancing people-to-people contacts, including through cooperation and exchanges in the fields of science and technology, business, youth, education and culture;

COMMITTED to promoting cross-border and inter-regional cooperation by both sides in the spirit of good neighbourly relations;

RECOGNISING the commitment of Georgia to progressively approximating its legislation in the relevant sectors with that of the EU, in accordance with this Agreement and to implementing it effectively;

RECOGNISING the commitment of Georgia to developing its administrative and institutional infrastructure to the extent necessary to enforce this Agreement;

TAKING ACCOUNT of the willingness of the EU to provide support for the implementation of reforms, and to use all available instruments of cooperation and technical, financial and economic assistance in this endeavour;

CONFIRMING that the provisions of this Agreement that fall within the scope of Title V of Part Three of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union bind the United Kingdom and Ireland as separate Contracting Parties, and not as part of the EU, unless the EU together with the United Kingdom and/or Ireland have jointly notified Georgia that the United Kingdom or Ireland is bound as part of the EU in accordance with Protocol No 21 on the position of the United Kingdom and Ireland in respect of the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice, annexed to the Treaty on European Union and to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union. If the United Kingdom and/or Ireland ceases to be bound as part of the EU in accordance with Article 4a of that Protocol, the EU together with the United Kingdom and/or Ireland shall immediately inform Georgia of any change in their position in which case they shall remain bound by the provisions of this Agreement in their own right. The same applies to Denmark, in accordance with the Protocol No 22 on the position of Denmark, annexed to those Treaties.

HAVE DECIDED TO CONCLUDE THIS AGREEMENT:

*Article 1***Objectives**

1. An association is hereby established between the Union and its Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part.
2. The aims of this association are:

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- (a) to promote political association and economic integration between the Parties based on common values and close links, including by increasing Georgia's participation in EU policies, programmes and agencies;
- (b) to provide a strengthened framework for enhanced political dialogue on all areas of mutual interest, allowing the development of close political relations between the Parties;
- (c) to contribute to the strengthening of democracy and to political, economic and institutional stability in Georgia;
- (d) to promote, preserve and strengthen peace and stability regionally and internationally, based on the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and the Helsinki Final Act of 1975 of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, including through joining efforts to eliminate sources of tension, enhance border security, and to promote cross-border cooperation and good neighbourly relations;
- (e) to promote cooperation aimed at peaceful conflict resolution;
- (f) to enhance cooperation in the area of freedom, security and justice with the aim of reinforcing the rule of law and the respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms;
- (g) to support the efforts of Georgia to develop its economic potential through international cooperation, including through the approximation of its legislation to that of the EU;
- (h) to achieve Georgia's gradual economic integration into the EU Internal Market, as stipulated in this Agreement, in particular through establishing a Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area which will provide for far-reaching market access on the basis of sustained and comprehensive regulatory approximation in compliance with the rights and obligations arising from its WTO membership;
- (i) to establish conditions for an increasingly close cooperation in other areas of mutual interest.

TITLE I

GENERAL PRINCIPLES

*Article 2***General Principles**

1. Respect for the democratic principles, human rights and fundamental freedoms, as proclaimed in the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights of 1948 and as defined in the European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms of 1950, the Helsinki Final Act of 1975 of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe and the Charter of Paris for a New Europe of 1990 shall form the basis of the domestic and external policies of the Parties and constitutes an essential element of this Agreement. Countering the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction, related materials and their means of delivery also constitute essential elements of this Agreement.

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2. The Parties reiterate their commitment to the principles of a free market economy, sustainable development and effective multilateralism.

3. The Parties reaffirm their respect for the principles of the rule of law and good governance, as well as their international obligations, in particular under the UN, the Council of Europe and the OSCE. In particular, they agree to promoting respect for the principles of sovereignty and territorial integrity, inviolability of borders and independence.

4. The Parties commit themselves to the rule of law, good governance, the fight against corruption, the fight against the various forms of transnational organised crime and terrorism, the promotion of sustainable development, effective multilateralism and the fight against the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and their delivery systems. This commitment constitutes a key factor in the development of the relations and cooperation between the Parties and contributes to regional peace and stability.

TITLE II

POLITICAL DIALOGUE AND REFORM, COOPERATION IN THE FIELD OF FOREIGN AND SECURITY POLICY*Article 3***Aims of political dialogue**

1. Political dialogue on all areas of mutual interest, including foreign and security matters as well as domestic reform, shall be further developed and strengthened between the Parties. This will increase the effectiveness of political cooperation and promote convergence on foreign and security matters, strengthening relations in an ambitious and innovative way.

2. The aims of political dialogue shall be:
 - (a) to deepen political association and increase political and security policy convergence and effectiveness;

 - (b) to promote the principles of territorial integrity, inviolability of internationally recognised borders, sovereignty and independence, as enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations and the Helsinki Final Act of 1975 of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe;

 - (c) to promote peaceful conflict resolution;

 - (d) to promote international stability and security based on effective multilateralism;

 - (e) to strengthen cooperation and dialogue between the Parties on international security and crisis management, in particular in order to address global and regional challenges and key threats;

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- (f) to strengthen the cooperation in the fight against the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) and their delivery systems including the conversion to alternative employment of scientists formerly employed in WMD programmes;
- (g) to foster result-oriented and practical cooperation between the Parties for achieving peace, security and stability on the European continent;
- (h) to strengthen respect for democratic principles, the rule of law and good governance, human rights and fundamental freedoms, including media freedom and the rights of persons belonging to minorities, and to contribute to consolidating domestic political reforms;
- (i) to develop dialogue and to deepen the cooperation of the Parties in the field of security and defence;
- (j) to work to further promote regional cooperation in various formats;
- (k) to provide all benefits of closer political association between the EU and Georgia, including increased security policy convergence to all citizens of Georgia within its internationally recognised borders.

*Article 4***Domestic reform**

The Parties shall cooperate on developing, consolidating and increasing the stability and effectiveness of democratic institutions and the rule of law; on ensuring respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms; on making further progress on judicial and legal reform, so that the independence of the judiciary is guaranteed, strengthening its administrative capacity and guaranteeing impartiality and effectiveness of law enforcement bodies; on further pursuing the public administration reform and on building an accountable, efficient, effective, transparent and professional civil service; and on continuing effective fight against corruption, particularly in view of enhancing international cooperation on combating corruption, and ensuring effective implementation of relevant international legal instruments, such as the United Nations Convention Against Corruption of 2003.

*Article 5***Foreign and security policy**

1. The Parties shall intensify their dialogue and cooperation and promote gradual convergence in the area of foreign and security policy, including the common security and defence policy, and shall address in particular issues of conflict prevention, peaceful conflict resolution and crisis management, regional stability, disarmament, non-proliferation, arms control and export control. Cooperation shall be based on common values and mutual interests, and shall aim at increasing policy convergence and effectiveness, making use of bilateral, international and regional fora.

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2. The Parties reaffirm their commitment to the principles of territorial integrity, inviolability of internationally recognised borders, sovereignty and independence, as established in the Charter of the United Nations and the Helsinki Final Act of 1975 of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, and their commitment to promote these principles in their bilateral and multilateral relations. The Parties also underline their full support for the principle of host nation consent on stationing foreign armed forces on their territories. They agree that the stationing of foreign armed forces on their territory should take place with the explicit consent of the host state, in accordance with international law.

*Article 6***Serious crimes of international concern**

1. The Parties reaffirm that the most serious crimes of concern to the international community as a whole must not go unpunished and that impunity for such crimes must be avoided by taking measures at national and international level including the International Criminal Court.

2. The Parties consider that the establishment and effective functioning of the International Criminal Court constitutes an important development for international peace and justice. The Parties reaffirm their commitment to continue to cooperate with the International Criminal Court by implementing the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court and its related instruments, giving due regard to preserving its integrity.

*Article 7***Conflict prevention and crisis management**

The Parties shall enhance practical cooperation in conflict prevention and crisis management, in particular with a view to possible participation of Georgia in EU-led civilian and military crisis management operations as well as relevant exercises and training, on a case-by-case basis and following possible invitation by the EU.

*Article 8***Regional stability**

1. The Parties shall intensify their joint efforts to promote stability, security and democratic development in the region, as well as to work to further promote regional cooperation in various formats and, in particular, shall work towards peaceful settlement of the unresolved conflicts in the region.

2. These efforts shall follow commonly shared principles of maintaining international peace and security as established by the Charter of the United Nations, the Helsinki Final Act of 1975 of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe and other relevant multilateral documents. The Parties shall also make full use of the multilateral framework of the Eastern Partnership that provides for cooperation activities and open and free dialogue, fostering links among partners countries themselves.

*Article 9***Peaceful conflict resolution**

1. The Parties reiterate their commitment to peaceful conflict resolution in full respect of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Georgia within its internationally recognised borders as well as to facilitating jointly post-conflict rehabilitation and reconciliation efforts. Pending sustainable solution to conflict and without prejudice to the existing formats for addressing conflict-related issues, peaceful conflict resolution will constitute one of the central subjects on the agenda of political dialogue between the Parties, as well as in the dialogue with other relevant international actors.

2. The Parties recognise the importance of the commitment of Georgia to reconciliation and its efforts to restore its territorial integrity in pursuit of a peaceful and lasting conflict resolution, of pursuing the full implementation of the Six-Point Agreement of 12 August 2008 and its subsequent implementing measures, of pursuing mutually supportive non-recognition and engagement policies, of supporting the Geneva International Discussions and of safe and dignified return of all internally displaced persons and refugees to their habitual places of residence in line with principles of international law; and of a meaningful international field involvement, including, as appropriate, that of the EU.

3. The Parties shall coordinate, also with other relevant international organisations, their efforts to contribute to peaceful conflict resolution in Georgia, including in relation to humanitarian issues.

4. All these efforts shall follow commonly shared principles of maintaining international peace and security as established by the Charter of the United Nations, the Helsinki Final Act of 1975 of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe and other relevant multilateral documents.

*Article 10***Weapons of mass destruction**

1. The Parties consider that the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) and their means of delivery, both to state and non-state actors, represents one of the most serious threats to international peace and stability. The Parties therefore agree to cooperate and to contribute to countering the proliferation of WMD and their means of delivery through full compliance with, and national implementation of, their existing obligations under international disarmament and non-proliferation treaties and agreements, and other relevant international obligations. The Parties agree that this provision constitutes an essential element of this Agreement.

2. The Parties furthermore agree to cooperate and to contribute to countering the proliferation of WMD and their means of delivery by:

- (a) taking steps to sign, ratify, or accede to, as appropriate, and fully implement, all other relevant international instruments; and

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- (b) establishing an effective system of national export controls, controlling the export as well as transit of WMD-related goods, including a WMD end-use control on dual-use technologies, and containing effective sanctions for breaches of export controls.
3. The Parties agree to address these issues in their political dialogue.

*Article 11***Small arms and light weapons and conventional arms exports control**

1. The Parties recognise that the illicit manufacture, transfer and circulation of small arms and light weapons (SALW), including their ammunition, and their excessive accumulation, poor management, inadequately secured stockpiles and uncontrolled spread continue to pose a serious threat to peace and international security.
2. The Parties agree to observe and fully implement their respective obligations to deal with the illicit trade in SALW, including their ammunition, under existing international agreements and UN Security Council resolutions, as well as their commitments within the framework of other international instruments applicable in this area, such as the United Nations Programme of Action to prevent, combat and eradicate the illicit trade in SALW in all its aspects.
3. The Parties shall undertake to cooperate and to ensure coordination, complementarity and synergy in their efforts to deal with the illicit trade in SALW, including their ammunition, and the destruction of excessive stockpiles, at global, regional, sub-regional and national levels.
4. Furthermore, the Parties agree to continue to cooperate in the area of conventional arms export control, in the light of the Council Common Position 2008/944/CFSP of 8 December 2008 defining common rules governing control of exports of military technology and equipment.
5. The Parties agree to address these issues in their political dialogue.

*Article 12***Fight against terrorism**

1. The Parties reaffirm the importance of the fight against and the prevention of terrorism and agree to work together at bilateral, regional and international level to prevent and combat terrorism in all its forms and manifestations.

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2. The Parties agree that the fight against terrorism must be conducted with full respect for the rule of law and in full conformity with international law including international human rights law, international refugee law and international humanitarian law, the principles of the Charter of the United Nations, and all relevant international counter-terrorism related instruments.

3. The Parties stress the importance of the universal ratification and full implementation of all UN counter-terrorism related conventions and protocols. The Parties agree to continue to promote dialogue on the draft Comprehensive Convention on International Terrorism and to cooperate in the implementation of the United Nations Global Counter-Terrorism Strategy, as well as all relevant UN Security Council resolutions and Council of Europe conventions. The Parties also agree to cooperate to promote international consensus on the prevention of and fight against terrorism.

TITLE III

FREEDOM, SECURITY AND JUSTICE*Article 13***Rule of law and respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms**

1. In their cooperation in the area of freedom, security and justice the Parties shall attach particular importance to further promoting the rule of law, including the independence of the judiciary, access to justice, and the right to a fair trial.

2. The Parties will cooperate fully on the effective functioning of institutions in the areas of law enforcement and the administration of justice.

3. Respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms will guide all cooperation on freedom, security and justice.

*Article 14***Protection of personal data**

The Parties agree to cooperate in order to ensure a high level of protection of personal data in accordance with the EU, Council of Europe and international legal instruments and standards referred to in Annex I to this Agreement.

*Article 15***Cooperation on migration, asylum and border management**

1. The Parties reaffirm the importance of a joint management of migration flows between their territories and shall establish a comprehensive dialogue on all migration-related issues, including legal migration, international protection and the fight against illegal migration, smuggling and trafficking in human beings.

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2. Cooperation will be based on specific needs assessments conducted in mutual consultation between the Parties and be implemented in accordance with their relevant legislation in force. It will, in particular, focus on:

- (a) the root causes and the consequences of migration;
- (b) the development and implementation of national legislation and practices as regards international protection, with a view to satisfying the provisions of the Geneva Convention relating to the Status of Refugees of 1951 and of the Protocol relating to the Status of Refugees of 1967 and of other relevant international instruments, such as the European Convention on the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms of 1950, and to ensuring the respect of the principle of ‘non-refoulement’;
- (c) the admission rules and rights and status of persons admitted, fair treatment and integration of lawfully residing non-nationals education and training and measures against racism and xenophobia;
- (d) the enhancement of an effective and preventive policy against illegal migration, smuggling of migrants and trafficking in human beings including the issue of how to combat networks of smugglers and traffickers and how to protect the victims of such trafficking;
- (e) the implementation of the Working Arrangement on the establishment of operational cooperation between the European Agency for the Management of Operational Cooperation at the External Borders of the Member States of the European Union (FRONTEX) and the Ministry of Internal Affairs (MIA) of Georgia, signed on 4 December 2008;
- (f) in the areas of document security and border management, issues such as organisation, training, best practices and other operational measures.

3. Cooperation may also facilitate circular migration for the benefit of development.

*Article 16***Movement of persons and readmission**

1. The Parties will ensure the full implementation of:
 - (a) the Agreement between the European Union and Georgia on the readmission of persons residing without authorisation, which entered into force on 1 March 2011; and
 - (b) the Agreement between the European Union and Georgia on the facilitation of the issuance of visas, which entered into force on 1 March 2011.

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2. The Parties shall continue to endeavour to enhance mobility of citizens and shall take gradual steps towards the shared objective of a visa-free regime in due course, provided that the conditions for well-managed and secure mobility set out in the two-phase Action Plan on Visa Liberalisation are in place.

*Article 17***The fight against organised crime and corruption**

1. The Parties shall cooperate on combating and preventing criminal and illegal activities, in particular transnational activities, organised or otherwise, such as:

- (a) smuggling and trafficking in human beings as well as small arms and illicit drugs;
- (b) smuggling and trafficking in goods;
- (c) illegal economic and financial activities such as counterfeiting, fiscal fraud and public procurement fraud;
- (d) embezzlement in projects funded by international donors;
- (e) active and passive corruption, both in the private and public sector;
- (f) forging documents, submitting false statements; and
- (g) cybercrime.

2. The Parties shall enhance bilateral, regional and international co-operation among law enforcement bodies including developing cooperation between Europol and the relevant authorities of Georgia. The Parties are committed to implementing effectively the relevant international standards, and in particular those enshrined in the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organised Crime (UNTOC) of 2000 and the three Protocols thereto and in the United Nations Convention against Corruption of 2003.

*Article 18***Illicit drugs**

1. Within their respective powers and competencies, the Parties shall cooperate to ensure a balanced and integrated approach towards drug issues. Drug policies and actions shall be aimed at reinforcing structures for preventing and combating illicit drugs, reducing the supply of, trafficking in and the demand for illicit drugs, addressing the health and social consequences of drug abuse with a view to reducing harm as well as at a more effective prevention of diversion of chemical precursors used for the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances.

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2. The Parties shall agree on the necessary methods of cooperation to attain these objectives. Actions shall be based on commonly agreed principles along the lines of the relevant international conventions, and the EU Drug Strategy (2013-20), the Political Declaration on the guiding principles of drug demand reduction, approved by the Twentieth United Nations General Assembly Special Session on Drugs in June 1998.

*Article 19***Money laundering and terrorism financing**

1. The Parties shall cooperate in order to prevent the use of their financial and relevant non-financial systems to launder the proceeds of criminal activities in general and drug offences in particular, as well as for the purpose of terrorism financing.

This cooperation extends to the recovery of assets or funds derived from the proceeds of crime.

2. Cooperation in this area shall allow exchanges of relevant information within the framework of respective legislation and the adoption of appropriate standards to prevent and combat money laundering and financing of terrorism equivalent to those adopted by relevant international bodies active in this area, such as the Financial Action Task Force on Money Laundering (FATF).

*Article 20***Cooperation in the fight against terrorism**

1. In full accordance with the principles underlying the fight against terrorism as set out in Article 12 of this Agreement, the Parties reaffirm the importance of a law enforcement and judicial approach to the fight against terrorism and agree to cooperate in the prevention and suppression of terrorism in particular by:

- (a) ensuring the criminalisation of terrorist offences, in line with the definition contained in the Council Framework Decision 2008/919/JHA of 28 November 2008 amending Framework Decision 2002/475/JHA on combatting terrorism;
- (b) exchanging information on terrorist groups and individuals and their support networks, in accordance with international and national law, in particular as regards data protection and the protection of privacy;
- (c) exchanging experience in the prevention and suppression of terrorism, means and methods and their technical aspects, as well as on training, in accordance with applicable law;

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- (d) sharing information on best practices in addressing and countering radicalisation and recruitment, and on promoting rehabilitation;
 - (e) exchanging views and experience concerning cross-border movement and travel of terrorist suspects as well as concerning terrorist threats;
 - (f) sharing best practices as regards the protection of human rights in the fight against terrorism, in particular in relation to criminal justice proceedings;
 - (g) taking measures against the threat of chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear terrorism and undertaking the measures necessary to prevent the acquisition, transfer and use for terrorist purposes of chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear materials as well as to prevent illegal acts against high risk chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear facilities.
2. Cooperation shall be based on relevant available assessments, such as those of the relevant bodies of the UN and the Council of Europe and conducted in mutual consultation between the Parties.

*Article 21***Legal cooperation**

1. The Parties agree to develop judicial cooperation in civil and commercial matters as regards the negotiation, ratification and implementation of multilateral conventions on civil judicial cooperation and, in particular, the conventions of the Hague Conference on Private International Law in the field of international legal cooperation and litigation as well as the protection of children.
2. As regards judicial cooperation in criminal matters, the Parties will seek to enhance cooperation on mutual legal assistance on the basis of relevant multilateral agreements. This would include, where appropriate, accession to, and implementation of, the relevant international instruments of the UN and the Council of Europe and closer cooperation with Eurojust.

TITLE IV

TRADE AND TRADE-RELATED MATTERS

CHAPTER 1

National Treatment and Market Access For Goods

Section 1

Common Provisions*Article 22***Objective**

The Parties shall establish a free trade area starting from the entry into force of this Agreement, in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement and in conformity with Article XXIV of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade 1994 (GATT 1994).

▼B*Article 23***Scope and coverage**

1. The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to trade in goods ⁽¹⁾ between the Parties.
2. For the purposes of this Chapter, ‘originating’ means qualifying under the rules of origin set out in Protocol I to this Agreement.

Section 2**Elimination of customs duties, fees and other charges***Article 24***Definition of customs duties**

For the purposes of this Chapter, a ‘customs duty’ includes any duty or charge of any kind imposed on, or in connection with, the import or export of a good, including any form of surtax or surcharge imposed on or in connection with such import or export. A ‘customs duty’ does not include any:

- (a) charge equivalent to an internal tax imposed consistently with Article 31 of this Agreement;
- (b) duties imposed consistently with Chapter 2 (Trade Remedies) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement;
- (c) fees or other charges imposed consistently with Article 30 of this Agreement.

*Article 25***Classification of goods**

The classification of goods in trade between the Parties shall be that set out in each Party's respective tariff nomenclature in conformity with the 2012 Harmonised System based on the International Convention on the Harmonised Commodity Description and Coding System of 1983 (HS) and subsequent amendments thereto.

*Article 26***Elimination of customs duties on imports**

1. The Parties shall eliminate all customs duties on goods originating in the other Party as from the date of entry into force of this Agreement except as provided in paragraphs 2 and 3 of this Article and without prejudice to paragraph 4 of this Article.

⁽¹⁾ For the purposes of this Agreement, ‘goods’ means products as understood in GATT 1994 unless otherwise provided in this Agreement. Goods falling under the scope of the WTO Agreement on Agriculture are referred to in this Chapter as ‘agricultural products’ or ‘products’.

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2. The products listed in Annex II-A to this Agreement shall be imported into the Union free of customs duties within the limits of the tariff rate quotas set out in that Annex. The most-favoured-nation (MFN) customs duty rate shall apply to imports exceeding the tariff rate quota limit.

3. The products listed in Annex II-B to this Agreement shall be subject to an import duty when imported into the Union with exemption of the ad valorem component of that import duty.

4. The import of products originating in Georgia listed in Annex II-C to this Agreement shall be subject to the anti-circumvention mechanism set out in Article 27 of this Agreement.

5. After five years from the entry into force of this Agreement, at the request of either Party, the Parties shall consult to consider broadening the scope of the liberalisation of customs duties in the trade between the Parties. A decision under this paragraph shall be made by the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement.

*Article 27***Anti-circumvention mechanism for agricultural products and processed agricultural products**

1. The products listed in Annex II-C to this Agreement are subject to the anti-circumvention mechanism set out in this Article. The average annual volume of imports from Georgia into the Union for each category of those products is provided in Annex II-C to this Agreement.

2. When the volume of imports of one or more categories of products referred to in paragraph 1 reaches 70 % of the volume indicated in Annex II-C to this Agreement in any given year starting on 1 January, the Union shall notify Georgia about the volume of imports of ►**C1** the product(s) concerned. ◀ Following this notification and within 14 calendar days from the date on which the volume of imports of one or more categories of products referred to in paragraph 1 reaches 80 % of the volume indicated in Annex II-C to this Agreement, Georgia shall provide the Union with a sound justification that Georgia has the capacity to produce the products for export into the Union in excess of the volumes set out in that Annex. If those imports reach 100 % of the volume indicated in Annex II-C to this Agreement, and in the absence of a sound justification by Georgia, the Union may temporarily suspend the preferential treatment for the products concerned.

The suspension shall be applicable for a period of six months and shall take effect on the date of publication of the decision to suspend preferential treatment in the Official Journal of the European Union.

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3. All temporary suspensions adopted pursuant to paragraph 2 shall be notified by the Union to Georgia without undue delay.

4. A temporary suspension shall be lifted before the expiry of six months from its entry into force by the Union if Georgia provides robust and satisfactory evidence within the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, that the volume of the relevant category of products imported in excess of the volume referred to in Annex II-C to this Agreement results from a change in the level of production and export capacity of Georgia for the product(s) concerned.

5. Annex II-C to this Agreement may be amended and the volume modified by mutual consent of the Union and Georgia in the Association Committee in Trade configuration at the request of Georgia, in order to reflect changes in the level of production and export capacity of Georgia for the product(s) concerned.

*Article 28***Standstill**

Neither Party may adopt any new customs duty, on a good originating in the other Party or may increase any customs duty applied on the date of entry into force of this Agreement. This shall not preclude that either Party may maintain or increase a customs duty as authorised by the Dispute Settlement Body (DSB) of the WTO.

*Article 29***Customs duties on exports**

Neither Party shall adopt or maintain any customs duty or tax, other than internal charges applied in conformity with Article 30 of this Agreement, on, or in connection with, the export of goods to the territory of the other Party.

*Article 30***Fees and other charges**

Each Party shall ensure, in accordance with Article VIII of GATT 1994 and the interpretative notes thereon, that all fees and charges of whatever character other than customs duties or other measures referred to in Article 26 of this Agreement, imposed on, or in connection with, the import or export of goods are limited in amount to the approximate cost of services rendered and do not represent an indirect protection to domestic goods or a taxation of imports or exports for fiscal purposes.

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Section 3

Non-tariff measures*Article 31***National treatment**

Each Party shall accord national treatment to the goods of the other Party in accordance with Article III of GATT 1994, including the interpretative notes thereon. To that end, Article III of GATT 1994 and the interpretative notes thereon are incorporated into this Agreement and made an integral part thereof.

*Article 32***Import and export restrictions**

Neither Party shall adopt or maintain any prohibition or restriction on the import of any good of the other Party or on the export or sale for export of any good destined for the territory of the other Party, except as otherwise provided in this Agreement or in accordance with Article XI of GATT 1994 and the interpretative notes thereon. To that end, Article XI of GATT 1994 and the interpretative notes thereon are incorporated into this Agreement and made an integral part thereof.

Section 4

Specific provisions related to goods*Article 33***General exceptions**

Nothing in this Chapter shall be construed to prevent the adoption or enforcement by any Party of measures in accordance with Articles XX and XXI of GATT 1994 and any relevant interpretative notes to those Articles under GATT 1994, which are hereby incorporated into this Agreement and made an integral part thereof.

Section 5

Administrative cooperation and coordination with other countries*Article 34***Temporary withdrawal of preferences**

1. The Parties agree that administrative cooperation and assistance is essential for the implementation and the control of preferential tariff treatment granted under this Chapter and underline their commitment to combat irregularities and fraud in customs and related matters.

2. Where a Party has made a finding, on the basis of objective information, of a failure of the other Party to provide administrative cooperation or assistance and/or of irregularities or fraud under this

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Chapter, the Party concerned may temporarily suspend the relevant preferential treatment of the product(s) concerned in accordance with this Article.

3. For the purposes of this Article, a failure to provide administrative cooperation or assistance shall mean, *inter alia*:

- (a) a repeated failure to respect the obligations to verify the originating status of the good(s) concerned;
- (b) a repeated refusal or undue delay in carrying out and/or communicating the results of subsequent verification of the proof of origin;
- (c) a repeated refusal or undue delay in obtaining authorisation to conduct enquiry visits to determine the authenticity of documents or accuracy of information relevant to the granting of the preferential treatment in question.

4. For the purposes of this Article, a finding of irregularities or fraud may be made, *inter alia*, where there is a rapid increase, without satisfactory explanation, in the volume of imports of goods exceeding the usual level of production and export capacity of the other Party that is linked to objective information concerning irregularities or fraud.

5. The application of a temporary suspension shall be subject to the following conditions:

- (a) the Party which has made a finding, on the basis of objective information, of a failure to provide administrative cooperation or assistance and/or of irregularities or fraud from the other Party, shall without undue delay notify the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, of its finding together with the objective information and enter into consultations within that Committee, on the basis of all relevant information and objective findings, with a view to reaching a solution acceptable to both Parties;
- (b) where the Parties have entered into consultations within the Association Committee in Trade configuration and have failed to agree on an acceptable solution within three months following the notification, the Party concerned may temporarily suspend the relevant preferential treatment of the good(s) concerned. A temporary suspension shall be notified to the Association Committee in Trade configuration without undue delay;
- (c) temporary suspensions under this Article shall be limited to that necessary to protect the financial interests of the Party concerned. They shall not exceed a period of six months, which may be renewed, if at the date of expiry nothing has changed with respect to the condition that gave rise to the initial suspension. They shall be subject to periodic consultations within the Association Committee in Trade configuration, in particular with a view to their termination as soon as the conditions for their application no longer apply.

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6. Each Party shall publish in accordance with its internal procedures, notices to importers concerning any: notification referred to in paragraph 5(a); decision referred to in paragraph 5(b); and extension or termination referred to in paragraph 5(c).

*Article 35***Management of administrative errors**

In case of an error by the competent authorities in the proper management of the preferential system at export, and in particular in the application of the provisions of Protocol I to this Agreement concerning the definition of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation, where this error leads to consequences in terms of import duties, the Party facing such consequences may request the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, to examine the possibilities of adopting all appropriate measures with a view to resolving the situation.

*Article 36***Agreements with other countries**

1. This Agreement shall not preclude the maintenance or establishment of customs unions, free trade areas or arrangements for frontier traffic except in so far as they conflict with trade arrangements provided for in this Agreement.

2. Consultations between the Parties shall take place within the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, at the request of either Party, concerning agreements establishing customs unions, free trade areas or arrangements for frontier traffic and on other major issues related to their respective trade policy with third countries. In particular in the event of a third country acceding to the EU, such consultations shall take place so as to ensure that account be taken of the mutual interests of the Union and Georgia as stated in this Agreement.

*CHAPTER 2****Trade remedies*****Section 1****Global safeguard measures***Article 37***General provisions**

1. The Parties confirm their rights and obligations under Article XIX of GATT 1994 and the Agreement on Safeguards contained in Annex 1A to the WTO Agreement ('Agreement on Safeguards') and Article 5 of the Agreement on Agriculture, contained in Annex 1A to the WTO Agreement ('Agreement on Agriculture').

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2. The preferential rules of origin established under Chapter 1 (National Treatment and Market Access for Goods) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement shall not apply to this Section.

3. The provisions of this Section shall not be subject to Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.

*Article 38***Transparency**

1. The Party initiating a safeguard investigation shall notify the other Party of such initiation provided the latter has a substantial economic interest.

2. Notwithstanding Article 37 of this Agreement, at the request of the other Party, the Party initiating a safeguard investigation and intending to apply safeguard measures shall provide immediately ad hoc written notification of all the pertinent information leading to the initiation of a safeguard investigation and the imposition of safeguard measures, including, where relevant, information on the initiation of a safeguard investigation, on the provisional findings and on the final findings of the investigation, as well as offer the possibility for consultations to the other Party.

3. For the purposes of this Article, a Party shall be considered as having a substantial economic interest when it is among the five largest suppliers of the imported product during the most recent three-year period of time, measured in terms of either absolute volume or value.

*Article 39***Application of measures**

1. When imposing safeguard measures, the Parties shall endeavour to impose them in a way that affects their bilateral trade the least.

2. For the purposes of paragraph 1 of this Article, if a Party considers that the legal requirements for the imposition of definitive safeguard measures are met and intends to apply such measures, that Party shall notify the other Party and give the latter the possibility to hold bilateral consultations. If no satisfactory solution has been reached within 30 days of the notification, the importing Party may adopt the appropriate measures to remedy the problem.

Section 2**Anti-dumping and countervailing measures***Article 40***General provisions**

1. The Parties confirm their rights and obligations under Article VI of GATT 1994, the Agreement on Implementation of Article VI of GATT 1994, contained in Annex 1A to the WTO Agreement ('Anti-Dumping Agreement') and the Agreement on Subsidies and Countervailing Measures, contained in Annex 1A to the WTO Agreement ('SCM Agreement').

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2. The preferential rules of origin established under Chapter 1 (National Treatment and Market Access for Goods) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement shall not apply to this Section.

3. The provisions of this Section shall not be subject to Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.

*Article 41***Transparency**

1. The Parties agree that anti-dumping and countervailing measures should be used in full compliance with the requirements of the Anti-Dumping Agreement and the SCM Agreement, respectively, and should be based on a fair and transparent system.

2. The Parties shall ensure, immediately after the imposition of provisional measures and before the final determination is made, full and meaningful disclosure of all essential facts and considerations which form the basis for the decision to apply measures, without prejudice to Article 6.5 of the Anti-Dumping Agreement and Article 12.4 of the SCM Agreement. Disclosures shall be made in writing and allow interested parties sufficient time to make their comments.

3. Provided it does not unnecessarily delay the conduct of the investigation, each interested Party shall be granted the possibility to be heard in order to express their views during anti-dumping and anti-subsidy investigations.

*Article 42***Consideration of public interest**

Anti-dumping or countervailing measures may not be applied by a Party where, on the basis of the information made available during the investigation, it can clearly be concluded that it is not in the public interest to apply such measures. The public interest determination shall be based on an appreciation of all the various interests taken as a whole, including the interests of the domestic industry, users, consumers and importers to the extent that they have provided relevant information to the investigating authorities.

*Article 43***Lesser duty rule**

Should a Party decide to impose a provisional or a definitive anti-dumping or a countervailing duty, the amount of such duty shall not exceed the margin of dumping or the total amount of countervailable subsidies, but it should be less than the margin of dumping or the total amount of countervailable subsidies if such a lesser duty would be adequate to remove the injury to the domestic industry.

▼B*CHAPTER 3****Technical barriers to trade, standardisation, metrology, accreditation and conformity assessment****Article 44***Scope and definitions**

1. This Chapter applies to the preparation, adoption and application of standards, technical regulations, and conformity assessment procedures as defined in the Agreement on Technical Barriers to Trade, contained in Annex 1A to the WTO Agreement ('TBT Agreement') that may affect trade in goods between the Parties.
2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, this Chapter does not apply to sanitary and phytosanitary measures as defined in Annex A to the Agreement on the Application of Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures, contained in Annex 1A to the WTO Agreement ('SPS Agreement'), nor to purchasing specifications prepared by public authorities for their own production or consumption requirements.
3. For the purposes of this Chapter, the definitions of ► **C1** Annex 1 to ◀ the TBT Agreement shall apply.

*Article 45***Affirmation of the TBT Agreement**

The Parties affirm their existing rights and obligations with respect to each other under the TBT Agreement which is hereby incorporated into this Agreement and made an integral part thereof.

*Article 46***Technical cooperation**

1. The Parties shall strengthen their cooperation in the field of standards, technical regulations, metrology, market surveillance, accreditation and conformity assessment systems with a view to increasing the mutual understanding of their respective systems and facilitating access to their respective markets. To that end, they may establish regulatory dialogues at both horizontal and sectoral levels.
2. In their cooperation, the Parties shall seek to identify, develop and promote trade facilitating initiatives which may include, but are not limited to:
 - (a) reinforcing regulatory cooperation through the exchange of data and experience, and through scientific and technical cooperation, with a view to improving the quality of their technical regulations, standards, market surveillance, conformity assessment and accreditation, and making efficient use of regulatory resources;

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- (b) promoting and encouraging cooperation between their respective organisations, public or private, responsible for metrology, standardisation, market surveillance, conformity assessment and accreditation;
- (c) fostering the development of the quality infrastructure for standardisation, metrology, accreditation, conformity assessment and the market surveillance system in Georgia;
- (d) promoting the participation of Georgia in the work of related European organisations;
- (e) seeking solutions to technical barriers to trade that may arise; and
- (f) where appropriate, undertaking efforts to coordinate their positions on matters of mutual interest in international trade and regulatory organisations such as the WTO and the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE).

*Article 47***Approximation of technical regulations, standards, and conformity assessment**

1. Having regard to its priorities for approximation in different sectors, Georgia shall take the measures necessary in order to gradually achieve approximation with the Union's technical regulations, standards, metrology, accreditation, conformity assessment, corresponding systems and market surveillance system, and undertakes to follow the principles and the practice laid down in the relevant Union acquis (indicative list in Annex III-B to this Agreement). A list of the measures for approximation is set out in Annex III-A to this Agreement, which may be amended by a decision of the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement.

2. With a view to reaching these objectives, Georgia shall:

- (a) having regard to its priorities, progressively approximate its legislation to the relevant Union acquis; and
- (b) achieve and maintain the level of administrative and institutional effectiveness necessary to provide an effective and transparent system that is required for the implementation of this Chapter.

3. Georgia shall refrain from amending its horizontal and sectoral legislation in the priority areas for approximation, except for approximating such legislation progressively to the corresponding Union acquis and for maintaining such approximation; and shall notify the Union of such changes in its domestic legislation.

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4. Georgia shall ensure and facilitate the participation of its relevant national bodies in the European and international organisations for standardisation, legal and fundamental metrology, and conformity assessment, including accreditation, in accordance with the respective areas of activity of those bodies and the membership status available to them.
5. With a view to integrating its standardisation system, Georgia shall use best endeavours to ensure that its standards body:
 - (a) progressively transposes the corpus of European standards (EN) as national standards, including the harmonised European standards, the voluntary use of which shall give presumption of conformity with Union legislation transposed into Georgian legislation;
 - (b) simultaneously with such transposition, withdraws conflicting national standards;
 - (c) progressively fulfils the other conditions for full membership of the European standards organisations.

*Article 48***Agreement on Conformity Assessment and Acceptance of Industrial Products (ACAA)**

The Parties may ultimately agree to add an Agreement on Conformity Assessment and Acceptance of Industrial Products (ACAA) as a Protocol to this Agreement covering one or more sectors agreed upon following verification by the Union that the relevant Georgian horizontal and sectoral legislation, institutions and standards have been fully approximated to those of the Union. Such an ACAA will provide that trade between the Parties in products in the sectors that it covers shall take place under the same conditions as those applying to trade in such products between the Member States.

*Article 49***Marking and labelling**

1. Without prejudice to the provisions of Articles 47 and 48 of this Agreement, and with respect to technical regulations relating to labelling or marking requirements, the Parties reaffirm the principles of Chapter 2.2 of the TBT Agreement that such requirements are not prepared, adopted or applied with a view to or with the effect of creating unnecessary obstacles to international trade. For this purpose, such labelling or marking requirements shall not be more trade-restrictive than necessary to fulfil a legitimate objective, taking account of the risks that non-fulfilment would create.
2. Regarding obligatory marking or labelling in particular, the Parties agree that:
 - (a) they will endeavour to minimise their needs for marking or labelling, except as required for the adoption of the Union acquis in this area and for the protection of health, safety or the environment, or for other reasonable public policy purposes;

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- (b) a Party may determine the form of labelling or marking but shall not require the approval, the registration or the certification of labels; and
- (c) the Parties retain the right to require the information on the label or marking to be in a specified language.

*CHAPTER 4**Sanitary and phytosanitary measures**Article 50***Objective**

1. The objective of this Chapter is to facilitate trade in commodities covered by sanitary and phytosanitary measures (SPS measures), including all measures listed in Annex IV to this Agreement, between the Parties, whilst safeguarding human, animal or plant life or health, by:

- (a) ensuring full transparency as regards measures applicable to trade, listed in Annex IV to this Agreement;
- (b) approximating the Georgian regulatory system to that of the Union;
- (c) recognising the animal and plant health status of the Parties and applying the principle of regionalisation;
- (d) establishing a mechanism for the recognition of equivalence of measures maintained by a Party, listed in Annex IV to this Agreement;
- (e) continuing to implement the SPS Agreement;
- (f) establishing mechanisms and procedures for trade facilitation; and
- (g) improving communication and cooperation between the Parties on measures listed in Annex IV to this Agreement.

2. This Chapter also aims at reaching a common understanding between the Parties concerning animal welfare standards.

*Article 51***Multilateral obligations**

The Parties re-affirm their rights and obligations under the WTO Agreements, and in particular the SPS Agreement.

*Article 52***Scope**

This Chapter shall apply to all sanitary and phytosanitary measures of a Party that may, directly or indirectly, affect trade between the Parties, including all measures listed in Annex IV to this Agreement. This

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scope is without prejudice to the scope of approximation as set out in Article 55 of this Agreement.

*Article 53***Definitions**

For the purposes of this Chapter, the following definitions shall apply:

- (1) ‘sanitary and phytosanitary measures’ means measures as defined in paragraph 1 of Annex A to the SPS Agreement (SPS measures);
- (2) ‘animals’ means animals as defined in the Terrestrial Animal Health Code or the Aquatic Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE), respectively;
- (3) ‘animal products’ means products of animal origin, including aquatic animal products as defined in the Aquatic Animal Health Code of the OIE;
- (4) ‘animal by-products not intended for human consumption’ means entire bodies or parts of animals, products of animal origin or other products obtained from animals that are not intended for human consumption as listed in Part 2(II) of Annex IV-A to this Agreement;
- (5) ‘plants’ means living plants and specified living parts thereof, including seeds and germplasm:
 - (a) fruits, in the botanical sense, other than those preserved by deep freezing;
 - (b) vegetables, other than those preserved by deep freezing;
 - (c) tubers, corms, bulbs, rhizomes;
 - (d) cut flowers;
 - (e) branches with foliage;
 - (f) cut trees retaining foliage;
 - (g) plant tissue cultures;
 - (h) leaves, foliage;
 - (i) live pollen; and
 - (j) bud-wood, cuttings, scions.
- (6) ‘plant products’ means products of plant origin, unprocessed or having undergone simple preparation in so far as these are not plants, set out in Part 3 of Annex IV-A to this Agreement;
- (7) ‘seeds’ means seeds in the botanical sense, intended for planting;
- (8) ‘pests’ means any species, strain or biotype of plant, animal or pathogenic agent injurious to plants or plant products (harmful organisms);

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- (9) 'protected zones' means zones within the meaning of Article 2(1)(h) of Council Directive 2000/29/EC of 8 May 2000 on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community, or any successor provision;
- (10) 'animal disease' means a clinical or pathological manifestation in animals of an infection;
- (11) 'aquaculture disease' means clinical or non-clinical infection with one or more of the aetiological agents of the diseases referred to in the Aquatic Animal Health Code of the OIE;
- (12) 'infection in animals' means the situation where animals maintain an infectious agent with or without presence of clinical or pathological manifestation of an infection;
- (13) 'animal welfare standards' means standards for the protection of animals developed and applied by the Parties and, as appropriate, in line with the OIE standards;
- (14) 'appropriate level of sanitary and phytosanitary protection' means the appropriate level of sanitary and phytosanitary protection as defined in paragraph 5 of Annex A to the SPS Agreement;
- (15) 'region' means with regard to animal health a zone or a region as defined in the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the OIE, and with regard to aquaculture a zone as defined in the Aquatic Animal Health Code of the OIE. For the Union the term 'territory' or 'country' shall mean the territory of the Union;
- (16) 'pest free area (PFA)' means an area in which a specific pest does not occur as demonstrated by scientific evidence and in which, where appropriate, this condition is being officially maintained;
- (17) 'regionalisation' means the concept of regionalisation as described in Article 6 of the SPS Agreement;
- (18) 'consignment of animals or animal products' means a number of animals or a quantity of animal products of the same type, covered by the same certificate or document, conveyed by the same means of transport, consigned by a single consignor and originating in the same exporting Party or region(s) of the Party. A consignment of animals may be composed of one or more commodities or lots;
- (19) 'consignment of plants or plant products' means a quantity of plants, plant products and/or other objects being moved from a Party to another Party and covered, when required, by a single phytosanitary certificate. A consignment may be composed of one or more commodities or lots;
- (20) 'lot' means a number or units of a single commodity, identifiable by its homogeneity of composition and origin, and forming part of a consignment;

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- (21) ‘equivalence for trade purposes’ (equivalence) means that the measures listed in Annex IV to this Agreement applied in the exporting Party, whether or not different from the measures listed in that Annex applied in the importing Party, objectively achieve the importing Party’s appropriate level of protection or acceptable level of risk;
- (22) ‘sector’ means the production and trade structure for a product or category of products in a Party;
- (23) ‘sub-sector’ means a well-defined and controlled part of a sector;
- (24) ‘commodity’ means the products or objects referred to in points 2 to 7;
- (25) ‘specific import permit’ means a formal prior authorisation by the competent authorities of the importing Party addressed to an individual importer as a condition for import of a single consignment or multiple consignments of a commodity from the exporting Party, within the scope of this Chapter;
- (26) ‘working days’ means weekdays except Sunday, Saturday and public holidays in one of the Parties;
- (27) ‘inspection’ means the examination of any aspect of feed, food, animal health and animal welfare in order to verify that such aspect(s) comply with the legal requirements of feed and food law and animal health and animal welfare rules;
- (28) ‘plant health inspection’ means official visual examination of plants, plant products or other regulated objects to determine if pests are present and/or to determine compliance with phytosanitary regulations;
- (29) ‘verification’ means checking, by examination and consideration of objective evidence, whether specified requirements have been fulfilled.

*Article 54***Competent authorities**

The Parties shall inform each other about the structure, organisation and division of competences of their competent authorities during the first meeting of the Sanitary and Phytosanitary Sub-Committee referred to in Article 65 of this Agreement (‘SPS Sub-Committee’). The Parties shall inform each other of any change of the structure, organisation and division of competences, including of the contact points, concerning such competent authorities.

*Article 55***Gradual approximation**

1. Georgia shall continue to gradually approximate its sanitary and phytosanitary, animal welfare and other legislative measures as laid down in Annex IV to this Agreement to that of the Union in accordance with the principles and procedure set out in Annex XI to this Agreement.

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2. The Parties shall cooperate on gradual approximation and capacity building.

3. The SPS Sub-Committee shall regularly monitor the implementation of the approximation process set out in Annex XI to this Agreement in order to provide necessary recommendations on approximation.

4. No later than six months after the entry into force of this Agreement, Georgia shall submit a list of the EU sanitary and phytosanitary, animal welfare and other legislative measures as defined in Annex IV to this Agreement that Georgia will approximate. The list shall be divided into priority areas, in which trade in a specific commodity or a group of commodities will be facilitated by means of approximation. This approximation list shall serve as a reference document for the implementation of this Chapter.

*Article 56***Recognition for trade purposes of animal health and pest status and regional conditions**

Recognition of status for animal diseases, infections in animals or pests

1. As regards animal diseases and infections in animals (including zoonosis), the following shall apply:
 - (a) the importing Party shall recognise for trade purposes the animal health status of the exporting Party or its regions determined in accordance with the procedure set out in Annex VI to this Agreement, with respect to animal diseases specified in Annex V-A to this Agreement;
 - (b) where a Party considers that it has, for its territory or a region within its territory, a special status with respect to a specific animal disease other than a disease listed in Annex V-A to this Agreement, it may request recognition of this status in accordance with the procedure laid down in Annex VI Part C to this Agreement. In this regard, the importing Party may request guarantees, accompanied with an explanatory note, in respect of imports of live animals and animal products, which are appropriate to the agreed status of the Parties;
 - (c) the Parties recognise as the basis for trade between them the status of the territories or the regions, or the status in a sector or a sub-sector of the Parties related to the prevalence or the incidence of an animal disease other than a disease listed in Annex V-A to this Agreement, or related to infections in animals and/or the associated risk, as appropriate, as determined by the OIE. In this regard, the importing Party may request guarantees, in respect of imports of live animals and animal products, which are appropriate to the defined status in accordance with the recommendations of OIE; and

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(d) without prejudice to Articles 58, 60 and 64 of this Agreement, and unless the importing Party raises an explicit objection and requests supporting or additional information, consultations and/or verification, each Party shall take without undue delay the necessary legislative and administrative measures to allow trade on the basis of the provisions of points (a), (b) and (c) of this paragraph.

2. As regards pests, the following shall apply:

(a) the Parties recognise for trade purposes the pest status in respect of pests specified in Annex V-B to this Agreement as determined in Annex VI-B; and

(b) without prejudice to Articles 58, 60 and 64 of this Agreement, and unless the importing Party raises an explicit objection and requests supporting or additional information, consultations and/or verification, each Party shall take without undue delay the necessary legislative and administrative measures to allow trade on the basis of the provision of point (a) of this paragraph.

Recognition of regionalisation/zoning, pest free areas (PFAs) and protected zones (PZs)

3. The Parties recognise the concept of regionalisation and PFAs as specified in the relevant International Plant Protection Convention of 1997 (IPPC) and the International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures (ISPMs) of the Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO), and of protected zones in accordance with Directive 2000/29/EC, which they agree to apply to trade between them.

4. The Parties agree that regionalisation decisions for animal and fish diseases listed in Annex V-A to this Agreement and for pests listed in Annex V-B to this Agreement shall be taken in accordance with the provisions of Part A and B of Annex VI to this Agreement.

5. As regards animal diseases in accordance with the provisions of Article 58 of this Agreement the exporting Party seeking recognition of its regionalisation decision by the importing Party shall notify its measures with full explanations and supporting data for its determinations and decisions. Without prejudice to Article 59 of this Agreement, and unless the importing Party raises an explicit objection and requests additional information, consultations and/or verification within 15 working days following receipt of the notification, the regionalisation decision so notified shall be deemed accepted.

The consultations referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph shall take place in accordance with Article 59(3) of this Agreement. The importing Party shall assess the additional information within 15 working days following receipt of the additional information. The verification referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph shall be carried out in accordance with Article 62 of this Agreement within 25 working days following receipt of the request for verification.

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6. As regards pests, each Party shall ensure that trade in plants, plant products and other objects takes account, as appropriate, of the pest status in an area recognised as a protected zone or as a PFA by the other Party. A Party seeking recognition of its PFA by the other Party shall notify its measures and, upon request, provide full explanation and supporting data for its establishment and maintenance, as guided by appropriate FAO or IPPC standards, including ISPMs. Without prejudice to Article 64 of this Agreement, and unless a Party raises an explicit objection and requests additional information, consultations and/or verification within three months following the notification, the regionalisation decision for PFA so notified shall be ►**C1** deemed accepted. ◀

The consultations referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph shall take place in accordance with Article 59(3) of this Agreement. The importing Party shall assess the additional information within three months following the receipt of the additional information. The verification referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph shall be carried out in accordance with Article 62 of this Agreement within 12 months following the receipt of the request for verification, taking into account the biology of the pest and the crop concerned.

7. After finalisation of the procedures of paragraphs 4 to 6, and without prejudice to Article 64 of this Agreement, each Party shall take, without undue delay, the necessary legislative and administrative measures to allow trade on that basis.

Compartmentalisation

8. The Parties may engage in further discussions with regard to the issue of compartmentalisation.

Article 57

Recognition of equivalence

1. Equivalence may be recognised in relation to:

- (a) an individual measure;
- (b) a group of measures; or
- (c) a system applicable to a sector, sub-sector, commodities or a group of commodities.

2. As regards recognition of equivalence the Parties shall follow the process set out in paragraph 3 of this Article. This process shall include an objective demonstration of equivalence by the exporting Party and an objective assessment of the request by the importing Party. This assessment may include inspections or verifications.

3. Upon request of the exporting Party concerning recognition of equivalence as set out in paragraph 1 of this Article the Parties shall without delay and no later than three months following the receipt of such a request by the importing Party, initiate the consultation process

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which includes the steps set out in Annex VIII to this Agreement. In case of multiple requests from the exporting Party, the Parties, upon request of the importing Party, shall agree within the SPS Sub-Committee referred to in Article 65 of this Agreement on a time schedule in which they shall initiate and conduct the process referred to in this paragraph.

4. Georgia shall notify the Union as soon as approximation is achieved in relation to a measure, a group of measures or a system as set out in paragraph 1 of this Article as a result of the monitoring provided for in Article 55(3) of this Agreement. This fact shall be considered as a basis for a request of Georgia to initiate the process of the recognition of equivalence of the measures concerned, as set out in paragraph 3 of this Article.

5. Unless otherwise agreed, the importing Party shall finalise the process for recognition of equivalence referred to in paragraph 3 of this Article within 360 days after the receipt of the request of the exporting Party, including a dossier demonstrating the equivalence. This time-limit may be extended with regard to seasonal crops when it is justifiable to delay the assessment to permit verification during a suitable period of growth of a crop.

6. The importing Party determines equivalence as regards plants, plant products and other objects in accordance with the relevant ISPMs.

7. The importing Party may withdraw or suspend equivalence on the basis of any amendment by one of the Parties of measures affecting equivalence, provided that the following procedure is followed:

- (a) in accordance with the provisions of Article 58(2) of this Agreement, the exporting Party shall inform the importing Party of any proposal for amendment of its measures for which equivalence of measures is recognised and the likely effect of the proposed measures on the equivalence which has been recognised. Within 30 working days following the receipt of this information, the importing Party shall inform the exporting Party whether or not equivalence would continue to be recognised on the basis of the proposed measures;
- (b) in accordance with the provisions of Article 58(2) of this Agreement, the importing Party shall promptly inform the exporting Party of any proposal for amendment of its measures on which recognition of equivalence has been based and the likely effect of the proposed measures on the equivalence which has been recognised. Should the importing Party not continue to recognise equivalence, the Parties may agree on the conditions under which to reinitiate the process referred to in paragraph 3 of this Article on the basis of the proposed measures.

8. The recognition, suspension or withdrawal of equivalence rests solely with the importing Party acting in accordance with its administrative and legislative framework. That Party shall provide to the exporting Party in writing full explanation and supporting data used for the determinations and decisions covered by this Article. In case of non-recognition, suspension or withdrawal of equivalence, the importing Party shall indicate to the exporting Party the required conditions on the basis of which the process referred to in paragraph 3 may be reinitiated.

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9. Without prejudice to Article 64 of this Agreement, the importing Party may not withdraw or suspend equivalence before the proposed new measures of either Party enter into force.

10. In case equivalence is formally recognised by the importing Party, on the basis of the consultation process as set out in Annex VIII to this Agreement, the SPS Sub-Committee shall, in accordance with the procedure set out in Article 65(5) of this Agreement, declare the recognition of equivalence in trade between the Parties. This decision may also provide for the reduction of physical checks at the frontiers, simplification of certificates and pre-listing procedures for the establishments, as applicable.

The status of recognition of equivalence shall be listed in Annex XII to this Agreement.

*Article 58***Transparency and exchange of information**

1. Without prejudice to Article 59 of this Agreement, the Parties shall cooperate to enhance mutual understanding of the other Party's official control structure and mechanisms tasked with the application of the measures listed in Annex IV to this Agreement and of the performance of such structure and mechanism. This can be achieved, inter alia, through reports of international audits when these are made public and the Parties can exchange information on the results of such audits or other information, as appropriate.

2. In the framework of approximation of legislation as referred to in Article 55 of this Agreement or of recognition of equivalence as referred to in Article 57 of this Agreement, the Parties shall keep each other informed of legislative or procedural changes adopted in the concerned areas.

3. In this context, the Union shall inform Georgia well in advance of changes to the Union legislation to allow Georgia to consider modification of its legislation accordingly.

The necessary level of cooperation should be reached in order to facilitate transmission of legislative documents upon request of one of the Parties.

To this effect, each Party shall notify the other Party of its contact points. The Parties shall also notify each other of any changes to the contact points.

*Article 59***Notification, consultation and facilitation of communication**

1. Each Party shall notify in writing the other Party within two working days of any serious or significant human, animal or plant health risk, including any food control emergencies or situations where there is a clearly identified risk of serious health effects associated with the consumption of animal or plant products, in particular:

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- (a) any measures affecting regionalisation decisions referred to in Article 56 of this Agreement;
- (b) the presence or evolution of any animal disease listed in Annex V-A to this Agreement or of the regulated pests listed in Annex V-B to this Agreement;
- (c) findings of epidemiological importance or important associated risks with respect to animal diseases and pests which are not listed in Annexes V-A and V-B to this Agreement or which are new animal diseases or pests; and
- (d) any additional measures beyond the basic requirements to their respective measures taken to control or eradicate animal diseases or pests or protect public or plant health and any changes in prophylactic policies, including vaccination policies.

2. Notifications shall be made in writing to the contact points referred to in Article 58(1) of this Agreement.

A notification in writing means notification by mail, fax or e-mail.

3. Where a Party has serious concerns regarding a risk to human, animal or plant health, consultations regarding the situation shall, upon request of that Party, take place as soon as possible and, in any case, within 15 working days from the date of that request. In such situations, each Party shall endeavour to provide all the information necessary to avoid a disruption in trade, and to reach a mutually acceptable solution consistent with the protection of human, animal or plant health.

4. Upon request of a Party, consultations regarding animal welfare shall take place as soon as possible and, in any case, within 20 working days from the date of notification. In such situations, each Party shall endeavour to provide all the requested information.

5. Upon request of a Party, consultations as referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Article shall be held by video or audio conference. The requesting Party shall ensure the preparation of the minutes of the consultation, which shall be formally approved by the Parties. For the purposes of this approval, the provisions of Article 58(3) of this Agreement shall apply.

6. A mutually applied rapid alert system and early warning mechanism for any veterinary and phytosanitary emergencies will start at a later stage after Georgia implements the necessary legislation in this field and creates conditions for their proper working on the spot.

▼B*Article 60***Trade conditions**

1. Import conditions prior to recognition of equivalence:
 - (a) The Parties agree to subject imports of any commodity covered by Annexes IV-A and IV-C(2) and (3) to this Agreement to conditions prior to recognition of equivalence. Without prejudice to the decisions taken in accordance with Article 56 of this Agreement, the import conditions of the importing Party shall be applicable to the total territory of the exporting Party. Upon entry into force of this Agreement and in accordance with the provisions of Article 58 of this Agreement, the importing Party shall inform the exporting Party of its sanitary and/or phytosanitary import requirements for commodities referred to in Annexes IV-A and IV-C to this Agreement. This information shall include, as appropriate, the models for the official certificates or declarations or commercial documents, as prescribed by the importing Party; and
 - (b)
 - (i) Any amendment or proposed amendment of the conditions referred to in paragraph 1(a) of this Article shall comply with the relevant notification procedures of the SPS Agreement;
 - (ii) Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 64 of this Agreement, the importing Party shall take into account the transport time between the Parties to establish the date of entering into force of the amended conditions referred to in paragraph 1(a) of this Article; and
 - (iii) If the importing Party fails to comply with the notification requirements referred to in paragraph 1(a) of this Article, it shall continue to accept the certificate or the attestation guaranteeing the previously applicable conditions until 30 days after the amended import conditions enter into force.
2. Import conditions after recognition of equivalence:
 - (a) Within 90 days following the date of the decision on recognition of equivalence as specified in Article 57(10) of this Agreement, the Parties shall take the necessary legislative and administrative measures to implement the recognition of equivalence in order to allow on that basis trade between them of commodities referred to in Annexes IV-A and IV-C(2) and (3) to this Agreement. For those commodities, the model for the official certificate or official document required by the importing Party may, then, be replaced by a certificate drawn up as provided for in Annex X-B to this Agreement;
 - (b) For commodities in sectors or sub-sectors for which not all measures are recognised as equivalent, trade shall continue on the basis of compliance with the conditions referred to in paragraph 1(a) of this Article. Upon request of the exporting Party, the provisions of paragraph 5 of this Article shall apply.

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3. From the date of entry into force of this Agreement, the commodities referred to Annexes IV-A and IV-C(2) to this Agreement shall not be subject to an import permit between the Parties.

4. For conditions affecting trade of the commodities referred to in paragraph 1(a) of this Article, upon request of the exporting Party, the Parties shall enter into consultations within the SPS Sub-Committee in accordance with the provisions of Article 65 of this Agreement, in order to agree on alternative or additional import conditions of the importing Party. Such alternative or additional import conditions may, when appropriate, be based on measures of the exporting Party recognised as equivalent by the importing Party. If agreed, the importing Party shall within 90 days take the necessary legislative and/or administrative measures to allow import on the basis of the agreed import conditions.

5. List of establishments, provisional approval

(a) For the import of animal products referred to in Part 2 of Annex IV-A to this Agreement, upon request of the exporting Party accompanied by the appropriate guarantees, the importing Party shall provisionally approve processing establishments referred to in Annex VII.2 to this Agreement which are situated in the territory of the exporting Party, without prior inspection of individual establishments. Such approval shall be consistent with the conditions and provisions set out in Annex VII to this Agreement. Except when additional information is requested, the importing Party shall take the necessary legislative and/or administrative measures to allow import on that basis within 30 working days following the date of receipt of the request and the relevant guarantees by the importing Party.

The initial list of establishments shall be approved in accordance with the provisions of Annex VII to this Agreement.

(b) For the import of animal products referred to in paragraph 2(a) of this Article, the exporting Party shall inform the importing Party of its list of establishments meeting the importing Party's requirements.

6. Upon request of a Party, the other Party shall provide the necessary explanation and the supporting data for the determinations and decisions covered by this Article.

*Article 61***Certification procedure**

1. For purposes of certification procedures and issuing of certificates and official documents the parties agree on the principles set out in Annex X to this Agreement.

2. The SPS Sub-Committee referred to in Article 65 of this Agreement may agree on the rules to be followed in case of electronic certification, withdrawal or replacement of certificates.

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3. In the framework of approximated legislation as referred to in Article 55 of this Agreement, the Parties shall agree on common models of certificates, where applicable.

*Article 62***Verification**

1. In order to maintain confidence in the effective implementation of the provisions of this Chapter each Party has the right:

- (a) to carry out verification of all or part of the inspection and certification system of the other Party's authorities, and/or of other measures, where applicable, in accordance with the relevant international standards, guidelines and recommendations of Codex Alimentarius, OIE and IPPC;
- (b) to receive information from the other Party about its control system and be informed of the results of the controls carried out under that system respecting the confidentiality provisions applicable in either Party.

2. Either Party may share the results of the verifications referred to in paragraph 1(a) of this Article with third parties and make the results publicly available as may be required by provisions applicable to either Party. Confidentiality provisions applicable to either Party shall be respected in such sharing and/or publication of the results, where appropriate.

3. If the importing Party decides to carry out a verification visit to the exporting Party, the importing Party shall notify the exporting Party of this verification visit at least 60 working days before the verification visit is to be carried out, except in emergency cases or if the Parties agree otherwise. Any modification to this visit shall be agreed by the Parties.

4. The costs incurred in undertaking a verification of all or part of the other Party's competent authorities' inspection and certification systems and/or other measure, where applicable, shall be borne by the Party carrying out the verification or the inspection.

5. The draft written communication of verifications shall be forwarded to the exporting Party within 60 working days after the end of verification. The exporting Party shall have 45 working days to comment on the draft written communication. Comments made by the exporting Party shall be attached to and, where appropriate included in the final outcome. However, where a significant human, animal or plant health risk has been identified during the verification, the exporting Party shall be informed as quickly as possible and in any case within 10 working days following the end of the verification.

6. For clarity the results of verification may contribute to the procedures referred to in Articles 55, 57 and 63 of this Agreement conducted by the Parties or one of the Parties.

▼B*Article 63***Import checks and inspection fees**

1. The Parties agree that import checks by the importing Party of consignments from the exporting Party shall respect the principles set out in Part A of Annex IX to this Agreement. The results of these checks may contribute to the verification process referred to in Article 62 of this Agreement.

2. The frequencies of physical import checks applied by each Party are set out in Part B of Annex IX to this Agreement. A Party may amend these frequencies within its competences and in accordance with its internal legislation, as a result of progress made in accordance with Articles 55, 57 and 60 of this Agreement, or as a result of verifications, consultations or other measures provided for in this Agreement. SPS Sub-Committee referred to in Article 65 shall modify Part B of Annex IX to this Agreement by decision, accordingly.

3. Inspection fees, if applicable, may only cover the costs incurred by the competent authority for performing import checks. The fee shall be calculated on the same basis as the fees charged for the inspection of similar domestic products.

4. The importing Party shall upon request of the exporting Party inform the latter of any amendment, including the reasons for such an amendment concerning the measures affecting import checks and inspection fees, and of any significant changes in the administrative conduct for such checks.

5. From a date to be determined by the SPS Sub-Committee referred to in Article 65 of this Agreement, the Parties may agree on the conditions to approve each other's controls referred to in Article 62(1)(b) of this Agreement with a view to adapt and reciprocally reduce, where applicable, the frequency of physical import checks for the commodities referred to in Article 60(2)(a) of this Agreement.

From that date the Parties may reciprocally approve each other's controls for certain commodities and, consequently reduce or replace the import checks for these commodities.

*Article 64***Safeguard measures**

1. Should the exporting Party take measures within its territory to control any cause likely to constitute a serious hazard or risk to human, animal or plant health, the exporting Party, without prejudice to the provisions of paragraph 2 of this Article, shall take equivalent measures to prevent the introduction of the hazard or risk into the territory of the importing Party.

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2. On the basis of serious human, animal or plant health grounds, the importing Party may, take provisional measures necessary for the protection of human, animal or plant health. For consignments en route between the Parties, the importing Party shall consider the most suitable and proportionate solution in order to avoid unnecessary disruptions to trade.

3. The Party adopting measures under paragraph 2 of this Article, shall inform the other Party no later than one working day following the date of the adoption of the measures. Upon request of either Party, and in accordance with the provisions of Article 59(3) of this Agreement, the Parties shall hold consultations regarding the situation within 15 working days of the notification. The Parties shall take due account of any information provided through such consultations and shall endeavour to avoid unnecessary disruption to trade, taking into account, where applicable, the outcome of the consultations provided for in Article 59(3) of this Agreement.

*Article 65***Sanitary and Phytosanitary Sub-Committee**

1. The SPS Sub-Committee is hereby established. It shall meet within three months after the date of entry into force of this Agreement, upon request of either Party thereafter, or at least once every year. If agreed by the Parties, a meeting of the SPS Sub-Committee may be held by video or audio-conference. The SPS Sub-Committee may also address issues out of session, by correspondence.

2. SPS Sub-Committee shall have the following functions:

- (a) to consider any matter relating to this Chapter;
- (b) to monitor the implementation of this Chapter and examine all matters which may arise in relation to its implementation;
- (c) to review the Annexes IV to XII to this Agreement, notably in the light of progress made under the consultations and procedures provided for under this Chapter;
- (d) to modify by means of an endorsement decision Annexes IV to XII to this Agreement in the light of the review provided for in point (c) of this paragraph, or as otherwise provided in this Chapter; and
- (e) to give opinions and make recommendations to other bodies as defined in Title VIII (Institutional, General and Final Provisions) of this Agreement in light of the review provided for in point (c) of this paragraph.

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3. The Parties agree to establish technical working groups, when appropriate, consisting of expert-level representatives of the Parties, which shall identify and address technical and scientific issues arising from the application of this Chapter. When additional expertise is required, the Parties may establish ad hoc groups, including scientific and expert groups. Membership of such ad hoc groups need not be restricted to representatives of the Parties.
4. SPS Sub-Committee shall regularly inform by means of a report the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, on its activities and decisions taken within competence.
5. The SPS Sub-Committee shall adopt its working procedures at its first meeting.
6. Any decision, recommendation, report or other action by the SPS Sub-Committee or any group established by the SPS Sub-Committee shall be adopted by consensus between the Parties.

*CHAPTER 5**Customs and trade facilitation**Article 66***Objectives**

1. The Parties acknowledge the importance of customs and trade facilitation matters in the evolving bilateral trade environment. The Parties agree to reinforce cooperation in this area with a view to ensuring that the relevant legislation and procedures, as well as the administrative capacity of the relevant administrations, fulfil the objectives of effective control and support facilitation of legitimate trade as a matter of principle.
2. The Parties recognise that utmost importance shall be given to public policy objectives including trade facilitation, security and prevention of fraud and a balanced approach to them.

*Article 67***Legislation and procedures**

1. The Parties agree that their respective trade and customs legislation, as a matter of principle, shall be stable and comprehensive, as well as that the provisions and the procedures shall be proportionate, transparent, predictable, non-discriminatory, impartial and applied uniformly and effectively and will, inter alia:
 - (a) protect and facilitate legitimate trade through effective enforcement of and compliance with legislative requirements;

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- (b) avoid unnecessary or discriminatory burdens on economic operators, prevent fraud and provide further facilitation for economic operators having a high level of compliance;
- (c) apply a Single Administrative Document (SAD) for the purposes of customs declarations;
- (d) ►C1 take measures which lead to greater ◀ efficiency, transparency and simplification of customs procedures and practices at the border;
- (e) apply modern customs techniques, including risk assessment, post clearance controls and company audit methods in order to simplify and facilitate the entry, exit and the release of goods;
- (f) aim at reducing compliance costs and increasing predictability for all economic operators;
- (g) without prejudice to the application of objective risk assessment criteria, ensure the non-discriminatory administration of requirements and procedures applicable to imports, exports and goods in transit;
- (h) apply the international instruments applicable in the field of customs and trade including those developed by the World Customs Organisation (WCO), the Istanbul Convention on temporary admission of 1990, the International Convention on the Harmonised System of 1983, the WTO, the UN TIR Convention of 1975, the 1982 Convention on harmonisation of frontier controls of goods; and may take into account the WCO Framework of Standards to Secure and Facilitate Global Trade and European Commission guidelines such as the Customs Blueprints, where relevant;
- (i) take the necessary measures to reflect and implement the provisions of the Revised Kyoto Convention on the Simplification and Harmonisation of Customs Procedures of 1973;
- (j) provide for advance binding rulings on tariff classification and rules of origin. The Parties ensure that a ruling may be revoked or annulled only after notification to the affected operator and without retroactive effect, unless the rulings have been made on the basis of incorrect or incomplete information;
- (k) introduce and apply simplified procedures for authorised traders according to objective and non-discriminatory criteria;

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- (l) set rules that ensure that any penalties imposed for breaches of customs regulations or procedural requirements be proportionate and non-discriminatory and, that their application, does not result in unwarranted and unjustified delays; and
- (m) apply transparent, non-discriminatory and proportionate rules where government agencies provide services also provided by the private sector.

2. In order to improve working methods, as well as to ensure non-discrimination, transparency, efficiency, integrity and accountability of operations, the Parties shall:

- (a) take further steps towards the reduction, the simplification and the standardisation of data and documentation required by customs and other relevant authorities;
- (b) simplify requirements and formalities wherever possible, with respect to the rapid release and clearance of goods;
- (c) provide effective, prompt and non-discriminatory procedures guaranteeing the right of appeal against customs and other relevant authorities' administrative actions, rulings and decisions affecting the goods submitted to customs. Such procedures for appeal shall be easily accessible and any costs shall be reasonable and commensurate with the costs incurred by the authorities to ensure the right of appeal;
- (d) take steps to ensure that where a disputed administrative action, ruling or decision is the subject of an appeal, goods should normally be released and duty payments may be left pending, subject to any safeguard measures judged necessary. Where required, the release of the goods should be subject to the provision of a guarantee, such as a surety or a deposit; and
- (e) ensure that the highest standards of integrity be maintained, in particular at the border, through the application of measures reflecting the principles of the relevant international conventions and instruments in this field, in particular the WCO Revised Arusha Declaration of 2003 and the European Commission Blueprint on Customs ethics of 2007, where appropriate.

3. The Parties agree to eliminate:

- (a) any requirements for the mandatory use of customs brokers; and
- (b) any requirements for the mandatory use of pre-shipment or destination inspections.

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4. With regard to transit:
- (a) for the purposes of this Agreement, the transit rules and definitions set out in the WTO provisions, in particular Article V of GATT 1994, and related provisions, including any clarifications and amendments resulting from the Doha Round negotiations on trade facilitation shall apply. Those provisions also apply when the transit of goods begins or ends in the territory of a Party;
 - (b) the Parties shall pursue the progressive interconnectivity of their respective customs transit systems, with a view to the future participation of Georgia in the common transit system ⁽¹⁾;
 - (c) the Parties shall ensure cooperation and coordination between all relevant authorities in their territories to facilitate traffic in transit. Parties shall also promote cooperation between the authorities and the private sector in relation to transit.

*Article 68***Relations with the business community**

The Parties agree:

- (a) to ensure that their respective legislation and procedures are transparent, publicly available, as far as possible through electronic means, and contain a justification for their adoption. There should be regular consultations and a reasonable time period between the publication of new or amended provisions and their entry into force;
- (b) on the need for timely and regular consultations with trade representatives on legislative proposals and procedures related to customs and trade issues;
- (c) to make publicly available relevant notices of administrative nature, including authority's requirements and entry or exit procedures, hours of operations and operating procedures for customs offices at ports and border crossing points, and points of contact for information enquiries;
- (d) to foster cooperation between operators and relevant administrations, using non-arbitrary and publicly accessible procedures based, inter alia, on those promulgated by the WCO; and
- (e) to ensure that their respective customs and customs-related requirements and procedures continue to meet the legitimate needs of the trading community, follow best practices, and remain the least trade-restrictive possible.

⁽¹⁾ Convention of 20 May 1987 on a common transit procedure.

▼B*Article 69***Fees and charges**

1. The Parties shall prohibit administrative fees having an equivalent effect to import or export duties or charges.

2. With regard to all fees and charges of whatever character imposed by the customs authorities of each Party, including fees and charges for tasks undertaken on behalf of the said authorities, upon or in connection with import or export and without prejudice to the relevant provisions of Chapter 1 (National Treatment and Market Access for Goods) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement:
 - (a) fees and charges may only be imposed for services provided at the request of the declarant outside normal working conditions, hours of operation and in places other than those referred to in the customs regulations, as well as for any formality related to such services and required for undertaking such import or export;

 - (b) fees and charges shall not exceed the cost of the service provided;

 - (c) fees and charges shall not be calculated on an ad valorem basis;

 - (d) the information on the fees and the charges shall be published via an officially designated medium, and where feasible and possible, an official website. This information shall include the reason for the fee or the charge for the service provided, the responsible authority, the fees and the charges that will be applied, and when and how payment is to be made; and

 - (e) new or amended fees and charges shall not be imposed until information on them is published and made readily available.

*Article 70***Customs valuation**

1. The provisions of Agreement on the Implementation of Article VII of GATT 1994 contained in Annex 1A to the WTO Agreement, including any subsequent amendments, shall govern the customs valuation of goods in the trade between the Parties. Those provisions of the WTO Agreement are hereby incorporated into this Agreement and made part thereof. Minimum customs values shall not be used.

2. The Parties shall cooperate with a view to reaching a common approach to issues relating to customs valuation.

▼B*Article 71***Customs cooperation**

The Parties shall strengthen cooperation in the area of customs to ensure implementation of the objectives of this Chapter in order to further trade facilitation, while ensuring effective control, security and prevention of fraud. To that end the Parties may use, where appropriate, the European Commission Customs Blueprint as a benchmarking tool.

In order to ensure compliance with the provisions of this Chapter the Parties shall, inter alia:

- (a) exchange information concerning customs legislation and procedures;
- (b) develop joint initiatives relating to import, export and transit procedures, as well as work towards ensuring that an effective service is provided to the business community;
- (c) cooperate on the automation of customs and other trade procedures;
- (d) exchange, where appropriate, information and data subject to respect of the confidentiality of sensitive data and the protection of personal data;
- (e) cooperate in preventing and combating illicit cross-border traffic in goods, including in tobacco products;
- (f) exchange information or enter into consultations with a view to establishing where possible, common positions in international organisations in the field of customs such as the WTO, the WCO, the UN, the United Nations Conference on Trade And Development (UNCTAD) and the UN-ECE;
- (g) cooperate in the planning and delivery of technical assistance, notably to facilitate customs and trade facilitation reforms in accordance with the relevant provisions of this Agreement;
- (h) exchange best practices in customs operations, in particular on risk based customs control systems and on intellectual property rights enforcement, especially in relation to counterfeited products;
- (i) promote coordination between all border authorities of the Parties to facilitate border crossing process and enhance control, taking into account joint border controls, where feasible and appropriate; and

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- (j) establish, where relevant and appropriate, mutual recognition of trade partnership programmes and customs controls, including equivalent trade facilitation measures.

*Article 72***Mutual administrative assistance in customs matters**

Without prejudice to other forms of cooperation envisaged in this Agreement, in particular in Article 71 of this Agreement, the Parties shall provide mutual administrative assistance in customs matters in accordance with the provisions of Protocol II on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Customs Matters to this Agreement.

*Article 73***Technical assistance and capacity building**

The Parties shall cooperate with a view to providing technical assistance and capacity building for the implementation of trade facilitation and customs reforms.

*Article 74***Customs Sub-Committee**

1. The Customs Sub-Committee is hereby established. It shall report to the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement.

2. The function of the Sub-Committee shall include regular consultations and monitoring of the implementation and the administration of this Chapter, including but not limited to the issues of customs cooperation, cross-border customs cooperation and management, technical assistance, rules of origin, trade facilitation, as well as mutual administrative assistance in customs matters.

3. The Customs Sub-Committee shall, inter alia:

- (a) see to the proper functioning of this Chapter and of Protocols I and II to this Agreement;
- (b) adopt practical arrangements, measures and decisions to implement this chapter and Protocols I and II to this Agreement, including on exchange of information and data, mutual recognition of customs controls and trade partnership programmes, and mutually agreed benefits;

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- (c) exchange views on any points of common interest, including future measures and the resources needed for their implementation and application;
- (d) make recommendations where appropriate; and
- (e) adopt its internal rules of procedure.

*Article 75***Approximation of customs legislation**

Gradual approximation to the Union's customs law and certain international law shall be carried out as set out in Annex XIII to this Agreement.

*CHAPTER 6**Establishment, trade in services and electronic commerce*

Section 1

General provisions*Article 76***Objective, scope and coverage**

1. The Parties, reaffirming their respective commitments under the WTO Agreement hereby lay down the necessary arrangements for the progressive reciprocal liberalisation of establishment and trade in services and for cooperation on electronic commerce.
2. Public procurement is covered in Chapter 8 (Public procurement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement and nothing in this Chapter shall be construed to impose any obligation with respect to public procurement.
3. Subsidies are covered in Chapter 10 (Competition) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement and the provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to subsidies granted by the Parties.
4. Consistent with the provisions of this Chapter, each Party retains the right to regulate and to introduce new regulations to meet legitimate policy objectives.
5. This Chapter shall not apply to measures affecting natural persons seeking access to the employment market of a Party, nor shall it apply to measures regarding citizenship, residence or employment on a permanent basis.

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6. Nothing in this Chapter shall prevent a Party from applying measures to regulate the entry of natural persons into, or their temporary stay in, its territory, including those measures necessary to protect the integrity of, and to ensure the orderly movement of natural persons across its borders, provided that such measures are not applied in such a manner as to nullify or impair the benefits accruing to any Party under the terms of a specific commitment in this Chapter and Annex XIV to this Agreement ⁽¹⁾.

*Article 77***Definitions**

For the purposes of this Chapter:

- (a) ‘measure’ means any measure by a Party, whether in the form of a law, regulation, rule, procedure, decision, administrative action or any other form;
- (b) ‘measures adopted or maintained by a Party’ means measures taken by:
 - (i) central, regional or local governments and authorities; and
 - (ii) non-governmental bodies in the exercise of powers delegated by central, regional or local governments or authorities;
- (c) ‘natural person of a Party’ means a national of a Member State of the EU or a national of Georgia in accordance with the respective legislation;
- (d) ‘juridical person’ means any legal entity duly constituted or otherwise organised under applicable law, whether for profit or otherwise, and whether privately-owned or governmentally-owned, including any corporation, trust, partnership, joint venture, sole proprietorship or association;
- (e) ‘juridical person of a Party’ means a juridical person as defined in point (d) and set up in accordance with the law of a Member State of the EU or of Georgia respectively, and having its registered office, central administration, or principal place of business in the territory ⁽²⁾ to which the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union applies or in the territory ► **C1** of Georgia, respectively; ◀

⁽¹⁾ The sole fact of requiring a visa for natural persons of certain countries and not for those of other countries shall not be regarded as nullifying or impairing benefits under a specific commitment.

⁽²⁾ For greater certainty, that territory shall include the exclusive economic zone and continental shelf, as provided for in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS).

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Should that juridical person have only its registered office or central administration in the territory to which the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union applies or in the territory of Georgia respectively, it shall not be considered as a juridical person of the Union or a juridical person of Georgia respectively, unless its operations possess a real and continuous link with the economy of the Union or of Georgia, respectively;

Notwithstanding the preceding subparagraph, shipping companies established outside the Union or Georgia and controlled by nationals of a Member State of the EU or of Georgia, respectively, shall also be beneficiaries under this Agreement, if their vessels are registered in accordance with their respective legislation, in that Member State or in Georgia and fly the flag of a Member State or of Georgia;

- (f) ‘subsidiary’ of a juridical person of a Party means a juridical person which is owned or effectively controlled by that juridical person ⁽¹⁾;
- (g) ‘branch’ of a juridical person means a place of business not having legal personality which has the appearance of permanency, such as the extension of a parent body, has a management structure and is materially equipped to negotiate business with third parties so that the latter, although knowing that there will, if necessary, be a legal link with the parent body, the head office of which is abroad, do not have to deal directly with such parent body but may transact business at the place of business constituting the extension;
- (h) ‘establishment’ means:
 - (i) as regards juridical persons of the Union or of Georgia, the right to take up and pursue economic activities by means of setting up, including the acquisition of, a juridical person and/or create a branch or a representative office in Georgia or in the Union respectively;
 - (ii) as regards natural persons, the right of natural persons of the Union or of Georgia to take up and pursue economic activities as self-employed persons, and to set up undertakings, in particular companies, which they effectively control.
- (i) ‘economic activities’ shall include activities of an industrial, commercial and professional character and activities of craftsmen and do not include activities performed in the exercise of governmental authority;
- (j) ‘operations’ shall mean the pursuit of economic activities;
- (k) ‘services’ includes any service in any sector except services supplied in the exercise of governmental authority;

⁽¹⁾ A juridical person is controlled by another juridical person if the latter has the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise to legally direct its actions.

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- (l) ‘services and other activities performed in the exercise of governmental authority’ are services or activities which are performed neither on a commercial basis nor in competition with one or more economic operators;
- (m) ‘cross-border supply of services’ means the supply of a service:
 - (i) from the territory of a Party into the territory of the other Party (Mode 1), or
 - (ii) in the territory of a Party to the service consumer of the other Party (Mode 2);
- (n) ‘service supplier’ of a Party means any natural or juridical person of a Party that seeks to supply or supplies a service;
- (o) ‘entrepreneur’ means any natural or juridical person of a Party that seeks to perform or performs an economic activity through setting up an establishment.

Section 2

Establishment*Article 78***Scope**

This Section applies to measures adopted or maintained by the Parties affecting establishment in all economic activities with the exception of:

- (a) mining, manufacturing and processing ⁽¹⁾ of nuclear materials;
- (b) production of or trade in arms, munitions and war matériel;
- (c) audio-visual services;
- (d) national maritime cabotage ⁽²⁾, and
- (e) domestic and international air transport services ⁽³⁾, whether scheduled or non-scheduled, and services directly related to the exercise of traffic rights, other than:
 - (i) aircraft repair and maintenance services during which an aircraft is withdrawn from service;
 - (ii) the selling and marketing of air transport services;

⁽¹⁾ For greater certainty, processing of nuclear materials includes all the activities contained in UN ISIC Rev.3.1 code 2330.

⁽²⁾ Without prejudice to the scope of activities which may be considered as cabotage under the relevant domestic legislation, national maritime cabotage under this Chapter covers transportation of passengers or goods between a port or point located in Georgia or a Member State of the EU and another port or point located in Georgia or Member State of the EU, including on its continental shelf, as provided in the UNCLOS and traffic originating and terminating in the same port or point located in Georgia or a Member State of the EU.

⁽³⁾ The conditions of mutual market access in air transport are dealt with by the Agreement between the EU and its Member States and Georgia on the establishment of a Common Aviation Area.

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- (iii) computer reservation system (CRS) services;
- (iv) ground-handling services;
- (v) airport operation services.

*Article 79***National treatment and most favoured nation treatment**

1. Subject to the reservations listed in Annex XIV-E to this Agreement, Georgia shall grant, upon entry into force of this Agreement:

- (a) as regards the establishment of subsidiaries, branches and representative offices of juridical persons of the Union: treatment no less favourable than that accorded to its own juridical persons, their branches and representative offices; or to subsidiaries, branches and representative offices of any third country's juridical persons, whichever is the better;
- (b) as regards the operation of subsidiaries, branches and representative offices of juridical persons of the Union in Georgia, once established: treatment no less favourable than that accorded to its own juridical persons, their branches and representative offices; or to subsidiaries, branches and representative offices of any third country's juridical persons, whichever is the better ⁽¹⁾.

2. Subject to reservations listed in Annex XIV-A to this Agreement, the Union shall grant, upon entry into force of this Agreement:

- (a) as regards the establishment of subsidiaries, branches and representative offices of juridical persons of Georgia: treatment no less favourable than that accorded to its own juridical persons, their branches and representative offices; or to subsidiaries, branches and representative offices of any third country's juridical persons, whichever is the better;
- (b) as regards the operation of subsidiaries, branches and representative offices of juridical persons of Georgia in the Union, once established: treatment no less favourable than that accorded to its own juridical persons, their branches and representative offices; or to subsidiaries, branches and representative offices of any third country's juridical persons, whichever is the better ⁽²⁾.

⁽¹⁾ This obligation does not extend to the investment protection provisions not covered by this Chapter, including provisions relating to investor-to-state dispute settlement procedures, as found in other agreements.

⁽²⁾ This obligation does not extend to the investment protection provisions not covered by this Chapter, including provisions relating to investor-to-state dispute settlement procedures, as found in other agreements.

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3. Subject to reservations listed in Annexes XIV-A and XIV-E to this Agreement, the Parties shall not adopt any new regulations or measures which introduce discrimination as regards the establishment of juridical persons of the Union or of Georgia on their territory or in respect of their operation, once established, by comparison with their own juridical persons.

*Article 80***Review**

1. With a view to progressively liberalising the establishment conditions, the Parties shall regularly review the provisions of this Section and the list of reservations referred to in Article 79 of this Agreement as well as the establishment environment, consistent with their commitments in international agreements.

2. In the context of the review referred to in paragraph 1, the Parties shall assess any obstacles to establishment that have been encountered. With a view to deepening the provisions of this Chapter, the Parties shall find, if need be, appropriate ways to address such obstacles, which could include further negotiations, including with respect to investment protection and to investor-to-state dispute settlement procedures.

*Article 81***Other agreements**

This Chapter shall not affect the rights of entrepreneurs of the Parties arising from any existing or future international agreement relating to investment, to which a Member State of the EU and Georgia are parties.

*Article 82***Standard of treatment for branches and representative offices**

1. The provisions of Article 79 of this Agreement do not preclude the application by a Party of particular rules concerning the establishment and operation in its territory of branches and representative offices of juridical persons of another Party not incorporated in the territory of the first Party, which are justified by legal or technical differences between such branches and representative offices as compared to branches and representative offices of juridical persons incorporated in its territory or, as regards financial services, for prudential reasons.

2. The difference in treatment shall not go beyond what is strictly necessary as a result of such legal or technical differences or, as regards financial services, for prudential reasons.

▼B**Section 3****Cross-border supply of services***Article 83***Scope**

This Section applies to measures of the Parties affecting the cross border supply of all services sectors with the exception of:

- (a) audio-visual services;
- (b) national maritime cabotage ⁽¹⁾, and
- (c) domestic and international air transport services ⁽²⁾, whether scheduled or non-scheduled, and services directly related to the exercise of traffic rights other than:
 - (i) aircraft repair and maintenance services during which an aircraft is withdrawn from service;
 - (ii) the selling and marketing of air transport services;
 - (iii) computer reservation system (CRS) services;
 - (iv) ground-handling services;
 - (v) airport operation services.

*Article 84***Market access**

1. With respect to market access through the cross-border supply of services, each Party shall accord services and service suppliers of the other Party a treatment not less favourable than that provided for in the specific commitments contained in Annexes XIV-B and XIV-F to this Agreement.

2. In sectors where market access commitments are undertaken, the measures which a Party shall not maintain or adopt either on the basis of a regional subdivision or on the basis of its entire territory, unless otherwise specified in Annexes XIV-B and XIV-F to this Agreement are defined as:

⁽¹⁾ Without prejudice to the scope of activities which may be considered as cabotage under the relevant national legislation, national maritime cabotage under this Chapter covers transportation of passengers or goods between a port or point located in Georgia or a Member State of the EU and another port or point located in Georgia or Member State of the EU, including on its continental shelf, as provided in the UNCLOS and traffic originating and terminating in the same port or point located in Georgia or a Member State of the EU.

⁽²⁾ The conditions of mutual market access in air transport are dealt with by the Agreement between the EU and its Member States and Georgia on the establishment of a Common Aviation Area.

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- (a) limitations on the number of services suppliers whether in the form of numerical quotas, monopolies, exclusive service suppliers or the requirements of an economic needs test;
- (b) limitations on the total value of service transactions or assets in the form of numerical quotas or the requirement of an economic needs test, or
- (c) limitations on the total number of service operations or on the total quantity of service output expressed in the terms of designated numerical units in the form of quotas or the requirement of an economic needs test.

*Article 85***National treatment**

1. In the sectors where market access commitments are inscribed in Annexes XIV-B and XIV-F to this Agreement, and subject to any conditions and qualifications set out therein, each Party shall grant to services and service suppliers of the other Party, in respect of all measures affecting the cross-border supply of services, treatment no less favourable than that it accords to its own like services and services suppliers.

2. A Party may meet the requirement of paragraph 1 by according to services and service suppliers of the other Party either formally identical treatment or formally different treatment to that it accords to its own like services and service suppliers.

3. Formally identical or formally different treatment shall be considered to be less favourable if it modifies the conditions of competition in favour of services or service suppliers of the Party compared to like services or service suppliers of the other Party.

4. Specific commitments entered into under this Article shall not be construed to require any Party to compensate for inherent competitive disadvantages which result from the foreign character of the relevant services or services suppliers.

*Article 86***Lists of commitments**

The sectors liberalised by each Party pursuant to this Section and, by means of reservations, the market access and national treatment limitations applicable to services and services suppliers of the other Party in those sectors are set out in lists of commitments included in Annexes XIV-B and XIV-F to this Agreement.

▼B*Article 87***Review**

With a view to the progressive liberalisation of the cross-border supply of services between the Parties, the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, shall regularly review the list of commitments referred to in Article 86 of this Agreement. This review shall take into account the process of gradual approximation, referred to in Articles 103, 113, 122 and 126 of this Agreement, and its impact on the elimination of remaining obstacles to cross-border supply of services between the Parties.

Section 4**Temporary presence of natural persons for business purposes***Article 88***Scope and definitions**

1. This Section applies to measures of the Parties concerning the entry and temporary stay in their territories of key personnel, graduate trainees, business sellers, contractual service suppliers and independent professionals in accordance with Article 76(5) of this Agreement.

2. For the purposes of this Section:

(a) ‘key personnel’ means natural persons employed within a juridical person of one Party other than a non-profit organisation ⁽¹⁾ and who are responsible for the setting-up or the proper control, administration and operation of an establishment. ‘Key personnel’ comprise ‘business visitors’ for establishment purposes and ‘intra-corporate transferees’:

(i) ‘business visitors’ for establishment purposes means natural persons working in a senior position who are responsible for setting up an establishment. They do not offer or provide services or engage in any other economic activity than required for establishment purposes. They do not receive remuneration from a source located within the host Party;

(ii) ‘intra-corporate transferees’ means natural persons who have been employed by a juridical person or have been partners in it for at least one year and who are temporarily transferred to an

⁽¹⁾ The reference to other than a ‘non-profit organisation’ only applies for Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Germany, Estonia, Ireland, Greece, Spain, France, Italy, Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Austria, Portugal, Slovenia, Finland and United Kingdom.

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establishment that may be a subsidiary, branch or head company of the enterprise / juridical person in the territory of the other Party. The natural person concerned must belong to one of the following categories:

(1) managers: persons working in a senior position within a juridical person, who primarily direct the management of the establishment, receiving general supervision or direction principally from the board of directors or from stockholders of the business or their equivalent, including at least:

- directing the establishment or a department or sub-division thereof;
- supervising and controlling the work of other supervisory, professional or managerial employees; and
- having the authority personally to recruit and dismiss or recommend recruiting, dismissing or other personnel actions;

(2) specialists: persons working within a juridical person who possess uncommon knowledge essential to the establishment's production, research equipment, techniques, processes, procedures or management. In assessing such knowledge, account will be taken not only of knowledge specific to the establishment, but also of whether the person has a high level of qualification referring to a type of work or trade requiring specific technical knowledge, including membership of an accredited profession.

(b) 'graduate trainees' means natural persons who have been employed by a juridical person of one Party or its branch for at least one year, possess a university degree and are temporarily transferred to an establishment of the juridical person in the territory of the other Party, for career development purposes or to obtain training in business techniques or methods ⁽¹⁾;

(c) 'business sellers' ⁽²⁾ means natural persons who are representatives of a services or goods supplier of one Party seeking entry and temporary stay in the territory of the other Party for the purpose of negotiating the sale of services or goods, or entering into agreements to sell services or goods for that supplier. They do not engage in making direct sales to the general public and do not receive remuneration from a source located within the host Party, nor are they commission agents;

⁽¹⁾ The recipient establishment may be required to submit a training programme covering the duration of the stay for prior approval, demonstrating that the purpose of the stay is for training. For Czech Republic, Germany, Spain, France, Hungary and Austria, training must be linked to the university degree which has been obtained.

⁽²⁾ United Kingdom: the category of business sellers is only recognised for services sellers.

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- (d) ‘contractual services suppliers’ means natural persons employed by a juridical person of one Party which itself is not an agency for placement and supply services of personnel nor acting through such an agency, has no establishment in the territory of the other Party and has concluded a bona fide contract to supply services with a final consumer in the latter Party, requiring the presence on a temporary basis of its employees in that Party, in order to fulfil the contract to provide services;
- (e) ‘independent professionals’ means natural persons engaged in the supply of a service and established as self-employed in the territory of a Party who have no establishment in the territory of the other Party and who have concluded a bona fide contract (other than through an agency for placement and supply services of personnel) to supply services with a final consumer in the latter Party, requiring their presence on a temporary basis in that Party in order to fulfil the contract to provide services;
- (f) ‘qualifications’ means diplomas, certificates and other evidence (of formal qualification) issued by an authority designated pursuant to legislative, regulatory or administrative provisions and certifying successful completion of professional training.

*Article 89***Key personnel and graduate trainees**

1. For every sector committed in accordance with Section 2 (Establishment) of this Chapter and subject to any reservations listed in Annexes XIV-A and XIV-E to this Agreement, or in Annexes XIV-C and XIV-G to this Agreement, each Party shall allow entrepreneurs of the other Party to employ in their establishment natural persons of that other Party provided that such employees are key personnel or graduate trainees as defined in Article 88 to this Agreement. The temporary entry and temporary stay of key personnel and graduate trainees shall be for a period of no longer than three years for intra-corporate transferees, 90 days in any 12-month period for business visitors for establishment purposes, and one year for graduate trainees.

2. For every sector committed in accordance with Section 2 (Establishment) of this Chapter, the measures which a Party shall not maintain or adopt either on the basis of a regional subdivision or on the basis of its entire territory, unless otherwise specified in Annexes XIV-C and XIV-G to this Agreement, are defined as limitations on the total number of natural persons that an entrepreneur may employ as key personnel and graduate trainees in a specific sector in the form of numerical quotas or a requirement of an economic needs test and as discriminatory limitations.

▼ B*Article 90***Business sellers**

For every sector committed in accordance with Section 2 (Establishment) or Section 3 (Cross-border supply of services) of this Chapter and subject to any reservations listed in Annexes XIV-A, XIV-E, and XIV-B and XIV-F to this Agreement, each Party shall allow the entry and temporary stay of business sellers for a period of no longer than 90 days in any 12-month period.

*Article 91***Contractual service suppliers**

1. The Parties reaffirm their respective obligations arising from their commitments under the General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS) as regards the entry and temporary stay of contractual services suppliers. In accordance with Annexes XIV-D and XIV-H to this Agreement, each Party shall allow the supply of services into their territory by contractual services suppliers of the other Party, subject to the conditions specified in paragraph 2 of this Article.

2. The commitments undertaken by the Parties are subject to the following conditions:

- (a) the natural persons must be engaged in the supply of a service on a temporary basis as employees of a juridical person, which has obtained a service contract not exceeding 12 months;
- (b) the natural persons entering the other Party should be offering such services as employees of the juridical person supplying the services for at least the year immediately preceding the date of submission of an application for entry into the other Party. In addition, the natural persons must possess, at the date of submission of an application for entry into the other Party, at least three years professional experience ⁽¹⁾ in the sector of activity which is the subject of the contract;
- (c) the natural persons entering the other Party must possess:
 - (i) a university degree or a qualification demonstrating knowledge of an equivalent level ⁽²⁾; and
 - (ii) professional qualifications where this is required to exercise an activity pursuant to the laws, regulations or legal requirements of the Party where the service is supplied;

⁽¹⁾ Obtained after having reached the age of majority, as defined under applicable domestic legislation.

⁽²⁾ Where the degree or qualification has not been obtained in the Party where the service is supplied, that Party may evaluate whether this is equivalent to a university degree in its territory.

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- (d) the natural person shall not receive remuneration for the provision of services in the territory of the other Party other than the remuneration paid by the juridical person employing the natural person;
- (e) the entry and temporary stay of natural persons within the Party concerned shall be for a cumulative period of not more than six months or, in the case of Luxembourg, 25 weeks in any 12-month period or for the duration of the contract, whichever is less;
- (f) access accorded under the provisions of this Article relates only to the service activity which is the subject of the contract and does not confer entitlement to exercise the professional title of the Party where the service is supplied;
- (g) the number of persons covered by the service contract shall not be larger than necessary to fulfil the contract, as it may be requested by the laws, regulations or other legal requirements of the Party where the service is supplied.

*Article 92***Independent professionals**

1. In accordance with Annexes XIV-D and XIV-H to this Agreement, the Parties shall allow the supply of services into their territory by independent professionals of the other Party, subject to the conditions specified in paragraph 2 of this Article.

2. The commitments undertaken by the Parties are subject to the following conditions:

- (a) the natural persons must be engaged in the supply of a service on a temporary basis as self-employed persons established in the other Party and must have obtained a service contract for a period not exceeding 12 months;
- (b) the natural persons entering the other Party must possess, at the date of submission of an application for entry into the other Party, at least six years professional experience in the sector of activity which is the subject of the contract;
- (c) the natural persons entering the other Party must possess:
 - (i) a university degree or a qualification demonstrating knowledge of an equivalent level ⁽¹⁾ and
 - (ii) professional qualifications where this is required to exercise an activity pursuant to the laws, regulations or other legal requirements of the Party where the service is supplied;

⁽¹⁾ Where the degree or qualification has not been obtained in the Party where the service is supplied, that Party may evaluate whether this is equivalent to a university degree required in its territory.

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- (d) the entry and temporary stay of natural persons within the Party concerned shall be for a cumulative period of not more than six months or, in the case of Luxembourg, 25 weeks in any 12-month period or for the duration of the contract, whichever is less;
- (e) access accorded under the provisions of this Article relates only to the service activity which is the subject of the contract and does not confer entitlement to exercise the professional title of the Party where the service is provided.

Section 5**Regulatory framework****Sub-section 1****Domestic regulation***Article 93***Scope and definitions**

1. The following disciplines apply to measures by the Parties relating to licencing requirements and procedures, qualification requirements and procedures that affect:

- (a) cross-border supply of services;
- (b) establishment in their territory of juridical and natural persons defined in Article 77(9) of this Agreement, and
- (c) temporary stay in their territory of categories of natural persons as defined in points (a) to (e) of Article 88(2) of this Agreement.

2. In the case of cross-border supply of services, those disciplines shall only apply to sectors for which the Party has undertaken specific commitments and to the extent that these specific commitments apply in accordance with Annexes XIV-B and XIV-F to this Agreement. In the case of establishment, those disciplines shall not apply to sectors to the extent that a reservation is listed in accordance with Annexes XIV-A and XIV-E to this Agreement. In the case of temporary stay of natural persons, these disciplines shall not apply to sectors to the extent that a reservation is listed in accordance with Annexes XIV-C, XIV-D, XIV-G and XIV-H to this Agreement.

3. Those disciplines do not apply to measures to the extent that they constitute limitations under the relevant Annexes to this Agreement.

4. For the purposes of this Section:

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- (a) ‘licencing requirements’ means substantive requirements, other than qualification requirements, with which a natural or a juridical person is required to comply in order to obtain, amend or renew authorisation to carry out the activities as defined in points (a) to (c) of paragraph 1;
- (b) ‘licencing procedures’ means administrative or procedural rules that a natural or a juridical person, seeking authorisation to carry out the activities as defined in points (a) to (c) of paragraph 1, including the amendment or renewal of a licence, must adhere to in order to demonstrate compliance with licencing requirements;
- (c) ‘qualification requirements’ means substantive requirements relating to the competence of a natural person to supply a service, and which are required to be demonstrated for the purpose of obtaining authorisation to supply a service;
- (d) ‘qualification procedures’ means administrative or procedural rules that a natural person must adhere to in order to demonstrate compliance with qualification requirements, for the purpose of obtaining authorisation to supply a service;
- (e) ‘competent authority’ means any central, regional or local government and authority or non-governmental body in the exercise of powers delegated by central or regional or local governments or authorities, which takes a decision concerning the authorisation to supply a service, including through establishment or concerning the authorisation to establish in an economic activity other than services.

*Article 94***Conditions for licencing and qualification**

1. Each Party shall ensure that measures relating to licencing requirements and procedures, qualification requirements and procedures are based on criteria which preclude the competent authorities from exercising their power of assessment in an arbitrary manner.
2. The criteria referred to in paragraph 1 shall be:
 - (a) proportionate to a public policy objective;
 - (b) clear and unambiguous;
 - (c) objective;
 - (d) pre-established;
 - (e) made public in advance;
 - (f) transparent and accessible.
3. An authorisation or a licence shall be granted as soon as it is established, in the light of an appropriate examination, that the conditions for obtaining an authorisation or licence have been met.

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4. Each Party shall maintain or institute judicial, arbitral or administrative tribunals or procedures which provide, at the request of an affected entrepreneur or service supplier, for a prompt review of, and where justified, appropriate remedies for, administrative decisions affecting establishment, cross-border supply of services or temporary presence of natural persons for business purposes. Where such procedures are not independent of the agency entrusted with the administrative decision concerned, each Party shall ensure that the procedures in fact provide for an objective and impartial review.

5. Where the number of licences available for a given activity is limited because of the scarcity of available natural resources or technical capacity, each Party shall apply a selection procedure to potential candidates which provides full guarantees of impartiality and transparency, including, in particular, adequate publicity about the launch, conduct and completion of the procedure.

6. Subject to the provisions specified by this Article, in establishing the rules for the selection procedure, each Party may take into account public policy objectives, including considerations of health, safety, the protection of the environment and the preservation of cultural heritage.

*Article 95***Licencing and qualification procedures**

1. Licencing and qualification procedures and formalities shall be clear, made public in advance and be such as to provide the applicants with a guarantee that their application will be dealt with objectively and impartially.

2. Licencing and qualification procedures and formalities shall be as simple as possible and shall not unduly complicate or delay the provision of the service. Any licencing fees⁽¹⁾ which the applicants may incur from their application should be reasonable and proportionate to the cost of the authorisation procedures in question.

3. Each Party shall ensure that the procedures used by, and the decisions of, the competent authority in the licencing or authorisation process are impartial with respect to all applicants. The competent authority should reach its decision in an independent manner and not be accountable to any supplier of the services for which the licence or authorisation is required.

4. Where specific time periods for applications exist, an applicant shall be allowed a reasonable period for the submission of an application. The competent authority shall initiate the processing of an application without undue delay. Where possible, applications should be accepted in electronic format under the same conditions of authenticity as paper submissions.

⁽¹⁾ Licencing fees do not include payments for auction, tendering or other non-discriminatory means of awarding concessions, or mandated contributions to universal service provision.

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5. Each Party shall ensure that the processing of an application, including reaching a final decision, is completed within a reasonable timeframe from the submission of a complete application. Each Party shall endeavour to establish the normal timeframe for processing of an application.

6. The competent authority shall, within a reasonable period of time after receipt of an application which it considers incomplete, inform the applicant, to the extent feasible identify the additional information required to complete the application, and provide the opportunity to correct deficiencies.

7. Authenticated copies should be accepted, where possible, in place of original documents.

8. If an application is rejected by the competent authority, the applicant shall be informed in writing and without undue delay. In principle, the applicant shall, upon request, also be informed of the reasons for rejection of the application and of the timeframe for an appeal against the decision.

9. Each Party shall ensure that a licence or an authorisation, once granted, enters into effect without undue delay in accordance with the terms and conditions specified therein.

Sub-section 2**Provisions of general application***Article 96***Mutual recognition**

1. Nothing in this Chapter shall prevent a Party from requiring that natural persons must possess the necessary qualifications and/or professional experience specified in the territory where the service is supplied, for the sector of activity concerned.

2. Each Party shall encourage the relevant professional bodies in their respective territories to provide recommendations on mutual recognition to the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, for the purpose of the fulfilment, in whole or in part, by entrepreneurs and service suppliers of the criteria applied by each Party for the authorisation, licensing, operation and certification of entrepreneurs and service suppliers and, in particular, professional services.

3. On receipt of a recommendation referred to in paragraph 2, the Association Committee in Trade configuration shall, within a reasonable time, review that recommendation with a view to determine whether it is consistent with this Agreement, and on the basis of the information contained therein, assess in particular:

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- (a) the extent to which the standards and criteria applied by each Party for the authorisation, licenses, operation and certification of services providers and entrepreneurs are converging, and
- (b) the potential economic value of a mutual recognition agreement.

4. Where these requirements are satisfied, the Association Committee in Trade configuration shall establish the necessary steps to negotiate and thereafter the Parties shall engage into negotiations, through their competent authorities, of a mutual recognition agreement.

5. Any such agreement shall be in conformity with the relevant provisions of the WTO Agreement and, in particular, Article VII of GATS.

*Article 97***Transparency and disclosure of confidential information**

1. Each Party shall respond promptly to all requests by the other Party for specific information on any of its measures of general application or international agreements which pertain to or affect this Agreement. Each Party shall also establish one or more enquiry points to provide specific information to entrepreneurs and services suppliers of the other Party, upon request, on all such matters. The Parties shall notify each other enquiry points within three months after the date of entry into force of this Agreement. Enquiry points need not be depositories of laws and regulations.

2. Nothing in this Agreement shall require any Party to provide confidential information, the disclosure of which would impede law enforcement, or otherwise be contrary to the public interest, or which would prejudice legitimate commercial interests of particular enterprises, public or private.

Sub-section 3

Computer services*Article 98***Understanding on computer services**

1. To the extent that trade in computer services is liberalised in accordance with Section 2 (Establishment), Section 3 (Cross-border supply of services) and Section 4 (Temporary presence of natural persons for business purposes) of this Chapter, the Parties shall comply with paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 of this Article.

2. CPC ⁽¹⁾ 84, the UN code used for describing computer and related services, covers the basic functions used to provide all computer and related services:

⁽¹⁾ CPC means the Central Products Classification as set out in Statistical Office of the UN, Statistical Papers, Series M, N^o 77, CPC prov, 1991.

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- (a) computer programmes defined as the sets of instructions required to make computers work and communicate (including their development and implementation);
- (b) data processing and storage, and
- (c) related services, such as consultancy and training services for staff of clients.

Technological developments have led to the increased offering of those services as a bundle or package of related services that can include some or all of those basic functions. For example, services such as web- or domain-hosting, data mining services and grid computing each consist of a combination of basic computer services functions.

3. Computer and related services, regardless of whether they are delivered via a network, including the internet, include all services that provide:

- (a) consulting, strategy, analysis, planning, specification, design, development, installation, implementation, integration, testing, debugging, updating, support, technical assistance, or management of or for computers or computer systems;
- (b) computer programmes defined as sets of instructions required to make computers work and communicate (in and of themselves), plus consulting, strategy, analysis, planning, specification, design, development, installation, implementation, integration, testing, debugging, updating, adaptation, maintenance, support, technical assistance, management or use of or for computer programs; or
- (c) data processing, data storage, data hosting or database services; or maintenance and repair services for office machinery and equipment, including computers; or training services for staff of clients, related to computer programmes, computers or computer systems, and not elsewhere classified.

4. Computer and related services enable the provision of other services (e.g. banking) by both electronic and other means. However, there is an important distinction between the enabling service (e.g. web-hosting or application-hosting) and the content or core service that is being delivered electronically (e.g. banking). In such cases, the content or core service is not covered by CPC 84.

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Sub-section 4

Postal and courier services*Article 99***Scope and definitions**

1. This Sub-Section sets out the principles of the regulatory framework for all postal and courier service liberalised in accordance with Section 2 (Establishment), Section 3 (Cross-border supply of services) and Section 4 (Temporary presence of natural persons for business purposes) of this Chapter.

2. For the purpose of this Sub-Section and of Section 2 (Establishment), Section 3 (Cross-border supply of services) and Section 4 (Temporary presence of natural persons for business purposes) of this Chapter:

- (a) ‘licence’ means an authorisation, granted to an individual supplier by a regulatory authority, which is required before supplying a given service;
- (b) ‘universal service’ means the permanent provision of a postal service of specified quality at all points in the territory of a Party at affordable prices for all users.

*Article 100***Universal service**

Each Party has the right to define the kind of universal service obligation it wishes to maintain. Such obligations will not be regarded as anti-competitive per se, provided they are administered in a transparent, non-discriminatory and competitively neutral manner and are not more burdensome than necessary for the kind of universal service defined by the Party.

*Article 101***Licences**

1. A licence may only be required for services which are within the scope of the universal service.

2. Where a licence is required, the following shall be made publicly available:

- (a) all the licensing criteria and the period of time normally required to reach a decision concerning an application for a licence; and
- (b) the terms and conditions of licences.

3. The reasons for the denial of a licence shall be made known to the applicant upon request and an appeal procedure through an independent body will be established by each Party. Such a procedure will be transparent, non-discriminatory and based on objective criteria.

▼B*Article 102***Independence of the regulatory body**

The regulatory body shall be legally separate from, and not accountable to any supplier of postal and courier services. The decisions of and the procedures used by the regulatory body shall be impartial with respect to all market participants.

*Article 103***Gradual approximation**

With a view to considering further liberalisation of trade in services, the Parties recognise the importance of the gradual approximation of the existing and future legislation of Georgia to the list of the Union acquis included in Annex XV-C to this Agreement.

Sub-section 5

Electronic communication networks and services*Article 104***Scope and definitions**

1. This Sub-Section sets out the principles of the regulatory framework for all electronic communication services liberalised pursuant to Section 2 (Establishment), Section 3 (Cross-border supply of services) and Section 4 (Temporary presence of natural persons for business purposes) of this Chapter.

2. For the purpose of this Sub-Section and Section 2 (Establishment), Section 3 (Cross-border supply of services) and Section 4 (Temporary presence of natural persons for business purposes) of this Chapter:

- (a) ‘electronic communication services’ means all services which consist wholly or mainly in the conveyance of signals on electronic communication networks, including telecommunication services and transmission services in networks used for broadcasting. Those services exclude services providing, or exercising editorial control over, content transmitted using electronic communication networks and services;
- (b) ‘public communication network’ means an electronic communication network used wholly or mainly for the provision of publicly available electronic communication services;

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- (c) ‘electronic communication network’ means transmission systems and, where applicable, switching or routing equipment and other resources which permit the conveyance of signals by wire, by radio, by optical or by other electromagnetic means, including satellite networks, fixed (circuit- and packet-switched, including internet) and mobile terrestrial networks, electricity cable systems, to the extent that they are used for the purpose of transmitting signals, networks used for radio and television broadcasting, and cable television networks, irrespective of the type of information conveyed;
- (d) a ‘regulatory authority’ in the electronic communication sector means the body or bodies charged with the regulation of electronic communication mentioned in this Sub-Section;
- (e) a services supplier shall be deemed to have ‘significant market power’ if, either individually or jointly with others, it enjoys a position equivalent to dominance, that is to say a position of economic strength affording it the power to behave to an appreciable extent independently of competitors, customers and ultimately consumers;
- (f) ‘interconnection’ means the physical and logical linking of public communication networks used by the same or a different supplier in order to allow the users of one services supplier to communicate with users of the same or another services supplier, or to access services provided by another services supplier. Services may be provided by the parties involved or other parties who have access to the network. Interconnection is a specific type of access implemented between public network operators;
- (g) ‘universal service’ means the set of services of specified quality that is made available to all users in the territory of a Party regardless of their geographical location and at an affordable price; its scope and implementation are decided by each Party;
- (h) ‘access’ means the making available of facilities and/or services, to another services supplier, under defined conditions, on either an exclusive or non-exclusive basis, for the purpose of providing electronic communication services. It covers, inter alia, access to network elements and associated facilities, which may involve the connection of equipment, by fixed or non-fixed means (in particular this includes access to the local loop and to facilities and services necessary to provide services over the local loop), access to physical infrastructure, including buildings, ducts, and masts; access to relevant software systems, including operational support systems;

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access to numbering translation or systems offering equivalent functionality; access to fixed and mobile networks, in particular for roaming; access to conditional access systems for digital television services; access to virtual network services;

- (i) ‘end-user’ means a user not providing public communication networks or publicly available electronic communication services;
- (j) ‘local loop’ means the physical circuit connecting the network termination point at the subscriber’s premises to the main distribution frame or equivalent facility in the fixed public communication network.

*Article 105***Regulatory authority**

1. Each Party shall ensure that regulatory authorities for electronic communication services shall be legally distinct and functionally independent from any supplier of electronic communication services. If a Party retains ownership or control of a supplier providing electronic communication networks or services, such Party shall ensure the effective structural separation of the regulatory function from activities associated with ownership or control.

2. Each Party shall ensure that the regulatory authority shall be sufficiently empowered to regulate the sector. The tasks to be undertaken by a regulatory authority shall be made public in an easily accessible and clear form, in particular where those tasks are assigned to more than one body.

3. Each Party shall ensure that the decisions of and the procedures used by the regulatory authorities are impartial with respect to all market participants and transparent.

4. The regulatory authority shall have the power to carry out an analysis of relevant product and service markets liable to an ex ante regulation. Where the regulatory authority is required to determine under Article 107 of this Agreement whether to impose, maintain, amend or withdraw obligations it shall determine on the basis of a market analysis whether the relevant market is effectively competitive.

5. Where the regulatory authority determines that a relevant market is not effectively competitive, it shall identify and designate services suppliers with significant market power on that market and shall impose, maintain or amend specific regulatory obligations referred to in Article 107 of this Agreement as it is appropriate. Where the regulatory authority concludes that the market is effectively competitive it shall not impose or maintain any of the regulatory obligations referred to in Article 107 of this Agreement.

6. Each Party shall ensure that a services supplier affected by the decision of a regulatory authority shall have a right to appeal against that decision to an appeal body that is independent of the parties involved in the decision. Each Party shall ensure that the merits of the case are duly taken into account. Pending the outcome of any

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such appeal, the decision of the regulator shall stand, unless the appeal body decides otherwise. Where the appeal body is not judicial in character, written reasons for its decision shall always be given and its decisions shall also be subject to review by an impartial and independent judicial authority. Decisions taken by appeal bodies shall be effectively enforced.

7. Each Party shall ensure that where the regulatory authorities intend to take measures related to any of the provisions of this Sub-Section and which have a significant impact to the relevant market, they give the interested parties the opportunity to comment on the draft measure within a reasonable period of time. Regulators shall publish their consultation procedures. The results of the consultation procedure shall be made publicly available except in the case of confidential information.

8. Each Party shall ensure that suppliers providing electronic communication networks and services provide all the information, including financial information, necessary for regulatory authorities to ensure conformity with the provisions of this Sub-Section or decisions made in accordance with this Sub-Section. These suppliers shall provide such information promptly on request and to the time-table and level of detail required by the regulatory authority. The information requested by the regulatory authority shall be proportionate to the performance of that task. The regulatory authority shall give the reasons justifying its request for information.

*Article 106***Authorisation to provide electronic communication services**

1. Each Party shall ensure that the provision of services shall, as much as possible, be authorised following mere notification.

2. Each Party shall ensure that a licence can be required to address issues of attributions of numbers and frequencies. The terms and conditions for such licences shall be made publicly available.

3. Each Party shall ensure that where a licence is required:

(a) all the licensing criteria and a reasonable period of time normally required to reach a decision concerning an application for a licence shall be made publicly available;

(b) the reasons for the denial of a licence shall be made known in writing to the applicant upon request;

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- (c) the applicant of a licence shall be able to seek recourse before an appeal body in case that a licence is unduly denied;

- (d) licence fees ⁽¹⁾ required by any Party for granting a licence shall not exceed the administrative costs normally incurred in the management, control and enforcement of the applicable licences. Licence fees for the use of radio spectrum and numbering resources are not subject to the requirements of this paragraph.

*Article 107***Access and interconnection**

1. Each Party shall ensure that any services suppliers authorised to provide electronic communication services have the right and obligation to negotiate access and interconnection with suppliers of publicly available electronic communication networks and services. Access and interconnection should in principle be agreed on the basis of commercial negotiation between the services suppliers concerned.

2. Each Party shall ensure that services suppliers that acquire information from another services supplier during the process of negotiating interconnection arrangements use that information solely for the purpose for which it was supplied and respect at all times the confidentiality of information transmitted or stored.

3. Each Party shall ensure that upon the finding in accordance with Article 105 of this Agreement that a relevant market is not effectively competitive, the regulatory authority shall have the power to impose on the supplier designated as having significant market power one or more of the following obligations in relation to interconnection and/or access:

- (a) obligation on non-discrimination to ensure that the operator applies equivalent conditions in equivalent circumstances to other suppliers providing equivalent services, and provides services and information to others under the same conditions and of the same quality as it provides for its own services, or those of its subsidiaries or partners;

- (b) obligation of a vertically integrated company to make transparent its wholesale prices and its internal transfer prices, where there is a requirement for non-discrimination or for prevention of unfair cross-subsidy. The regulatory authority may specify the format and accounting methodology to be used;

⁽¹⁾ Licence fees do not include payments for auction, tendering or other non-discriminatory means of awarding concessions, or mandated contributions to universal service provision.

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- (c) obligations to meet reasonable requests for access to, and use of, specific network elements and associated facilities, including unbundled access to the local loop, inter alia, in situations where the regulatory authority considers that denial of access or unreasonable terms and conditions having a similar effect would hinder the emergence of a sustainable competitive market at the retail level, or would not be in the end user's interest.

Regulatory authorities may attach conditions covering fairness, reasonableness and timeliness to the obligations included under this point;

- (d) to provide specified services on a wholesale basis for resale by third parties; to grant open access to technical interfaces, protocols or other key technologies that are indispensable for the interoperability of services or virtual network services; to provide co-location or other forms of facility sharing, including duct, building or mast sharing; to provide specified services needed to ensure interoperability of end-to-end services to users, including facilities for intelligent network services; to provide access to operational support systems or similar software systems necessary to ensure fair competition in the provision of services; to interconnect networks or network facilities.

Regulatory authorities may attach conditions covering fairness, reasonableness and timeliness to the obligations included under this point;

- (e) obligations relating to cost recovery and price controls, including obligations for cost orientation of prices and obligations concerning cost accounting systems, for the provision of specific types of interconnection and/or access, in situations where a market analysis indicates that a lack of effective competition means that the operator concerned might sustain prices at an excessively high level, or apply a price squeeze, to the detriment of end-users.

Regulatory authorities shall take into account the investment made by the operator and allow the operator a reasonable rate of return on adequate capital employed, taking into account the risks involved;

- (f) to publish the specific obligations imposed on services suppliers by the regulatory authority identifying the specific product/service and geographical markets. Up-to-date information, provided that it is not confidential and it does not comprise business secrets is made publicly available in a manner that guarantees all interested parties easy access to that information;

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- (g) obligations for transparency requiring operators to make public specified information and, in particular, where an operator has obligations of non-discrimination, the regulator may require that operator to publish a reference offer, which shall be sufficiently unbundled to ensure that services suppliers are not required to pay for facilities which are not necessary for the service requested, giving a description of the relevant offerings broken down into components according to market needs, and the associated terms and conditions including prices.

4. Each Party shall ensure that a service supplier requesting interconnection with a supplier designated as having significant market power shall have recourse, either at any time or after a reasonable period of time which has been made publicly known, to an independent domestic body, which may be a regulatory body as referred to in Article 104(2)(d) of this Agreement, to resolve disputes regarding terms and conditions for interconnection and/or access.

*Article 108***Scarce resources**

1. Each Party shall ensure that any procedures for the allocation and use of scarce resources, including frequencies, numbers and rights of way, shall be carried out in an objective, proportionate, timely, transparent and non-discriminatory manner. The current state of allocated frequency bands shall be made publicly available, but detailed identification of frequencies allocated for specific government uses is not required.

2. Each Party shall ensure the effective management of radio frequencies for electronic communication services in their territory with a view to ensure effective and efficient use of the spectrum. Where demand for specific frequencies exceeds their availability, appropriate and transparent procedures shall be followed for the assignment of these frequencies in order to optimise their use and facilitate the development of competition.

3. Each Party shall ensure that the assignment of national numbering resources and the management of the national numbering plans are entrusted to the regulatory authority.

4. Where public or local authorities retain ownership or control of suppliers operating public communications networks and/or services, effective structural separation needs to be ensured between the function responsible for granting the rights of way from activities associated with ownership or control.

▼B*Article 109***Universal service**

1. Each Party has the right to define the kind of universal service obligations it wishes to maintain.
2. Such obligations will not be regarded as anti-competitive per se, provided they are administered in a transparent, objective and non-discriminatory way. The administration of such obligations shall also be neutral with respect to competition and be not more burdensome than necessary for the kind of universal service defined by the Party.
3. Each Party shall ensure that all suppliers should be eligible to ensure universal service and no services supplier shall be a priori excluded. The designation shall be made through an efficient, transparent, objective and non-discriminatory mechanism. Where necessary, each Party shall assess whether the provision of universal service represents an unfair burden on organisation(s) designated to provide universal service. Where justified on the basis of such calculation, and taking into account the market benefit, if any, which accrues to an organisation that offers the universal service, regulatory authorities shall determine whether a mechanism is required to compensate the services supplier(s) concerned or to share the net cost of universal service obligations.
4. Each Party shall ensure that, where directories of all subscribers are available to users, whether printed or electronic, the organisations that provide those directories apply the principle of non-discrimination to the treatment of information that has been provided to them by other organisations.

*Article 110***Cross-border provision of electronic communication services**

Neither Party may require a service supplier of the other Party to set up an establishment, to establish any form of presence, or to be resident, in its territory as a condition for the cross-border supply of a service.

*Article 111***Confidentiality of information**

Each Party shall ensure the confidentiality of electronic communications and related traffic data by means of a public communication network and publicly available electronic communication services without restricting trade in services.

*Article 112***Disputes between services suppliers**

1. Each Party shall ensure that in the event of a dispute arising between suppliers of electronic communication networks or services in connection with rights and obligations referred to in this Section, the regulatory authority concerned shall, at the request of either Party, issue a binding decision to resolve the dispute in the shortest possible timeframe and in any case within four months.

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2. The decision of the regulatory authority shall be made available to the public, having regard to the requirements of business confidentiality. The suppliers of electronic communication networks and services concerned shall be given a full statement of the reasons on which it is based.

3. When such a dispute concerns the cross-border provision of services, the regulatory authorities concerned shall co-ordinate their efforts in order to bring about a resolution of the dispute.

*Article 113***Gradual approximation**

With a view to considering further liberalisation of trade in services, the Parties recognise the importance of the gradual approximation of the existing and future legislation of Georgia to the list of the Union acquis included in the Annex XV-B to this Agreement.

Sub-section 6

Financial services*Article 114***Scope and definitions**

1. This Sub-Section sets out the principles of the regulatory framework for all financial services liberalised pursuant to Section 2 (Establishment), Section 3 (Cross-border supply of services) and Section 4 (Temporary presence of natural persons for business purposes) of this Chapter.

2. For the purpose of this Sub-Section and of Section 2 (Establishment), Section 3 (Cross-border supply of services) and Section 4 (Temporary presence of natural persons for business purposes) of this Chapter:

- (a) ‘financial service’ means any service of a financial nature offered by a financial service supplier of a Party. Financial services comprise the following activities:
 - (i) insurance and insurance-related services:
 - (1) direct insurance (including co-insurance):
 - (a) life;
 - (b) non-life;
 - (2) reinsurance and retrocession;
 - (3) insurance inter-mediation, such as brokerage and agency; and
 - (4) services auxiliary to insurance, such as consultancy, actuarial, risk assessment and claim settlement services;

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- (ii) banking and other financial services (excluding insurance):
- (1) acceptance of deposits and other repayable funds from the public;
 - (2) lending of all types, including consumer credit, mortgage credit, factoring and financing of commercial transaction;
 - (3) financial leasing;
 - (4) all payment and money transmission services, including credit, charge and debit cards, travellers cheques and bankers drafts;
 - (5) guarantees and commitments;
 - (6) trading for own account or for account of customers, whether on an exchange, in an over-the-counter market or otherwise, the following:
 - (a) money market instruments (including cheques, bills, certificates of deposits);
 - (b) foreign exchange;
 - (c) derivative products including, but not limited to, futures and options;
 - (d) exchange rate and interest rate instruments, including products such as swaps, forward rate agreements;
 - (e) transferable securities;
 - (f) other negotiable instruments and financial assets, including bullion;
 - (7) participation in issues of all kinds of securities, including underwriting and placement as agent (whether publicly or privately) and provision of services related to such issues;
 - (8) money broking;
 - (9) asset management, such as cash or portfolio management, all forms of collective investment management, pension fund management, custodial, depository and trust services;
 - (10) settlement and clearing services for financial assets, including securities, derivative products, and other negotiable instruments;

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- (11) provision and transfer of financial information, and financial data processing and related software;
 - (12) advisory, intermediation and other auxiliary financial services on all the activities listed in points (1) through (11), including credit reference and analysis, investment and portfolio research and advice, advice on acquisitions and on corporate restructuring and strategy;
- (b) ‘financial service supplier’ means any natural or juridical person of a Party that seeks to provide or provides financial services. The term ‘financial service supplier’ does not include a public entity;
- (c) ‘public entity’ means:
- (i) a government, a central bank or a monetary authority, of a Party, or an entity owned or controlled by a Party, that is principally engaged in carrying out governmental functions or activities for governmental purposes, not including an entity principally engaged in supplying financial services on commercial terms; or
 - (ii) a private entity, performing functions normally performed by a central bank or monetary authority, when exercising those functions;
- (d) ‘new financial service’ means a service of a financial nature, including services related to existing and new products or the manner in which a product is delivered, that is not supplied by any financial service supplier in the territory of a Party but which is supplied in the territory of the other Party.

*Article 115***Prudential carve-out**

1. Each Party may adopt or maintain measures for prudential reasons, such as:
- (a) the protection of investors, depositors, policy-holders or persons to whom a fiduciary duty is owed by a financial service supplier;
 - (b) ensuring the integrity and stability of a Party's financial system.

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2. Those measures shall not be more burdensome than necessary to achieve their aim, and shall not discriminate against financial service suppliers of the other Party in comparison to its own like financial service suppliers.

3. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to require a Party to disclose information relating to the affairs and accounts of individual consumers or any confidential or proprietary information in the possession of public entities.

*Article 116***Effective and transparent regulation**

1. Each Party shall make its best endeavours to provide in advance to all interested persons any measure of general application that the Party proposes to adopt in order to allow an opportunity for such persons to comment on the measure. Such measure shall be provided:

(a) by means of an official publication; or

(b) in other written or electronic form.

2. Each Party shall make available to interested persons its requirements for completing applications relating to the supply of financial services.

On the request of an applicant, the concerned Party shall inform the applicant of the status of its application. If the concerned Party requires additional information from the applicant, it shall notify the applicant without undue delay.

3. Each Party shall make its best endeavours to ensure that internationally agreed standards for regulation and supervision in the financial services sector and for the fight against tax evasion and avoidance are implemented and applied in its territory. Such internationally agreed standards are, inter alia, the Basel Committee's 'Core Principles for Effective Banking Supervision', the International Association of Insurance Supervisors' 'Insurance Core Principles', the International Organisation of Securities Commissions' 'Objectives and Principles of Securities Regulation', the 'Agreement on Exchange of Information on Tax Matters' of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), the G20 'Statement on Transparency and Exchange of Information for Tax Purposes' and the Financial Action Task Force's 'Forty Recommendations' on money laundering and 'Nine Special Recommendations' on terrorist financing.

The Parties also take note of the 'Ten Key Principles for Information Exchange' promulgated by the G7 Finance Ministers, and will take all steps necessary to try to apply them in their bilateral contacts.

▼B*Article 117***New financial services**

Each Party shall permit a financial service supplier of the other Party to provide any new financial service of a type similar to those services that the Party would permit its own financial service suppliers to provide under its domestic law in like circumstances. A Party may determine the juridical form through which the service may be provided and may require authorisation for the provision of the service. Where such authorisation is required, a decision shall be made within a reasonable time and the authorisation may only be refused for prudential reasons.

*Article 118***Data processing**

1. Each Party shall permit a financial service supplier of the other Party to transfer information in electronic or other form, into and out of its territory, for data processing where such processing is required in the ordinary course of business of such financial service supplier.

2. Each Party shall adopt adequate safeguards for the protection of privacy and fundamental rights, and freedom of individuals, in particular with regard to the transfer of personal data.

*Article 119***Specific exceptions**

1. Nothing in this Chapter shall be construed to prevent a Party, including its public entities, from exclusively conducting or providing in its territory activities or services forming part of a public retirement plan or statutory system of social security, except when those activities may be carried out, as provided by the Party's domestic regulation, by financial service suppliers in competition with public entities or private institutions.

2. Nothing in this Agreement applies to activities conducted by a central bank or monetary authority or by any other public entity in pursuit of monetary or exchange rate policies.

3. Nothing in this Chapter shall be construed to prevent a Party, including its public entities, from exclusively conducting or providing in its territory activities or services for the account or with the guarantee or using the financial resources of the Party, or its public entities.

▼B*Article 120***Self-regulatory organisations**

When a Party requires membership or participation in, or access to, any self-regulatory body, securities or futures exchange or market, clearing agency, or any other organization or association, in order for financial service suppliers of the other Party to supply financial services on an equal basis with financial service suppliers of the Party, or when the Party provides directly or indirectly such entities, privileges or advantages in supplying financial services, the Party shall ensure observance of the obligations of Articles 79 and 85 of this Agreement.

*Article 121***Clearing and payment systems**

Under the terms and conditions that accord national treatment, each Party shall grant to financial service suppliers of the other Party established in its territory access to payment and clearing systems operated by public entities, and to official funding and refinancing facilities available in the normal course of ordinary business. This Article is not intended to confer access to the Party's lender of last resort facilities.

*Article 122***Gradual approximation**

With a view to considering further liberalisation of trade in services, the Parties recognise the importance of the gradual approximation of the existing and future legislation of Georgia to the international best practices standards listed under Article 116(3) of this Agreement as well as to the list of the Union *acquis* included in Annex XV-A to this Agreement.

Sub-section 7

Transport services*Article 123***Scope**

This Sub-Section sets out the principles regarding the liberalisation of international transport services pursuant to Section 2 (Establishment), Section 3 (Cross-border supply of services) and Section 4 (Temporary presence of natural persons for business purposes) of this Chapter.

*Article 124***International maritime transport**

1. For the purpose of this Sub-Section and Section 2 (Establishment), Section 3 (Cross-border supply of services) and Section 4 (Temporary presence of natural persons for business purposes) of this Chapter:

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- (a) ‘international maritime transport’ includes door-to-door and multi-modal transport operations, which is the carriage of goods using more than one mode of transport, involving a sea-leg, under a single transport document, and to this effect the right to directly contract with providers of other modes of transport;

- (b) ‘maritime cargo handling services’ means activities exercised by stevedore companies, including terminal operators, but not including direct activities of dockers, when this workforce is organised independently of the stevedoring or terminal operator companies. The activities covered include the organisation and supervision of:
 - (i) the loading/discharging of cargo to/from a ship;

 - (ii) the lashing/unlashing of cargo;

 - (iii) the reception/delivery and safekeeping of cargoes before shipment or after discharge;

- (c) ‘customs clearance services’ (alternatively ‘customs house brokers’ services’) means activities consisting in carrying out on behalf of another Party customs formalities concerning import, export or through transport of cargoes, whether this service is the main activity of that service provider or a usual complement of the service provider’s main activity;

- (d) ‘container station and depot services’ means activities consisting in storing containers, whether in port areas or inland, with a view to their stuffing/stripping, repairing and making them available for shipments;

- (e) ‘maritime agency services’ means activities consisting in representing, within a given geographic area, as an agent the business interests of one or more shipping lines or shipping companies, for the following purposes:
 - (i) marketing and sales of maritime transport and related services, from quotation to invoicing, and issuance of bills of lading on behalf of the companies, acquisition and resale of the necessary related services, preparation of documentation, and provision of business information;

 - (ii) acting on behalf of the companies organising the call of the ship or taking over cargoes when required;

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- (f) ‘freight forwarding services’ means the activity consisting of organising and monitoring shipment operations on behalf of shippers, through the acquisition of transport and related services, preparation of documentation and provision of business information;
- (g) ‘feeder services’ means the pre- and onward transportation of international cargoes by sea, notably containerised, between ports located in a Party.

2. As regards international maritime transport, each Party agrees to ensure effective application of the principle of unrestricted access to cargoes on a commercial basis, the freedom to provide international maritime services, as well as national treatment in the framework of the provision of such services.

In view of the existing levels of liberalisation between the Parties in international maritime transport:

- (a) each Party shall apply effectively the principle of unrestricted access to the international maritime markets and trades on a commercial and non-discriminatory basis;
- (b) each Party shall grant to ships flying the flag of the other Party or operated by service suppliers of the other Party treatment no less favourable than that accorded to its own ships or those of any third country, whichever are the better, with regard to, inter alia, access to ports, the use of infrastructure and services of ports, and the use of maritime auxiliary services, as well as related fees and charges, customs facilities and the assignment of berths and facilities for loading and unloading.

3. In applying these principles, each Party shall:

- (a) not introduce cargo-sharing arrangements in future agreements with third countries concerning maritime transport services, including dry and liquid bulk and liner trade, and terminate, within a reasonable period of time, such cargo-sharing arrangements in case they exist in previous agreements; and
- (b) upon the entry into force of this Agreement, abolish and abstain from introducing any unilateral measures and administrative, technical and other obstacles which could constitute a disguised restriction or have discriminatory effects on the free supply of services in international maritime transport.

4. Each Party shall permit international maritime transport service suppliers of the other Party to have an establishment in its territory under conditions of establishment and operation no less favourable than those accorded to its own service suppliers or those of any third country, whichever are the better.

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5. Each Party shall make available to maritime transport service suppliers of the other Party on reasonable and non-discriminatory terms and conditions the following services at the port: pilotage, towing and tug assistance, provisioning, fuelling and watering, garbage collecting and ballast waste disposal, port captain's services, navigation aids, shore-based operational services essential to ship operations, including communications, water and electrical supplies, emergency repair facilities, anchorage, berth and berthing services.

6. Each Party shall permit the movement of equipment such as empty containers, not being carried as cargo against payment, between ports of a Member State of the EU or between ports of Georgia.

7. Each Party, subject to the authorisation of the competent authority shall permit international maritime transport service suppliers of the other Party to provide feeder services between their national ports.

*Article 125***Air transport**

The progressive liberalisation of air transport between the Parties adapted to their reciprocal commercial needs and the conditions of mutual market access are governed by the Common Aviation Area Agreement between the European Union and its Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part.

*Article 126***Gradual approximation**

With a view to considering further liberalisation of trade in services, the Parties recognise the importance of the gradual approximation of the existing and future legislation of Georgia to the list of Union *acquis* included in Annex XV-D to this Agreement.

Section 6**Electronic commerce****Sub-section 1****General provisions***Article 127***Objective and principles**

1. The Parties, recognising that electronic commerce increases trade opportunities in many sectors, agree to promote the development of electronic commerce between them, in particular by cooperating on the issues raised by electronic commerce under the provisions of this Chapter.

2. The Parties agree that the development of electronic commerce must be compatible with the international standards of data protection in order to ensure the confidence of users of electronic commerce.

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3. The Parties agree that electronic transmissions shall be considered as the provision of services, within the meaning of Section 3 (Cross-border supply of services) of this Chapter, which cannot be subject to customs duties.

*Article 128***Cooperation in electronic commerce**

1. The Parties shall maintain a dialogue on regulatory issues raised by electronic commerce, which will inter alia address the following issues:

- (a) the recognition of certificates of electronic signatures issued to the public and the facilitation of cross-border certification services;
- (b) the liability of intermediary service providers with respect to the transmission, or storage of information;
- (c) the treatment of unsolicited electronic commercial communications;
- (d) the protection of consumers in the ambit of electronic commerce, and
- (e) any other issue relevant for the development of electronic commerce.

2. Such cooperation can take the form of exchange of information on the Parties' respective legislation on those issues as well as on the implementation of such legislation.

Sub-section 2

Liability of intermediary service providers*Article 129***Use of intermediaries' services**

1. The Parties recognise that the services of intermediaries can be used by third parties for infringing activities and shall provide the measures for intermediary service providers as laid down in this Sub-Section ⁽¹⁾.

2. For the purposes of Article 130 of this Agreement, 'service provider' means a provider of transmission, routing, or connections for digital online communication between or among points specified by the user, of material of the user's choosing without modification of its content. For the purposes of Articles 131 and 132 of this Agreement 'service provider' means a provider or operator of facilities for online services or network access.

⁽¹⁾ Georgia shall implement the provisions of this Sub-Section within two years from the date of entry into force of this Agreement.

▼ B*Article 130***Liability of intermediary service providers: ‘mere conduit’**

1. Where an information society service is provided that consists of the transmission in a communication network of information provided by a recipient of the service, or the provision of access to a communication network, each Party shall ensure that the service provider is not liable for the information transmitted, on condition that the provider:

- (a) does not initiate the transmission;
- (b) does not select the receiver of the transmission; and
- (c) does not select or modify the information contained in the transmission.

2. The acts of transmission and of provision of access referred to in paragraph 1 include the automatic, intermediate and transient storage of the information transmitted in so far as this takes place for the sole purpose of carrying out the transmission in the communication network, and provided that the information is not stored for any period longer than is reasonably necessary for the transmission.

3. This Article shall not affect the possibility for a court or administrative authority, in accordance with Parties' legal systems, of requiring the service provider to terminate or prevent an infringement.

*Article 131***Liability of intermediary service providers: ‘caching’**

1. Where an information society service is provided that consists of the transmission in a communication network of information provided by a recipient of the service, each Party shall ensure that the service provider is not liable for the automatic, intermediate and temporary storage of that information, performed for the sole purpose of making more efficient the information's onward transmission to other recipients of the service upon their request, on condition that:

- (a) the provider does not modify the information;
- (b) the provider complies with conditions on access to the information;
- (c) the provider complies with rules regarding the updating of the information, specified in a manner widely recognised and used by industry;
- (d) the provider does not interfere with the lawful use of technology, widely recognised and used by industry, to obtain data on the use of the information, and

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- (e) the provider acts expeditiously to remove or to disable access to the information it has stored upon obtaining actual knowledge ⁽¹⁾ of the fact that the information at the initial source of the transmission has been removed from the network, or access to it has been disabled, or that a court or an administrative authority has ordered such removal or disablement.

2. This Article shall not affect the possibility for a court or administrative authority, in accordance with the Parties' legal systems, of requiring the service provider to terminate or prevent an infringement.

*Article 132***Liability of intermediary service providers: 'hosting'**

1. Where an information society service is provided that consists of the storage of information provided by a recipient of the service, each Party shall ensure that the service provider is not liable for the information stored at the request of a recipient of the service, on condition that:

- (a) the provider does not have actual knowledge of illegal activity or information and, as regards claims for damages, is not aware of facts or circumstances from which the illegal activity or information is apparent, or
- (b) the provider, upon obtaining such knowledge or awareness, acts expeditiously to remove or to disable access to the information.

2. Paragraph 1 shall not apply when the recipient of the service is acting under the authority or the control of the provider.

3. This Article shall not affect the possibility for a court or administrative authority, in accordance with the Parties' legal systems, of requiring the service provider to terminate or prevent an infringement, nor does it affect the possibility for a Party of establishing procedures governing the removal or disabling of access to information.

*Article 133***No general obligation to monitor**

1. The Parties shall not impose a general obligation on providers, when providing the services covered by Articles 130, 131 and 132 of this Agreement, to monitor the information which they transmit or store, nor shall they impose a general obligation to actively seek facts or circumstances indicating illegal activity.

⁽¹⁾ For the purposes of this Sub-Section, the term 'actual knowledge' shall be interpreted in accordance with each Party's domestic law.

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2. A Party may establish obligations for information society service providers promptly to inform the competent public authorities of alleged illegal activities undertaken or information provided by recipients of their service or obligations to communicate to the competent authorities, at their request, information enabling the identification of recipients of their service with whom they have storage agreements.

Section 7**Exceptions***Article 134***General exceptions**

1. Without prejudice to general exceptions set in Article 415 of this Agreement, the provisions of this Chapter and of Annexes XIV-A and XIV-E, XIV-B and XIV-F, XIV-C and XIV-G, XIV-D and XIV-H to this Agreement are subject to the exceptions contained in this Article.

2. Subject to the requirement that such measures are not applied in a manner which would constitute a means of arbitrary or unjustifiable discrimination between countries where like conditions prevail, or a disguised restriction on establishment or cross-border supply of services, nothing in this Chapter shall be construed to prevent the adoption or enforcement by any Party of measures:

- (a) necessary to protect public security or public morals or to maintain public order;
- (b) necessary to protect human, animal or plant life or health;
- (c) relating to the conservation of exhaustible natural resources if such measures are applied in conjunction with restrictions on domestic entrepreneurs or on the domestic supply or consumption of services;
- (d) necessary for the protection of national treasures of artistic, historic or archaeological value;
- (e) necessary to secure compliance with laws or regulations which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Chapter, including those relating to:
 - (i) the prevention of deceptive and fraudulent practices or to deal with the effects of a default on contracts;
 - (ii) the protection of the privacy of individuals in relation to the processing and dissemination of personal data and the protection of confidentiality of individual records and accounts;
 - (iii) safety;

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- (f) inconsistent with Articles 79 and 85 of this Agreement, provided that the difference in treatment is aimed at ensuring the effective or equitable imposition or collection of direct taxes in respect of economic activities, entrepreneurs or services suppliers of the other Party ⁽¹⁾.

3. The provisions of this Chapter and of Annexes XIV-A and XIV-E, XIV-B and XIV-F, XIV-C and XIV-G, XIV-D and XIV-H to this Agreement shall not apply to the Parties' respective social security systems or to activities in the territory of each Party, which are connected, even occasionally, with the exercise of official authority.

*Article 135***Taxation measures**

The most-favoured-nation treatment granted in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to the tax treatment that Parties are providing or will provide in future on the basis of agreements between the Parties designed to avoid double taxation.

*Article 136***Security exceptions**

1. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed:

- (a) to require any Party to furnish any information, the disclosure of which it considers contrary to its essential security interests;

⁽¹⁾ Measures that are aimed at ensuring the equitable or effective imposition or collection of direct taxes include measures taken by a Party under its taxation system which:

- (a) apply to non-resident entrepreneurs and services suppliers in recognition of the fact that the tax obligation of non-residents is determined with respect to taxable items sourced or located in the Party's territory;
- (b) apply to non-residents in order to ensure the imposition or collection of taxes in the Party's territory;
- (c) apply to non-residents or residents in order to prevent the avoidance or evasion of taxes, including compliance measures;
- (d) apply to consumers of services supplied in or from the territory of another Party in order to ensure the imposition or collection of taxes on such consumers derived from sources in the Party's territory;
- (e) distinguish entrepreneurs and service suppliers subject to tax on worldwide taxable items from other entrepreneurs and service suppliers, in recognition of the difference in the nature of the tax base between them; or
- (f) determine, allocate or apportion income, profit, gain, loss, deduction or credit of resident persons or branches, or between related persons or branches of the same person, in order to safeguard the Party's tax base.

Tax terms or concepts in point (f) of this provision and in this footnote are determined in accordance with tax definitions and concepts, or equivalent or similar definitions and concepts, under the domestic law of the Party taking the measure.

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- (b) to prevent any Party from taking any action which it considers necessary for the protection of its essential security interests:
 - (i) connected with the production of or trade in arms, munitions or war matériel;
 - (ii) relating to economic activities carried out directly or indirectly for the purpose of provisioning a military establishment;
 - (iii) relating to fissionable and fusionable materials or the materials from which they are derived; or
 - (iv) taken in time of war or other emergency in international relations; or
- (c) to prevent any Party from taking any action in pursuance of obligations it has accepted for the purpose of maintaining international peace and security.

*CHAPTER 7***Current payments and movement of capital***Article 137***Current payments**

The Parties undertake to impose no restrictions and shall allow, in freely convertible currency, in accordance with the provisions of Article VIII of the Agreement of the International Monetary Fund, any payments and transfers on the current account of balance of payments between the Parties.

*Article 138***Capital movements**

1. With regard to transactions on the capital and financial account of balance of payments, from the entry into force of this Agreement, the Parties shall ensure the free movement of capital relating to direct investments, including the acquisition of real estate, made in accordance with the laws of the host country, investments made in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 6 (Establishment, Trade in Services and Electronic Commerce) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement and the liquidation or repatriation of invested capital and of any profit stemming therefrom.

2. With regard to transactions on the capital and financial account of balance of payments other than the transactions listed in paragraph 1 of this Article, from the entry into force of this Agreement, each Party shall ensure without prejudice to other provisions of this Agreement:

- (a) the free movement of capital relating to credits for commercial transactions or for the provision of services in which a resident of one of the Parties is participating;

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- (b) the free movement of capital relating to portfolio investments, financial loans and credits by the investors of the other Party.

*Article 139***Safeguard measures**

Where, in exceptional circumstances, payments or movements of capital cause, or threaten to cause, serious difficulties for the operation of exchange rate policy or monetary policy, including serious balance of payments difficulties, in one or more Member States or in Georgia, the Parties concerned may take safeguard measures for a period not exceeding six months if such measures are strictly necessary. The Party adopting the safeguard measure shall inform the other Party forthwith of the adoption of any safeguard measure and, as soon as possible, of a time schedule for its removal.

*Article 140***Facilitation and evolution provisions**

1. The Parties shall consult with a view to facilitating the movement of capital between the Parties in order to promote the objectives of this Agreement.
2. During the first four years following the date of entry into force of this Agreement, the Parties shall take measures permitting the creation of the necessary conditions for further gradual application of the Union rules on the free movement of capital.
3. By the end of the fifth year following the date of entry into force of this Agreement, the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, shall review the measures taken and determine the modalities for further liberalisation.

*CHAPTER 8***Public procurement***Article 141***Objectives**

1. The Parties recognise the contribution of transparent, non-discriminatory, competitive and open tendering to sustainable economic development and set as their objective the effective, reciprocal and gradual opening of their respective procurement markets.
2. This Chapter envisages mutual access to public procurement markets on the basis of the principle of national treatment at national, regional and local level for public contracts and concessions in the traditional sector as well as in the utilities sector. It provides for a gradual approximation of the public procurement legislation in Georgia with the Union public procurement acquis based on the principles governing public procurement in the Union and the terms and definitions set out in Directive 2004/18/EC of the European Parliament

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and of the Council of 31 March 2004 on the coordination of procedures for the award of public works contracts, public supply contracts and public service contracts (Directive 2004/18/EC) and Directive 2004/17/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 coordinating the procurement procedures of entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors (Directive 2004/17/EC).

*Article 142***Scope**

1. This Chapter applies to works, supplies and services public contracts, as well as works, supplies and services contracts in the utilities sectors and, if and where such contracts are used, to works and services concessions.

2. This Chapter applies to any contracting authority and any contracting entity which meets the definitions of the Union public procurement acquis (hereinafter referred to as ‘the contracting entities’). It covers also bodies governed by public law and public undertakings in the field of utilities such as state-owned enterprises carrying out the relevant activities and private undertakings operating on the basis of special and exclusive rights in the field of utilities ⁽¹⁾.

3. This Chapter applies to contracts above the value thresholds set out in Annex XVI-A to this Agreement.

4. The calculation of the estimated value of a public contract shall be based on the total amount payable, net of taxes on value added. When applying these thresholds, Georgia shall calculate and convert contract values into its national currency, using the conversion rate of its national bank.

5. Value thresholds shall be revised regularly every two years, beginning in the year of entry into force of this Agreement, based on the average daily value of the euro, expressed in Special Drawing Rights, over the 24 months terminating on the last day of August preceding the revision with effect from January 1. The value of the thresholds thus revised shall, where necessary, be rounded down to nearest thousand euro. The revision of the thresholds shall be adopted by the decision of the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement.

⁽¹⁾ The expression ‘private undertakings operating on the basis of special and exclusive rights’ shall be interpreted in accordance with the European Commission’s Explanatory Note CC/2004/33 of 18 June 2004.

▼B*Article 143***Institutional background**

1. Each Party shall establish or maintain an appropriate institutional framework and mechanisms necessary for the proper functioning of the public procurement system and the implementation of the principles in this Chapter.
2. Georgia shall designate in particular:
 - (a) an executive body at central government level tasked with guaranteeing a coherent policy and its implementation in all areas related to public procurement. That body shall facilitate and coordinate the implementation of this Chapter and guide the process of gradual approximation to the Union acquis, as set out in Annex XVI-B to this Agreement;
 - (b) an impartial and independent body tasked with the review of decisions taken by contracting authorities or entities during the award of contracts. In this context, ‘independent’ means that that body shall be a public authority which is separate from all contracting entities and economic operators. There shall be a possibility to subject the decisions taken by this body to judicial review.
3. Each Party shall ensure that decisions taken by the authorities responsible for the review of complaints by economic operators concerning infringements of domestic law shall be effectively enforced.

*Article 144***Basic standards regulating the award of contracts**

1. No later than three years from the entry into force of this Agreement, the Parties shall comply with a set of basic standards for the award of all contracts as stipulated in paragraphs 2 to 15 of this Article. These basic standards derive directly from the rules and principles of public procurement, as regulated in the Union public procurement acquis, including the principles of non-discrimination, equal treatment, transparency and proportionality.

Publication

2. Each Party shall ensure that all intended procurements are published in an appropriate media ⁽¹⁾ in a manner that is sufficient:
 - (a) to enable the market to be opened up to competition; and
 - (b) to allow any interested economic operator to have appropriate access to information regarding the intended procurement prior to the award of the contract and to express its interest in obtaining the contract.

⁽¹⁾ Wherever Union legislation that is subject to the process of approximation under this Chapter makes reference to publication in the Official Journal of the European Union, it is understood that in Georgia such publication shall be in the official means of publication of Georgia.

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3. The publication shall be appropriate to the economic interest of the contract to economic operators.

4. The publication shall contain at least the essential details of the contract to be awarded, the criteria for qualitative selection, the award method, the contract award criteria and any other additional information that the economic operators reasonably need to decide whether to express their interest in obtaining the contract.

Award of contracts

5. All contracts shall be awarded through transparent and impartial award procedures that prevent corruptive practices. This impartiality shall be ensured in particular through the non-discriminatory description of the subject matter of the contract, equal access for all economic operators, appropriate time-limits and a transparent and objective approach.

6. When describing the characteristics of the required work, supply or service, the contracting entities shall use general descriptions of performance and functions and international, European or national standards.

7. The description of the characteristics required of a work, supply or service shall not refer to a specific make or source, or a particular process, or to trademarks, patents, types or a specific origin or production unless such a reference is justified by the subject matter of the contract and accompanied by the words 'or equivalent'. Preference shall be given to the use of general descriptions of performance or functions.

8. Contracting entities shall not impose conditions resulting in direct or indirect discrimination against the economic operators of the other Party, such as the requirement that economic operators interested in the contract must be established in the same country, region or territory as the contracting entity.

Notwithstanding the above, in cases where it is justified by the specific circumstances of the contract, the successful applicant may be required to establish certain business infrastructure at the place of performance.

9. The time-limits for expression of interest and for submission of offers shall be sufficiently long to allow economic operators from the other Party to make a meaningful assessment of the tender and prepare their offer.

10. All participants must be able to know the applicable rules, selection criteria and award criteria in advance. Those rules must apply equally to all participants.

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11. Contracting entities may invite a limited number of applicants to submit an offer, provided that:

- (a) this is done in a transparent and non-discriminatory manner; and
- (b) the selection is based only on objective factors such as the experience of the applicants in the sector concerned, the size and infrastructure of their businesses or their technical and professional abilities.

In inviting a limited number of applicants to submit an offer, account shall be taken of the need to ensure adequate competition.

12. Contracting entities may use negotiated procedures only in exceptional and defined cases when the use of such a procedure effectively does not distort competition.

13. Contracting entities may use qualification systems only under the condition that the list of qualified operators is compiled by means of a sufficiently advertised, transparent and open procedure. Contracts falling within the scope of such a system shall be awarded also on a non-discriminatory basis.

14. Each Party shall ensure that contracts are awarded in a transparent manner to the applicant who has submitted the economically most advantageous offer or the offer with the lowest price, based on the tender criteria and the procedural rules established and communicated in advance. The final decisions shall be communicated to all applicants without undue delay. Upon request of an unsuccessful applicant, reasons must be provided in sufficient detail to allow the review of such a decision.

Judicial protection

15. Each Party shall ensure that any person having or having had an interest in obtaining a particular contract and who has been, or risks, being harmed by an alleged infringement is entitled to effective, impartial judicial protection against any decision of the contracting entity related to the award of that contract. The decisions taken in the course and at the end of such review procedure shall be made public in a manner that is sufficient to inform all interested economic operators.

Article 145

Planning of gradual approximation

1. Prior to the commencement of gradual approximation, Georgia shall submit to the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, a comprehensive roadmap for the implementation of this Chapter with time schedules and milestones which shall include all reforms in terms of approximation to the Union acquis and institutional capacity building. This roadmap shall comply with the phases and time schedules set out in Annex XVI-B to this Agreement.

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2. Following a favourable opinion by the Association Committee in Trade configuration, the roadmap shall be considered as the reference document for the implementation of this Chapter. The Union shall make its best efforts in assisting Georgia in the implementation of the roadmap.

*Article 146***Gradual approximation**

1. Georgia shall ensure that its legislation on public procurement will be gradually approximated to the Union's public procurement acquis.

2. Approximation to the Union acquis shall be carried out in consecutive phases as set out in the schedule in Annex XVI-B to this Agreement and further specified in Annexes XVI-C to XVI-F, XVI-H, XVI-I, and XVI-K thereto. Annexes XVI-G and XVI-J to this Agreement identify non-mandatory elements that need not be approximated, whereas Annexes XVI-L to XVI-O to this Agreement identify elements of the Union acquis that remain outside the scope of approximation. In this process, due account shall be taken of the corresponding case law of the Court of Justice of the European Union and the implementing measures adopted by the European Commission as well as, should it become necessary, of any modifications of the Union acquis occurring in the meantime. The implementation of each phase shall be evaluated by the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, and, following a positive assessment by that Committee, be linked to the reciprocal granting of market access as set out in Annex XVI-B to this Agreement. The European Commission shall notify Georgia without undue delay of any modifications of the Union acquis. It shall, upon request, provide appropriate advice and technical assistance for the purpose of implementing such modifications.

3. The Association Committee in Trade configuration shall only proceed to the evaluation of a next phase once the measures to implement the previous phase have been carried out and approved in accordance with the modalities set out in paragraph 2.

4. Each Party shall ensure that those aspects and areas of public procurement which are not covered by this Article comply with the principles of transparency, non-discrimination and equal treatment as set out under Article 144 of this Agreement.

*Article 147***Market access**

1. The Parties agree that the effective and reciprocal opening of their respective markets shall be attained gradually and simultaneously. During the process of approximation, the extent of the market access mutually granted shall be linked to the progress made in this process as stipulated in Annex XVI-B to this Agreement.

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2. The decision to proceed to a further phase of market opening shall be made on the basis of an assessment of the compliance of the legislation adopted with the Union acquis as well as its practical implementation. Such assessment shall be carried out regularly by the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement.

3. In so far as a Party has, in accordance with Annex XVI-B to this Agreement, opened its procurement market to the other Party:
 - (a) the Union shall grant access to contract award procedures to Georgian companies, whether established or not in the Union, pursuant to the Union public procurement rules under treatment no less favourable than that accorded to Union companies;

 - (b) Georgia shall grant access to contract award procedures for Union companies, whether established or not in Georgia, pursuant to national procurement rules under treatment no less favourable than that accorded to Georgian companies.

4. After the implementation of the last phase in the process of approximation, the Parties will examine the possibility to mutually grant market access with regard to procurement below the value thresholds set out in Annex XVI-A to this Agreement.

5. Finland reserves its position with regard to the Åland Islands.

*Article 148***Information**

1. Each Party shall ensure that contracting entities and economic operators are appropriately informed about public procurement procedures, including through the publication of all relevant legislation and administrative rulings.

2. Each Party shall ensure the effective dissemination of information on tendering opportunities.

*Article 149***Cooperation**

1. The Parties shall enhance their cooperation through exchanges of experience and information relating to their best practices and regulatory frameworks.

2. The Union shall facilitate the implementation of this Chapter, including through technical assistance where appropriate. In line with the provisions on financial cooperation in Title VII (Financial Assistance, and Anti-fraud and Control Provisions) of this Agreement, specific decisions on financial assistance shall be taken through the relevant Union funding mechanisms and instruments.

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3. An indicative list of issues for cooperation is included in Annex XVI-P to this Agreement.

*CHAPTER 9****Intellectual property rights***

Section 1

General provisions*Article 150***Objectives**

The objectives of this Chapter are to:

- (a) facilitate the production and commercialisation of innovative and creative products between the Parties; and
- (b) achieve an adequate and effective level of protection and enforcement of intellectual property rights.

*Article 151***Nature and scope of obligations**

1. The Parties shall ensure the adequate and effective implementation of the international treaties dealing with intellectual property to which they are parties including the WTO Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS Agreement). The provisions of this Chapter shall complement and further specify the rights and obligations between the Parties under the TRIPS Agreement and other international treaties in the field of intellectual property.

2. For the purposes of this Agreement, the expression ‘intellectual property’ refers at least to all categories of intellectual property that are covered by Articles 153 to 189 of this Agreement.

3. Protection of intellectual property includes protection against unfair competition as referred to in Article 10bis of the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property of 1967 (Paris Convention).

*Article 152***Exhaustion**

Each Party shall provide for a regime of domestic or regional exhaustion of intellectual property rights.

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Section 2

Standards concerning intellectual property rights

Sub-section 1

Copyright and related rights*Article 153***Protection granted**

The Parties reaffirm their commitment to:

- (a) the rights and obligations set out in the Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works (Berne Convention);
- (b) the International Rome Convention for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organisations of 1961;
- (c) the TRIPS Agreement;
- (d) the WIPO Copyright Treaty;
- (e) the WIPO Performances and Phonograms Treaty.

*Article 154***Authors**

Each Party shall provide for authors the exclusive right to authorise or prohibit:

- (a) the direct or indirect, temporary or permanent reproduction by any means and in any form, in whole or in part of their works;
- (b) any form of distribution to the public by sale or otherwise of the original of their works or of copies thereof;
- (c) any communication to the public of their works, by wire or wireless means, including the making available to the public of their works in such a way that members of the public may access them from a place and at a time individually chosen by them.

*Article 155***Performers**

Each Party shall provide for performers the exclusive right to:

- (a) authorise or prohibit the fixation⁽¹⁾ of their performances;
- (b) authorise or prohibit the direct or indirect, temporary or permanent reproduction by any means and in any form, in whole or in part, of fixations of their performances;
- (c) make available to the public, by sale or otherwise, fixations of their performances;

⁽¹⁾ For the purposes of this Chapter, 'fixation' means the embodiment of sounds or images, or of the representations thereof, from which they can be perceived, reproduced or communicated through a device.

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- (d) authorise or prohibit the making available to the public, by wire or wireless means, in such a way that members of the public may access them from a place and at a time individually chosen by them, of fixations of their performances;
- (e) authorise or prohibit the broadcasting by wireless means and the communication to the public of their performances, except where the performance is itself already a broadcast performance or is made from a fixation.

*Article 156***Producers of phonograms**

Each Party shall provide for phonogram producers the exclusive right to:

- (a) authorise or prohibit the direct or indirect, temporary or permanent reproduction by any means and in any form, in whole or in part, of their phonograms;
- (b) make available to the public, by sale or otherwise, their phonograms, including copies thereof;
- (c) authorise or prohibit the making available of their phonograms to the public, by wire or wireless means, in such a way that members of the public may access them from a place and at a time individually chosen by them.

*Article 157***Broadcasting organisations**

Each Party shall provide for broadcasting organisations the exclusive right to authorise or prohibit:

- (a) the fixation of their broadcasts;
- (b) the reproduction of fixations of their broadcasts;
- (c) the making available to the public, by wire or wireless means, of fixations of their broadcasts; and
- (d) the rebroadcasting of their broadcasts by wireless means, as well as the communication to the public of their broadcasts if such communication is made in places accessible to the public against payment of an entrance fee.

*Article 158***Broadcasting and communication to the public**

1. Each Party shall provide a right in order to ensure that a single equitable remuneration is paid by the user, if a phonogram published for commercial purposes, or a reproduction of such phonogram, is used for broadcasting by wireless means or for any communication to the public, and to ensure that this remuneration is shared between the relevant performers and phonogram producers.

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2. Each Party may, in the absence of agreement between the performers and phonogram producers, lay down the conditions as to the sharing of this remuneration between them.

*Article 159***Term of protection**

1. The rights of an author of a literary or artistic work within the meaning of Article 2 of the Berne Convention shall run for the life of the author and for 70 years after his/her death, irrespective of the date when the work is lawfully made available to the public.

2. The term of protection of a musical composition with words shall expire 70 years after the death of the last of the following persons to survive, whether or not those persons are designated as co-authors: the author of the lyrics and the composer of the musical composition, provided that both contributions were specifically created for the respective musical composition with words.

3. The rights of performers shall expire no less than 50 years after the date of the performance. However:

(a) if a fixation of the performance otherwise than in a phonogram is lawfully published or lawfully communicated to the public within this period, the rights shall expire 50 years from the date of the first such publication or the first such communication to the public, whichever is the earlier,

(b) if a fixation of the performance in a phonogram is lawfully published or lawfully communicated to the public within this period, the rights shall expire 70 years from the date of the first such publication or the first such communication to the public, whichever is the earlier.

4. The rights of producers of phonograms shall expire no less than 50 years after the fixation is made. However:

(a) if a phonogram has been lawfully published within this period, the said rights shall expire no less than 70 years from the date of the first lawful publication. If no lawful publication has taken place within the period mentioned in the first sentence, and if the phonogram has been lawfully communicated to the public within this period, the said rights shall expire not less than 70 years from the date of the first lawful communication to the public;

(b) if 50 years after a phonogram is lawfully published or communicated to the public, the phonogram producer does not offer copies of the phonogram for sale in sufficient quantity, or does not make it available to the public, the performer may terminate the contract by which he/she has transferred or assigned his/her rights in the fixation of his/her performance to a phonogram producer.

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5. The rights of broadcasting organisations shall expire no less than 50 years after the first transmission of a broadcast, whether this broadcast is transmitted by wire or wireless means, including by cable or satellite.

6. The terms laid down in this Article shall be calculated from the first of January of the year following the event which gives rise to them.

*Article 160***Protection of technological measures**

1. Each Party shall provide adequate legal protection against the circumvention of any effective technological measures, which the person concerned carries out in the knowledge, or with reasonable grounds to know, that he or she is pursuing that objective.

2. Each Party shall provide adequate legal protection against the manufacture, import, distribution, sale, rental, advertisement for sale or rental, or possession for commercial purposes of devices, products or components, or the provision of services which:

- (a) are promoted, advertised or marketed for the purpose of circumvention of any effective technological measures;
- (b) have only a limited commercially significant purpose or use other than to circumvent any effective technological measures, or
- (c) are primarily designed, produced, adapted or performed for the purpose of enabling or facilitating the circumvention of any effective technological measures.

3. For the purposes of this Agreement, the expression ‘technological measures’ means any technology, device or component that, in the normal course of its operation, is designed to prevent or restrict acts, in respect of works or other protected subject matter, which are not authorised by the right holder of any copyright or related right as provided for by domestic law. Technological measures shall be deemed ‘effective’ where the use of a work or other protected subject matter is controlled by the right holders through application of an access control or protection process, such as encryption, scrambling or other transformation of the work or other subject matter or a copy control mechanism, which achieves the protection objective.

*Article 161***Protection of rights management information**

1. Each Party shall provide adequate legal protection against any person performing without authority any of the following acts:

- (a) the removal or alteration of any electronic rights-management information, or

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- (b) the distribution, importation for distribution, broadcasting, communication or making available to the public of works or other subject matter protected under this Agreement from which electronic rights-management information has been removed or altered without authority,

if such person knows, or has reasonable grounds to know, that by so doing he/she is inducing, enabling, facilitating or concealing an infringement of any copyright or any related rights as provided by domestic law.

2. For the purposes of this Chapter, the expression ‘rights-management information’ means any information provided by a right holder that identifies the work or other subject matter that is the object of protection under this Chapter, the author or any other right holder, or information about the terms and conditions of use of the work or other subject matter, and any numbers or codes that represent such information. Paragraph 1 shall apply when any of these items of information is associated with a copy of, or appears in connection with the communication to the public of, a work or other subject matter that is the object of protection under this Chapter.

*Article 162***Exceptions and limitations**

1. In accordance with the conventions and international treaties to which they are Parties, each Party may provide for limitations or exceptions to the rights set out in Articles 154 to 159 of this Agreement only in certain special cases which do not conflict with a normal exploitation of the protected subject matter and which do not unreasonably prejudice the legitimate interests of the right holders.

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2. Each Party shall provide that temporary acts of reproduction referred to in Articles 155 to 158 of this Agreement, which are transient or incidental, which are an integral and essential part of a technological process and the sole purpose of which is to enable:

- (a) a transmission in a network between third parties by an intermediary, or
- (b) a lawful use

of a work or other protected subject matter to be made, and which have no independent economic significance, shall be exempted from the reproduction right provided for in Articles 155 to 158 of this Agreement.

▼B*Article 163***Artists' resale right in works of art**

1. Each Party shall provide, for the benefit of the author of an original work of art, a resale right, to be defined as an inalienable right, which cannot be waived, even in advance, to receive a royalty based on the sale price obtained for any resale of the work, subsequent to the first transfer of the work by the author.

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2. The right referred to in paragraph 1 shall apply to all acts of resale involving as sellers, buyers or intermediaries art market professionals, such as salesrooms, art galleries and, in general, any dealers in works of art.

3. Each Party may provide that the right referred to in paragraph 1 shall not apply to acts of resale where the seller has acquired the work directly from the author less than three years before that resale and where the resale price does not exceed a certain minimum amount.

4. The royalty shall be payable by the seller. Each Party may provide that one of the natural or legal persons referred to in paragraph 2 other than the seller shall alone be liable or shall share liability with the seller for payment of the royalty.

5. The protection provided may be claimed to the extent permitted by the Party where this protection is claimed. The procedure for collection and the amounts shall be matters for determination by domestic law.

*Article 164***Cooperation on collective management of rights**

The Parties shall endeavour to promote dialogue and cooperation between their respective collective management societies for the purpose of promoting the availability of works and other protected subject matter and the transfer of royalties for the use of such works or other protected subject matter.

Sub-section 2

T r a d e m a r k s*Article 165***International agreements**

The Parties reaffirm their commitment to:

- (a) the Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks, and
- (b) the Nice Agreement Concerning the International Classification of Goods and Services for the Purposes of the Registration of Marks.

*Article 166***Registration procedure**

1. Each Party shall provide for a system for the registration of trademarks in which each final negative decision taken by the relevant trademark administration shall be communicated to the applicant in writing and shall be duly reasoned.

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2. Each Party shall provide for the possibility to oppose applications to register trademarks. Such opposition proceedings shall be adversarial.

3. The Parties shall provide a publicly available electronic database of applications and registrations of trademarks.

*Article 167***Well-known trademarks**

Each Party shall give effect to Article 6bis of the Paris Convention and Article 16(2) and (3) of the TRIPS Agreement concerning the protection of well-known trademarks, and may take into consideration the Joint Recommendation Concerning Provisions on the Protection of Well-Known Marks adopted by the Assembly of the Paris Union for the Protection of Industrial Property and the General Assembly of the World Intellectual Property Organisation (WIPO) at the Thirty-Fourth Series of Meetings of the Assemblies of the Member States of WIPO (September 1999).

*Article 168***Exceptions to the rights conferred by a trademark**

Each Party shall provide for limited exceptions to the rights conferred by a trademark, such as the fair use of descriptive terms, the protection of geographical indications as provided for in Article 176, or other limited exceptions that take account of the legitimate interests of the owner of the trademark and of third parties.

Sub-section 3

Geographical indications*Article 169***Scope**

1. This Sub-Section applies to the recognition and protection of geographical indications which are originating in the territories of the Parties.

2. In order for a geographical indication of a Party to be protected by the other Party, it shall cover products within the scope of the legislation of that Party referred to in Article 170 of this Agreement.

*Article 170***Established geographical indications**

1. Having examined the Law of Georgia on appellations of origin and Geographical Indications of Goods, adopted on 22 August 1999, the Union concludes that that law meets the elements laid down in Annex XVII-A to this Agreement.

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2. Having examined Council Regulation (EEC) No 1601/91 of 10 June 1991 laying down general rules on the definition, description and presentation of aromatised wines, aromatized wine-based drinks and aromatized wine-product cocktails, Council Regulation (EC) No 510/2006 of 20 March 2006 on the protection of geographical indications and designations of origin for agricultural products and foodstuffs, with its implementing rules, for the registration, control and protection of geographical indications of agricultural products and foodstuffs in the European Union, Section I of Chapter I of Title II of Part II of Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 of 22 October 2007 establishing a common organisation of agricultural markets and on specific provisions for certain agricultural products (Single CMO Regulation) and Regulation (EC) No 110/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 January 2008 on the definition, description, presentation, labelling and the protection of geographical indications of spirit drinks, Georgia concludes that those laws, rules and procedures meet the elements laid down in Annex XVII-A to this Agreement.

3. Georgia, after having completed an objection procedure in accordance with the criteria set in Annex XVII-B to this Agreement, having examined a summary of the specifications of the agricultural products and foodstuffs corresponding to the geographical indications of the Union listed in Annex XVII-C to this Agreement and the geographical indications for wines, aromatised wines and spirit drinks listed in Annex XVII-D to this Agreement, which have been registered by the Union under the legislation referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article, shall protect those geographical indications according to the level of protection laid down in this Sub-section.

4. The Union, after having completed an objection procedure in accordance with the criteria set out in Annex XVII-B to this Agreement, having examined a summary of the specifications of the agricultural products and foodstuffs corresponding to the geographical indications of Georgia listed in Annex XVII-C to this Agreement and the geographical indications for wines, aromatised wines and spirit drinks listed in Annex XVII-D to this Agreement, which are registered by Georgia under the legislation referred to in paragraph 1, shall protect those geographical indications according to the level of protection laid down in this Sub-Section.

5. The decisions of the Joint Committee set up by Article 11 of the Agreement between the European Union and Georgia on protection of geographical indications of agricultural products and foodstuffs concerning the amendment of Annexes III and IV to that Agreement, which are taken before the entry into force of this Agreement, shall be deemed to be decisions of the Geographical Indications Sub-Committee, and the geographical indications added to Annexes III and IV to that Agreement shall be deemed to be part of Annexes XVII-C and XVII-D of this Agreement. Accordingly, the Parties shall protect those geographical indications as established geographical indications under this Agreement.

▼B*Article 171***Addition of new geographical indications**

1. The Parties agree on the possibility to add new geographical indications to be protected in Annexes XVII-C and XVII-D to this Agreement in accordance with the procedure set out in Article 179(3) of this Agreement after having completed the objection procedure and after having examined a summary of the specifications as referred to in Article 170(3) and (4) of this Agreement to the satisfaction of both Parties.
2. A Party shall not be required to protect as a geographical indication a name that conflicts with the name of a plant variety or an animal breed and as a result is likely to mislead the consumer as to the true origin of the product.

*Article 172***Scope of protection of geographical indications**

1. The geographical indications listed in Annexes XVII-C and XVII-D to this Agreement, as well as those added pursuant to Article 171 of this Agreement, shall be protected against:
 - (a) any direct or indirect commercial use of a protected name:
 - (i) for comparable products not compliant with the product specification of the protected name, or
 - (ii) in so far as such use exploits the reputation of a geographical indication;
 - (b) any misuse, imitation or evocation⁽¹⁾, even if the true origin of the product is indicated or if the protected name is translated or accompanied by an expression such as ‘style’, ‘type’, ‘method’, ‘as produced in’, ‘imitation’, ‘flavour’, ‘like’ or similar;
 - (c) any other false or misleading indication as to the provenance, origin, nature or essential qualities of the product, on the inner or outer packaging, advertising material or documents relating to the product concerned, and the packing of the product in a container liable to convey a false impression as to its origin;
 - (d) any other practice liable to mislead the consumer as to the true origin of the product.
2. If geographical indications are wholly or partially homonymous, protection shall be granted to each indication provided that it has been used in good faith and with due regard for local and traditional usage and the actual risk of confusion. Without prejudice to Article 23 of the TRIPS Agreement, the Parties shall mutually decide the practical conditions of use under which the homonymous geographical indications will be differentiated from each other, taking into account the

⁽¹⁾ The term ‘evocation’ means, in particular, the use in any way for products falling under heading 20.09 of the HS, although only in so far as they are referred to as wines falling under heading 22.04, aromatised wines falling under heading 22.05 and spirit drinks falling under heading 22.08 of that system.

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need to ensure equitable treatment of the producers concerned and that consumers are not misled. A homonymous name which misleads the consumer into believing that products come from another territory shall not be registered even if the name is accurate as far as the actual territory, region or place of origin of the product in question is concerned.

3. Where a Party, in the context of negotiations with a third country, proposes to protect a geographical indication of that third country, and the name is homonymous with a geographical indication of the other Party, the latter shall be informed and be given the opportunity to comment before the name becomes protected.

4. Nothing in this Sub-Section shall oblige a Party to protect a geographical indication of the other Party which is not or ceases to be protected in its country of origin. The Parties shall notify each other if a geographical indication ceases to be protected in its country of origin.

*Article 173***Protection of transcription of geographical indications**

1. Geographical indications protected under this Sub-Section in the characters of the Georgian alphabet and other non-Latin alphabets officially used in the Member States shall be protected together with their transcription in Latin characters. This transcription may also be used for labelling purposes for the products concerned.

2. Similarly, geographical indications protected under this Sub-Section in a Latin alphabet shall be protected together with their transcription in the characters of the Georgian alphabet and in the characters of other non-Latin alphabets officially used in the Member States. This transcription may also be used for labelling purposes for the products concerned.

*Article 174***Right of use of geographical indications**

1. A name protected under this Sub-Section may be used by any operator marketing agricultural products, foodstuffs, wines, aromatised wines or spirit drinks conforming to the corresponding specification.

2. Once a geographical indication is protected under this Sub-Section, the use of such protected name shall not be subject to any registration of users or further charges.

▼B*Article 175***Enforcement of protection**

The Parties shall enforce the protection provided for in Articles 170 to 174 of this Agreement by appropriate administrative action by their public authorities. They shall also enforce such protection at the request of an interested party.

*Article 176***Relationship with trademarks**

1. The Parties shall refuse to register or shall invalidate, ex officio or at the request of any interested party in conformity with the legislation of each Party, a trademark that corresponds to any of the situations referred to in Article 172(1) of this Agreement in relation to a protected geographical indication for like products, provided an application to register the trademark is submitted after the date of application for protection of the geographical indication in the territory concerned.
2. For geographical indications referred to in Article 170 of this Agreement, the date of application for protection shall be 1 April 2012.
3. For geographical indications referred to in Article 171 of this Agreement, the date of application for protection shall be the date of the transmission of a request to the other Party to protect a geographical indication.
4. The Parties shall have no obligation to protect a geographical indication where, in the light of a reputed or well-known trademark, protection is liable to mislead consumers as to the true identity of the product.
5. Without prejudice to paragraph 4, the Parties shall protect geographical indications also where a prior trademark exists. A prior trademark shall mean a trademark the use of which corresponds to one of the situations referred to in Article 172(1) of this Agreement, which has been applied for, registered or established by use, if that possibility is provided for by the legislation concerned, in the territory of one of the Parties before the date on which the application for protection of the geographical indication is submitted by the other Party under this Sub-Section. Such trademark may continue to be used and renewed notwithstanding the protection of the geographical indication, provided that no grounds for the trademark's invalidity or revocation exist in the legislation on trademarks of the Parties.

*Article 177***General rules**

1. This Sub-Section shall apply without prejudice to the rights and obligations of the Parties under the WTO Agreement.

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2. The import, export and marketing of any product referred to in Articles 170 and 171 of this Agreement shall be conducted in compliance with the laws and regulations applying in the territory of the importing Party.
3. Any matter arising from technical specifications of registered names shall be dealt with in the Sub-Committee established in Article 179 of this Agreement.
4. Geographical indications protected under this Sub-Section may only be cancelled by the Party in which the product originates.
5. A product specification referred to in this Sub-Section shall be that approved, including any amendments also approved, by the authorities of the Party in the territory of which the product originates.

*Article 178***Cooperation and transparency**

1. The Parties shall, either directly or through the Geographical Indications Sub-Committee established pursuant to Article 179 of this Agreement, maintain contact on all matters relating to the implementation and the functioning of this Sub-Section. In particular, a Party may request from the other Party information relating to product specifications and their modification, and contact points for control provisions.
2. Each Party may make publicly available the specifications or a summary thereof and contact points for control provisions corresponding to geographical indications of the other Party protected pursuant to this Article.

*Article 179***Geographical Indications Sub-Committee**

1. The Geographical Indications Sub-Committee is hereby established. It shall consist of representatives of the Union and of Georgia with the purpose of monitoring the development of this Sub-Section and of intensifying their cooperation and dialogue on geographical indications. It shall report to the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement.
2. The Geographical Indications Sub-Committee adopts its decisions by consensus. It shall determine its own rules of procedure. It shall meet at the request of either of the Parties, alternatively in the EU and in Georgia, at a time and a place and in a manner (which may include by videoconference) mutually determined by the Parties, but no later than 90 days after the request.
3. The Geographical Indications Sub-Committee shall also see to the proper functioning of this Sub-Section and may consider any matter related to its implementation and operation. In particular, it shall be responsible for:

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- (a) amending Article 170(1) and (2) of this Agreement, as regards the references to the law applicable in the Parties;
- (b) modifying Annexes XVII-C and XVII-D to this Agreement as regards geographical indications;
- (c) exchanging information on legislative and policy developments on geographical indications and any other matter of mutual interest in the area of geographical indications;
- (d) exchanging information on geographical indications for the purpose of considering their protection in accordance with this Sub-Section.

Sub-section 4

Designs*Article 180***International agreements**

The Parties reaffirm their commitment to the Geneva Act to the Hague Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Industrial Designs of 1999.

*Article 181***Protection of registered designs**

1. Each Party shall provide for the protection of independently created designs that are new and are original⁽¹⁾. This protection shall be provided by registration, which shall confer an exclusive right upon the holder of a registered design in accordance with the provisions of this Article.
2. A design applied to or incorporated in a product which constitutes a component part of a complex product shall only be considered to be new and original:
 - (a) if the component part, once it has been incorporated into the complex product, remains visible during normal use of the latter, and
 - (b) to the extent that those visible features of the component part fulfil in themselves the requirements as to novelty and originality.
3. The expression ‘normal use’ in point (a) of paragraph 2 shall mean use by the end user, excluding maintenance, servicing or repair work.

⁽¹⁾ For the purposes of this Article, a Party may consider that a design having individual character is original.

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4. The holder of a registered design shall have the right to prevent third parties not having the owner's consent from, at a minimum, making, offering for sale, selling, importing, exporting, stocking or using a product bearing or embodying the protected design when such acts are undertaken for commercial purposes, unduly prejudice the normal exploitation of the design, or are not compatible with fair trade practices.

5. The duration of protection available shall amount to 25 years, from the date of filing of the application for registration or from a date established in accordance with the Hague Agreement Concerning the International Deposit of Industrial Designs, without prejudice to the Paris Convention.

*Article 182***Exceptions and exclusions**

1. Each Party may provide limited exceptions to the protection of designs, provided that such exceptions do not unreasonably conflict with the normal exploitation of protected designs and do not unreasonably prejudice the legitimate interests of the owner of the protected design, taking account of the legitimate interests of third parties.

2. Design protection shall not extend to designs dictated essentially by technical or functional considerations. In particular a design right shall not subsist in features of appearance of a product which are required to be reproduced in their exact form and dimensions in order to permit the product in which the design is incorporated or to which it is applied to be mechanically connected to or placed in, around or against another product so that either product may perform its function.

*Article 183***Relationship to copyright**

A design shall also be eligible for protection under the law of copyright of a Party as from the date on which the design was created or fixed in any form. The extent to which, and the conditions under which, such a protection is conferred, including the level of originality required, shall be determined by each Party.

Sub-section 5

Patents*Article 184***International agreements**

The Parties reaffirm their commitment to the WIPO Patent Cooperation Treaty.

*Article 185***Patents and public health**

1. The Parties recognise the importance of the Declaration of the Ministerial Conference of the WTO on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health adopted on 14 November 2001.
2. The Parties shall respect the Decision of the WTO General Council of 30 August 2003 on paragraph 6 of the declaration referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article and shall contribute to its implementation.

*Article 186***Supplementary protection certificate**

1. The Parties recognise that medicinal and plant protection products protected by a patent on their respective territory may be subject to an administrative authorisation procedure before being put on their market. They recognise that the period that elapses between the filing of the application for a patent and the first authorisation to place the product on their respective market, as defined for that purpose by domestic law, may shorten the period of effective protection under the patent.
2. Each Party shall provide for a further period of protection for a medicinal or plant protection product which is protected by a patent and which has been subject to an administrative authorisation procedure, that period being equal to the period referred to in the second sentence of paragraph 1, reduced by a period of five years.
3. Notwithstanding paragraph 2, the duration of the further period of protection may not exceed five years.
4. In the case of medicinal products for which paediatric studies have been carried out, and provided that the results of those studies are reflected in the product information, the Parties shall provide for a further six months extension of the period of protection referred to in paragraph 2.

*Article 187***Protection of data submitted to obtain a marketing authorisation for medicinal products ⁽¹⁾**

1. The Parties shall implement a comprehensive system to guarantee the confidentiality, non-disclosure and non-reliance of data submitted for the purpose of obtaining an authorisation to put a medicinal product on the market.

⁽¹⁾ This Article shall be without prejudice to Georgian Governmental Regulation No 188 of 22 October 2009 on the establishment of the list of countries and relevant authorities eligible for the simplified regime of registration of medicinal products in Georgia. The list established by the above Regulation refers to the following countries/authorities: EMA - European Medicines Agency; Australia; Austria; Belgium; Bulgaria; Canada; Cyprus; Czech Republic; Denmark; Estonia; Finland; France; Germany; Greece; Hungary; Iceland; Ireland; Italy; Japan; Korea; Latvia; Lithuania; Luxemburg; Malta; Netherlands; New Zealand; Norway; Poland; Portugal; Romania; Slovakia; Slovenia; Spain; Sweden; Switzerland; UK; USA.

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2. Each Party shall ensure, in its law, that any information submitted to obtain an authorisation to put a medicinal product on the market remains confidential and undisclosed to third parties and benefits from protection against unfair commercial use.

3. For that purpose, each Party shall not, for a period of at least six years from the date of the first authorisation in one of the Parties, permit other applicants to market the same or a similar product, on the basis of the marketing authorisation granted to the applicant which had provided the test data or studies, unless the applicant which had provided the test data or studies has given his consent. During such period, the test data or studies submitted for the first authorisation shall not be used for the benefit of any subsequent applicant aiming to obtain a marketing authorisation for a medicinal product, except when the consent of the first applicant is provided.

4. The six year period referred to in paragraph 3 shall be extended to a maximum of seven years if, during the first six years after obtaining the initial authorisation, the holder obtains an authorisation for one or more new therapeutic indications which are considered of significant clinical benefit in comparison with existing therapies.

5. Georgia undertakes to align its legislation concerning data protection for medicinal products with that of the Union at a date to be decided by the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement.

*Article 188***Protection of data to obtain a marketing authorisation for plant protection products**

1. Each Party shall determine safety and efficacy requirements before authorising the placing on the market of plant protection products.

2. Each Party shall ensure that data submitted for the first time by an applicant to obtain a marketing authorisation for a plant protection product benefits from protection against unfair commercial use and is not used for the benefit of any other person aiming to obtain a marketing authorisation, unless the proof of the explicit consent of the first holder is provided.

3. The test or study report submitted for the first time to obtain a marketing authorisation shall fulfil the following conditions:
 - (a) that it is for the authorisation, or for an amendment of an authorisation in order to allow the use on other crops, and

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(b) that it is certified as compliant with the principles of good laboratory practice or of good experimental practice.

4. The period of protection of data shall be at least ten years starting from the date of the first marketing authorisation in the Party concerned.

*Article 189***Plant varieties**

The Parties shall protect plant varieties rights, in accordance with the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants and shall cooperate to promote and enforce those rights.

Section 3**Enforcement of intellectual property rights***Article 190***General obligations**

1. The Parties reaffirm their commitments under the TRIPS Agreement, and in particular Part III thereof, and shall provide for the complementary measures, procedures and remedies set out in this Section necessary to ensure the enforcement of intellectual property rights⁽¹⁾.

2. Those complementary measures, procedures and remedies shall be fair and equitable, and shall not be unnecessarily complicated or costly, or entail unreasonable time-limits or unwarranted delays.

3. Those complementary measures and remedies shall also be effective, proportionate and dissuasive and shall be applied in such a manner as to avoid the creation of barriers to legitimate trade and to provide for safeguards against their abuse.

*Article 191***Entitled applicants**

Each Party shall recognise as persons entitled to seek application of the measures, procedures and remedies referred to in this Section and in Part III of the TRIPS Agreement:

(a) the holders of intellectual property rights in accordance with the provisions of the applicable law,

⁽¹⁾ For the purposes of this Section the notion of 'intellectual property rights' includes at least the following rights: copyright; rights related to copyright; sui generis right of a database maker; rights of the creator of the topographies of a semi-conductor product; trademark rights; design rights; patent rights, including rights derived from supplementary protection certificates; geographical indications; utility model rights; plant variety rights; trade names in so far as these are protected as exclusive rights by domestic law.

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- (b) all other persons authorised to use those rights, in particular licencees, in so far as permitted by and in accordance with the provisions of the applicable law;
- (c) intellectual property collective rights management bodies which are regularly recognised as having a right to represent holders of intellectual property rights, in so far as permitted by and in accordance with the provisions of the applicable law,
- (d) professional defence bodies which are regularly recognised as having a right to represent holders of intellectual property rights, in so far as permitted by and in accordance with the provisions of the applicable law.

Sub-section 1

Civil enforcement*Article 192***Measures for preserving evidence**

1. Each Party shall ensure that, even before the commencement of proceedings on the merits of the case, the competent judicial authorities may, on application by a party who has presented reasonably available evidence to support his/her claims that his/her intellectual property right has been infringed or is about to be infringed, order prompt and effective provisional measures to preserve relevant evidence in respect of the alleged infringement, subject to the protection of confidential information.

2. Such measures may include the detailed description, with or without the taking of samples, or the physical seizure of the alleged infringing goods, and, in appropriate cases, the materials and implements used in the production and/or distribution of these goods and the documents relating thereto. Those measures shall be taken, if necessary without the other party being heard, in particular where any delay is likely to cause irreparable harm to the right holder or where there is a demonstrable risk of evidence being destroyed.

3. Where measures to preserve evidence are adopted without the other party having been heard, the parties affected shall be given notice without delay and at the latest after the execution of the measures.

*Article 193***Right of information**

1. Each Party shall ensure that, in the context of proceedings concerning an infringement of an intellectual property right and in response to a justified and proportionate request of the claimant, the competent judicial authorities may order that information on the origin and distribution networks of the goods or services which infringe an intellectual property right be provided by the infringer and/or any other person who:

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- (a) was found in possession of the infringing goods on a commercial scale;
- (b) was found to be using the infringing services on a commercial scale;
- (c) was found to be providing on a commercial scale services used in infringing activities; or
- (d) was found to be producing, manufacturing or distributing infringing goods or to be providing services, through information provided by any person referred to in points (a), (b), or (c).

2. The information referred to in paragraph 1 shall, as appropriate, comprise:

- (a) the names and addresses of the producers, manufacturers, distributors, suppliers and other previous holders of the goods or services, as well as the intended wholesalers and retailers, and
- (b) information on the quantities produced, manufactured, delivered, received or ordered, as well as the price obtained for the goods or services in question.

3. Paragraphs 1 and 2 shall apply without prejudice to other statutory provisions which:

- (a) grant the right holder rights to receive fuller information;
- (b) govern the use in civil or criminal proceedings of the information communicated pursuant to this Article;
- (c) govern responsibility for misuse of the right of information;
- (d) afford an opportunity for refusing to provide information which would force the person referred to in paragraph 1 to admit to his/her own participation or that of his/her close relatives in an infringement of an intellectual property right; or
- (e) govern the protection of confidentiality of information sources or the processing of personal data.

*Article 194***Provisional measures**

1. Each Party shall ensure that the judicial authorities may, at the request of the applicant, issue against the alleged infringer an interlocutory injunction intended to prevent any imminent infringement of an intellectual property right, or to forbid, on a provisional basis and subject, where appropriate, to a recurring penalty payment where provided for by domestic law, the continuation of the alleged infringements of that right, or to make such continuation subject to the lodging of guarantees intended to ensure the compensation of the right holder. An interlocutory injunction may also be issued, under the same conditions, against an intermediary whose services are being used by a third party to infringe an intellectual property right.

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2. An interlocutory injunction may also be issued to order the seizure or delivery up of goods suspected of infringing an intellectual property right, so as to prevent their entry into or movement within the channels of commerce.

3. In the case of an alleged infringement committed on a commercial scale, the Parties shall ensure that, if the applicant demonstrates circumstances likely to endanger the recovery of damages, the judicial authorities may order the precautionary seizure of the movable and immovable property of the alleged infringer, including the blocking of his/her bank accounts and other assets. To that end, the competent authorities may order access, where appropriate, to banking, financial or commercial documents under the control of the alleged infringer.

*Article 195***Measures resulting from a decision on the merits of the case**

1. Each Party shall ensure that the competent judicial authorities may order, at the request of the applicant and without prejudice to any damages due to the right holder by reason of the infringement, and without compensation of any sort, at least the definitive removal from the channels of commerce, or the destruction, of goods that they have found to be infringing an intellectual property right. If appropriate, the competent judicial authorities may also order the destruction of materials and implements predominantly used in the creation or manufacture of those goods.

2. The Parties' judicial authorities shall have the power to order that those measures shall be carried out at the expense of the infringer, unless particular reasons are invoked for not doing so.

3. Each Party shall ensure that, where a judicial decision is taken finding an infringement of an intellectual property right, the judicial authorities may issue against the infringer as well as against any intermediary whose services are used by a third party to infringe an intellectual property right an injunction aimed at prohibiting the continuation of the infringement.

4. The Parties may provide that, in appropriate cases and at the request of the person liable to be subject to the measures provided for in this Article, the competent judicial authorities may order pecuniary compensation to be paid to the injured party instead of applying the measures provided for in this Article if that person acted unintentionally and without negligence, if execution of the measures in question would cause him/her disproportionate harm and if pecuniary compensation to the injured party appears reasonably satisfactory.

▼B*Article 196***Damages**

1. Each Party shall ensure that the judicial authorities, on application of the injured party, order the infringer who knowingly, or with reasonable grounds to know, engaged in an infringing activity, to pay the right holder damages appropriate to the actual prejudice suffered by that right holder as a result of the infringement. When the judicial authorities set the damages:

- (a) they shall take into account all appropriate aspects, such as the negative economic consequences, including lost profits, which the injured party has suffered, any unfair profits made by the infringer and, in appropriate cases, elements other than economic factors, such as moral prejudice, caused to the right holder by the infringement; or
- (b) as an alternative to (a), they may, in appropriate cases, set the damages as a lump sum on the basis of elements such as at least the amount of royalties or fees which would have been due if the infringer had requested authorisation to use the intellectual property right in question.

2. Where the infringer did not knowingly, or with reasonable grounds to know, engage in infringing activity, the Parties may lay down that the judicial authorities may order in favour of the injured party the recovery of profits or the payment of damages which may be pre-established.

*Article 197***Legal costs**

Each Party shall ensure that reasonable and proportionate legal costs and other expenses incurred by the successful party shall as a general rule be borne by the unsuccessful party, unless equity does not allow this and without prejudice to exceptions provided by domestic procedural rules.

*Article 198***Publication of judicial decisions**

Each Party shall ensure that, either in legal proceedings instituted for infringement of an industrial property right or in legal proceedings instituted for infringement of copyright, or in both cases, the judicial authorities may order at the request of the applicant and at the expense of the infringer, appropriate measures for the dissemination of the information concerning the decision, including displaying the decision and publishing it in full or in part.

▼B*Article 199***Presumption of authorship or ownership**

For the purposes of applying the measures, procedures and remedies provided for in this Sub-Section:

- (a) for the author of a literary or artistic work, in the absence of proof to the contrary, to be regarded as such, and consequently to be entitled to institute infringement proceedings, it shall be sufficient for his/her name to appear on the work in the usual manner;
- (b) the provision under point (a) shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the holders of rights related to copyright with regard to their protected subject matter.

Sub-section 2

Other provisions*Article 200***Border measures**

1. Without prejudice to Article 75 of this Agreement and to Annex XIII to this Agreement, this Article establishes the general principles of this Agreement governing the enforcement of intellectual property rights by customs authorities and the obligations of the customs authorities of the Parties to engage in cooperation.
2. When implementing border measures for the enforcement of intellectual property rights the Parties shall ensure consistency with their obligations under GATT 1994 and the TRIPS Agreement.
3. The provisions on border measures in this Article are of procedural nature. They set out the conditions and procedures for action by the customs authorities where goods suspected of infringing an intellectual property right are, or should have been, under customs control. They shall not affect in any way the substantive law of the Parties on intellectual property.
4. To facilitate the effective enforcement of intellectual property rights, the customs authorities shall adopt a range of approaches to identify shipments containing goods suspected of infringing intellectual property rights. These approaches include risk analysis techniques based, *inter alia*, on information provided by rights holders, intelligence gathered and cargo inspections.

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5. The Parties agree to effectively implement Article 69 of the TRIPS Agreement in respect of international trade in goods suspected of infringing intellectual property rights. For that purpose, the Parties shall establish and notify contact points in their customs administrations and shall be ready to exchange data and information on trade in such goods affecting both Parties. They shall, in particular, promote the exchange of information and cooperation between customs authorities with regard to trade in counterfeit trademark goods and pirated copyright goods. Without prejudice to the provisions of Protocol II on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Customs Matters to this Agreement customs authorities shall, where appropriate, exchange such information swiftly and with due respect to data protection laws of the Parties.

6. The customs authorities of each Party shall cooperate, upon request or upon their own initiative, to provide relevant available information to the customs authorities of the other Party, in particular for goods in transit through the territory of a Party destined for (or originating in) the other Party.

7. The Sub-Committee referred to in Article 74 of this Agreement shall establish the necessary practical arrangements concerning the exchange of data and information referred to in this Article.

8. Protocol II on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Customs Matters to this Agreement shall be applicable in respect of breaches of intellectual property rights, without prejudice to forms of cooperation resulting from the application of paragraphs 5 to 7 of this Article.

9. The Sub-Committee referred to in Article 74 of this Agreement shall act as the responsible Sub-Committee to ensure the proper functioning and implementation of this Article.

*Article 201***Codes of conduct**

The Parties shall encourage:

- (a) the development by trade or professional associations or organisations of codes of conduct aimed at contributing towards the enforcement of ► **C1** intellectual property rights; ◀
- (b) the submission to their respective competent authorities of draft codes of conduct and of any evaluations of the application of those codes of conduct.

*Article 202***Cooperation**

1. The Parties agree to cooperate with a view to supporting the implementation of the commitments and obligations undertaken under this Chapter.

2. Areas of cooperation include, but are not limited to, the following activities:

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- (a) exchange of information on the legal framework concerning intellectual property rights and relevant rules of protection and enforcement; exchange of experiences on legislative progress in those areas;
- (b) exchange of experiences and information on the enforcement of intellectual property rights;
- (c) exchange of experiences on central and sub-central enforcement by customs, police, administrative and judiciary bodies; coordination to prevent exports of counterfeit goods, including with other countries;
- (d) capacity-building; exchange and training of personnel;
- (e) promotion and dissemination of information on intellectual property rights in, inter alia, business circles and civil society; public awareness of consumers and right holders;
- (f) enhancement of institutional cooperation, for example between intellectual property offices;
- (g) actively promoting awareness and education of the general public on policies concerning intellectual property rights: formulate effective strategies to identify key audiences and create communication programmes to increase consumer and media awareness on the impact of intellectual property violations, including the risk to health and safety and the connection to organised crime.

*CHAPTER 10****Competition****Article 203***Principles**

The Parties recognise the importance of free and undistorted competition in their trade relations. The Parties acknowledge that anti-competitive business practices and state interventions (including subsidies) have the potential to distort the proper functioning of markets and undermine the benefits of trade liberalisation.

*Article 204***Antitrust and mergers legislation and its implementation**

1. Each Party shall maintain in its respective territory comprehensive competition laws, which effectively address anti-competitive agreements, concerted practices and anti-competitive unilateral conduct of enterprises with dominant market power and which provide effective control of concentrations to avoid significant impediment to effective competition and abuse of dominant position.

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2. Each Party shall maintain an authority responsible and appropriately equipped for the effective enforcement of the competition laws referred to in paragraph 1.

3. The Parties recognise the importance of applying their respective competition laws in a transparent and non-discriminatory manner, respecting the principles of procedural fairness and rights of defence of the enterprises concerned.

*Article 205***State monopolies, state enterprises and enterprises entrusted with special or exclusive rights**

1. Nothing in this Chapter prevents a Party from designating or maintaining state monopolies, state enterprises or to entrust enterprises with special or exclusive rights in accordance with its respective laws.

2. With regard to state monopolies of a commercial character, state enterprises and enterprises entrusted with special or exclusive rights, each Party shall ensure that such enterprises are subject to the competition laws referred to in Article 204(1), in so far as the application of those laws does not obstruct the performance, in law or in fact, of the particular tasks of public interest assigned to the enterprises in question.

*Article 206***Subsidies**

1. For the purpose of this Article, a ‘subsidy’ is a measure which fulfils the conditions of Article 1 of the SCM Agreement irrespective whether it is granted in relation to the production of goods or the supply of services and which is specific within the meaning of Article 2 of that Agreement.

2. Each Party shall ensure transparency in the area of subsidies. To that end, each Party shall report every two years to the other Party on the legal basis, the form, the amount or the budget and, where possible, the recipient of the subsidy granted by its government or a public body in relation to the production of goods. Such report is deemed to have been provided if the relevant information is made available by each Party on a publicly accessible website.

3. On request of a Party, the other Party shall promptly provide information and respond to questions pertaining to particular subsidies relating to the supply of services.

*Article 207***Dispute settlement**

The provisions on the dispute settlement mechanism in Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement shall not apply to Articles 203, 204 and 205 of this Agreement.

▼B*Article 208***Relationship with the WTO**

The provisions of this Chapter are without prejudice to the rights and obligations of a Party under the WTO Agreement, in particular the SCM Agreement and the Dispute Settlement Understanding (DSU).

*Article 209***Confidentiality**

When exchanging information under this Chapter the Parties shall take into account the limitations imposed by the requirements of professional and business secrecy in their respective jurisdictions.

*CHAPTER 11****Trade-related energy provisions****Article 210***Definitions**

For the purposes of this Chapter:

- (a) ‘energy goods’ means crude oil (HS code 27.09), natural gas (HS code 27.11) and electrical energy (HS code 27.16);
- (b) ‘energy transport facilities’ means high-pressure natural gas transmission pipelines; high-voltage electricity transmission grids and lines, including interconnectors used to connect different gas or electricity transmission networks; crude oil transmission pipelines, railways and other fixed facilities handling the transit of energy goods.
- (c) ‘transit’ means the passage of energy goods across the territory of a Party, with or without trans-shipment, warehousing, breaking bulk, or change in the mode of transport, where such passage is only a portion of a complete journey beginning and terminating beyond the frontier of the Party across whose territory the traffic passes.
- (d) ‘unauthorised taking’ means any activity consisting of the unlawful taking of energy goods from energy transport facilities.

*Article 211***Transit**

The Parties shall ensure transit, consistent with their international commitments in accordance with the provisions of GATT 1994 and the Energy Charter Treaty.

▼B*Article 212***Unauthorised taking of goods in transit**

Each Party shall take all necessary measures to prohibit and address any unauthorised taking of energy goods in transit through its territory by any entity subject to that Party's control or jurisdiction.

*Article 213***Uninterrupted transit**

1. A Party shall not take from or interfere otherwise with the transit of energy goods through their territory, except where such taking or other interference is specifically provided for in a contract or other agreement governing such transit or where a continued operation of the energy transport facilities without prompt corrective action creates an unreasonable threat to public security, cultural heritage, health, safety or the environment, subject to the requirement that such action is not carried out in a manner which would constitute a means of arbitrary or unjustifiable discrimination or a disguised restriction of international trade.

2. In the event of a dispute over any matter involving the Parties or one or more entities subject to the control or jurisdiction of one of the Parties, a Party through the territory of which the transit of energy goods takes place shall not, prior to the conclusion of a dispute resolution procedure under the relevant contract or of an emergency procedure under Annex XVIII to this Agreement or under Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement, interrupt or reduce such transit, or permit any entity subject to its control or jurisdiction, including a state trading enterprise, to interrupt or reduce such transit, except under the circumstances provided in paragraph 1.

3. A Party shall not be held liable for an interruption or reduction of transit pursuant to this Article where that Party is unable to supply or to transit energy goods as a result of actions attributable to a third country or an entity under the control or jurisdiction of a third country.

*Article 214***Transit obligation for operators**

Each Party shall ensure that operators of energy transport facilities take the necessary measures to:

- (a) minimise the risk of accidental interruption or reduction of transit;
- (b) expeditiously restore the normal operation of such transit, which has been accidentally interrupted or reduced.

▼B*Article 215***Regulatory authorities**

1. Each Party shall designate independent regulatory authorities empowered to regulate the gas and electricity markets. These regulatory authorities shall be legally distinct and functionally independent from any other public or private enterprise, market participant or operator.
2. The decisions of and the procedures used by a regulatory authority shall be impartial with respect to all market participants.
3. An operator affected by any decision of a regulatory authority shall have the right to appeal against that decision to an appeal body which is independent of the parties involved. Where the appeal body is not judicial in character, written reasons for its decision shall always be given and its decisions shall also be subject to review by an impartial and independent judicial authority. Decisions taken by appeal bodies shall be effectively enforced.

*Article 216***Organisation of markets**

1. The Parties shall ensure that energy markets are operated with a view to achieving competitive, secure and environmentally sustainable conditions and shall not discriminate between enterprises as regards rights or obligations.
2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, a Party may impose on enterprises, in the general economic interest, obligations which may relate to security, including security of supply; regularity, quality and price of supplies; and environmental protection, including energy efficiency, energy from renewable sources and climate protection. Such obligations shall be clearly defined, transparent, proportionate and verifiable.
3. Where a Party regulates the price at which gas and electricity are sold on the domestic market, that Party shall ensure that the methodology underlying the calculation of the regulated price is published prior to the entry into force of the regulated price.

*Article 217***Access to energy transport facilities**

1. Each Party shall ensure on its territory the implementation of a system of third party access to energy transport facilities and Liquefied Natural Gas and storage facilities applicable to all users and applied in a transparent, objective and non-discriminatory manner.

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2. Each Party shall ensure that the access tariff to energy transport facilities and all other conditions related to access to an energy transport facility are objective, reasonable, transparent and shall not discriminate on the basis of origin, ownership or destination of the energy good.

3. Each Party shall ensure that all technical and contracted capacity, both physical and virtual, is allocated through transparent and non-discriminatory criteria and procedures.

4. In case of refusal to grant third party access, the Parties shall ensure that, upon request, the energy transport facility operators provide a duly substantiated explanation to the requesting party, subject to legal redress.

5. A Party may exceptionally derogate from the provisions in paragraphs 1 to 4 according to objective criteria laid down in its legislation. In particular, a Party may implement in its legislation a possibility to grant, on a case-by-case basis, for a limited period of time, an exemption to the third party access rules for major new energy transport facilities.

Article 218 ⁽¹⁾**Relationship with the Energy Community Treaty**

1. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of the Energy Community Treaty or the provisions of the Union legislation made applicable under the Energy Community Treaty, the provisions of the Energy Community Treaty or the provisions of the Union legislation made applicable under the Energy Community Treaty shall prevail to the extent of such conflict.

2. In implementing this Chapter, preference shall be given to the adoption of legislation or other acts which are consistent with the Energy Community Treaty or are based on the legislation applicable in the Union. In the event of a dispute as regards this Chapter, legislation or other acts which meet these criteria shall be presumed to conform to this Chapter. In assessing whether the legislation or other acts meet these criteria, any relevant decision taken under Article 91 of the Energy Community Treaty shall be taken into account.

⁽¹⁾ For the purposes of the implementation of this Chapter by Georgia, this Article shall apply only if and when Georgia has become a party to the Energy Community Treaty and to the extent the specific provisions of the Energy Community Treaty or of the Union legislation made applicable under the Energy Community Treaty are applicable to Georgia.

▼B*CHAPTER 12***Transparency***Article 219***Definitions**

For the purposes of this Chapter:

- (a) ‘measure of general application’ includes laws, regulations, judicial decisions, procedures and administrative rulings that may have an impact on any matter covered by Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement. It does not include measures that are addressed to a particular person or a group of persons;
- (b) ‘interested person’ means any natural or legal person established in the territory of a Party that may be directly affected by a measure of general application.

*Article 220***Objective**

Recognising the impact which regulatory environment may have on trade and investment between the Parties, the Parties shall provide a predictable regulatory environment for economic operators and efficient procedures, including for small and medium-sized enterprises, taking due account of the requirements of legal certainty and proportionality.

*Article 221***Publication**

1. Each Party shall ensure that measures of general application:
 - (a) are promptly and readily available via an officially designated medium and where feasible, electronic means, in such a manner as to enable any person to become acquainted with them;
 - (b) provide an explanation of the objective of, and the rationale for, such measures; and
 - (c) allow for sufficient time between the publication and entry into force of such measures, except in duly justified cases including security or emergency issues.
2. Each Party shall:
 - (a) endeavour to make publicly available at an appropriate early stage any proposal to adopt or to amend any measure of general application, including an explanation of the objective of, and rationale for such proposal;
 - (b) provide reasonable opportunities for interested persons to comment on such proposal, allowing, in particular, for sufficient time for such opportunities; and

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- (c) endeavour to take into consideration the comments received from interested persons with respect to such proposal.

*Article 222***Enquiries and contact points**

1. In order to facilitate the communication between the Parties on any matter covered by Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement, each Party shall designate a contact point acting as coordinator.
2. Each Party shall establish or maintain appropriate mechanisms for responding to enquiries from any person regarding any measure of general application which is proposed or in force, and its application. Enquiries may be addressed through the contact point established under paragraph 1 or through any other mechanism, as appropriate.
3. The Parties recognise that any response provided for in paragraph 2 may not be definitive or legally binding but for information purposes only, unless otherwise provided for in their respective laws and regulations.
4. Upon request of a Party, the other Party shall promptly provide information and respond to questions pertaining to any measure of general application or any proposal to adopt or to amend any measure of general application that the requesting Party considers might affect the operation of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement, regardless of whether the requesting Party has been previously notified of that measure.

*Article 223***Administration of measures of general application**

1. Each Party shall administer in an objective, impartial and reasonable manner all measures of general application.
2. To that end, each Party, in applying such measures to particular persons, goods or services of the other Party in specific cases, shall:
 - (a) endeavour to provide interested persons, that are directly affected by an administrative proceeding, with a reasonable notice, in accordance with its procedures, when a proceeding is initiated, including a description of the nature of the proceeding, a statement of the legal authority under which the proceeding is initiated and a general description of any issues in controversy;

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- (b) afford such interested persons a reasonable opportunity to present facts and arguments in support of their positions prior to any final administrative action, in so far as the time, the nature of the proceeding and the public interest permit; and
- (c) ensure that its procedures are based on and carried out in accordance with its law.

*Article 224***Review and appeal**

1. Each Party shall establish or maintain judicial, arbitral or administrative tribunals or procedures for the purpose of the prompt review and, where warranted, correction of administrative action relating to matters covered by Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement. Such tribunals or procedures shall be impartial and independent of the office or authority entrusted with administrative enforcement and those responsible for them shall not have any substantial interest in the outcome of the matter.
2. Each Party shall ensure that, in any such tribunals or procedures, the parties to the proceeding are provided with the right to:
 - (a) a reasonable opportunity to support or defend their respective positions; and
 - (b) a decision based on the evidence and the submissions of record or, where required by its law, the record compiled by the administrative authority.
3. Each Party shall ensure that, subject to appeal or further review as provided for in its law, such decision shall be implemented by, and shall govern the practice of, the office or the authority with respect to the administrative action at issue.

*Article 225***Regulatory quality and performance and good administrative behaviour**

1. The Parties agree to cooperate in promoting regulatory quality and performance, including through exchange of information and best practices on their respective regulatory policies and regulatory impact assessments.
2. The Parties recognise the importance of the principles of good administrative behaviour⁽¹⁾ and agree to cooperate in promoting such principles, including through exchange of information and best practices.

⁽¹⁾ As expressed in the Council of Europe's Recommendation of the Committee of Ministers to Member States on good administration, CM/Rec(2007)7 of 20 June 2007.

▼B*Article 226***Specific rules**

The provisions of this Chapter shall apply without prejudice to any specific rules on transparency established in other Chapters of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.

*CHAPTER 13****Trade and sustainable development****Article 227***Context and objectives**

1. The Parties recall the Agenda 21 of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development of 1992, the International Labour Organisation's (ILO) Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work of 1998, the Johannesburg Plan of Implementation on Sustainable Development of 2002, the Ministerial Declaration of the United Nations Economic and Social Council on Generating Full and Productive Employment and Decent Work for All of 2006, and the ILO Declaration on Social Justice for a Fair Globalisation of 2008. The Parties reaffirm their commitment to promote the development of international trade in such a way as to contribute to the objective of sustainable development, for the welfare of present and future generations, and to ensure that this objective is integrated and reflected at every level of their trade relationship.

2. The Parties reaffirm their commitment to pursue sustainable development and recognise that economic development, social development and environmental protection are its interdependent and mutually reinforcing pillars. They underline the benefit of considering trade-related labour⁽¹⁾ and environmental issues as part of a global approach to trade and sustainable development.

*Article 228***Right to regulate and levels of protection**

1. The Parties recognise the right of each Party to determine its sustainable development policies and priorities, to establish its own levels of domestic environmental and labour protection, and to adopt or modify accordingly its relevant law and policies, consistently with their commitment to the internationally recognised standards and agreements referred to in Articles 229 and 230 of this Agreement.

2. In that context, each Party shall strive to ensure that its law and policies provide for and encourage high levels of environmental and labour protection and shall strive to continue to improve its law and policies and the underlying levels of protection.

⁽¹⁾ When labour is referred to in this Chapter, it includes the issues relevant to the strategic objectives of the ILO, through which the Decent Work Agenda is expressed, as agreed on in the ILO 2008 Declaration on Social Justice for a Fair Globalisation.

▼B*Article 229***Multilateral labour standards and agreements**

1. The Parties recognise full and productive employment and decent work for all as key elements for managing globalisation, and reaffirm their commitment to promote the development of international trade in a way that is conducive to full and productive employment and decent work for all. In this context, the Parties commit to consulting and cooperating as appropriate on trade-related labour issues of mutual interest.

2. In accordance with their obligations as members of the ILO and the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and its Follow-up, adopted by the International Labour Conference at its 86th Session in 1998, the Parties commit to respecting, promoting and realising in their law and practice and in their whole territory the internationally recognised core labour standards, as embodied in the fundamental ILO conventions, and in particular:
 - (a) the freedom of association and the effective recognition of the right to collective bargaining;

 - (b) the elimination of all forms of forced or compulsory labour;

 - (c) the effective abolition of child labour; and

 - (d) the elimination of discrimination in respect of employment and occupation.

3. The Parties reaffirm their commitment to effectively implement in their law and practice the fundamental, the priority and other ILO conventions ratified by Georgia and the Member States respectively.

4. The Parties will also consider the ratification of the remaining priority and other conventions that are classified as up-to-date by the ILO. The Parties shall regularly exchange information on their respective situation and developments in this regard.

5. The Parties recognise that the violation of fundamental principles and rights at work cannot be invoked or otherwise used as a legitimate comparative advantage and that labour standards should not be used for protectionist trade purposes.

*Article 230***Multilateral environmental governance and agreements**

1. The Parties recognise the value of multilateral environmental governance and agreements as a response of the international community to global or regional environmental problems, and stress the need to enhance the mutual supportiveness between trade and

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environmental policies. In this context, the Parties commit to consult and cooperate as appropriate with respect to negotiations on trade-related environmental issues and with respect to other trade-related environmental matters of mutual interest.

2. The Parties reaffirm their commitment to effectively implement in their law and practice the multilateral environmental agreements (MEAs) to which they are party.

3. The Parties shall regularly exchange information on their respective situation and advancements as regards ratifications of MEAs or amendments to such agreements.

4. The Parties reaffirm their commitment to reaching the ultimate objective of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) and the Protocol thereto (Kyoto Protocol). They commit to cooperate on the development of the future international climate change framework under the UNFCCC and its related agreements and decisions.

5. Nothing in this Agreement shall prevent the Parties from adopting or maintaining measures to implement the MEAs to which they are party, provided that such measures are not applied in a manner that would constitute a means of arbitrary or unjustifiable discrimination between the Parties or a disguised restriction on trade.

*Article 231***Trade and investment promoting sustainable development**

The Parties reconfirm their commitment to enhance the contribution of trade to the goal of sustainable development in its economic, social and environmental dimensions. Accordingly:

- (a) the Parties recognise the beneficial role that core labour standards and decent work can have on economic efficiency, innovation and productivity, and they shall seek greater policy coherence between trade policies, on the one hand, and labour policies on the other;
- (b) the Parties shall strive to facilitate and promote trade and investment in environmental goods and services, including through addressing related non-tariff barriers;
- (c) the Parties shall strive to facilitate the removal of obstacles to trade or investment concerning goods and services of particular relevance to climate change mitigation, such as sustainable renewable energy and energy efficient products and services. This may include the adoption of appropriate technologies and the promotion of standards that respond to environmental and economic needs and minimise technical obstacles to trade;

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- (d) the Parties agree to promote trade in goods that contribute to enhanced social conditions and environmentally sound practices, including goods that are the subject of voluntary sustainability assurance schemes such as fair and ethical trade schemes and eco-labels;

- (e) the Parties agree to promote corporate social responsibility, including through exchange of information and best practices. In this regard, the Parties refer to the relevant internationally recognised principles and guidelines, especially the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises.

*Article 232***Biological diversity**

1. The Parties recognise the importance of ensuring the conservation and the sustainable use of biological diversity as a key element for the achievement of sustainable development, and reaffirm their commitment to conserve and sustainably use biological diversity, in accordance with the Convention on Biological Diversity and other relevant international instruments to which they are party.

2. To that end, the Parties commit to:
 - (a) promoting trade in natural resource-based products obtained through a sustainable use of biological resources and contributing to the conservation of biodiversity;

 - (b) exchanging information on actions on trade in natural resource-based products aimed at halting the loss of biological diversity and reducing pressures on biodiversity and, where relevant, cooperating to maximise the impact and ensure the mutual supportiveness of their respective policies;

 - (c) promoting the listing of species under Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES) where the conservation status of those species is considered at risk; and

 - (d) cooperating at the regional and global levels with the aim of promoting the conservation and the sustainable use of biological diversity in natural or agricultural ecosystems, including endangered species, their habitat, specially protected natural areas and genetic diversity; the restoration of ecosystems, and the elimination or the reduction of negative environmental impacts resulting from the use of living and non-living natural resources or of ecosystems.

▼B*Article 233***Sustainable management of forests and trade in forest products**

1. The Parties recognise the importance of ensuring the conservation and the sustainable management of forests and of forests' contribution to the Parties' economic, environmental and social objectives.
2. To that end, the Parties commit to:
 - (a) promoting trade in forest products derived from sustainably managed forests, harvested in accordance with the domestic legislation of the country of harvest, which could include bilateral or regional agreements to that end;
 - (b) exchanging information on measures to promote the consumption of timber and timber products from sustainably managed forests and, where relevant, cooperate to developing such measures;
 - (c) adopting measures to promote the conservation of forest cover and combat illegal logging and related trade, including with respect to third countries, as appropriate;
 - (d) exchanging information on actions for improving forest governance and where relevant cooperating to maximise the impact and ensure the mutual supportiveness of their respective policies aiming at excluding illegally harvested timber and timber products from trade flows;
 - (e) promoting the listing of timber species under CITES where the conservation status of those species is considered at risk; and
 - (f) cooperating at the regional and the global levels with the aim of promoting the conservation of forest cover and the sustainable management of all types of forests.

*Article 234***Trade in fish products**

Taking into account the importance of ensuring responsible management of fish stocks in a sustainable manner as well as promoting good governance in trade, the Parties commit to:

- (a) promoting best practices in fisheries management with a view to ensuring the conservation and the management of fish stocks in a sustainable manner, and based on the ecosystem approach;
- (b) taking effective measures to monitor and control fishing activities;

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- (c) complying with long-term conservation measures and sustainable exploitation of marine living resources as defined in the main UN and FAO instruments relating to these issues;
- (d) promoting coordinated data collection schemes and scientific cooperation between the Parties in order to improve current scientific advice for fisheries management;
- (e) cooperating with and within relevant Regional Fisheries Management Organisations as widely as possible; and
- (f) cooperating in the fight against illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing and fishing related activities with comprehensive, effective and transparent measures. The Parties shall also implement policies and measures to exclude IUU products from trade flows and their markets.

*Article 235***Upholding levels of protection**

1. The Parties recognise that it is inappropriate to encourage trade or investment by lowering the levels of protection afforded in domestic environmental or labour law.
2. A Party shall not waive or derogate from, or offer to waive or derogate from, its environmental or labour law as an encouragement for trade or the establishment, the acquisition, the expansion or the retention of an investment of an investor in its territory.
3. A Party shall not, through a sustained or recurring course of action or inaction, fail to effectively enforce its environmental and labour law, as an encouragement for trade or investment.

*Article 236***Scientific information**

When preparing and implementing measures aimed at protecting the environment or labour conditions that may affect trade or investment, the Parties shall take account of available scientific and technical information, and relevant international standards, guidelines or recommendations if they exist. In this regard, the Parties may also use the precautionary principle.

*Article 237***Transparency**

Each Party, in accordance with its domestic law and Chapter 12 (Transparency) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement, shall ensure that any measure aimed at protecting the environment or labour conditions that may affect trade or investment

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is developed, introduced and implemented in a transparent manner, with due notice and public consultation, and with appropriate and timely communication to and consultation of non-state actors.

*Article 238***Review of sustainability impacts**

The Parties commit to reviewing, monitoring and assessing the impact of the implementation of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement on sustainable development through their respective participative processes and institutions, as well as those set up under this Agreement, for instance through trade-related sustainability impact assessments.

*Article 239***Working together on trade and sustainable development**

The Parties recognise the importance of working together on trade-related aspects of environmental and labour policies in order to achieve the objectives of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement. They may cooperate in, inter alia, the following areas:

- (a) labour or environmental aspects of trade and sustainable development in international fora, including in particular the WTO, the ILO, United Nations Environment Programme, and MEAs;
- (b) methodologies and indicators for trade sustainability impact assessments;
- (c) the impact of labour and environment regulations, norms and standards on trade, as well as the impact of trade and investment rules on labour and environmental law, including on the development of labour and environmental regulations and policy;
- (d) the positive and negative impacts of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement on sustainable development and ways to enhance, prevent or mitigate them, respectively, also taking into account the sustainability impact assessments carried out by either or both Parties;
- (e) exchanging views and best practices on promoting the ratification and the effective implementation of fundamental, priority and other up-to-date ILO conventions and MEAs of relevance in a trade context;

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- (f) promoting private and public certification, traceability and labelling schemes, including eco-labelling;
- (g) promoting corporate social responsibility, for instance through actions concerning awareness raising, implementation and dissemination of internationally recognised guidelines and principles;
- (h) trade related aspects of the ILO Decent Work Agenda, including on the interlink between trade and full and productive employment, labour market adjustment, core labour standards, labour statistics, human resources development and lifelong learning, social protection and social inclusion, social dialogue and gender equality;
- (i) trade-related aspects of MEAs, including customs cooperation;
- (j) trade-related aspects of the current and future international climate change regime, including means to promote low-carbon technologies and energy efficiency;
- (k) trade-related measures to promote the conservation and the sustainable use of biological diversity;
- (l) trade-related measures to promote the conservation and sustainable management of forests, thereby reducing pressure on deforestation including with regard to illegal logging; and
- (m) trade-related measures to promote sustainable fishing practices and trade in sustainably managed fish products.

*Article 240***Institutional set-up and overseeing mechanisms**

1. Each Party shall designate a contact point within its administration that shall serve as the contact point with the other Party for purposes of implementing this Chapter.
2. The Trade and Sustainable Development Sub-Committee is hereby established. It shall report on its activities to the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement. It shall comprise senior officials from within the administrations of each Party.
3. The Trade and Sustainable Development Sub-Committee shall meet within the first year after the date this Agreement enters into force, and thereafter as necessary, to oversee the implementation of this Chapter, including cooperative activities undertaken under Article 239 of this Agreement. That Sub-Committee shall establish its own rules of procedure.

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4. Each Party shall convene new or consult existing domestic advisory group(s) on sustainable development with the task of advising on issues relating to this Chapter. Such group(s) may submit views or recommendations on the implementation of this Chapter, including on its (their) own initiative.

5. The domestic advisory group(s) shall comprise independent representative organisations of civil society in a balanced representation of economic, social, and environmental stakeholders, including, among others, employers and workers organisations, non-governmental organisations, business groups, as well as other relevant stakeholders.

*Article 241***Joint Civil Society Dialogue Forum**

1. The Parties shall facilitate a joint forum with civil society organisations established in their territories, including members of their domestic advisory group(s), and the public at large to conduct a dialogue on sustainable development aspects of this Agreement. The Parties shall promote a balanced representation of relevant interests, including independent representative organisations of employers, workers, environmental interests and business groups, as well as other relevant stakeholders, as appropriate.

2. The joint civil society dialogue forum shall be convened once a year unless otherwise agreed by the Parties. The Parties shall agree on the operation of the joint civil society dialogue forum no later than one year after the entry into force of this Agreement.

3. The Parties shall present an update on the implementation of this Chapter to the joint civil society dialogue forum. The views and the opinions of a joint civil society dialogue forum shall be submitted to the Parties and shall be publicly available.

*Article 242***Government consultations**

1. For any matter arising under this Chapter the Parties shall only have recourse to the procedures established under this Article and Article 243 of this Agreement.

2. A Party may request consultations with the other Party regarding any matter arising under this Chapter by delivering a written request to the contact point of the other Party. The request shall present the matter clearly, identifying the problem at issue and providing a brief summary of the claims under this Chapter. Consultations shall start promptly after a Party delivers a request for consultations.

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3. The Parties shall make every attempt to arrive at a mutually satisfactory resolution of the matter. The Parties shall take into account the activities of the ILO or relevant multilateral environmental organisations or bodies so as to promote greater cooperation and coherence between the work of the Parties and these organisations. Where relevant, the Parties may seek advice from these organisations or bodies, or any person or body they deem appropriate, in order to fully examine the matter.

4. If a Party considers that the matter needs further discussion, that Party may request that the Trade and Sustainable Development Sub-Committee be convened to consider the matter by delivering a written request to the contact point of the other Party. That Sub-Committee shall convene promptly and endeavour to agree on a resolution of the matter.

5. Where appropriate, that Sub-Committee may seek the advice of the domestic advisory group(s) of either or both Party(ies) or other expert assistance.

6. Any resolution reached by the consulting Parties on the matter shall be made publicly available.

*Article 243***Panel of Experts**

1. Each Party may, 90 days after the delivery of a request for consultations under Article 242(2) of this Agreement, request that a Panel of Experts be convened to examine a matter that has not been satisfactorily addressed through government consultations.

2. The provisions of Sub-Section 1 (Arbitration procedure) and Sub-Section 3 (Common provisions), of Section 3 (Dispute settlement procedures), and of Article 270 of Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement, as well as the Rules of Procedure in Annex XX to this Agreement and the Code of Conduct for Arbitrators and Mediators ('Code of Conduct') set out in Annex XXI to this Agreement shall apply, except as otherwise provided in this Article.

3. At its first meeting after the entry into force of this Agreement, the Trade and Sustainable Development Sub-Committee shall establish a list of at least 15 individuals who are willing and able to serve as experts in panel procedures. Each Party shall propose at least five individuals to serve as experts. The Parties shall also select at least five individuals who are not nationals of either Party who may serve as chairperson to the Panel of Experts. The Trade and Sustainable Development Sub-Committee shall ensure that the list is always maintained at this level.

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4. The list referred to in paragraph 3 of this Article shall comprise individuals with specialised knowledge or expertise in law, labour or environmental issues addressed in this Chapter, or the resolution of disputes arising under international agreements. They shall be independent, serve in their individual capacities and not take instructions from any organisation or government with regard to issues related to the matter at stake, or be affiliated with the government of any Party, and shall comply with Annex XXI to this Agreement.

5. For matters arising under this Chapter, the Panel of Experts shall be composed of experts from the list referred to in paragraph 3 of this Article, in accordance with Article 249 of this Agreement and rule 8 of the Rules of Procedure set out in Annex XX to this Agreement.

6. The Panel of Experts may seek information and advice from either Party, the domestic advisory group(s) or any other source it deems appropriate. In matters related to the respect of multilateral agreements as set out in Article 229 and 230 of this Agreement, the Panel of Experts should seek information and advice from the ILO or MEA bodies.

7. The Panel of Experts shall issue its report to the Parties, in accordance with the relevant procedures set out in Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement, setting out the findings of facts, the applicability of the relevant provisions and the basic rationale behind any findings and recommendations that it makes. The Parties shall make the report publicly available within 15 days of its issuance.

8. The Parties shall discuss appropriate measures to be implemented taking into account the Panel of Experts' report and recommendations. The Party concerned shall inform its advisory groups and the other Party of its decisions on any action or measure to be implemented no later than three months after the public release of the report. The follow-up to the report and the recommendations of the Panel of Experts shall be monitored by the Trade and Sustainable Development Sub-committee. The advisory bodies and the Joint Civil Society Dialogue Forum may submit observations to the Trade and Sustainable Development Sub-Committee in this regard.

*CHAPTER 14****Dispute settlement***

Section 1

Objective and scope*Article 244***Objective**

The objective of this Chapter is to establish an effective and efficient mechanism for avoiding and settling any dispute between the Parties concerning the interpretation and application of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement with a view to arriving at, where possible, a mutually agreed solution.

▼B*Article 245***Scope of application**

This Chapter shall apply with respect to any dispute concerning the interpretation and application of the provisions of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement, except as otherwise provided.

Section 2**Consultations and mediation***Article 246***Consultations**

1. The Parties shall endeavour to resolve any dispute referred to in Article 245 of this Agreement by entering into consultations in good faith with the aim of reaching a mutually agreed solution.

2. A Party shall seek consultations by means of a written request to the other Party, copied to the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, giving reasons for the request, including by identifying the measure at issue and the provisions referred to in Article 245 of this Agreement that it considers applicable.

3. Consultations shall be held within 30 days of the date of receipt of the request and take place, unless the Parties agree otherwise, in the territory of the Party to which the request is made. The consultations shall be deemed concluded within 30 days of the date of receipt of the request, unless both Parties agree to continue consultations. Consultations, in particular all information disclosed and positions taken by the Parties during the consultations, shall be confidential, and without prejudice to the rights of either Party in any further proceedings.

4. Consultations on matters of urgency, including those regarding perishable goods or seasonal goods or services shall be held within 15 days of the date of receipt of the request by the requested Party, and shall be deemed concluded within those 15 days unless both Parties agree to continue consultations.

5. If the Party to which the request is made does not respond to the request for consultations within ten days of the date of its receipt, or if consultations are not held within the timeframes laid down in paragraph 3 or in paragraph 4 of this Article respectively, or if the Parties agree not to have consultations, or if consultations have been concluded and no mutually agreed solution has been reached, the Party that sought consultations may have recourse to Article 248 of this Agreement.

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6. During the consultations each Party shall deliver sufficient factual information, so as to allow a complete examination of the manner in which the measure at issue could affect the operation and the application of this Agreement.

7. Where consultations concern the transport of energy goods through networks and one Party views the resolution of the dispute as urgent because of an interruption, in full or in part, of transport of natural gas, oil or electricity between the Parties the consultations shall be held within three days of the date of submission of the request, and shall be deemed concluded three days after the date of submission of the request unless both Parties agree to continue consultations.

*Article 247***Mediation**

Any Party may request the other Party to enter into a mediation procedure pursuant to Annex XIX to this Agreement with respect to any measure adversely affecting its trade interests.

Section 3

Dispute settlement procedures

Sub-section 1

Arbitration procedure*Article 248***Initiation of the arbitration procedure**

1. Where the Parties have failed to resolve the dispute by recourse to consultations as provided for in Article 246 of this Agreement, the Party that sought consultations may request the establishment of an arbitration panel in accordance with this Article.

2. The request for the establishment of an arbitration panel shall be made in writing to the other Party and the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement. The complaining Party shall identify in its request the measure at issue, and it shall explain how such measure is inconsistent with the provisions referred to in Article 245 of this Agreement in a manner sufficient to present the legal basis for the complaint clearly.

*Article 249***Establishment of the arbitration panel**

1. An arbitration panel shall be composed of three arbitrators.

2. Upon receipt of the request for the establishment of an arbitration panel, the Parties shall consult promptly and shall endeavour to reach an agreement on the composition of the arbitration panel. Notwithstanding paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Article, the Parties may at any time before the establishment of the arbitration panel decide to compose the arbitration panel by mutual agreement.

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3. Either Party may request to apply the procedure for panel composition laid down in this paragraph after five days from the request for the establishment of a panel, if no agreement has been found on the composition of the arbitration panel. Each Party may appoint an arbitrator from the list established under Article 268 of this Agreement within ten days from the date of request to apply the procedure in this paragraph. If any of the Parties fails to appoint the arbitrator, the arbitrator shall, upon request of the other ►C1 Party, be ◀ selected by lot by the chair or co-chairs of the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, or their delegates, from the sub-list of that Party contained in the list established under Article 268 of this Agreement. Unless the Parties have reached an agreement concerning the chairperson of the arbitration panel, upon request of any of the Parties, the chair or co-chairs of the Association Committee in Trade configuration or their delegates, shall select by lot the chairperson of the arbitration panel from the sub-list of chairpersons contained in the list established under Article 268 of this Agreement.

4. In the event of selection by lot of one or more arbitrators, the draw shall take place within five days of the request to select by lot referred to in paragraph 3.

5. The date of establishment of the arbitration panel shall be the date on which the last of the three selected arbitrators accepted the appointment in accordance with the Rules of Procedure in Annex XX to this Agreement.

6. Should any of the lists provided for in Article 268 of this Agreement not be established or not contain sufficient names at the time a request is made pursuant to paragraph 3, the arbitrators shall be drawn by lot. The draw shall take place from the individuals who have been formally proposed by each of the Parties or, in case one Party has failed to make such proposal, the draw shall be made from the individuals proposed by the other Party.

7. Unless the Parties agree otherwise, in respect of a dispute concerning Chapter 11 (Trade-related energy) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement which a Party considers to be urgent because of an interruption, in full or in part, of any transport of natural gas, oil, or electricity or a threat thereof between the Parties, the procedure of selection by lot envisaged in paragraph 3 of this Article shall apply without recourse to the first sentence of paragraph 2 of this Article or to the other steps provided for in paragraph 3 of this Article, and the period referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article shall be two days.

*Article 250***Preliminary ruling on urgency**

If a Party so requests, the arbitration panel shall, within ten days of the date of its establishment, give a preliminary ruling on whether it deems the case to be urgent.

▼B*Article 251***Arbitration panel report**

1. The arbitration panel shall notify an interim report to the Parties setting out the findings of fact, the applicability of relevant provisions and the basic rationale behind any findings and recommendations that it makes, no later than 90 days after the date of establishment of the arbitration panel. Where it considers that this deadline cannot be met, the chairperson of the arbitration panel shall notify the Parties and the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, in writing, stating the reasons for the delay and the date on which the panel plans to notify its interim report. Under no circumstances should the interim report be notified later than 120 days after the date of establishment of the arbitration panel. The interim report shall not be made public.

2. A Party may submit a written request to the arbitration panel to review precise aspects of the interim report within 14 days of its notification.

3. In cases of urgency, including those involving perishable goods or seasonal goods or services, the arbitration panel shall make every effort to notify its interim report within 45 days and, in any case, no later than 60 days after the date of establishment of the arbitration panel. A Party may submit a written request to the arbitration panel to review precise aspects of the interim report, within 7 days of the notification of the interim report.

4. After considering any written comments by the Parties on the interim report, the arbitration panel may modify its report and make any further examination it considers appropriate. The findings of the final panel ruling shall include a sufficient discussion of the arguments made at the interim review stage, and shall answer clearly to the questions and observations of the two Parties.

5. In respect of a dispute concerning Chapter 11 (Trade-related energy) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement which a Party considers to be urgent because of an interruption, in full or in part, of any transport of natural gas, oil or electricity or a threat thereof, between the Parties, the interim report shall be notified 20 days after the date of establishment of the arbitration panel, and any request pursuant to paragraph 2 of this Article shall be made within five days of the notification of the written report. The arbitration panel may also decide to dispense with the interim report.

*Article 252***Conciliation for urgent energy disputes**

1. In respect of a dispute concerning Chapter 11 (Trade-related energy) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement which a Party considers to be urgent because of an interruption, in full or in part, of any transport of natural gas, oil, or

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electricity or a threat thereof between the Parties, either Party may request the chairperson of the arbitration panel to act as a conciliator concerning any matter related to the dispute by making a request to the notified panel.

2. The conciliator shall seek an agreed resolution of the dispute or seek to agree a procedure to achieve such resolution. If within 15 days of his/her appointment he/she has failed to secure such agreement, he/she shall recommend a resolution to the dispute or a procedure to achieve such resolution and shall decide on the terms and conditions to be observed from a date which he/she shall specify until the dispute is resolved.

3. The Parties and the entities under their control or jurisdiction shall respect recommendations made under paragraph 2 on the terms and conditions for three months following the conciliator's decision or until resolution of the dispute, whichever is earlier.

4. The conciliator shall respect the Code of Conduct set out in Annex XXI to this Agreement.

*Article 253***Notification of the ruling of the arbitration panel**

1. The arbitration panel shall notify its final ruling to the Parties and to the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, within 120 days from the date of establishment of the arbitration panel. Where it considers that this deadline cannot be met, the chairperson of the arbitration panel shall notify the Parties and the Association Committee in Trade configuration in writing, stating the reasons for the delay and the date on which the panel plans to notify its ruling. Under no circumstances should the ruling be notified later than 150 days after the date of establishment of the arbitration panel.

2. In cases of urgency, including those involving perishable goods or seasonal goods or services, the arbitration panel shall make every effort to notify its ruling within 60 days from the date of its establishment. Under no circumstances should the ruling be notified later than 75 days after the date of its establishment.

3. In respect of a dispute concerning Chapter 11 (Trade-related Energy) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement which a Party considers to be urgent because of an interruption, in full or in part, of any transport of natural gas, oil or electricity or a threat thereof between the Parties, the arbitration panel shall notify its ruling within 40 days from the date of its establishment.

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Sub-section 2

Compliance*Article 254***Compliance with the arbitration panel ruling**

The Party complained against shall take any measure necessary to comply promptly and in good faith with the arbitration panel ruling.

*Article 255***Reasonable period of time for compliance**

1. If immediate compliance is not possible, the Parties shall endeavour to agree on the period of time to comply with the ruling. In such a case, the Party complained against shall, no later than 30 days after the receipt of the notification of the arbitration panel ruling to the Parties, notify the complaining Party and the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, of the time it will require for compliance ('reasonable period of time').
2. If there is disagreement between the Parties on the reasonable period of time to comply with the arbitration panel ruling, the complaining Party shall, within 20 days of the date of receipt of the notification made under paragraph 1 by the Party complained against, request in writing the original arbitration panel to determine the length of the reasonable period of time. Such request shall be notified simultaneously to the other Party and to the Association Committee in Trade configuration. The original arbitration panel shall notify its ruling to the Parties and to the Association Committee in Trade configuration within 20 days from the date of submission of the request.
3. The Party complained against shall inform the complaining Party in writing of its progress to comply with the arbitration panel ruling at least one month before the expiry of the reasonable period of time.
4. The reasonable period of time may be extended by mutual agreement of the Parties.

*Article 256***Review of any measure taken to comply with the arbitration panel ruling**

1. The Party complained against shall notify the complaining Party and the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, before the end of the reasonable period of time of any measure that it has taken to comply with the arbitration panel ruling.
2. In the event that there is disagreement between the Parties concerning the existence or the consistency of any measure under paragraph 1, taken to comply with the provisions referred to in Article 245 of this Agreement, the complaining Party may request in writing the original arbitration panel to rule on the matter. Such request

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shall identify the specific measure at issue and explain how such measure is inconsistent with the provisions referred to in Article 245 of this Agreement, in a manner sufficient to present the legal basis for the complaint clearly. The original arbitration panel shall notify its ruling to the Parties and to the Association Committee in Trade configuration within 45 days of the date of submission of the request.

*Article 257***Temporary remedies in case of non-compliance**

1. If the Party complained against fails to notify any measure taken to comply with the arbitration panel ruling before the expiry of the reasonable period of time, or if the arbitration panel rules that no measure taken to comply exists or that the measure notified under Article 256(1) of this Agreement, is inconsistent with that Party's obligations under the provisions referred to in Article 245 of this Agreement, the Party complained against shall, if so requested by the complaining Party and after consultations with that Party, present an offer for temporary compensation.

2. If the complaining Party decides not to request an offer for temporary compensation under paragraph 1 of this Article, or, in case such request is made, if no agreement on compensation is reached within 30 days after the end of the reasonable period of time or of the notification of the arbitration panel ruling under Article 256 of this Agreement that no measure taken to comply exists or that a measure taken to comply is inconsistent with the provisions referred to in Article 245 of this Agreement, the complaining Party shall be entitled, upon notification to the other Party and to the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, to suspend obligations arising from any provision referred to in Article 245 of this Agreement, at an adequate level, equivalent to the nullification or impairment caused by the violation. The notification shall specify the level of suspension of obligations. The complaining Party may implement the suspension at any moment after the expiry of ten days after the date of receipt of the notification by the Party complained against, unless the Party complained against has requested arbitration under paragraph 4 of this Article.

3. In suspending obligations, the complaining Party may choose to increase its tariff rates to the level applied to other WTO Members on a volume of trade to be determined in such a way that the volume of trade multiplied by the increase of the tariff rates equals the value of the nullification or impairment caused by the violation.

4. If the Party complained against considers that the level of suspension is not equivalent to the nullification or impairment caused by the violation, it may request in writing the original arbitration panel to rule on the matter. Such request shall be notified to the complaining Party and to the Association Committee in Trade configuration before

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the expiry of the ten day period referred to in paragraph 2. The original arbitration panel shall notify its ruling on the level of the suspension of obligations to the Parties and to the Association Committee in Trade configuration within 30 days of the date of submission of the request. Obligations shall not be suspended until the original arbitration panel has notified its ruling, and any suspension shall be consistent with the arbitration panel ruling.

5. The suspension of obligations and the compensation foreseen in this Article shall be temporary and shall not be applied after:

- (a) the Parties have reached a mutually agreed solution pursuant to Article 262 of this Agreement; or
- (b) the Parties have agreed that the measure notified under Article 256(1) of this Agreement brings the Party complained against into conformity with the provisions referred to in Article 245 of this Agreement; or
- (c) any measure found to be inconsistent with the provisions referred to in Article 245 has been withdrawn or amended so as to bring it into conformity with those provisions, as ruled under Article 256(2) of this Agreement.

*Article 258***Remedies for urgent energy disputes**

1. In respect of a dispute concerning Chapter 11 (Trade-related Energy) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement which a Party considers to be urgent because of an interruption, in full or in part, of any transport of natural gas, oil, or electricity or a threat thereof between the Parties, the provisions of this Article on remedies shall apply.

2. By way of derogation from Articles 255, 256 and 257 of this Agreement, the complaining Party may suspend obligations arising under Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement to an adequate level, equivalent to the nullification or impairment caused by the Party failing to bring itself into compliance with the arbitration panel ruling within 15 days of its notification. That suspension may take effect immediately. Such suspension may be maintained as long as the Party complained against has not complied with the arbitration panel ruling.

3. Should the Party complained against dispute the existence of a failure to comply or the level of the suspension due to the failure to comply, it may initiate proceedings under Articles 257(4) and 259 of this Agreement which shall be examined expeditiously. The complaining Party shall be required to remove or adjust the suspension only once the Panel has ruled on the matter, and may maintain the suspension pending the proceedings.

*Article 259***Review of any measure taken to comply after the adoption of temporary remedies for non-compliance**

1. The Party complained against shall notify the complaining Party and the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, of the measure it has taken to comply with the ruling of the arbitration panel following the suspension of

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concessions or following the application of temporary compensation, as the case may be. With the exception of cases under paragraph 2 of this Article, the complaining Party shall terminate the suspension of concessions within 30 days from the receipt of the notification. In cases where compensation has been applied, and with the exception of cases under paragraph 2 of this Article, the Party complained against may terminate the application of such compensation within 30 days from its notification that it has complied with the ruling of the arbitration panel.

2. If the Parties do not reach an agreement on whether the notified measure brings the Party complained against into conformity with the provisions referred to in Article 245 of this Agreement, within 30 days of the date of receipt of the notification, the complaining Party shall request in writing the original arbitration panel to rule on the matter. Such a request shall be notified simultaneously to the other Party and to the Association Committee in Trade configuration. The arbitration panel ruling shall be notified to the Parties and to the Association Committee in Trade configuration within 45 days of the date of submission of the request. If the arbitration panel rules that the measure taken to comply is in accordance with the provisions referred to in Article 245 of this Agreement, the suspension of obligations or compensation, as the case may be, shall be terminated. Where relevant, the complaining Party shall adapt the level of suspension of concessions to the level determined by the arbitration panel.

*Article 260***Replacement of arbitrators**

If in an arbitration proceeding under this Chapter, the original panel, or some of its members, are unable to participate, withdraw, or need to be replaced because they do not comply with the requirements of the Code of Conduct set out in Annex XXI to this Agreement, the procedure set out in Article 249 of this Agreement shall apply. The time-limit for the notification of the arbitration panel ruling shall be extended by 20 days with the exception of the urgent disputes referred to in paragraph 7 of Article 249, for which the time-limit shall be extended by five days.

Sub-section 3

Common provisions*Article 261***Suspension and termination of arbitration and compliance procedures**

The arbitration panel shall, at the written request of both Parties, suspend its work at any time for a period agreed by the Parties not exceeding 12 consecutive months. The arbitration panel shall resume its work before the end of that period at the written request of both Parties or at the end of this period at the written request of any Party. The

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requesting Party shall inform the chair or co-chairs of the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, and the other Party, accordingly. If a Party does not request the resumption of the arbitration panel's work at the expiry of the agreed suspension period, the procedure shall be terminated. The suspension and termination of the arbitration panel's work are without prejudice to the rights of either Party in another proceeding subject to Article 269 of this Agreement.

*Article 262***Mutually agreed solution**

The Parties may reach a mutually agreed solution to a dispute under Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement at any time. They shall jointly notify the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, and the chairperson of the arbitration panel, where applicable, of any such solution. If the solution requires approval pursuant to the relevant domestic procedures of either Party, the notification shall refer to this requirement, and the dispute settlement procedure shall be suspended. If such approval is not required, or if the completion of any such domestic procedures is notified, the dispute settlement procedure shall be terminated.

*Article 263***Rules of procedure**

1. Dispute settlement procedures under this Chapter shall be governed by the Rules of Procedure set out in Annex XX to this Agreement and by the Code of Conduct set out in Annex XXI to this Agreement.
2. Any hearing of the arbitration panel shall be open to the public unless otherwise provided for in the Rules of Procedure.

*Article 264***Information and technical advice**

At the request of a Party, or upon its own initiative, the arbitration panel may obtain any information it deems appropriate for the arbitration panel proceeding from any source, including the Parties involved in the dispute. The arbitration panel also has the right to seek the opinion of experts as it deems appropriate. The arbitration panel shall consult the Parties before choosing such experts. Natural or legal persons established in the territory of a Party may submit amicus curiae briefs to the arbitration panel in accordance with the Rules of Procedure. Any information obtained under this Article shall be disclosed to each of the Parties and submitted for their comments.

*Article 265***Rules of interpretation**

The arbitration panel shall interpret the provisions referred to in Article 245 of this Agreement, in accordance with customary rules of interpretation of public international law, including those codified in the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties of 1969. The panel shall also

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take into account relevant interpretations established in reports of panels and the Appellate Body adopted by the WTO Dispute Settlement Body (DSB). The rulings of the arbitration panel cannot add to or diminish the rights and obligations of the Parties provided under this Agreement.

*Article 266***Decisions and rulings of the arbitration panel**

1. The arbitration panel shall make every effort to take any decision by consensus. Where, nevertheless, a decision cannot be arrived at by consensus, the matter at issue shall be decided by majority vote. The deliberations of the panel shall be confidential and dissenting opinions shall not be issued.

2. The rulings of the arbitration panel shall be unconditionally accepted by the Parties. They shall not create any rights or obligations for natural or legal persons. The rulings shall set out the findings of fact, the applicability of the relevant provisions referred to in Article 245 of this Agreement and the basic rationale behind any findings and conclusions that they make. The Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, shall make the rulings of the arbitration panel publicly available in their entirety within ten days of their notification, unless it decides not to do so in order to ensure the confidentiality of information that is designated as confidential by the Party that provided it, on the basis of its legislation.

*Article 267***Referrals to the Court of Justice of the European Union**

1. The procedures set out in this Article shall apply to disputes concerning the interpretation and application of a provision of this Agreement which imposes upon a Party an obligation defined by reference to a provision of Union law.

2. Where a dispute raises a question of interpretation of a provision of Union law referred to in paragraph 1, the arbitration panel shall not decide the question, but request the Court of Justice of the European Union to give a ruling on the question. In such cases, the deadlines applying to the rulings of the arbitration panel shall be suspended until the Court of Justice of the European Union has given its ruling. The ruling of the Court of Justice of the European Union shall be binding on the arbitration panel.

Section 4**General provisions***Article 268***Lists of arbitrators**

1. The Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, shall, no later than six months after the entry into force of this Agreement, establish a list of at least 15 individuals who are willing and able to serve as arbitrators. The list

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shall be composed of three sub-lists: one sub-list for each Party and one sub-list of individuals that are not nationals of either Party and who may serve as chairperson to the arbitration panel. Each sub-list shall include at least five individuals. The Association Committee in Trade configuration shall ensure that the list is always maintained at that level.

2. Arbitrators shall have specialised knowledge and experience of law and international trade. They shall be independent, serve in their individual capacities and not take instructions from any organisation or government, or be affiliated with the government of any of the Parties, and shall comply with the Code of Conduct set out in Annex XXI to this Agreement.

3. The Association Committee in Trade configuration may establish additional lists of 12 individuals with knowledge and experience in specific sectors covered by this Agreement. Subject to the agreement of the Parties, such additional lists shall be used to compose the arbitration panel in accordance with the procedure set out in Article 249 of this Agreement.

*Article 269***Relation with WTO obligations**

1. Recourse to the dispute settlement provisions of this Chapter shall be without prejudice to any action in the WTO framework, including dispute settlement proceedings.

2. However, where a Party has, with regard to a particular measure, initiated a dispute settlement proceeding, either under this Chapter or under the WTO Agreement, it may not institute a dispute settlement proceeding regarding the same measure in the other forum until the first proceeding has been concluded. In addition, a Party shall not seek redress of an obligation which is identical under this Agreement and under the WTO Agreement in the two fora. In such case, once a dispute settlement proceeding has been initiated, the Parties shall use the selected forum to the exclusion of the other, unless the forum selected fails for procedural or jurisdictional reasons to make findings on the claim seeking redress of that obligation.

3. For the purposes of paragraph 2 of this Article:

- (a) dispute settlement proceedings under the WTO Agreement are deemed to be initiated by a Party's request for the establishment of a panel under Article 6 of the Understanding on Rules and Procedures Governing the Settlement of Disputes contained in Annex 2 to the WTO Agreement (DSU) and are deemed to be concluded when the DSB adopts that panel's report, and the Appellate Body's report as the case may be, under Articles 16 and 17.14 of the DSU; and
- (b) dispute settlement proceedings under this Chapter are deemed to be initiated by a Party's request for the establishment of an arbitration panel under Article 248 of this Agreement and are deemed to be concluded when the arbitration panel notifies its ruling under Article 253 of this Agreement to the Parties and to the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement.

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4. Nothing in this Agreement shall preclude a Party from implementing the suspension of obligations authorised by the DSB. The WTO Agreement shall not be invoked to preclude a Party from suspending obligations under this Chapter.

*Article 270***Time-limits**

1. All time-limits laid down in this Chapter, including the time-limits for an arbitration panel to notify its ruling, shall be counted in calendar days from the day following the act or fact to which they refer, unless otherwise specified.

2. Any time-limit referred to in this Chapter may be modified by mutual agreement of the Parties to the dispute. The arbitration panel may at any time propose to the Parties to modify any time-limit referred to in this Chapter, stating the reasons for that proposal.

*CHAPTER 15**General provisions on approximation under title iv**Article 271***Progress in approximation in trade-related areas**

1. For the purposes of facilitating the assessment of the approximation, referred to in Article 419 of this Agreement, of Georgian law to Union law in the trade-related areas of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement, the Parties shall regularly, and at least once a year, discuss the progress in approximation according to the agreed timeframes provided for in Chapters 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8 of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement in the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, or one of its Sub-Committees established under this Agreement.

2. Upon request by the Union, and for the purposes of such discussion, Georgia shall submit to the Association Committee in Trade configuration or one of its Sub-Committees, as appropriate, information in writing on progress in approximation and on the effective implementation and enforcement of approximated domestic law, in relation to the relevant Chapters of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.

3. Georgia shall inform the Union when it considers that it has completed the approximation provided for in any of the Chapters referred to in paragraph 1.

*Article 272***Repeal of inconsistent domestic law**

As part of the approximation, Georgia shall repeal provisions of its domestic law or remove administrative practices which are inconsistent with Union law that is the object of approximation provisions under

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Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement or with its domestic law approximated to the Union law accordingly.

*Article 273***Assessment of approximation in trade-related areas**

1. The assessment of approximation by the Union referred to in Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement shall start after Georgia has informed the Union pursuant to Article 271(3) of this Agreement, unless otherwise provided for in Chapters 4 and 8 of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.
2. The Union shall assess whether the law of Georgia has been approximated to Union law and whether it is implemented and enforced effectively. Georgia shall provide the Union with all necessary information to enable such assessment, in a language to be mutually agreed.
3. The assessment by the Union pursuant to paragraph 2 shall take into account the existence and operation of relevant infrastructure, bodies and procedures in Georgia necessary for the effective implementation and enforcement of the law of Georgia.
4. The assessment by the Union pursuant to paragraph 2 shall take account of the existence of any provisions of domestic law or administrative practices that are inconsistent with Union law that is the object of approximation provisions under Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement or with the domestic law approximated to the Union law accordingly.
5. The Union shall inform Georgia within a timeframe to be determined in accordance with Article 276(1) of this Agreement about the results of its assessment, unless otherwise provided. The Parties may discuss the assessment in the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, or its relevant Sub-Committees in accordance with Article 419(4) of this Agreement, unless otherwise provided.

*Article 274***Developments relevant to approximation**

1. Georgia shall ensure the effective implementation of the domestic law approximated under Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement and undertake any action necessary to reflect the developments in Union law in its domestic law, in accordance with Article 418 of this Agreement.
2. The Union shall inform Georgia about any final Commission proposals to adopt or amend Union law relevant to approximation obligations incumbent on Georgia under Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.

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3. Georgia shall inform the Union of actions, including legislative proposals and administrative practices, which may affect the fulfilment of its approximation obligations under Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.

4. Upon request, the Parties shall discuss the impact of any proposals or actions referred to under paragraphs 2 and 3 on the law of Georgia or on the compliance with the obligations under Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.

5. If, after an assessment has been made under Article 273 of this Agreement, Georgia modifies its domestic law to take account of changes on approximation in Chapters 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8 of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement, a new assessment by the Union shall be conducted pursuant to Article 273 of this Agreement. If Georgia takes any other action that could have an effect on the implementation and enforcement of the approximated domestic law, a new assessment by the Union may be conducted pursuant to Article 273 of this Agreement.

6. If the circumstances so require, particular benefits accorded by the Union based on an assessment that the law of Georgia had been approximated to Union law and was implemented and enforced effectively may be temporarily suspended, if Georgia does not approximate its domestic law to take account of changes to Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement concerning approximation, if the assessment referred to in paragraph 5 of this Article shows that the law of Georgia is no longer approximated to the Union law, or if the Association Council fails to take a decision to update Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement in line with developments in Union law.

7. If the Union intends to implement any such suspension, it shall promptly notify Georgia. Georgia may refer the matter to the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, within three months of the notification, providing a statement of reasons in writing. The Association Committee in Trade configuration shall discuss the matter within three months from the referral. If the matter is not referred to the Association Committee in Trade configuration, or if it cannot be resolved by this Committee within three months from the referral, the Union may implement the suspension of benefits. The suspension shall be promptly lifted if the Association Committee in Trade configuration subsequently resolves the matter.

*Article 275***Exchange of information**

The exchange of information in relation to approximation under Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement shall take place through the contact points established in Article 222(1) of this Agreement.

▼B*Article 276***General provision**

1. The Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, shall adopt procedures to facilitate the assessment of the approximation and to ensure the effective exchange of information pertaining to approximation, including the timeframes for assessment and the form, content and language of the exchanged information.
2. Any reference to a specific Union act in Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement covers amendments, supplements and replacement measures published in the *Official Journal of the European Union* before 29 November 2013.
3. The provisions of Chapters 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8 of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement shall prevail over the provisions set out in this Chapter to the extent that there is a conflict.
4. Claims of violation of the provisions of this Chapter shall not be pursued under Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.

TITLE V

ECONOMIC COOPERATION*CHAPTER 1****Economic dialogue****Article 277*

1. The EU and Georgia shall facilitate the process of economic reform by improving the understanding of the fundamentals of their respective economies and the formulation and implementation of economic policies.
2. Georgia shall strive to establish a functioning market economy and to gradually approximate its economic and financial regulations to those of the EU, while ensuring sound macroeconomic policies.

Article 278

To that end, the Parties agree to conduct a regular economic dialogue aimed at:

- (a) exchanging information on macroeconomic trends and policies, as well as on structural reforms, including strategies for economic development;
- (b) exchanging expertise and best practices in areas such as public finance, monetary and exchange rate policy frameworks, financial sector policy and economic statistics;
- (c) exchanging information and experiences on regional economic integration, including the functioning of the European economic and monetary union;

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- (d) reviewing status of bilateral cooperation in the economic, financial and statistical fields.

*CHAPTER 2**Management of public finances and financial control**Article 279*

The Parties shall cooperate in the area of public internal financial control (PIFC) and external audit with the following objectives:

- (a) further development and implementation of the PIFC system based on the principle of managerial accountability, and including a functionally independent internal audit function in the entire public sector, by means of harmonisation with generally accepted international standards and methodologies and EU good practices, on the basis of the PIFC policy paper approved by the Government of Georgia;
- (b) to reflect in the PIFC policy paper if and under which conditions a financial inspection system may be implemented, in which case such function will be complaint driven and will complement but not duplicate the internal audit function;
- (c) effective cooperation between the actors defined by the PIFC policy paper to foster the development of governance;
- (d) supporting the Central Harmonisation Unit for PIFC and strengthening its competences;
- (e) further strengthening of the State Audit Office of Georgia as a supreme audit institution of Georgia in terms of its independence, organisational and audit capacity, financial and human resources and implementation of internationally accepted external audit (INTOSAI) standards by the supreme audit institution; and
- (f) exchange of information, experiences and good practices through inter alia personnel exchange and joint training in these fields.

*CHAPTER 3**Taxation**Article 280*

The Parties shall cooperate to enhance good governance in the tax area, with a view to the further improvement of economic relations, trade, investment and fair competition.

Article 281

With reference to Article 280 of this Agreement, the Parties recognise and commit themselves to implement the principles of good governance in the tax area, i.e. the principles of transparency, exchange of information and fair tax competition, as subscribed to by Member

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States at EU level. To that effect, without prejudice to EU and Member States competences, the Parties will improve international cooperation in the tax area, facilitate the collection of legitimate tax revenues, and develop measures for the effective implementation of the above mentioned principles.

Article 282

The Parties shall also enhance and strengthen their cooperation aimed at the development of the Georgia's tax system and administration, including the enhancement of collection and control capacity, ensure effective tax collection and reinforce the fight against tax fraud and tax avoidance. The Parties shall strive to enhance cooperation and sharing of experiences in combating tax fraud, in particular carousel fraud.

Article 283

The Parties shall develop their cooperation and harmonise policies in counteracting and fighting fraud and smuggling of excisable products. This cooperation will include, inter alia, the gradual approximation of excise rates on tobacco products, as far as possible, taking into account the constraints of the regional context, and in line with the World Health Organisation Framework Convention on Tobacco Control. To that end, the Parties will look to strengthen their cooperation within the regional context.

Article 284

A regular dialogue will take place on the issues covered by this Chapter.

Article 285

Georgia will carry out approximation of its legislation to the EU acts and international instruments referred to in Annex XXII to this Agreement in accordance with the provisions of that Annex.

*CHAPTER 4***Statistics***Article 286*

The Parties shall develop and strengthen their cooperation on statistical issues, thereby contributing to the long-term objective of providing timely, internationally comparable and reliable statistical data. It is expected that a sustainable, efficient and professionally independent national statistical system shall produce information relevant for citizens, businesses and decision-makers in Georgia and in the EU,

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enabling them to take informed decisions on this basis. The national statistical system should respect the UN Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics, taking into account the EU acquis in statistics, including the European Statistics Code of Practice, in order to align the national statistical system with the European norms and standards.

Article 287

Cooperation shall aim at:

- (a) further strengthening the capacity of the national statistical system, focusing on the sound legal basis, production of adequate data and metadata, dissemination policy and user friendliness, taking into account various groups of users, in particular public and private sectors, academic community and other users;
- (b) progressive alignment of the statistical system of Georgia with the European Statistical System;
- (c) fine-tuning of data provision to the EU, taking into account the application of relevant international and European methodologies, including classifications;
- (d) enhancing the professional and management capacity of the national statistical staff to facilitate the application of European statistical standards and to contribute to the development of the Georgian statistical system;
- (e) exchanging experience between the Parties on the development of statistical know-how, and
- (f) promoting total quality management of all statistical production processes and dissemination.

Article 288

The Parties shall cooperate within the framework of the European Statistical System in which Eurostat is the European statistical authority. The cooperation shall include a focus on the areas of:

- (a) macroeconomic statistics, including national accounts, foreign trade statistics, balance of payments statistics, foreign direct investment statistics;
- (b) demographic statistics, including censuses and social statistics;
- (c) agricultural statistics, including agricultural censuses and environment statistics;
- (d) business statistics, including business registers and use of administrative sources for statistical purposes;
- (e) energy statistics, including balances;
- (f) regional statistics;
- (g) horizontal activities, including statistical classifications, quality management, training, dissemination, use of modern information technologies, and
- (h) other relevant areas.

▼B*Article 289*

The Parties shall, inter alia, exchange information and expertise and shall develop their cooperation, taking into account the already accumulated experience in the reform of the statistical system launched within the framework of various assistance programmes. Efforts shall be directed towards further alignment with the EU acquis in statistics, on the basis of the national strategy for the development of the Georgian statistical system, and taking into account the development of the European Statistical System. The emphasis in the statistical data production process shall be the further development of sample surveys and use of administrative records, while taking into account the need to reduce the response burden. The data shall be relevant for the designing and monitoring of policies in key areas of social and economic life.

Article 290

A regular dialogue shall take place on the issues covered by this Chapter. To the extent possible, the activities undertaken within the European Statistical System, including training, should be open for Georgian participation.

Article 291

Gradual approximation of Georgian legislation wherever relevant and applicable to the EU acquis in statistics shall be carried out in accordance with the annually updated Statistical Requirements Compendium which is considered by the Parties as annexed to this Agreement (Annex XXIII).

TITLE VI

OTHER COOPERATION POLICIES*CHAPTER 1****Transport****Article 292*

The Parties shall:

- (a) expand and strengthen their transport cooperation in order to contribute to the development of sustainable transport systems;
- (b) promote efficient, safe and secure transport operations as well as intermodality and interoperability of transport systems, and
- (c) endeavour to enhance the main transport links between their territories.

Article 293

This cooperation shall cover, inter alia the following areas:

- (a) development of a sustainable national transport policy covering all modes of transport, particularly with a view to ensuring environmentally friendly, efficient, safe and secure transport systems and

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promoting the integration of these considerations in the sphere of transport into other policy areas;

- (b) development of sector strategies in light of the national transport policy, including legal requirements for the upgrading of technical equipment and transport fleets to meet international standards as defined by Annexes XXIV and XV-D to this Agreement, for road, rail, aviation, maritime transport, and intermodality, including timetables and milestones for implementation, administrative responsibilities as well as financing plans;
- (c) strengthening of the infrastructure policy in order to better identify and evaluate infrastructure projects in the various modes of transport;
- (d) development of funding policies focusing on maintenance, capacity constraints and missing link infrastructure as well as activating and promoting the participation of the private sector in transport projects;
- (e) accession to relevant international transport organisations and agreements including procedures for ensuring strict implementation and effective enforcement of international transport agreements and conventions;
- (f) scientific and technical cooperation and exchange of information for the development and improvement of technologies in transport, such as intelligent transport systems; and
- (g) promotion of the use of intelligent transport systems and information technology in managing and operating all relevant modes of transport as well as supporting intermodality and cooperation in the use of space systems and commercial applications facilitating transport.

Article 294

1. Cooperation shall also aim at improving the movement of passengers and goods, increasing fluidity of transport flows between Georgia, the EU and third countries in the region, by removing administrative, technical and other obstacles, improving transport networks and upgrading the infrastructure in particular on the main networks connecting the Parties. This cooperation shall include actions to facilitate border-crossings.

2. Cooperation shall include information exchange and joint activities:

- (a) at regional level, in particular taking into consideration and integrating progress achieved under various regional transport cooperation arrangements such as Eastern Partnership Transport Panel, the Transport Corridor Europe-Caucasus-Asia (TRACECA), the Baku process and other transport initiatives;
- (b) at international level, including with regard to international transport organisations and international agreements and conventions ratified by the Parties, and
- (c) in the framework of the various transport agencies of the EU.

▼B*Article 295*

A regular dialogue will take place on the issues covered by this Chapter.

Article 296

Georgia shall carry out approximation of its legislation to the EU acts and international instruments referred to in Annexes XXIV and XV-D to this Agreement in accordance with the provisions of those Annexes.

*CHAPTER 2****Energy cooperation****Article 297*

The cooperation should be based on the principles of partnership, mutual interest, transparency and predictability and shall aim at market integration and regulatory convergence in the energy sector, taking into account the need to ensure access to secure, environmentally friendly and affordable energy.

Article 298

The cooperation should cover, inter alia the following areas:

- (a) energy strategies and policies;
- (b) the development of competitive, transparent and efficient energy markets allowing third parties with non-discriminatory access to networks and consumers following EU standards, including the development of the relevant regulatory framework, as required;
- (c) cooperation on regional energy issues and the possible accession of Georgia to the Energy Community Treaty in respect of which Georgia has a status of observer at present;
- (d) development of an attractive and stable investment climate by addressing institutional, legal, fiscal and other conditions;
- (e) energy infrastructures of common interest, in order to diversify energy sources, suppliers and transportation routes in an economic and environmentally sound manner;
- (f) enhancement of security of energy supply, increasing market integration and gradual regulatory approximation towards key elements of the EU acquis;
- (g) enhancement and strengthening of long-term stability and security of energy trade, transit and transport, and pricing policies, including a general cost based system for the transmission of energy resources, on a mutually beneficial and non-discriminatory basis in accordance with international rules, including the Energy Charter Treaty;

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- (h) promotion of energy efficiency and energy savings in economic and environmentally sound manner;
- (i) development and support of renewable energies with a primary focus on hydro resources and promotion of bilateral and regional integration in this field;
- (j) scientific and technical cooperation and exchange of information for the development and improvement of technologies in energy production, transportation, supply and end use with particular attention to energy efficient and environmentally friendly technologies, and
- (k) cooperation on nuclear safety, security and radiation protection, in accordance with the principles and standards of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and the relevant international treaties and conventions concluded within the framework of the IAEA as well as in compliance with the Treaty establishing the European Atomic Energy Community where applicable.

Article 299

A regular dialogue will take place on the issues covered by this Chapter.

Article 300

Georgia will carry out approximation of its legislation to the EU acts and international instruments referred to in the Annex XXV to this Agreement in accordance with the provisions of that Annex.

*CHAPTER 3****Environment****Article 301*

The Parties shall develop and strengthen their cooperation on environmental issues, thereby contributing to the long-term objective of sustainable development and greening the economy. It is expected that enhanced environment protection will bring benefits to citizens and businesses in Georgia and in the EU, including through improved public health, preserved natural resources, increased economic and environmental efficiency, as well as use of modern, cleaner technologies contributing to more sustainable production patterns. Cooperation shall be conducted considering the interests of the Parties on the basis of equality and mutual benefit, as well as taking into account the interdependence existing between the Parties in the field of environment protection, and multilateral agreements in the field.

Article 302

1. Cooperation shall aim at preserving, protecting, improving and rehabilitating the quality of the environment, protecting human health, sustainable utilisation of natural resources and promoting measures at international level to deal with regional or global environmental problems, including in the areas of:

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- (a) environmental governance and horizontal issues, including strategic planning, environmental impact assessment and strategic environmental assessment, education and training, monitoring and environmental information systems, inspection and enforcement, environmental liability, combating environmental crime, transboundary cooperation, public access to environmental information, decision-making processes and effective administrative and judicial review procedures;
- (b) air quality;
- (c) water quality and resource management, including flood risk management, water scarcity and droughts as well as marine environment;
- (d) waste management;
- (e) nature protection, including forestry and conservation of biological diversity;
- (f) industrial pollution and industrial hazards, and
- (g) chemicals management.

2. Cooperation shall also aim at integrating environment into policy areas other than environment policy.

Article 303

The Parties shall, inter alia, exchange information and expertise; cooperate at bilateral, regional, including through the existing structures of cooperation in South Caucasus, and international levels, especially with regard to multilateral environment agreements ratified by the Parties, and cooperate in the framework of relevant agencies, as appropriate.

Article 304

1. The cooperation shall cover, inter alia the following objective:
 - (a) the development of a National Environment Action Plan (NEAP) covering the overall national and sector-related strategic directions of the environment in Georgia as well as institutional and administrative issues;
 - (b) the promotion of integration of the environment into other policy areas, and
 - (c) the identification of the necessary human and financial resources.
2. The NEAP will be periodically updated and adopted in accordance with Georgian legislation.

Article 305

A regular dialogue will take place on the issues covered by this Chapter.

▼ B*Article 306*

Georgia will carry out approximation of its legislation to the EU acts and international instruments referred to in Annex XXVI to this Agreement in accordance with the provisions of that Annex.

*CHAPTER 4****Climate action****Article 307*

The Parties shall develop and strengthen their cooperation to combat climate change. Cooperation shall be conducted considering the interests of the Parties on the basis of equality and mutual benefit and taking into account the interdependence existing between bilateral and multilateral commitments in this area.

Article 308

Cooperation shall aim at mitigating and adapting to climate change, as well as promoting measures at international level, including in the areas of:

- (a) mitigation of climate change;
- (b) adaptation to climate change;
- (c) carbon trading;
- (d) research, development, demonstration, deployment and diffusion of safe and sustainable low carbon and adaptation technologies, and
- (e) mainstreaming of climate considerations into sector policies.

Article 309

The Parties shall, inter alia, exchange information and expertise; implement joint research activities and exchange of information on cleaner technologies; implement joint activities at regional and international level, including with regard to multilateral environment agreements ratified by the Parties and joint activities in the framework of relevant agencies as appropriate. The Parties shall pay special attention to transboundary issues and regional cooperation.

Article 310

Based on mutual interests, the cooperation shall cover, inter alia, the development and implementation of:

- (a) national Adaptation Plan of Action (NAPA);
- (b) Low Emissions Development Strategy (LEDS), including nationally appropriate mitigation actions;
- (c) measures to promote technology transfer on the basis of technology needs assessment;
- (d) measures related to ozone-depleting substances and fluorinated greenhouse gases.

▼B*Article 311*

A regular dialogue will take place on the issues covered by this Chapter.

Article 312

Georgia will carry out approximation of its legislation to the EU acts and international instruments referred to in Annex XXVII to this Agreement in accordance with the provisions of that Annex.

*CHAPTER 5****Industrial and enterprise policy and mining****Article 313*

The Parties shall develop and strengthen their cooperation on industrial and enterprise policy, thereby improving the business environment for all economic operators, but with particular emphasis on small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) as they are defined in the EU and Georgian legislation respectively. Enhanced cooperation should improve the administrative and regulatory framework for both EU and Georgian businesses operating in the EU and Georgia, and should be based on the EU's SME and industrial policies, taking into account internationally recognised principles and practices in this field.

Article 314

To these ends, the Parties shall cooperate in order to:

- (a) implement policies for SME development, based on the principles of the Small Business Act, and monitoring of the implementation process through regular dialogue. This cooperation will also include a focus on micro- and craft enterprises, which are extremely important for both the EU and Georgian economies;
- (b) create better framework conditions, via the exchange of information and good practices, thereby contributing to improving competitiveness. This cooperation will include the management of structural issues (restructuring) such as environment and energy;
- (c) simplify and rationalise regulations and regulatory practice, with specific focus on exchange of good practices on regulatory techniques, including the EU's principles;
- (d) encourage the development of innovation policy, via the exchange of information and good practices regarding the commercialisation of research and development (including support instruments for technology-based business start-ups, cluster development and access to finance);

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- (e) encourage greater contacts between EU and Georgian businesses and between these businesses and the authorities in the EU and Georgia;
- (f) encourage export promotion activities between the EU and Georgia;
- (g) facilitate the modernisation and restructuring of the EU and Georgian industry in sectors, where appropriate;
- (h) develop and strengthen the cooperation in the area of mining industries, and production of raw materials, with the objectives of promoting mutual understanding, improvement of the business environment, and information exchange and cooperation in the area of non-energy mining, in particular metallic ores and industrial minerals. The exchange of information will cover developments in mining and raw materials sector, trade in raw materials, best practices in relation to sustainable development of mining industries as well as training, skills and health and safety.

Article 315

A regular dialogue will take place on the issues covered by this Chapter. This will also involve representatives of EU and Georgian businesses.

*CHAPTER 6****Company law, accounting and auditing and corporate governance****Article 316*

Recognising the importance of an effective set of rules and practices in the areas of company law and corporate governance, as well as in accounting and auditing, for creating a fully-functioning market economy and for fostering trade, the Parties agree to cooperate:

- (a) on the protection of shareholders, creditors and other stakeholders in line with EU rules in this area;
- (b) on the implementation of relevant international standards at national level and gradual approximation with the EU rules in the field of accounting and auditing, and
- (c) on further development of corporate governance policy in line with international standards, as well as gradual approximation with the EU rules and recommendations in this area.

Article 317

The Parties will aim at sharing information and expertise on both existing systems and relevant new developments in these areas. In addition, the Parties will seek to ensure effective information exchange between business registers of EU Member States and the national register of companies of Georgia.

▼B*Article 318*

A regular dialogue will take place on the issues covered by this Chapter.

Article 319

Georgia will carry out approximation of its legislation to the EU acts and international instruments referred to in Annex XXVIII to this Agreement in accordance with the provisions of that Annex.

*CHAPTER 7****Financial services****Article 320*

Recognising the relevance of an effective set of rules and practices in the areas of financial services to establish a fully-functioning market economy and in order to foster trade exchanges among both Parties, the Parties agree to cooperate in the area of financial services in line with the following objectives:

- (a) supporting the process of adapting financial services regulation to the needs of an open market economy;
- (b) ensuring effective and adequate protection of investors and other consumers of financial services;
- (c) ensuring the stability and integrity of the Georgian financial system in its entirety;
- (d) promoting cooperation between different actors of the financial system, including regulators and supervisors, and
- (e) ensuring independent and effective supervision.

Article 321

1. The Parties shall encourage cooperation between relevant regulatory and supervisory authorities, including information exchange, sharing of expertise on financial markets and other such measures.

2. Special attention shall be paid to the development of administrative capacity of such authorities, including through personnel exchange and joint training.

Article 322

A regular dialogue will take place on the issues covered by this Chapter.

Article 323

Georgia will carry out approximation of its legislation to the EU acts and international instruments referred to in Annex XV-A to this Agreement in accordance with the provisions of that Annex.

▼B*CHAPTER 8**Cooperation in the field of information society**Article 324*

The Parties shall promote cooperation on the development of the Information Society to benefit citizens and businesses through the widespread availability of information and communication technologies (ICT) and through better quality of services at affordable prices. This cooperation should aim at facilitating access to electronic communications markets, encourage competition and investment in the sector.

Article 325

Cooperation will cover, inter alia, the following subjects:

- (a) exchange of information and best practices on the implementation of national information society initiatives, including, inter alia, those aiming at promoting broadband access, improving network security and developing public online services, and
- (b) exchange of information, best practices and experience to promote the development of a comprehensive regulatory framework for electronic communications, and in particular strengthen the administrative capacity of the national independent regulator, foster a better use of spectrum resources and promote interoperability of networks in Georgia, and between Georgia and the EU.

Article 326

The Parties shall promote cooperation between EU regulators and the national regulatory ► **C1** authorities of Georgia in the field of electronic communications. ◀

Article 327

Georgia will carry out approximation of its legislation to the EU acts and international instruments referred to in Annex XV-B to this Agreement in accordance with the provisions of that Annex.

*CHAPTER 9**Tourism**Article 328*

The Parties shall cooperate in the field of tourism, with the aim of strengthening the development of a competitive and sustainable tourism industry as a generator of economic growth and empowerment, employment and international exchange.

▼B*Article 329*

Cooperation at bilateral and European level shall be based on the following principles:

- (a) respect for the integrity and interests of local communities, particularly in rural areas, bearing in mind local development needs and priorities;
- (b) the importance of cultural heritage, and
- (c) positive interaction between tourism and environmental preservation.

Article 330

The cooperation shall focus on the following topics:

- (a) exchange of information, best practices, experience and ‘know-how’;
- (b) maintenance of partnership between public, private and community interests in order to ensure the sustainable development of tourism;
- (c) promotion and development of tourism flows, products and markets, infrastructure, human resources and institutional structures;
- (d) development and implementation of efficient policies;
- (e) tourism training and capacity building in order to improve service standards, and
- (f) development and promotion of, inter alia, community-based tourism.

Article 331

A regular dialogue will take place on the issues covered by this Chapter.

*CHAPTER 10**Agriculture and rural development**Article 332*

The Parties shall cooperate to promote agricultural and rural development, in particular through progressive convergence of policies and legislation.

Article 333

Cooperation between the Parties in the field of agriculture and rural development shall cover, inter alia, the following areas:

- (a) facilitating the mutual understanding of agricultural and rural development policies;
- (b) enhancing the administrative capacities at central and local level to plan, evaluate, implement and enforce policies in accordance with EU regulations and best practices;
- (c) promoting the modernisation and the sustainability of the agricultural production;

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- (d) sharing knowledge and best practices of rural development policies to promote economic well-being for rural communities;
- (e) improving the competitiveness of the agricultural sector and the efficiency and transparency for all stakeholders in the markets;
- (f) promoting quality policies and their control mechanisms, including geographical indications and organic farming;
- (g) wine production and agro tourism;
- (h) disseminating knowledge and promoting extension services to agricultural producers, and
- (i) striving for the harmonisation of issues dealt within the framework of international organisations of which both Parties are members.

Article 334

A regular dialogue will take place on the issues covered by this Chapter.

*CHAPTER 11**Fisheries and maritime governance*

Section 1

Fisheries Policy*Article 335*

1. The Parties shall cooperate on the following mutually beneficial areas of common interest in the fisheries sector, including conservation and management of living aquatic resources, inspection and control, data collection, and the fight against illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing as defined in the FAO International Plan of Action (IPOA) of 2001 to prevent, deter and eliminate illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing.

2. That cooperation will respect the international obligations of the Parties concerning management and conservation of living aquatic resources.

Article 336

The Parties shall take joint actions, exchange information and provide support to each other in order to promote:

- (a) good governance and best practices in fisheries management with a view to ensuring conservation and management of fish stocks in a sustainable manner, and based on the principle of ecosystem approach;
- (b) responsible fishing and fisheries management consistent with the principles of sustainable development, so as to conserve fish stocks and ecosystems in a healthy state, and
- (c) regional cooperation, including through Regional Fisheries Management Organisations, as appropriate.

▼B*Article 337*

With reference to Article 336 of this Agreement, and taking into account the best scientific advice, the Parties shall strengthen the co-operation and coordination of their activities in the field of management and conservation of living aquatic resources in the Black Sea. Both Parties will promote regional cooperation in the Black Sea and relations with relevant Regional Fisheries Management Organisations, as appropriate.

Article 338

The Parties will support initiatives, such as mutual exchange of experience and providing support, in order to ensure the implementation of a policy ensuring sustainable fisheries, based on the EU acquis and priority areas of interest for the Parties in this field, including:

- (a) management of living aquatic resources, fishing effort and technical measures;
- (b) inspection and control of fishing activities, using the necessary surveillance equipment, including electronic monitoring devices and traceability tools, as well as ensuring enforceable legislation and control mechanisms;
- (c) harmonised collection of compatible catch, landing, fleet, biological and economic data;
- (d) management of fishing capacity, including a functioning fishing fleet register;
- (e) market efficiency, in particular by promoting producer organisations, providing information to consumers and through marketing standards and traceability, and
- (f) development of a structural policy for the fisheries sector providing sustainability in economic, environment and social terms.

Section 2**Maritime Policy***Article 339*

Taking into account their cooperation in the spheres of fisheries, sea-related transport, environment and other policies, and in accordance with the relevant international agreements on the law of the sea based on United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, the Parties shall also develop cooperation on an integrated maritime policy, in particular:

- (a) promoting an integrated approach to maritime affairs, good governance and exchange of best practices in the use of the marine space;
- (b) promoting maritime spatial planning as a tool contributing to improved decision-making for arbitrating between competing human activities, in line with the ecosystem approach;

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- (c) promoting integrated coastal zone management, in line with the ecosystem approach, to ensure sustainable coastal development and to enhance the resilience of coastal regions to coastal risks including the impacts of climate change;
- (d) promoting innovation and resource efficiency in maritime industries as a generator of economic growth and employment, including through the exchange of best practices;
- (e) promoting strategic alliances between maritime industries, services and scientific institutions specialising in marine and maritime research;
- (f) endeavouring to enhance cross-border and cross-sectoral maritime surveillance in order to address the increasing risks related to intensive maritime traffic, operational discharges of vessels, maritime accidents and illegal activities at sea, and
- (g) establishing a regular dialogue and promoting different networks between maritime stakeholders.

Article 340

This cooperation shall include:

- (a) exchange of information, best practices, experience and maritime ‘know-how’ transfer, including on innovative technologies in maritime sectors and on marine environment issues;
- (b) exchange of information and best practices on financing options for projects, including public-private partnerships, and
- (c) enhancing cooperation between the Parties in the relevant international maritime ►C1 fora. ◀

Article 341

A regular dialogue between the Parties will take place on the issues covered by this Chapter.

*CHAPTER 12****Cooperation in research, technological development and demonstration****Article 342*

The Parties shall promote cooperation in all areas of civil scientific research and technological development and demonstration (RTD) on the basis of mutual benefit and subject to appropriate and effective levels of protection of intellectual property rights.

Article 343

Cooperation in RTD shall cover:

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- (a) policy dialogue and the exchange of scientific and technological information;
- (b) facilitating adequate access to the respective programmes of the Parties;
- (c) increasing research capacity and the participation of Georgian research entities in the research Framework Programme of the EU;
- (d) the promotion of joint projects for research in all areas of RTD;
- (e) training activities and mobility programmes for scientists, researchers and other research staff engaged in RTD activities of the Parties;
- (f) facilitating, within the framework of applicable legislation, the free movement of research workers participating in the activities covered by this Agreement and the cross-border movement of goods intended for use in such activities, and
- (g) other forms of cooperation in RTD on the basis of mutual agreement.

Article 344

In carrying out such cooperation activities, synergies should be sought with the other activities carried out within the framework of financial cooperation between the EU and Georgia as stipulated in Title VII (Financial Assistance, and Anti-Fraud and Control Provisions) of this Agreement.

*CHAPTER 13****Consumer policy****Article 345*

The Parties shall cooperate in order to ensure a high level of consumer protection and to achieve compatibility between their systems of consumer protection.

Article 346

In order to achieve these objectives the cooperation may comprise, when appropriate:

- (a) aiming at approximation of consumer legislation while avoiding barriers to trade;
- (b) promoting exchange of information on consumer protection systems, including consumer legislation and its enforcement, consumer product safety, information exchange systems, consumer education/awareness and empowerment, and consumer redress;
- (c) training activities for administration officials and other consumer interest representatives, and
- (d) fostering the activity of independent consumer associations and contacts between consumer representatives.

▼B*Article 347*

Georgia will carry out approximation of its legislation to the EU acts and international instruments referred to in Annex XXIX to this Agreement in accordance with the provisions of that Annex.

*CHAPTER 14****Employment, social policy and equal opportunities****Article 348*

The Parties shall strengthen their dialogue and cooperation on promoting the Decent Work Agenda, employment policy, health and safety at work, social dialogue, social protection, social inclusion, gender equality and anti-discrimination, and corporate social responsibility and thereby contribute to the promotion of more and better jobs, poverty reduction, enhanced social cohesion, sustainable development and improved quality of life.

Article 349

Cooperation, based on exchange of information and best practices, may cover a selected number of issues to be identified among the following areas:

- (a) poverty reduction and the enhancement of social cohesion;
- (b) employment policy, aiming at more and better jobs with decent working conditions, including with a view to reduce the informal economy and informal employment;
- (c) promoting active labour market measures and efficient employment services, as appropriate, to modernise the labour markets and to adapt to labour market needs of the Parties;
- (d) fostering more inclusive labour markets and social safety systems that integrate disadvantaged people, including people with disabilities and people from minority groups;
- (e) equal opportunities and anti-discrimination, aiming at enhancing gender equality and ensuring equal opportunities between men and women, as well as combating discrimination based on sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation;
- (f) social policy, aiming at enhancing the level of social protection and the social protection systems, in terms of quality, accessibility and financial sustainability;
- (g) enhancing the participation of social partners and promoting social dialogue, including through strengthening the capacity of all relevant stakeholders;
- (h) promoting health and safety at work, and
- (i) awareness and dialogue in the field of corporate social responsibility.

▼B*Article 350*

The Parties shall encourage the involvement of all relevant stakeholders, including civil society organisations and in particular social partners, in policy development and reforms and in the cooperation between the Parties as provided for in the relevant part of Title VIII (Institutional, General and Final Provisions) of this Agreement.

Article 351

The Parties shall aim at enhancing cooperation on employment and social policy matters in all relevant regional, multilateral and international fora and organisations.

Article 352

The Parties shall promote corporate social responsibility and accountability and encourage responsible business practices, such as those promoted by a number of international corporate social responsibility guidelines and especially the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises.

Article 353

A regular dialogue will take place on the issues covered by this Chapter.

Article 354

Georgia will carry out approximation of its legislation to the EU acts and international instruments referred to in Annex XXX to this Agreement in accordance with the provisions of that Annex.

*CHAPTER 15****Public health****Article 355*

The Parties agree to develop their cooperation in the field of public health, with a view to raising the level of public health safety and protection of human health as an essential component for sustainable development and economic growth.

Article 356

The cooperation shall cover the following areas, in particular:

- (a) strengthening of the public health system of Georgia, in particular through continuing health sector reform, ensuring high-quality healthcare, development of human resources for health, improving health governance and healthcare financing;
- (b) epidemiological surveillance and control of communicable diseases, such as for example HIV/AIDS, viral hepatitis, tuberculosis as well

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- as antimicrobial resistance, as well as increased preparedness for public health threats and emergencies;
- (c) prevention and control of non-communicable diseases, mainly through exchange of information and best practices, promoting healthy lifestyles, physical activity and addressing major health determinants, such as nutrition, addiction to alcohol, drugs and tobacco;
 - (d) quality and safety of substances of human origin;
 - (e) health information and knowledge, and
 - (f) effective implementation of international health agreements to which the Parties are party, in particular the International Health Regulations and the Framework Convention on Tobacco Control.

Article 357

Georgia will carry out approximation of its legislation to the EU acts and international instruments referred to in Annex XXXI to this Agreement in accordance with the provisions of that Annex.

*CHAPTER 16**Education, training and youth**Article 358*

The Parties shall cooperate in the field of education and training to intensify cooperation and dialogue, including dialogue on policy issues, seeking approximation to relevant EU policies and practices. The Parties shall cooperate to promote lifelong learning, encourage cooperation and transparency at all levels of education and training, with a special focus on higher education.

Article 359

This cooperation in the field of education and training shall focus, inter alia, on the following areas:

- (a) promoting lifelong learning, which is a key to growth and jobs, and can allow citizens to participate fully in society;
- (b) modernising education and training systems, enhancing quality, relevance and access throughout the education ladder from early childhood education and care to tertiary education;
- (c) promoting quality in higher education in a manner which is consistent with the EU Modernisation Agenda for Higher Education and the Bologna process;
- (d) reinforcing international academic cooperation, participation in EU cooperation programmes, increasing student and teacher mobility;
- (e) encouraging the learning of foreign languages;

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- (f) promoting progress towards recognition of qualifications and competences and ensuring transparency in the area;
- (g) promoting cooperation in vocational education and training, taking into consideration the relevant EU good practices, and
- (h) reinforcing understanding and knowledge on the European integration process, the academic dialogue on EU-Eastern Partnership relations, and participation in relevant EU programmes.

Article 360

The Parties agree to cooperate in the field of youth to:

- (a) reinforce cooperation and exchanges in the field of youth policy and non-formal education for young people and youth workers;
- (b) support young people and youth workers' mobility as a means to promote intercultural dialogue and the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences outside the formal educational systems, including through volunteering;
- (c) promote cooperation between youth organisations.

Article 361

Georgia will conduct and develop policy consistent with the framework of EU policies and practices with reference to documents in Annex XXXII to this Agreement in accordance with the provisions of that Annex.

*CHAPTER 17****Cooperation in the cultural field****Article 362*

The Parties will promote cultural cooperation taking duly into account the principles enshrined in the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) Convention on the Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural Expressions of 2005. The Parties will seek a regular policy dialogue in areas of mutual interest, including the development of cultural industries in the EU and Georgia. Cooperation between the Parties will foster intercultural dialogue, including through the participation of the culture sector and civil society from the EU and Georgia.

Article 363

The Parties shall concentrate their cooperation in a number of fields:

- (a) cultural cooperation and cultural exchanges;
- (b) mobility of art and artists and strengthening of the capacity of the cultural sector;
- (c) intercultural dialogue;

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- (d) dialogue on cultural policy, and
- (e) cooperation in international fora such as UNESCO and the Council of Europe, inter alia, in order to foster cultural diversity, and preserve and valorise cultural and historical heritage.

*CHAPTER 18**Cooperation in the audiovisual and media fields**Article 364*

The Parties will promote cooperation in the audio-visual field. Cooperation shall strengthen the audio-visual industries in the EU and Georgia in particular through training of professionals, exchange of information and encouragement of co-productions in the fields of cinema and television.

Article 365

1. The Parties shall develop a regular dialogue in the field of audio-visual and media policies and cooperate to reinforce independence and professionalism of the media as well as links with EU media in compliance with relevant European standards, including standards of the Council of Europe and the UNESCO Convention on the Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural Expressions of 2005.

2. Cooperation could include, inter alia, the issue of the training of journalists and other media professionals.

Article 366

The Parties shall concentrate their cooperation on a number of fields:

- (a) dialogue on audio-visual and media policies;
- (b) dialogue in international fora (such as UNESCO and WTO), and
- (c) audio-visual and media cooperation including cooperation in the field of cinema.

Article 367

Georgia will carry out approximation of its legislation to the EU acts and international instruments referred to in Annex XXXIII to this Agreement in accordance with the provisions of that Annex.

*CHAPTER 19**Cooperation in the field of sport and physical activity**Article 368*

The Parties shall promote cooperation in the field of sport and physical activity through the exchange of information and good practices in order

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to promote a healthy lifestyle and the social and educational values of sport, mobility in sport and in order to fight global threats to sport such as doping, racism and violence.

*CHAPTER 20**Civil society cooperation**Article 369*

The Parties shall enhance a dialogue on civil society cooperation, with the following objectives:

- (a) to strengthen contacts and exchange of information and experience between all sectors of civil society in the EU and in Georgia;
- (b) to ensure a better knowledge and understanding of Georgia, including its history and culture, in the EU and in particular among civil society organisations based in the Member States, thus allowing for a better awareness of the opportunities and challenges for future relations;
- (c) reciprocally, to ensure a better knowledge and understanding of the EU in Georgia and in particular among Georgian civil society organisations, with a non-exclusive focus on the values on which the EU is founded, its policies and its functioning.

Article 370

The Parties shall promote dialogue and cooperation between civil society stakeholders from both sides as an integral part of the relations between the EU and Georgia. The aims of such a dialogue and such cooperation are:

- (a) to ensure involvement of civil society in EU-Georgia relations, in particular in the implementation of the provisions of this Agreement;
- (b) to enhance civil society participation in the public decision-making process, particularly by maintaining an open, transparent and regular dialogue between the public institutions and representative associations and civil society;
- (c) to facilitate an enabling environment for the institution-building and development of civil society organisations in various ways, including inter alia advocacy support, informal and formal networking, mutual visits and workshops enabling legal framework for civil society, and
- (d) to enable civil society representatives from each side to become acquainted with the processes of consultation and dialogue between civil society, including social partners, and public authorities in particular with a view to strengthen civil society in the public policy-making process.

▼B*Article 371*

A regular dialogue will take place between the Parties on the issues covered by this Chapter.

*CHAPTER 21****Regional development, cross-border and regional level cooperation****Article 372*

1. The Parties shall promote mutual understanding and bilateral co-operation in the field of regional development policy, including methods of formulation and implementation of regional policies, multi-level governance and partnership, with special emphasis on the development of disadvantaged areas and territorial cooperation, with the objective of establishing channels of communication and enhancing exchange of information and experience between national and local authorities, socio-economic actors and civil society.

2. The Parties shall in particular cooperate with a view to aligning the Georgian practices with the following principles:

- (a) strengthening multi-level governance as it affects both the central level and municipal communities with special emphasis on ways to enhance the involvement of local stakeholders;
- (b) consolidation of the partnership between all the parties involved in regional development, and
- (c) co-financing through financial contribution by those involved in the implementation of regional development programmes and projects.

Article 373

1. The Parties shall support and strengthen the involvement of local level authorities in regional policy cooperation including cross-border cooperation and the related management structures, enhance cooperation through the establishment of an enabling reciprocal legislative framework, sustain and develop capacity building measures and promote the strengthening of cross-border and regional economic and business networks.

2. The Parties will cooperate to consolidate the institutional and operational capacities of Georgian institutions in the fields of regional development and land use planning by, inter alia:

- (a) improving inter-institutional coordination in particular the mechanism of vertical and horizontal interaction of central and local public authorities in the process of development and implementation of regional policies;
- (b) developing the capacity of local public authorities to promote reciprocal cross-border cooperation in compliance with EU principles and practices;
- (c) sharing knowledge, information and best practices on regional development policies to promote economic well-being for local communities and uniform development of regions.

▼B*Article 374*

1. The Parties shall strengthen and encourage development of cross-border cooperation in other areas covered by this Agreement such as, inter alia, transport, energy, communication networks, culture, education, tourism, and health.
2. The Parties shall intensify cooperation between their regions in the form of transnational and inter-regional programmes, encouraging the participation of Georgian regions in European regional structures and organizations and promoting their economic and institutional development by implementing projects of common interest.
3. These activities will take place in the context of:
 - (a) continuing territorial cooperation with European regions, including through trans-national and cross-border cooperation programmes;
 - (b) cooperation within the framework of the Eastern Partnership, with EU bodies including the Committee of the Regions and participation in various European regional projects and initiatives;
 - (c) cooperation with, inter alia, the European Economic and Social Committee, and the European Spatial Planning Observation Network.

Article 375

A regular dialogue will take place on the issues covered by this Chapter.

*CHAPTER 22****Civil protection****Article 376*

The Parties shall develop and strengthen their cooperation on natural and man-made disasters. Cooperation shall be conducted considering the interests of the Parties on the basis of equality and mutual benefit, as well as taking into account the interdependence existing between the Parties and multilateral activities in the field.

Article 377

Cooperation shall aim at improving the prevention of, preparation for and response to natural and man-made disasters.

Article 378

The Parties shall, inter alia, exchange information and expertise and implement joint activities on bilateral basis and/or within the framework of multilateral programmes. Cooperation can take place, inter alia, through the implementation of specific agreements and/or administrative arrangements in this field concluded between the Parties.

▼ B*Article 379*

The cooperation may cover the following objectives:

- (a) exchange and regularly update contact details in order to ensure continuity of dialogue and in order to be able to contact each other on a 24-hour basis;
- (b) facilitating mutual assistance in case of major emergencies, as appropriate and subject to the availability of sufficient resources;
- (c) exchanging on a 24-hour basis early warnings and updated information on large scale emergencies affecting the EU or Georgia, including requests for and offers of assistance;
- (d) exchanging information on the provision of assistance by the Parties to third countries for emergencies where the EU Civil Protection Mechanism is activated;
- (e) cooperating on Host Nation Support when requesting/providing assistance;
- (f) exchange of best practices and guidelines in the field of disaster prevention, preparedness and response;
- (g) cooperating on Disaster Risk Reduction by addressing, inter alia, institutional linkages and advocacy; information, education and communication; best practices aiming at preventing or mitigating the impact of natural hazards;
- (h) cooperating on improving the knowledge base on disasters and on hazard and risk assessment for disaster management;
- (i) cooperating on the assessment of the environmental and public health impact of disasters;
- (j) inviting experts to specific technical workshops and symposia on civil protection issues;
- (k) inviting, on a case-by-case basis, observers to specific exercises and trainings organised by the EU and/or Georgia, and
- (l) strengthening cooperation on the most effective use of available civil protection capabilities.

*CHAPTER 23****Participation in european union agencies and programmes****Article 380*

Georgia shall be allowed to participate in all agencies of the Union open to the participation of Georgia in accordance with the relevant provisions establishing those agencies. Georgia shall enter into separate agreements with the EU to enable its participation in each such agency including the amount of its financial contribution.

▼B*Article 381*

Georgia shall be allowed to participate in all current and future programmes of the Union opened to the participation of Georgia in accordance with the relevant provisions adopting those programmes. Georgia's participation in the programmes of the Union shall be in accordance with the provisions laid down in Protocol III to this Agreement on a Framework Agreement between the European Union and Georgia on the general principles for the participation of Georgia in Union programmes.

Article 382

The Parties will conduct a regular dialogue on the participation of Georgia in EU programmes and agencies. In particular, the EU shall inform Georgia in the case of establishment of new EU agencies and new programmes of the Union, as well as regarding changes in the terms of participation in the programmes of the Union and agencies, mentioned in Articles 380 and 381 of this Agreement.

TITLE VII

FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE, AND ANTI-FRAUD AND CONTROL PROVISIONS*CHAPTER 1**Financial assistance**Article 383*

Georgia shall benefit from financial assistance through the relevant EU funding mechanisms and instruments. Georgia may also benefit from cooperation with the European Investment Bank (EIB), European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) and other international financial institutions. The financial assistance will contribute to achieving the objectives of this Agreement and will be provided in accordance with this Chapter.

Article 384

The main principles of financial assistance shall be set out in the relevant EU financial instruments' regulations.

Article 385

The priority areas of the EU financial assistance agreed by the Parties shall be laid down in annual action programmes based, whenever applicable on multi-annual frameworks which reflect agreed policy priorities. The amounts of assistance established in those programmes shall take into account Georgia's needs, sector capacities and progress with reforms, in particular in areas covered by this Agreement.

Article 386

In order to ensure optimum use of the resources available, the Parties shall endeavour to ensure that EU assistance is implemented in close cooperation and coordination with other donor countries, donor

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organisations and international financial institutions, and in line with international principles of aid effectiveness.

Article 387

The fundamental legal, administrative and technical basis of financial assistance is established within the framework of relevant agreements between the Parties.

Article 388

The Association Council shall be informed of the progress and implementation of financial assistance and its impact upon pursuing the objectives of this Agreement. To that end, the relevant bodies of the Parties shall provide relevant monitoring and evaluation information on a mutual and continuous basis.

Article 389

The Parties shall implement assistance in accordance with the principles of sound financial management and cooperate in the protection of the financial interests of the EU and of Georgia in accordance with Chapter 2 (Anti-Fraud and Control Provisions) of this Title.

*CHAPTER 2**Anti-fraud and control provisions**Article 390***Definitions**

For the purposes of this Chapter, the definitions set out in Protocol IV to this Agreement shall apply.

*Article 391***Scope**

This Chapter shall be applicable to any further agreement or financing instrument to be concluded between the Parties, and any other EU financing instrument to which Georgia may be associated, without prejudice to any other additional clauses covering audits, on-the-spot checks, inspections, controls, and anti-fraud measures, including those conducted by the European Court of Auditors and the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF).

*Article 392***Measures to prevent and fight fraud, corruption and any other illegal activities**

The Parties shall take effective measures to prevent and fight fraud, corruption and any other illegal activities in connection with the implementation of EU funds, inter alia by means of mutual administrative assistance and mutual legal assistance in the fields covered by this Agreement.

▼B*Article 393***Exchange of information and further cooperation at operational level**

1. For the purposes of proper implementation of this Chapter, the competent Georgian and EU authorities shall regularly exchange information and, at the request of one of the Parties, shall conduct consultations.
2. OLAF may agree with competent Georgian counterparts in accordance with Georgian legislation on further cooperation in the field of anti-fraud, including operational arrangements with the Georgian authorities.
3. For the transfer and processing of personal data, Article 14 of Title III (Freedom, Security and Justice) of this Agreement shall apply.

*Article 394***Prevention of fraud, corruption and irregularities**

1. The EU and Georgian authorities shall check regularly that the operations financed with EU funds have been properly implemented. They shall take any appropriate measures to prevent and remedy irregularities and fraud.
2. The EU and Georgian authorities shall take any appropriate measures to prevent and remedy any active or passive corruption practices and exclude conflict of interest at any stage of the procedures related to the implementation of EU funds.
3. The Georgian authorities shall inform the European Commission of any prevention measures taken.
4. The European Commission shall be entitled to obtain evidence in accordance with Article 56 of Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1605/2002 of 25 June 2002 on the Financial Regulation applicable to the general budget of the European Communities.
5. In particular, it shall also be entitled to obtain evidence that procedures on procurement and grants satisfy the principles of transparency, equal treatment and non-discrimination, prevent any conflict of interest, offer guarantees equivalent to internationally accepted standards and ensure compliance with the provisions of sound financial management.
6. In accordance with their own procedures, the Parties will provide each other with any information related to the implementation of EU funds and shall inform each other without delay of any substantial change in their procedures or systems.

*Article 395***Legal proceedings, investigation and prosecution**

The Georgian authorities shall bring legal proceedings, including, if appropriate, investigation and prosecution of suspected and actual cases of fraud, corruption or any other irregularity, including conflict of interest, following national or EU controls. Where appropriate OLAF may assist the competent Georgian authorities in this task.

*Article 396***Communication of fraud, corruption and irregularities**

1. The Georgian authorities shall transmit to the European Commission without delay any information which has come to their notice of actual cases of fraud or corruption and shall inform the European Commission without delay of any other irregularity, including conflict of interest, in connection with the implementation of EU funds. In case of suspicion of fraud and corruption, OLAF and the European Commission shall also be informed.
2. The Georgian authorities shall also report on all measures taken in connection with facts communicated under this Article. Should there be no fraud, corruption, or any other irregularity to report, the Georgian authorities shall inform the European Commission following the end of each calendar year.

*Article 397***Audits**

1. The European Commission and the European Court of Auditors are entitled to examine whether all expenditure related to the implementation of EU funds has been incurred in a lawful and regular manner and whether the financial management has been sound.
2. Audits shall be carried out on the basis both of commitments undertaken and payments made. They shall be based on records and, if necessary, performed on-the-spot on the premises of any entity which manages or takes part in the implementation of EU funds. Those audits may be carried out before the closure of the accounts for the financial year in question and for a period of five years from the date of payment of the balance.
3. European Commission inspectors or other persons mandated by the European Commission or the European Court of Auditors may conduct documentary or on-the-spot checks and audits on the premises of any entity which manages or takes part in the implementation of EU funds and of their subcontractors in Georgia.
4. The European Commission's inspectors or other persons mandated by the European Commission or the European Court of Auditors shall have appropriate access to sites, works and documents in order to carry out such audits, including in electronic form. That right of access should be communicated to all public institutions of Georgia and shall be stated explicitly in the contracts concluded to implement the instruments referred to in this Agreement.
5. The checks and audits described above are applicable to all contractors and subcontractors who have received EU funds. In the performance of their tasks, the European Court of Auditors and the Georgian audit bodies shall cooperate in a spirit of trust while maintaining their independence.

*Article 398***On-the-spot checks**

1. Within the framework of this Agreement, OLAF shall be authorised to carry out on-the-spot checks and inspections in order to protect the EU's financial interests in accordance with the provisions of Council

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Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities.

2. On-the-spot checks and inspections shall be prepared and conducted by OLAF in close cooperation with the competent Georgian authorities taking into account relevant Georgian legislation.

3. The Georgian authorities shall be notified in good time of the object, purpose and legal basis of the checks and inspections, so that they can provide all the requisite help. To that end, officials of the competent Georgian authorities may participate in the on-the-spot checks and inspections.

4. If the Georgian authorities concerned express their interest, the on-the-spot checks and inspections shall be carried out jointly by OLAF and them.

5. Where an economic operator resists an on-the-spot check or inspection, the Georgian authorities, acting in accordance with national legislation, shall give OLAF such assistance, as it needs to allow it to discharge its duty in carrying out an on-the-spot check or inspection.

*Article 399***Administrative measures and penalties**

Without prejudice of the Georgian legislation, administrative measures and penalties may be imposed by the European Commission in accordance with Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1605/2002 and Commission Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2342/2002 of 23 December 2002 laying down detailed rules for the implementation of Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1605/2002 on the Financial Regulation applicable to the general budget of the European Communities and with Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95 of 18 December 1995 on the protection of the European Communities financial interests.

*Article 400***Recovery**

1. The Georgian authorities shall take any appropriate measure to implement the provisions mentioned below regarding the recovery of EU funds unduly paid to the financing governmental agency.

2. Where the Georgian authorities are entrusted with the implementation of EU funds the European Commission is entitled to recover EU funds unduly paid, in particular through financial corrections. The European Commission shall take into account the measures taken by the Georgian authorities to prevent the loss of the EU funds concerned.

3. The European Commission shall consult with Georgia on the matter before taking any decision on recovery. Disputes on recovery will be discussed in the Association Council.

4. Where the European Commission implements EU funds directly or indirectly by entrusting budget implementation tasks to third parties, decisions taken by the European Commission within the scope of this Title, which impose pecuniary obligation on persons other than States, shall be enforceable in Georgia in accordance with the following principles:

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- (a) Enforcement shall be governed by the rules of civil procedure in force in Georgia. The order for its enforcement shall be appended to the decision, without other formality than verification of the authenticity of the decision, by the national authority which the government of Georgia shall designate for this purpose and shall make known to the European Commission and to the Court of Justice of the European Union.
 - (b) When those formalities have been completed on application by the party concerned, the latter may proceed to enforcement in accordance with Georgian law, by bringing the matter directly before the competent authority.
 - (c) Enforcement may be suspended only by a decision of the Court of Justice of the European Union. However, the courts of Georgia concerned shall have jurisdiction over complaints that enforcement is being carried out in an irregular manner.
5. The enforcement order shall be issued, without any further control than verification of the authenticity of the act, by the authorities designated by the Georgian government. Enforcement shall take place in accordance with Georgian rules of procedure. The legality of the enforcement decision of the pertinent EU authorities shall be subject to control by the Court of Justice of the European Union.
6. Judgments given by the Court of Justice of the European Union pursuant to an arbitration clause in a contract within the scope of this Chapter shall be enforceable on the same terms.

*Article 401***Confidentiality**

Information communicated or acquired in any form under this Chapter shall be covered by professional secrecy and protected in the same way as similar information is protected by Georgian law and by the corresponding provisions applicable to the EU institutions. Such information may not be communicated to persons other than those in the EU institutions, in the Member States or in Georgia whose functions require them to know it, nor may it be used for purposes other than to ensure effective protection of the Parties' financial interests.

*Article 402***Approximation of legislation**

Georgia will carry out approximation of its legislation to the EU acts and international instruments referred to in Annex XXXIV to this Agreement in accordance with the provisions of that Annex.

TITLE VIII

INSTITUTIONAL, GENERAL, AND FINAL PROVISIONS

CHAPTER 1

Institutional framework*Article 403*

Political and policy dialogue between the Parties, including on issues related to sectoral cooperation, may take place at any level. Periodic high-level policy dialogue shall take place within the Association Council established in Article 404 and within the framework of regular meetings between representatives of both Parties at ministerial level by mutual agreement.

▼ B**Association Council***Article 404*

1. An Association Council is hereby established. It shall supervise and monitor the application and implementation of this Agreement and periodically review the functioning of this Agreement in the light of its objectives.
2. The Association Council shall meet at ministerial level and at regular intervals, at least once a year, and when circumstances require. The Association Council may meet in any configuration, by mutual agreement.
3. In addition to supervising and monitoring the application and implementation of this Agreement, the Association Council shall examine any major issues arising within the framework of this Agreement, and any other bilateral or international issues of mutual interest.

Article 405

1. The Association Council shall consist of members of the Council of the European Union and members of the European Commission, on the one hand, and of members of the Government of Georgia, on the other.
2. The Association Council shall establish its own rules of procedure.
3. The Association Council shall be chaired in turn by a representative of the Union and a representative of Georgia.
4. Where appropriate, and by mutual agreement, representatives of other bodies of the Parties may take part as observers in the work of the Association Council.

Article 406

1. For the purpose of attaining the objectives of this Agreement, the Association Council shall have the power to take decisions within the scope of this Agreement. The decisions shall be binding upon the Parties, which shall take appropriate measures, including if necessary action by bodies established under this Agreement, in line with provisions of this Agreement to implement the decisions taken. The Association Council may also make recommendations. It shall adopt its decisions and recommendations by agreement between the Parties following the completion of the respective internal procedures of the Parties, as appropriate.
2. In line with the objective of the gradual approximation of Georgia's legislation to that of the EU laid down in this Agreement, the Association Council will be a forum for exchange of information on selected European Union and Georgia legislative acts both under preparation and in force, and on implementation, enforcement and compliance measures.
3. In accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article, the Association Council shall have the power to update or amend the Annexes to this Agreement, without prejudice to any specific provisions under Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.

▼B**Association Committee***Article 407*

1. An Association Committee is hereby established. It shall assist the Association Council in the performance of its duties and functions.
2. The Association Committee shall be composed of representatives of the Parties, in principle at senior civil servant level.
3. The Association Committee shall be chaired in turn by a representative of the EU and a representative of Georgia.

Article 408

1. The Association Council shall determine in its rules of procedure the duties and functioning of the Association Committee, whose responsibilities shall include the preparation of meetings of the Association Council. The Association Committee shall meet at least once a year and when the Parties agree that circumstances so require.
2. The Association Council may delegate to the Association Committee any of its powers, including the power to take binding decisions.
3. The Association Committee shall have the power to adopt decisions in the cases provided for in this Agreement and in areas in which the Association Council has delegated powers to it and as stipulated in Article 406(1) of this Agreement. These decisions shall be binding upon the Parties, which shall take appropriate measures to implement them. The Association Committee shall adopt its decisions by agreement between the Parties, taking into account the respective internal procedures.
4. The Association Committee shall meet in a specific configuration to address all issues related to Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement. The Association Committee shall meet in that configuration at least once a year.

*Article 409***Special committees, sub-committees and bodies**

1. The Association Committee shall be assisted by sub-committees established under this Agreement.
2. The Association Council may decide to set up any special committee or body in specific areas necessary for the implementation of this Agreement, and shall determine the composition, duties and functioning of such special committees or bodies. In addition, such special committees or bodies may hold discussions on any matter that they consider relevant without prejudice to any of the specific provisions of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.
3. The Association Committee may also create sub-committees, including to take stock of progress achieved in the regular dialogues referred to in Title V (Economic cooperation) and Title VI (Other Cooperation Policies) of this Agreement.
4. The sub-committees shall have the powers to take decisions in the cases provided for in this Agreement. They shall report on their activities to the Association Committee regularly, as required.

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5. The sub-committees established under Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement shall inform the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, of the date and agenda of their meetings sufficiently in advance of their meetings. They shall report on their activities at each regular meeting of the Association Committee in Trade configuration.

6. The existence of any of the sub-committees shall not prevent either Party from bringing any matter directly to the Association Committee, including in its Trade configuration.

Parliamentary Association Committee*Article 410*

1. A Parliamentary Association Committee is hereby established. It shall be a forum for Members of the European Parliament and of the Parliament of Georgia to meet and exchange views. It shall meet at intervals which it shall itself determine.

2. The Parliamentary Association Committee shall consist of Members of the European Parliament, on the one hand, and of Members of the Parliament of Georgia, on the other.

3. The Parliamentary Association Committee shall establish its own rules of procedure.

4. The Parliamentary Association Committee shall be chaired in turn by a representative of the European Parliament and a representative of the Georgian Parliament respectively, in accordance with the provisions to be laid down in its rules of procedure.

Article 411

1. The Parliamentary Association Committee may request relevant information regarding the implementation of this Agreement from the Association Council, which shall then supply the Parliamentary Association Committee with the requested information.

2. The Parliamentary Association Committee shall be informed of the decisions and recommendations of the Association Council.

3. The Parliamentary Association Committee may make recommendations to the Association Council.

4. The Parliamentary Association Committee may create Parliamentary Association sub-committees.

Civil Society Platform*Article 412*

1. The Parties shall also promote regular meetings of representatives of their civil societies, in order to keep them informed of, and gather their input for, the implementation of this Agreement.

2. An EU-Georgia Civil Society Platform is hereby established. It shall be a forum to meet and exchange views for, and consist of, representatives of civil society on the side of the EU, including Members of the European Economic and Social Committee, and

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representatives of civil society on the side of Georgia, including representatives of the national platform of the Eastern Partnership Civil Society Forum. It shall meet at intervals which it shall itself determine.

3. The Civil Society Platform shall establish its own rules of procedure.

4. The Civil Society Platform shall be chaired in turn by a representative of the European Economic and Social Committee and representatives of civil society on the side of Georgia respectively, in accordance with the provisions to be laid down in its rules of procedure.

Article 413

1. The Civil Society Platform shall be informed of the decisions and recommendations of the Association Council.

2. The Civil Society Platform may make recommendations to the Association Council.

3. The Association Committee and Parliamentary Association Committee shall organise regular contacts with representatives of the Civil Society Platform, in order to obtain their views on the attainment of the objectives of this Agreement.

*CHAPTER 2****General and final provisions****Article 414***Access to courts and administrative organs**

Within the scope of this Agreement, the Parties undertake to ensure that natural and legal persons of the other Party have access free of discrimination in relation to its own nationals to the competent courts and administrative organs of the Parties to defend their individual rights, including property rights.

*Article 415***Security exceptions**

Nothing in this Agreement shall prevent a Party from taking any measures:

- (a) which it considers necessary to prevent the disclosure of information contrary to its essential security interests;
- (b) which relate to the production of, or trade in, arms, munitions or war matériel or to research, development or production indispensable for defence purposes, provided that such measures do not impair the conditions of competition in respect of products not intended for specifically military purposes;
- (c) which it considers essential to its own security, in the event of serious internal disturbances affecting the maintenance of law and order, in time of war or serious international tension constituting threat of war, or in order to carry out obligations it has accepted for the purpose of maintaining peace and international security.

▼ B*Article 416***Non-discrimination**

1. In the fields covered by this Agreement and without prejudice to any special provisions contained therein:
 - (a) the arrangements applied by Georgia in respect of the EU or the Member States shall not give rise to any discrimination between the Member States, their nationals, companies or firms;
 - (b) the arrangements applied by the EU or the Member States in respect of Georgia shall not give rise to any discrimination between nationals, companies or firms of Georgia.
2. The provisions of paragraph 1 shall be without prejudice to the right of the Parties to apply the relevant provisions of their fiscal legislation to taxpayers who are not in identical situations as regards their place of residence.

*Article 417***Gradual approximation**

Georgia shall carry out gradual approximation of its legislation to EU law as referred to in the Annexes to this Agreement, based on commitments identified in this Agreement, and in accordance with the provisions of those Annexes. This provision shall be without prejudice to any specific principles and obligations on approximation under Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.

*Article 418***Dynamic approximation**

In line with the goal of gradual approximation by Georgia to EU law, the Association Council shall periodically revise and update Annexes to this Agreement, including in order to reflect the evolution of EU law and applicable standards set out in international instruments deemed relevant by the Parties, and following the completion of the respective internal procedures of the Parties, as appropriate. This provision shall be without prejudice to any specific provisions under Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.

*Article 419***Monitoring of approximation**

1. Monitoring shall mean the continuous appraisal of progress in implementing and enforcing measures covered by this Agreement.
2. Monitoring shall include assessments by the EU of the approximation of Georgian law to EU law as defined in this Agreement, including aspects of implementation and enforcement. These assessments may be conducted by the EU individually on its own initiative as specified in Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement, by the EU in agreement with Georgia, or jointly by the Parties. To facilitate the assessment process, Georgia shall report to the

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EU on progress in approximation, where appropriate before the end of the transitional periods set out in this Agreement in relation to EU legal acts. The reporting and assessment process, including modalities and frequency of assessments, shall take into account specific modalities defined in this Agreement or decisions by the institutional bodies established by this Agreement.

3. Monitoring may include on-the-spot missions, with the participation of EU institutions, bodies and agencies, non-governmental bodies, supervisory authorities, independent experts and others as needed.

4. The results of monitoring activities, including the assessments of approximation set out in paragraph 2 of this Article, shall be discussed in all relevant bodies established under this Agreement. Such bodies may adopt joint recommendations, which shall be submitted to the Association Council.

5. If the Parties agree that necessary measures covered by Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement have been implemented and are being enforced, the Association Council, under the powers conferred to it in Articles 406 and 408 of this Agreement, shall decide on further market opening where provided for in Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.

6. A joint recommendation as referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article submitted to the Association Council, or the failure to reach such a recommendation, shall not be subject to dispute settlement as defined in Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement. A decision taken by the relevant institutional body, or the failure to take such a decision, shall not be subject to dispute settlement as defined in Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.

*Article 420***Fulfilment of obligations**

1. The Parties shall take any general or specific measures required to fulfil their obligations under this Agreement. They shall ensure that the objectives set out in this Agreement are attained.

2. The Parties agree to consult promptly through appropriate channels at the request of either Party, to discuss any matter concerning the interpretation, implementation or the application in good faith of this Agreement and other relevant aspects of the relations between the Parties.

3. The Parties shall refer to the Association Council any dispute related to the interpretation, implementation or the application in good faith of this Agreement in accordance with Article 421. The Association Council may settle a dispute by means of a binding decision.

▼B*Article 421***Dispute settlement**

1. When a dispute arises between the Parties concerning the interpretation, implementation or the application in good faith of this Agreement, any Party shall submit to the other Party and the Association Council a formal request that the matter in dispute be resolved. By way of derogation, disputes concerning the interpretation, implementation or the application in good faith of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement shall be governed exclusively by Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of that Title.
2. The Parties shall endeavour to resolve the dispute by entering into good faith consultations within the Association Council and other relevant bodies referred to in Articles 407 and 409 of this Agreement, with the aim of reaching a mutually acceptable solution in the shortest time possible.
3. The Parties shall provide the Association Council and other relevant bodies with all information required for a thorough examination of the situation.
4. As long as a dispute is not resolved, it shall be discussed at every meeting of the Association Council. A dispute shall be deemed to be resolved when the Association Council has taken a binding decision to settle the matter as provided for in paragraph 3 of Article 420 of this Agreement, or when it has declared that the dispute is at an end. Consultations on a dispute can also be held at any meeting of the Association Committee or any other relevant body set up on the basis of Articles 407 and 409 of this Agreement, as agreed between the Parties or at the request of either of the Parties. Consultations may also be held in writing.
5. All information disclosed during the consultations shall remain confidential.

*Article 422***Appropriate measures in case of non-fulfilment of obligations**

1. A Party may take appropriate measures, if the matter is not resolved within three months of the date of notification of a formal request for dispute settlement in accordance with Article 421 of this Agreement and if the complaining Party continues to consider that the other Party has failed to fulfil an obligation under this Agreement. The requirement for a three month consultation period may be waived by mutual agreement of the Parties and shall not apply to exceptional cases set out in paragraph 3 of this Article.
2. In the selection of appropriate measures, priority shall be given to those which least disturb the functioning of this Agreement. Except in cases described in paragraph 3 of this Article, such measures may not include the suspension of any rights or obligations provided for under provisions of this Agreement set out in Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters). The measures taken under paragraph 1 of this Article shall be notified immediately to the Association Council and shall be the subject of consultations in accordance with Article 420(2) of this Agreement, and of dispute settlement in accordance with Article 420(3) and Article 421 of this Agreement.

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3. The exceptions referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article shall concern:
- (a) denunciation of this Agreement not sanctioned by the general rules of international law, or
 - (b) violation by the other Party of any of the essential elements of this Agreement, referred to in Article 2 of Title I (General Principles) of this Agreement.

*Article 423***Relation to other agreements**

1. The Partnership and Cooperation Agreement between the European Communities and their Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part, signed in Luxembourg on 22 April 1996 and which entered into effect on 1 July 1999 is hereby repealed.
2. This Agreement replaces the agreement referred to in paragraph 1. References thereto in all other agreements between the Parties shall be construed as referring to this Agreement.
3. This Agreement replaces the Agreement between the European Union and Georgia on protection of geographical indications of agricultural products and foodstuffs, signed on 14 July 2011 in Brussels and which entered into force on 1 April 2012.

Article 424

1. This Agreement shall not, until equivalent rights for natural and legal persons have been achieved under this Agreement, affect rights ensured to them through existing agreements which are binding upon one or more Member States, on the one hand, and Georgia on the other hand.
2. Existing agreements relating to specific areas of cooperation falling within the scope of this Agreement shall be considered part of the overall bilateral relations as governed by this Agreement and as forming part of a common institutional framework.

Article 425

1. The Parties may complement this Agreement by concluding specific agreements in any area falling within its scope. Such specific agreements shall be an integral part of the overall bilateral relations as governed by this Agreement and shall form part of a common institutional framework.
2. Without prejudice to the relevant provisions of the Treaty on European Union and the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, neither this Agreement nor action taken hereunder shall in any way affect the powers of the Member States to undertake bilateral cooperation activities with Georgia or to conclude, where appropriate, new cooperation agreements with Georgia.

*Article 426***Annexes and Protocols**

The Annexes and Protocols to this Agreement shall form an integral part thereof.

▼B*Article 427***Duration**

1. This Agreement is concluded for an unlimited period.
2. Either Party may denounce this Agreement by notifying the other Party. This Agreement shall terminate six months from the date of receipt of such notification.

*Article 428***Definition of the Parties**

For the purposes of this Agreement, the term ‘the Parties’ shall mean the EU or its Member States, or the EU and its Member States, in accordance with their respective powers as derived from the Treaty on European Union and the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union and, where relevant, it shall also refer to Euratom, in accordance with its powers under the Treaty establishing the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and Georgia of the other part.

*Article 429***Territorial application**

1. This Agreement shall apply, of the one part, to the territories in which the Treaty on European Union, the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union and the Treaty establishing the European Atomic Energy Community are applied and under the conditions laid down in those Treaties, and of the other part, to the territory of Georgia.
2. The application of this Agreement, or of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) thereof, in relation to Georgia's regions of Abkhazia and Tskhinvali region/South Ossetia over which the Government of Georgia does not exercise effective control, shall commence once Georgia ensures the full implementation and enforcement of this Agreement, or of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) thereof, respectively, on its entire territory.
3. The Association Council shall adopt a decision on when the full implementation and enforcement of this Agreement, or of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) thereof, on the entire territory of Georgia, is ensured.
4. Should a Party consider that the full implementation and enforcement of this Agreement, or of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) thereof, respectively, is no longer ensured in the regions of Georgia referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article, that Party may request the Association Council to reconsider the continued application of this Agreement, or of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) thereof, respectively, in relation to the regions concerned. The Association Council shall examine the situation and adopt a decision on the continued application of this Agreement, or of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) thereof, respectively, within three months of the request. If the Association Council does not adopt a decision within three months of the request, the application of this Agreement, or of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) thereof, respectively, shall be suspended in relation to the regions concerned until the Association Council adopts a decision.

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5. Decisions of the Association Council under this Article on the application of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement shall cover the entirety of that Title and cannot only cover parts of that title.

*Article 430***Depositary of this Agreement**

The General Secretariat of the Council of the European Union shall be the depositary of this Agreement.

*Article 431***Entry into force and provisional application**

1. The Parties shall ratify or approve this Agreement in accordance with their own procedures. The instruments of ratification or approval shall be deposited with the General Secretariat of the Council of the European Union.

2. This Agreement shall enter into force on the first day of the second month following the date of the deposit of the last instrument of ratification or approval.

3. Notwithstanding paragraph 2 of this Article, the Union and Georgia agree to provisionally apply this Agreement in part, as specified by the Union, as set out in paragraph 4 of this Article, and in accordance with their respective internal procedures and legislation as applicable.

4. The provisional application shall be effective from the first day of the second month following the date of receipt by the depositary of this Agreement of the following:

- (a) the Union's notification on the completion of the procedures necessary for this purpose, indicating the parts of this Agreement that shall be provisionally applied; and
- (b) Georgia's deposit of the instrument of ratification in accordance with its procedures and applicable legislation.

5. For the purpose of the relevant provisions of this Agreement, including the respective Annexes and Protocols hereto, any reference in such provisions to the 'date of entry into force of this Agreement' shall be understood to the 'date from which this Agreement is provisionally applied' in accordance with paragraph 3 of this Article.

6. During the period of the provisional application, in so far as the provisions of the Partnership and Cooperation Agreement between the European Communities and their Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part, signed in Luxembourg on 22 April 1996 and which entered into effect on 1 July 1999, are not covered by the provisional application of this Agreement, they continue to apply.

7. Either Party may give written notification to the depositary of this Agreement of its intention to terminate the provisional application of this Agreement. Termination of provisional application shall take effect six months after receipt of the notification by the depositary of this Agreement.

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Article 432

Authentic texts

This Agreement shall be drawn up in duplicate in the Bulgarian, Croatian, Czech, Danish, Dutch, English, Estonian, Finnish, French, German, Greek, Hungarian, Italian, Latvian, Lithuanian, Maltese, Polish, Portuguese, Romanian, Slovak, Slovenian, Spanish, Swedish and Georgian languages, each text being equally authentic.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned, duly authorised, have signed this Agreement.

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Съставено в Брюксел на двадесет и седми юни две хиляди и четиринадесета година.

Hecho en Bruselas, el veintisiete de junio de dos mil catorce.

V Bruselu dne dvacátého sedmého června dva tisíce čtrnáct.

Udfærdiget i Bruxelles den syvogtyvende juni to tusind og fjorten.

Geschehen zu Brüssel am siebenundzwanzigsten Juni zweitausendvierzehn.

Kahe tuhande neljateistkümnenda aasta juunikuu kahekümne seitsmendal päeval Brüsselis.

Έγινε στις Βρυξέλλες, στις είκοσι εφτά Ιουνίου δύο χιλιάδες δεκατέσσερα.

Done at Brussels on the twenty-seventh day of June in the year two thousand and fourteen.

Fait à Bruxelles, le vingt-sept juin deux mille quatorze.

Sastavljeno u Bruxellesu dvadeset sedmog lipnja dvije tisuće četnaeste.

Fatto a Bruxelles, addì ventisette giugno duemilaquattordici.

Briselē, divi tūkstoši četrpadsmitā gada divdesmit septītajā jūnijā.

Priimta du tūkstančiai keturioliktą metų birželio dvidešimt septintą dieną Briuselyje.

Kelt Brüsszelben, a kétezer-tizenegyedik év június havának huszonhetedik napján.

Magħmul fi Brussell, fis-sebgha u għoxrin jum ta' Ġunju tas-sena elfejn u erbatax.

Gedaan te Brussel, de zevenentwintigste juni tweeduizend veertien.

Sporządzono w Brukseli dnia dwudziestego siódmego czerwca roku dwa tysiące czternastego.

Feito em Bruxelas, em vinte e sete de junho de dois mil e catorze.

Întocmit la Bruxelles la douăzeci și șapte iunie două mii paisprezece.

V Bruseli dvadsiateho siedmeho júna dvetisícštrnást'.

V Bruslju, dne sedemindvajsetega junija leta dva tisoč štirinajst.

Tehty Brysselissä kahdentenakymmenentenäseitsemäntenä päivänä kesäkuuta vuonna kaksituhattaneljätoista.

Som skedde i Bryssel den tjugosjunde juni tjugohundrafjorton.

შესრულებულია ქ. ბრიუსელში, ორიათას ოთხმეტი წლის ოცდაშვიდ ივნისს.

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Voor het Koninkrijk België

Pour le Royaume de Belgique

Für das Königreich Belgien



Deze handtekening verbindt eveneens de Vlaamse Gemeenschap, de Franse Gemeenschap, de Duitstalige Gemeenschap, het Vlaamse Gewest, het Waalse Gewest en het Brussels Hoofdstedelijk Gewest.

Cette signature engage également la Communauté française, la Communauté flamande, la Communauté germanophone, la Région wallonne, la Région flamande et la Région de Bruxelles-Capitale.

Diese Unterschrift bindet zugleich die Deutschsprachige Gemeinschaft, die Flämische Gemeinschaft, die Französische Gemeinschaft, die Wallonische Region, die Flämische Region und die Region Brüssel-Hauptstadt.

За Република България



Za Českou republiku



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For Kongeriget Danmark

Handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "H. M. S-L". The signature is stylized with a large, looped initial "H" and "M", followed by a hyphen and the letters "S-L".

Für die Bundesrepublik Deutschland

Handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "C. M. Merkel". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looped initial "C" and "M".

Eesti Vabariigi nimel

Handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "K. Toom". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looped initial "K" and "T".

Thar cheann Na hÉireann

For Ireland

Handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Eamon Kenny, Taoiseach". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looped initial "E" and "K".

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Για την Ελληνική Δημοκρατία

Αντώνης Κ. Σαρμάς .

Por el Reino de España

Γιάννης Λαγός

Pour la République française

Hollende, Manuel Dées, Laurent Fabius

▼B

Za Republiku Hrvatsku

Per la Repubblica italiana

Για την Κυπριακή Δημοκρατία

Latvijas Republikas vārdā –

Lietuvos Respublikos vardu

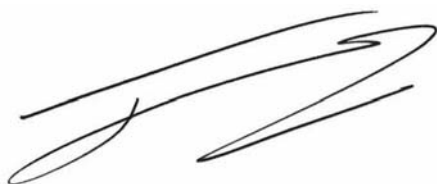
Pour le Grand-Duché de Luxembourg

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Magyarország részéről



Għar-Repubblika ta' Malta



Voor het Koninkrijk der Nederlanden



Für die Republik Österreich



W imieniu Rzeczypospolitej Polskiej



Pela República Portuguesa



▼ B

Pentru România



Za Republiko Slovenijo



Za Slovenskú republiku



▼ C2

Suomen tasavallan puolesta

För Republiken Finland



För Konungariket Sverige



For the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland



▼ C2

За Европейския съюз
 Por la Unión Europea
 Za Evropskou unii
 For Den Europæiske Union
 Für die Europäische Union
 Euroopa Liidu nimel
 Για την Ευρωπαϊκή Ένωση
 For the European Union
 Pour l'Union européenne
 Za Europejską uniję
 Per l'Unione europea
 Eiropas Savienības vārdā –
 Europos Sąjungos vardu
 Az Európai Unió részéről
 Għall-Unjoni Ewropea
 Voor de Europese Unie
 W imieniu Unii Europejskiej
 Pela União Europeia
 Pentru Uniunea Europeană
 Za Európsku úniu
 Za Evropsko unijo
 Euroopan unionin puolesta
 För Europeiska unionen


▼ B

За Европейската общност за атомна енергия
 Por la Comunidad Europea de la Energía Atómica
 Za Evropské společenství pro atomovou energii
 For Det Europæiske Atomenergifællesskab
 Für die Europäische Atomgemeinschaft
 Euroopa Aatomienergiaühenduse nimel
 Για την Ευρωπαϊκή Κοινότητα Ατομικής Ενέργειας
 For the European Atomic Energy Community
 Pour la Communauté européenne de l'énergie atomique
 Za Europejską zajednicę za atomską energię
 Per la Comunità europea dell'energia atomica
 Eiropas Atomenerģijas Kopienas vārdā –
 Europos atominės energijos bendrijos vardu
 Az Európai Atomenergia-közösség részéről
 F'isem il-Komunità Ewropea tal-Energija Atomika
 Voor de Europese Gemeenschap voor Atoomenergie
 W imieniu Europejskiej Wspólnoty Energii Atomowej
 Pela Comunidade Europeia da Energia Atómica

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Pentru Comunitatea Europeană a Energiei Atomice
Za Európske spoločenstvo pre atómovú energiu
Za Evropsko skupnost za atomsko energijo
Euroopan atominienergiajärjestön puolesta
För Europeiska atomenergigemenskapen



საქართველოს სახელით



*ANNEX I***FREEDOM, SECURITY AND JUSTICE**

Each Party shall, in the context of the implementation of this or other Agreements, ensure a legal level of data protection which at least corresponds to that set out in Directive 95/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 October 1995 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, as well as the Council of Europe Convention for the Protection of Individuals with regard to Automatic Processing of Personal Data, signed on 28 January 1981 (ETS No. 108) and the Additional Protocol thereto, regarding Supervisory Authorities and Transborder Data Flows, signed on 8 November 2001 (ETS No. 181). Where relevant, each party shall take into account Council Framework Decision 2008/977/JHA of 27 November 2008 on the protection of personal data processed in the framework of police and judicial cooperation in criminal matters, and Recommendation No R (87)15 of 17 September 1987 of the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe Regulating the Use of Personal Data in the Police Sector.

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ANNEX II

ELIMINATION OF CUSTOMS DUTIES

▼B*ANNEX II-A***PRODUCTS SUBJECT TO ANNUAL DUTY-FREE TARIFF-RATE
QUOTAS (UNION)**

CN code 2012	Product description	Volume (tonnes)
0703 20 00	Garlic, fresh or chilled	220



ANNEX II-B

PRODUCTS SUBJECT TO ENTRY PRICE ⁽¹⁾

for which the ad valorem component of the import duty is exempted (UNION)

CN code 2012	Product description
0702 00 00	Tomatoes, fresh or chilled
0707 00 05	Cucumbers, fresh or chilled
0709 91 00	Globe artichokes, fresh or chilled
0709 93 10	Courgettes, fresh or chilled
0805 10 20	Sweet oranges, fresh
0805 20 10	Clementines
0805 20 30	Monreales and satsumas
0805 20 50	Mandarins and wilkings
0805 20 70	Tangerines
0805 20 90	Tangelos, ortaniques, malaquinas and similar citrus hybrids (excl. clementines, monreales, satsumas, mandarins, wilkings and tangerines)
0805 50 10	Lemons 'Citrus limon, Citrus limonum'
0806 10 10	Table grapes, fresh
0808 10 80	Apples, fresh (excl. cider apples, in bulk, from 16 September to 15 December)
0808 30 90	Pears, fresh (excl. perry pears in bulk from 1 August to 31 December)
0809 10 00	Apricots, fresh
0809 21 00	Sour cherries 'Prunus cerasus', fresh
0809 29 00	Cherries (excl. sour cherries), fresh
0809 30 10	Nectarines, fresh
0809 30 90	Peaches (excl. nectarines), fresh
0809 40 05	Plums, fresh
2009 61 10	Grape juice, incl. grape must, unfermented, Brix value ≤ 30 at 20 °C, value of > EUR 18 per 100 kg, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter (excl. containing spirit)

⁽¹⁾ See Annex 2 to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 927/2012 of 9 October 2012 amending Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 on the tariff and statistical nomenclature and on the Common Customs Tariff.

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CN code 2012	Product description
2009 69 19	Grape juice, incl. grape must, unfermented, Brix value > 67 at 20 °C, value of > EUR 22 per 100 kg, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter (excl. containing spirit)
2009 69 51	Concentrated grape juice, incl. grape must, unfermented, Brix value > 30 but <= 67 at 20 °C, value of > EUR 18 per 100 kg, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter (excl. containing spirit)
2009 69 59	Grape juice, incl. grape must, unfermented, Brix value > 30 but <= 67 at 20 °C, value of > EUR 18 per 100 kg, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter (excl. concentrated or containing spirit)
2204 30 92	Grape must, unfermented, concentrated within the meaning of Additional Note 7 to chapter 22, of a density <= 1,33 g/cm ³ at 20 °C and of an actual alcoholic strength <= 1 % vol but > 0,5 % vol (excl. grape must whose fermentation has been arrested by the addition of alcohol)
2204 30 94	Grape must, unfermented, non-concentrated, of a density <= 1,33 g/cm ³ at 20 °C and of an actual alcoholic strength <= 1 % vol but > 0,5 % vol (excl. grape must whose fermentation has been arrested by the addition of alcohol)
2204 30 96	Grape must, unfermented, concentrated within the meaning of Additional Note 7 to chapter 22, of a density > 1,33 g/cm ³ at 20 °C and of an actual alcoholic strength <= 1 % vol but > 0,5 % vol (excl. grape must whose fermentation has been arrested by the addition of alcohol)
2204 30 98	Grape must, unfermented, non-concentrated, of a density > 1,33 g/cm ³ at 20 °C and of an actual alcoholic strength <= 1 % vol but > 0,5 % vol (excl. grape must whose fermentation has been arrested by the addition of alcohol)



ANNEX II-C

PRODUCTS SUBJECT TO ANTI-CIRCUMVENTION MECHANISM (UNION)

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
Agricultural products			
1 Beef, pork and sheep meat	0201 10 00	Carcases or half-carcases of bovine animals, fresh or chilled	4 400
	0201 20 20	Compensated quarters of bovine animals with bone in, fresh or chilled	
	0201 20 30	Unseparated or separated forequarters of bovine animals, with bone in, fresh or chilled	
	0201 20 50	Unseparated or separated hindquarters of bovine animals, with bone in, fresh or chilled	
	0201 20 90	Fresh or chilled bovine cuts, with bone in (excl. carcasses and half-carcases, 'compensated quarters', forequarters and hindquarters)	
	0201 30 00	Fresh or chilled bovine meat, boneless	
	0202 10 00	Frozen bovine carcasses and half-carcases	
	0202 20 10	Frozen 'compensated' bovine quarters, with bone in	
	0202 20 30	Frozen unseparated or separated bovine forequarters, with bone in	
	0202 20 50	Frozen unseparated or separated bovine hindquarters, with bone in	
	0202 20 90	Frozen bovine cuts, with bone in (excl. carcasses and half-carcases, 'compensated' quarters, forequarters and hindquarters)	
	0202 30 10	Frozen bovine boneless forequarters, whole or cut in max. 5 pieces, each quarter in 1 block; 'compensated' quarters in 2 blocks, one containing the forequarter, whole or cut in max. 5 pieces, and the other the whole hindquarter, excl. the tenderloin, in one piece	
	0202 30 50	Frozen bovine boneless crop, chuck and blade and brisket cuts	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	0202 30 90	Frozen bovine boneless meat (excl. forequarters, whole or cut into a maximum of five pieces, each quarter being in a single block 'compensated' quarters in two blocks, one of which contains the forequarter, whole or cut into a maximum of five pieces, and the other, the hindquarter, excl. the tenderloin, in one piece, crop, chuck and blade and brisket cuts)	
	0203 11 10	Fresh or chilled domestic swine carcasses and half-carcasses	
	0203 12 11	Fresh or chilled with bone in, domestic swine hams and cuts thereof	
	0203 12 19	Fresh or chilled with bone in, domestic swine shoulders and cuts thereof	
	0203 19 11	Fresh or chilled fore-ends and cuts thereof of domestic swine	
	0203 19 13	Fresh or chilled loins and cuts thereof of domestic swine	
	0203 19 15	Fresh or chilled bellies 'streaky' and cuts thereof of domestic swine	
	0203 19 55	Fresh or chilled boneless meat of domestic swine (excl. bellies and cuts thereof)	
	0203 19 59	Fresh or chilled meat of domestic swine, with bone in (►C1 excl. carcasses and half carcasses, hams, shoulders and cuts thereof, and fore-ends ◄, loins, bellies and cuts thereof)	
	0203 21 10	Frozen domestic swine carcasses and half-carcasses	
	0203 22 11	Frozen hams and cuts thereof of domestic swine, with bone in	
	0203 22 19	Frozen shoulders and cuts thereof of domestic swine, with bone in	
	0203 29 11	Frozen fore-ends and cuts thereof of domestic swine	
	0203 29 13	Frozen loins and cuts thereof of domestic swine, with bone in	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	0203 29 15	Frozen bellies 'streaky' and cuts thereof of domestic swine	
	0203 29 55	Frozen boneless meat of domestic swine (excl. bellies and cuts thereof)	
	0203 29 59	Frozen meat of domestic swine, with bone in (excl. carcasses and half-carcasses, hams, shoulders and cuts thereof, and fore-ends, loins, bellies and cuts thereof)	
	0204 22 50	Fresh or chilled sheep legs	
	0204 22 90	Fresh or chilled cuts of sheep, with bone in (excl. short forequarters, chines and/or best ends, and legs)	
	0204 23 00	Fresh or chilled boneless cuts of sheep	
	0204 42 30	Frozen sheep chines and/or best ends	
	0204 42 50	Frozen sheep legs	
	0204 42 90	Frozen cuts of sheep, with bone in (excl. carcasses and half-carcasses, short forequarters, chines and/or best ends, and legs)	
	0204 43 10	Frozen meat of lambs, boneless	
	0204 43 90	Frozen meat of sheep, boneless (excl. lamb)	
2 Poultry meat	0207 11 30	Fresh or chilled, plucked and drawn fowls of species <i>Gallus domesticus</i> , without heads and feet but with necks, hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '70 % chickens'	550
	0207 11 90	Fresh or chilled, plucked and drawn fowls of species <i>Gallus domesticus</i> , without heads, feet, necks, hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '65 % chickens', and other forms of fresh or chilled fowl, not cut in pieces (excl. '83 % and 70 % chickens')	
	0207 12 10	Frozen fowls of species <i>Gallus domesticus</i> , plucked and drawn, without heads and feet but with necks, hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '70 % chickens'	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	0207 12 90	Frozen fowls of species <i>Gallus domesticus</i> , plucked and drawn, without heads, feet, necks, hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '65 % chickens', and other forms of fowl, not cut in pieces (excl. '70 % chickens')	
	0207 13 10	Fresh or chilled boneless cuts of fowls of the species <i>Gallus domesticus</i>	
	0207 13 20	Fresh or chilled halves or quarters of fowls of the species <i>Gallus domesticus</i>	
	0207 13 30	Fresh or chilled whole wings, with or without tips, of fowls of the species <i>Gallus domesticus</i>	
	0207 13 50	Fresh or chilled breasts and cuts thereof of fowls of the species <i>Gallus domesticus</i> , with bone in	
	0207 13 60	Fresh or chilled legs and cuts thereof of fowls of the species <i>Gallus domesticus</i> , with bone in	
	0207 13 99	Fresh or chilled edible offal of fowls of the species <i>Gallus domesticus</i> (excl. livers)	
	0207 14 10	Frozen boneless cuts of fowls of the species <i>Gallus domesticus</i>	
	0207 14 20	Frozen halves or quarters of fowls of the species <i>Gallus domesticus</i>	
	0207 14 30	Frozen whole wings, with or without tips, of fowls of the species <i>Gallus domesticus</i>	
	0207 14 50	Frozen breasts and cuts thereof of fowls of the species <i>Gallus domesticus</i> , with bone in	
	0207 14 60	Frozen legs and cuts thereof of fowls of the species <i>Gallus domesticus</i> , with bone in	
	0207 14 99	Frozen edible offal of fowls of the species <i>Gallus domesticus</i> (excl. livers)	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	0207 24 10	Fresh or chilled, plucked and drawn turkeys of the species domesticus, without heads and feet but with necks, hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '80 % turkeys'	
	0207 24 90	Fresh or chilled, plucked and drawn turkeys of the species domesticus, without heads, feet, necks, hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '73 % turkeys', and other forms of fresh or chilled turkeys, not cut in pieces (excl. '80 % turkeys')	
	0207 25 10	Frozen turkeys of the species domesticus, plucked and drawn, without heads and feet but with necks, hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '80 % turkeys'	
	0207 25 90	Frozen turkeys of the species domesticus, plucked and drawn, without heads, feet, necks, hearts, livers and gizzards, known as '73 % turkeys', and other forms of turkeys, not cut in pieces (excl. '80 % turkeys')	
	0207 26 10	Fresh or chilled boneless cuts of turkeys of the species domesticus	
	0207 26 20	Fresh or chilled halves or quarters of turkeys of the species domesticus	
	0207 26 30	Fresh or chilled whole wings, with or without tips, of turkeys of the species domesticus	
	0207 26 50	Fresh or chilled breasts and cuts thereof of turkeys of the species domesticus, with bone in	
	0207 26 60	Fresh or chilled drumsticks and cuts thereof of turkeys of the species domesticus, with bone in	
	0207 26 70	Fresh or chilled legs and cuts thereof of turkeys of the species domesticus, with bone in (excl. drumsticks)	
	0207 26 80	Fresh or chilled cuts of turkeys of the species domesticus, with bone in (excl. halves or quarters, whole wings, with or without tips, backs, necks, backs with necks attached, rumps and wing-tips, breasts, legs and cuts thereof)	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	0207 26 99	Fresh or chilled edible offal of turkeys of the species domesticus (excl. livers)	
	0207 27 10	Frozen boneless cuts of turkeys of the species domesticus	
	0207 27 20	Frozen halves and quarters of turkeys of the species domesticus	
	0207 27 30	Frozen whole wings, with or without tips, of turkeys of the species domesticus	
	0207 27 50	Frozen breasts and cuts thereof of turkeys of the species domesticus, with bone in	
	0207 27 60	Frozen drumsticks and cuts thereof of turkeys of the species domesticus, with bone in	
	0207 27 70	Frozen legs and cuts thereof of turkeys of the species domesticus, with bone in (excl. drumsticks)	
	0207 27 80	Frozen cuts of turkeys of the species domesticus, with bone in (excl. halves or quarters, whole wings, with or without tips, backs, necks, backs with necks attached, rumps and wing-tips, breasts, legs and cuts thereof)	
	0207 27 99	Frozen edible offal of turkeys of the species domesticus (excl. livers)	
	0207 41 30	Fresh or chilled domestic ducks, not cut in pieces, plucked and drawn, without heads and feet but with necks, hearts, livers and gizzards '70 % ducks'	
	0207 41 80	Fresh or chilled domestic ducks, not cut in pieces, plucked and drawn, without heads and feet and without necks, hearts, livers and gizzards, '63 % ducks' or otherwise presented	
	0207 42 30	Frozen domestic ducks, not cut in pieces, plucked and drawn, without heads and feet but with necks, hearts, livers and gizzards '70 % ducks'	
	0207 42 80	Frozen domestic ducks, not cut in pieces, plucked and drawn, without heads and feet and without necks, hearts, livers and gizzards, '63 % ducks' or otherwise presented	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	0207 44 10	Fresh or chilled cuts of domestic ducks, boneless	
	0207 44 21	Fresh or chilled halves or quarters of domestic ducks	
	0207 44 31	Fresh or chilled whole wings of domestic ducks	
	0207 44 41	Fresh or chilled backs, necks, backs with necks attached, rumps and wing-tips of domestic ducks	
	0207 44 51	Fresh or chilled breasts and cuts thereof, of domestic ducks, with bone in	
	0207 44 61	Fresh or chilled legs and cuts thereof, of domestic ducks, with bone in	
	0207 44 71	Fresh or chilled paletots of domestic ducks, with bone in	
	0207 44 81	Fresh or chilled cuts of domestic ducks, with bone in, n.e.s.	
	0207 44 99	Fresh or chilled edible offal of domestic ducks (excl. livers)	
	0207 45 10	Frozen cuts of domestic ducks, boneless	
	0207 45 21	Frozen halves or quarters of domestic ducks	
	0207 45 31	Frozen whole wings of domestic ducks	
	0207 45 41	Frozen backs, necks, backs with necks attached, rumps and wing-tips of domestic ducks	
	0207 45 51	Frozen breasts and cuts thereof, of domestic ducks, with bone in	
	0207 45 61	Frozen legs and cuts thereof, of domestic ducks, with bone in	
	0207 45 81	Frozen cuts of domestic ducks, with bone in, n.e.s.	
	0207 45 99	Frozen edible offal of domestic ducks (excl. livers)	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	0207 51 10	Fresh or chilled domestic geese, not cut in pieces, plucked, bled, not drawn, with heads and feet '82 % geese'	
	0207 51 90	Fresh or chilled domestic geese, not cut in pieces, plucked and drawn, without heads and feet, with or without hearts and gizzards, '75 % geese' or otherwise presented	
	0207 52 90	Frozen domestic geese, not cut in pieces, plucked and drawn, without heads and feet, with or without hearts and gizzards, '75 % geese' or otherwise presented	
	0207 54 10	Fresh or chilled cuts of domestic geese, boneless	
	0207 54 21	Fresh or chilled halves or quarters of domestic geese	
	0207 54 31	Fresh or chilled whole wings of domestic geese	
	0207 54 41	Fresh or chilled backs, necks, backs with necks attached, rumps and wing-tips of domestic geese	
	0207 54 51	Fresh or chilled breasts and cuts thereof, of domestic geese, with bone in	
	0207 54 61	Fresh or chilled legs and cuts thereof, of domestic geese, with bone in	
	0207 54 71	Fresh or chilled paletots of domestic geese, with bone in	
	0207 54 81	Fresh or chilled cuts of domestic geese, with bone in, n.e.s.	
	0207 54 99	Fresh or chilled edible offal of domestic geese (excl. livers)	
	0207 55 10	Frozen cuts of domestic geese, boneless	
	0207 55 21	Frozen halves or quarters of domestic geese	
	0207 55 31	Frozen whole wings of domestic geese	
	0207 55 41	Frozen backs, necks, backs with necks attached, rumps and wing-tips of domestic geese	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	0207 55 51	Frozen breasts and cuts thereof, of domestic geese, with bone in	
	0207 55 61	Frozen legs and cuts thereof, of domestic geese, with bone in	
	0207 55 81	Frozen cuts of domestic geese, with bone in, n.e.s.	
	0207 55 99	Frozen edible offal of domestic geese (excl. livers)	
	0207 60 05	Fresh, chilled or frozen domestic guinea fowls, not cut in pieces	
	0207 60 10	Fresh, chilled or frozen cuts of domestic guinea fowls, boneless	
	0207 60 31	Fresh, chilled or frozen whole wings of domestic guinea fowls	
	0207 60 41	Fresh, chilled or frozen backs, necks, backs with necks attached, rumps and wing-tips of domestic guinea fowls	
	0207 60 51	Fresh, chilled or frozen breasts and cuts thereof, of domestic guinea fowls, with bone in	
	0207 60 61	Fresh, chilled or frozen legs and cuts thereof, of domestic guinea fowls, with bone in	
	0207 60 81	Fresh, chilled or frozen cuts of domestic guinea fowls, with bone in, n.e.s.	
	0207 60 99	Fresh, chilled or frozen edible offal of domestic guinea fowls (excl. livers)	
	1602 31 11	Preparations containing exclusively uncooked turkey meat (excl. sausages and similar products)	
	1602 31 19	Meat or offal of turkeys 'poultry', prepared or preserved, containing $\geq 57\%$ by weight of meat or offal of poultry (excl. containing exclusively uncooked turkey meat, sausages and similar products, finely homogenised preparations put up for retail sale as infant food or for dietetic purposes, in containers of a net weight of ≤ 250 g, preparations of liver and meat extracts)	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	1602 31 80	Meat or offal of domestic turkeys, prepared or preserved, containing < 57 % by weight 'excl. bones' of meat or offal of poultry (excl. sausages and similar products, finely homogenised preparations put up for retail sale as infant food or for dietetic purposes, in containers of a net weight of <= 250 g, preparations of liver and meat extracts)	
	1602 32 11	Uncooked, prepared or preserved meat or meat offal of fowls of the species Gallus domesticus containing >= 57 % meat or offal of poultry (excl. sausages and similar products, and preparations of liver)	
	1602 32 19	Cooked, prepared or preserved meat or meat offal of fowls of the species Gallus domesticus containing >= 57 % meat or offal of poultry (excl. sausages and similar products, finely homogenised preparations put up for retail sale as infant food or for dietetic purposes, in containers of a net weight of <= 250 g, preparations of liver and meat extracts)	
	1602 32 30	Prepared or preserved meat or meat offal of fowls of the species Gallus domesticus containing >= 25 % but < 57 % of poultry meat or offal (excl. sausages and similar products, finely homogenised preparations put up for retail sale as infant food or for dietetic purposes, in containers of a net weight of <= 250 g, preparations of liver and meat extracts)	
	1602 32 90	Prepared or preserved meat or meat offal of fowls of the species Gallus domesticus (excl. that containing >= 25 % meat or offal of poultry, meat or offal of turkeys or guinea fowl, sausages and similar products, finely homogenised preparations put up for retail sale as infant food or for dietetic purposes, in containers of a net weight of <= 250 g, preparations of liver and meat extracts and juices)	
	1602 39 21	Uncooked, prepared or preserved meat or meat offal of ducks, geese and guinea fowl of the species domesticus, containing >= 57 % meat or offal of poultry (excl. sausages and similar products, and preparations of liver)	
3 Dairy products	0402 10 11	Milk and cream in solid forms, of a fat content by weight of <= 1,5 %, unsweetened, in immediate packings of <= 2,5 kg	1 650

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	0402 10 19	Milk and cream in solid forms, of a fat content by weight of $\leq 1,5\%$, unsweetened, in immediate packings of $> 2,5$ kg	
	0402 10 91	Milk and cream in solid forms, of a fat content by weight of $\leq 1,5\%$, sweetened, in immediate packings of $\leq 2,5$ kg	
	0402 10 99	Milk and cream in solid forms, of a fat content by weight of $\leq 1,5\%$, sweetened, in immediate packings of $> 2,5$ kg	
	0405 10 11	Natural butter of a fat content, by weight, of $\geq 80\%$ but $\leq 85\%$, in immediate packings of a net content of ≤ 1 kg (excl. dehydrated butter and ghee)	
	0405 10 19	Natural butter of a fat content, by weight, of $\geq 80\%$ but $\leq 85\%$ (excl. in immediate packings of a net content of ≤ 1 kg, and dehydrated butter and ghee)	
	0405 10 30	Recombined butter of a fat content, by weight, of $\geq 80\%$ but $\leq 85\%$ (excl. dehydrated butter and ghee)	
	0405 10 50	Whey butter of a fat content, by weight, of $\geq 80\%$ but $\leq 85\%$ (excl. dehydrated butter and ghee)	
	0405 10 90	Butter of a fat content, by weight, of $> 85\%$ but $\leq 95\%$ (excl. dehydrated butter and ghee)	
4 Eggs in shell	0407 21 00	Fresh eggs of domestic fowls, in shell (excl. fertilised for incubation)	6 600 ⁽¹⁾
	0407 29 10	Fresh poultry eggs, in shell (excl. of fowls, and fertilised for incubation)	
	0407 90 10	Poultry eggs, in shell, preserved or cooked	
5 Eggs and albumins	0408 11 80	Egg yolks, dried, for human consumption, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter	330
	0408 19 81	Egg yolks, liquid, suitable for human consumption, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	0408 19 89	Egg yolks (other than liquid), frozen or otherwise preserved, suitable for human consumption, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter (excl. dried)	
	0408 91 80	Dried birds' eggs, not in shell, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter, suitable for human consumption (excl. egg yolks)	
	0408 99 80	Birds' eggs, not in shell, fresh, cooked by steaming or by boiling in water, moulded, frozen or otherwise preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter, suitable for human consumption (excl. dried and egg yolks)	
	3502 11 90	Egg albumin, dried 'e.g. in sheets, scales, flakes, powder', fit for human consumption	
	3502 19 90	Egg albumin, fit for human consumption (excl. dried (e.g. in sheets, flakes, crystals, powder))	
	3502 20 91	Milk albumin 'lactalbumin', incl. concentrates of two or more whey proteins, containing by weight > 80 % whey proteins, calculated on the dry matter, fit for human consumption, dried (e.g. in sheets, scales, flakes, powder)	
	3502 20 99	Milk albumin 'lactalbumin', incl. concentrates of two or more whey proteins, containing by weight > 80 % whey proteins, calculated on the dry matter, fit for human consumption (excl. dried (e.g. in sheets, flakes, crystals, powder))	
6 Mushrooms	0711 51 00	Mushrooms of the genus 'Agaricus', provisionally preserved, e.g., by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions, but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption	220
	2003 10 20	Mushrooms of the genus 'Agaricus', provisionally preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid, completely cooked	
	2003 10 30	Mushrooms of the genus 'Agaricus', prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid (excl. completely cooked mushrooms and provisionally preserved mushrooms)	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
7 Cereals	1001 91 90	Wheat seed for sowing (excl. durum, common wheat and spelt)	200 000
	1001 99 00	Wheat and meslin (excl. seed for sowing, and durum wheat)	
	1003 90 00	Barley (excl. seed for sowing)	
	1004 10 00	Oats seed for sowing	
	1004 90 00	Oats (excl. seed for sowing)	
	1005 90 00	Maize (excl. seed for sowing)	
	1101 00 15	Flour of common wheat and spelt	
	1101 00 90	Meslin flour	
	1102 20 10	Maize flour, with fat content of \leq 1,5 % by weight	
	1102 20 90	Maize flour, with fat content of $>$ 1,5 % by weight	
	1102 90 10	Barley flour	
	1102 90 90	Cereal flours (excl. wheat, meslin, rye, maize, rice, barley and oat)	
	1103 11 90	Common wheat and spelt groats and meal	
	1103 13 10	Groats and meal of maize, 'corn', with a fat content, by weight, of \leq 1,5 %	
	1103 13 90	Groats and meal of maize, 'corn', with a fat content, by weight, of $>$ 1,5 %	
	1103 19 20	Groats and meal of rye or barley	
	1103 19 90	Groats and meal of cereals (excl. wheat, oats, maize, rice, rye and barley)	
1103 20 25	Pellets of rye or barley		

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	1103 20 40	Maize pellets	
	1103 20 60	Wheat pellets	
	1103 20 90	Cereal pellets (excl. rye, barley, oats, maize, rice and wheat)	
	1104 19 10	Rolled or flaked wheat grains	
	1104 19 50	Rolled or flaked maize grains	
	1104 19 61	Rolled barley grains	
	1104 19 69	Flaked barley grains	
	1104 23 40	Hulled maize grains, even sliced or kibbled; pearled maize grains	
	1104 23 98	Sliced, kibbled or otherwise worked maize grains (excl. rolled, flaked, hulled, pearled, and pellets and flour)	
	1104 29 04	Hulled, even sliced or kibbled barley grains	
	1104 29 05	Pearled barley grains	
	1104 29 08	Sliced, kibbled or otherwise worked barley grains (excl. rolled, flaked, hulled, pearled, and pellets and flour)	
	1104 29 17	Hulled, even sliced or kibbled cereal grains (excl. rice, oats, maize and barley)	
	1104 29 30	Pearled cereal grains (excl. barley, oats, maize or rice)	
	1104 29 51	Cereal grains of wheat, not otherwise worked than kibbled	
	1104 29 59	Cereal grains, not otherwise worked than kibbled (other than barley, oats, maize, wheat and rye)	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	1104 29 81	Wheat grains, sliced, kibbled or otherwise worked (excl. rolled, flaked, flour, pellets, hulled, pearled, and not otherwise worked than kibbled)	
	1104 29 89	Cereal grains, sliced, kibbled or otherwise worked (excl. barley, oats, maize, wheat and rye, and rolled, flaked, flour, pellets, hulled, pearled, not otherwise worked than kibbled, and semi- or wholly milled rice and broken rice)	
	1104 30 10	Wheat germ, whole, rolled, flaked or ground	
	1104 30 90	Cereal germ, whole, rolled, flaked or ground (excl. wheat)	
8 Malt and wheat gluten	1107 10 11	Wheat malt in flour form (excl. roasted)	330
	1107 10 19	Wheat malt (excl. flour and roasted)	
	1107 10 91	Malt in flour form (excl. roasted and wheat)	
	1107 10 99	Malt (excl. roasted, wheat and flour)	
	1107 20 00	Roasted malt	
	1109 00 00	Wheat gluten, whether or not dried	
9 Starches	1108 11 00	Wheat starch	550
	1108 12 00	Maize starch	
	1108 13 00	Potato starch	
10 Sugars	1701 12 10	Raw beet sugar, for refining (excl. added flavouring or colouring)	8 000
	1701 12 90	Raw beet sugar (excl. for refining and added flavouring or colouring)	
	1701 91 00	Refined cane or beet sugar, containing added flavouring or colouring, in solid form	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	1701 99 10	White sugar, containing in dry state $\geq 99,5$ % sucrose (excl. flavoured or coloured)	
	1701 99 90	Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form (excl. cane and beet sugar containing added flavouring or colouring, raw sugar and white sugar)	
	1702 20 10	Maple sugar, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	
	1702 30 10	Isoglucose in solid form, not containing fructose or containing in the dry state < 20 % by weight of fructose	
	1702 30 50	Glucose 'dextrose' in the form of white crystalline powder, whether or not agglomerated, not containing fructose or containing in the dry state < 20 % by weight of glucose (excl. isoglucose)	
	1702 30 90	Glucose in solid form and glucose syrup, not containing added flavouring or colouring matter and not containing fructose or containing in the dry state < 20 % by weight of fructose (excl. isoglucose and glucose 'dextrose' in the form of white crystalline powder, whether or not agglomerated)	
	1702 40 10	Isoglucose in solid form, containing in the dry state ≥ 20 % and < 50 % by weight of fructose (excl. invert sugar)	
	1702 40 90	Glucose in solid form and glucose syrup, not containing added flavouring or colouring matter, and containing in the dry state ≥ 20 % and < 50 % by weight of fructose (excl. isoglucose and invert sugar)	
	1702 60 10	Isoglucose in solid form, containing in the dry state > 50 % by weight of fructose (excl. chemically pure fructose and invert sugar)	
	1702 60 80	Inulin syrup obtained directly by hydrolysis of inulin or oligofructoses, containing in the dry state > 50 % by weight of fructose in free form or as sucrose	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	1702 60 95	Fructose in solid form and fructose syrup not containing added flavouring or colouring matter and containing in the dry state > 50 % by weight of fructose (excl. isoglucose, inulin syrup, chemically pure fructose and invert sugar)	
	1702 90 30	Isoglucose in solid form, containing in the dry state 50 % by weight of fructose, obtained from glucose polymers	
	1702 90 50	Maltodextrine in solid form and maltodextrine syrup (excl. flavoured or coloured)	
	1702 90 71	Sugar and molasses, caramelised, containing in the dry state \geq 50 % by weight of sucrose	
	1702 90 75	Sugar and molasses, caramelised, containing in the dry state < 50 % by weight of sucrose, in powder form, whether or not agglomerated	
	1702 90 79	Sugar and molasses, caramelised, containing in the dry state < 50 % by weight of sucrose (excl. sugar and molasses in powder form, whether or not agglomerated)	
	1702 90 80	Inulin syrup, obtained directly by hydrolysis of inulin or oligofructoses, containing in the dry state \geq 10 % but \leq 50 % by weight of fructose in free form or as sucrose	
	1702 90 95	Sugars in solid form, incl. invert sugar, and sugar and sugar syrup blends containing in the dry state 50 % by weight of fructose, not containing added flavouring or colouring matter (excl. cane or beet sugar, chemically pure sucrose and maltose, lactose, maple sugar, glucose, fructose, maltodextrine, and syrups thereof, isoglucose, inulin syrup and caramel)	
	2106 90 30	Flavoured or coloured isoglucose syrups	
	2106 90 55	Flavoured or coloured glucose and maltodextrine syrups	
	2106 90 59	Flavoured or coloured sugar syrups (excl. isoglucose, lactose, glucose and maltodextrine syrups)	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
11 Bran, sharps and other residues	2302 10 10	Bran, sharps and other residues of maize, whether or not in the form of pellets, derived from sifting, milling or other working, with starch content of \leq 35 %	2 200
	2302 10 90	Bran, sharps and other residues of maize, whether or not in the form of pellets, derived from sifting, milling or other working, with starch content of $>$ 35 %	
	2302 30 10	Bran, sharps and other residues, whether or not in the form of pellets, derived from the sifting, milling or other working of wheat, with a starch content of \leq 28 % by weight, and of which the proportion that passes through a sieve with an aperture of 0,2 mm is \leq 10 % by weight or alternatively the proportion that passes through the sieve has an ash content, calculated on the dry product, of \geq 1,5 % by weight	
	2302 30 90	Bran, sharps and other residues of wheat, whether or not in the form of pellets, derived from sifting, milling or other working (excl. those with starch content of \leq 28 %, provided that either \leq 10 % passes through a sieve with an aperture of 0,2 mm or if $>$ 10 % passes through, the proportion that passes through the sieve has an ash content, calculated on the dry product, of \geq 1,5 % by weight)	
	2302 40 10	Bran, sharps and other residues, in the form of pellets or not, derived from the sifting, milling or other working of cereals, with a starch content \leq 28 % by weight, and of which \leq 10 % by weight passes through a sieve with an aperture of 0,2 mm or, if $>$ 10 % passes through, the proportion that passes through the sieve has an ash content, calculated on the dry product, of \geq 1,5 % by weight (excl. bran, sharps and other residues of maize, rice or wheat)	
	2302 40 90	Bran, sharps and other residues of cereals, whether or not in the form of pellets, derived from sifting, milling or other working (excl. those of maize, rice and wheat and those with a starch content of \leq 28 %, provided that either \leq 10 % passes through a sieve with an aperture of 0,2 mm or, if $>$ 10 % passes through, the proportion that passes through has an ash content of \geq 1,5 %)	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	2303 10 11	Residues from the manufacture of starch from maize, of a protein content, calculated on the dry product, of > 40 % by weight (excl. concentrated steeping liquors)	

Processed agricultural products

12 Sweet corn	0710 40 00	Sweetcorn, uncooked or cooked by steaming or by boiling in water, frozen	1 500
	0711 90 30	Sweetcorn provisionally preserved, e.g. by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions, but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption	
	2001 90 30	Sweetcorn 'Zea ► <u>C1</u> mays var. saccharata ◀', prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid	
	2004 90 10	Sweetcorn 'Zea ► <u>C1</u> mays var. saccharata ◀', prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid, frozen	
	2005 80 00	Sweetcorn 'Zea ► <u>C1</u> mays var. saccharata ◀', prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid (excl. frozen)	
13 Sugar processed	1302 20 10	Dry pectic substances, pectinates and pectates in powder form	6 000
	1302 20 90	Liquid pectic substances, pectinates and pectates	
	1702 50 00	Chemically pure fructose in solid form	
	1702 90 10	Chemically pure maltose, in solid form	
	1704 90 99	Pastes, marzipan, nougat and other prepared sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa (excl. chewing gum, white chocolate, throat pastilles and cough drops, gum and jelly confectionery incl. fruit pastes in the form of sugar confectionery, boiled sweets, toffees, caramels and similar sweets, compressed tablets, and pastes incl. marzipan in immediate packings of >= 1 kg)	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	1806 10 30	Sweetened cocoa powder, containing ≥ 65 % but < 80 % sucrose, incl. inverted sugar expressed as sucrose or isoglucose expressed as sucrose	
	1806 10 90	Sweetened cocoa powder, containing ≥ 80 % sucrose, incl. inverted sugar expressed as sucrose or isoglucose expressed as sucrose	
	1806 20 95	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa, in blocks, slabs or bars weighing > 2 kg or in liquid, paste, powder, granular or other bulk form, in containers or immediate packings of a content > 2 kg, containing < 18 % by weight of cocoa butter (excl. cocoa powder, chocolate flavour coating and chocolate milk crumb)	
	1901 90 99	Food preparations of flour, groats, meal, starch or malt extract, not containing cocoa or containing cocoa in a proportion by weight of < 40 %, calculated on a totally defatted basis, and food preparations of milk, cream, butter milk, sour milk, sour cream, whey, yogurt, kephir or similar goods in heading 0401 to 0404, not containing cocoa or containing cocoa in a proportion by weight of < 5 %, calculated on a totally defatted basis, n.e.s. (excl. malt extract and preparations for infant food, put up for retail sale, mixes and doughs for preparation of bakers' wares and goods in subheading 1901 90 91)	
	2101 12 98	Preparations with a basis of coffee	
	2101 20 98	Preparations with a basis of tea or maté	
	2106 90 98	Food preparations, n.e.s., containing, by weight, $\geq 1,5$ % milkfat, ≥ 5 % sucrose or isoglucose, ≥ 5 % glucose or ≥ 5 % starch	
	3302 10 29	Preparations based on odoriferous substances, containing all flavouring agents characterizing a beverage, containing, by weight, $\geq 1,5$ % milkfat, ≥ 5 % sucrose or isoglucose, ≥ 5 % glucose or ≥ 5 % starch, of a kind used in the drink industries (excl. of an actual alcoholic strength of $> 0,5$ % vol)	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
14 Cereal processed	1904 30 00	Bulgur wheat in the form of worked grains, obtained by cooking hard wheat grains	3 300
	2207 10 00	Undenatured ethyl alcohol, of actual alcoholic strength of ≥ 80 %	
	2207 20 00	Denatured ethyl alcohol and other spirits of any strength	
	2208 90 91	Undenatured ethyl alcohol, of an alcoholic strength of < 80 % vol, in containers holding ≤ 2 l	
	2208 90 99	Undenatured ethyl alcohol, of an alcoholic strength of < 80 % vol, in containers holding > 2 l	
	2905 43 00	Mannitol	
	2905 44 11	D-glucitol 'sorbitol', in aqueous solution containing ≤ 2 % by weight of d-mannitol, calculated on the d-glucitol content	
	2905 44 19	D-glucitol 'sorbitol' in aqueous solution (excl. containing ≤ 2 % by weight of d-mannitol, calculated on the d-glucitol content)	
	2905 44 91	D-glucitol 'sorbitol', containing ≤ 2 % by weight of d-mannitol, calculated on the d-glucitol content (excl. in aqueous solution)	
	2905 44 99	D-glucitol 'sorbitol' (excl. in aqueous solution and containing ≤ 2 % by weight of d-mannitol, calculated on the d-glucitol content)	
	3505 10 10	Dextrins	
	3505 10 50	Starches, etherified or esterified (excl. dextrins)	
	3505 10 90	Modified starches (excl. etherified starches, esterified starches and dextrins)	

▼B

Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	3505 20 30	Glues containing $\geq 25\%$ but $< 55\%$ starches, dextrans or other modified starches by weight (excl. those put up for retail sale and weighing net ≤ 1 kg)	
	3505 20 50	Glues containing $\geq 55\%$ but $< 80\%$ starches, dextrans or other modified starches by weight (excl. those put up for retail sale and weighing net ≤ 1 kg)	
	3505 20 90	Glues containing $\geq 80\%$ starches, dextrans or other modified starches by weight (excl. those put up for retail sale and weighing net ≤ 1 kg)	
	3809 10 10	Finishing agents, dye carriers to accelerate the dyeing or fixing of dyestuffs and other products and preparations such as dressings and mordants of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries, n.e.s., with a basis of amylaceous substances, containing $< 55\%$ of these substances by weight	
	3809 10 30	Finishing agents, dye carriers to accelerate the dyeing or fixing of dyestuffs and other products and preparations such as dressings and mordants of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries, n.e.s., with a basis of amylaceous substances, containing $\geq 55\%$ to $< 70\%$ of these substances by weight	
	3809 10 50	Finishing agents, dye carriers to accelerate the dyeing or fixing of dyestuffs and other products and preparations such as dressings and mordants of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries, n.e.s., with a basis of amylaceous substances, containing $\geq 70\%$ to $< 83\%$ of these substances by weight	
	3809 10 90	Finishing agents, dye carriers to accelerate the dyeing or fixing of dyestuffs and other products and preparations such as dressings and mordants of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries, n.e.s., with a basis of amylaceous substances, containing $\geq 83\%$ of these substances by weight	
	3824 60 11	Sorbitol in aqueous solution, containing $\leq 2\%$ by weight of d-mannitol, calculated on the d-glucitol content (excl. d-glucitol [sorbitol])	

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Product category	CN code 2012	Product description	Trigger volume (tonnes)
	3824 60 19	Sorbitol in aqueous solution, containing > 2 % by weight of D-mannitol, calculated on the d-glucitol content (excl. d-glucitol [sorbitol])	
	3824 60 91	Sorbitol containing <= 2 % by weight of D-mannitol, calculated on the d-glucitol content (excl. sorbitol in aqueous solution and d-glucitol [sorbitol])	
	3824 60 99	Sorbitol containing > 2 % by weight of d-mannitol, calculated on the d-glucitol content (excl. sorbitol in aqueous solution and d-glucitol [sorbitol])	
15 Cigarettes	2402 10 00	Cigars, cheroots and cigarillos containing tobacco	500
	2402 20 90	Cigarettes, containing tobacco (excl. containing cloves)	

(¹) 132 million pieces × 50 g = 6 600t

▼B

ANNEX III

APPROXIMATION

▼ M5

ANNEX III-A

LIST OF SECTORAL LEGISLATION FOR APPROXIMATION

The following list reflects Georgia's priorities with regard to the approximation of the Union's New Approach and Global Approach Directives as included in the Government of Georgia's Strategy in Standardisation, Accreditation, Conformity Assessment, Technical Regulation and Metrology and Programme on Legislative Reform and Adoption of Technical Regulations, of March 2010.

1.	Regulation (EU) 2016/424 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on cableway installations and repealing Directive 2000/9/EC ⁽¹⁾ Timetable: within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement
2.	Directive 2014/33/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to lifts and safety components for lifts (recast) ⁽²⁾ Timetable: within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement
3.	Directive 2014/68/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of pressure equipment (recast) ⁽³⁾ Timetable: within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement
4.	Council Directive 92/42/EEC of 21 May 1992 on efficiency requirements for new hot-water boilers fired with liquid or gaseous fuels ⁽⁴⁾ Timetable: during 2013
5.	Directive 2014/29/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of simple pressure vessels (recast) ⁽⁵⁾ Timetable: within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement
6.	Directive 2013/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 November 2013 on recreational craft and personal watercraft and repealing Directive 94/25/EC ⁽⁶⁾ Timetable: within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement
7.	Commission Directive 2008/43/EC of 4 April 2008 setting up, pursuant to Council Directive 93/15/EEC, a system for the identification and traceability of explosives for civil uses ⁽⁷⁾ Timetable: within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement
8.	Directive 2014/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to equipment and protective systems intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres (recast) ⁽⁸⁾ Timetable: within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement

▼ M5

9.	<p>Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC ⁽⁹⁾</p> <p>Timetable: within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement</p>
10.	<p>Directive 2014/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility (recast) ⁽¹⁰⁾</p> <p>Timetable: within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement</p>
11.	<p>Directive 2014/35/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of electrical equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits (recast) ⁽¹¹⁾</p> <p>Timetable: within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement</p>
12.	<p>Regulation (EU) 2017/745 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 April 2017 on medical devices, amending Directive 2001/83/EC, Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 and Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 and repealing Council Directives 90/385/EEC and 93/42/EEC ⁽¹²⁾</p> <p>Timetable: within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement</p>
13.	<p>Regulation (EU) 2017/746 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 April 2017 on in vitro diagnostic medical devices and repealing Directive 98/79/EC and Commission Decision 2010/227/EU ⁽¹³⁾</p> <p>Timetable: within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement</p>
14.	<p>Regulation (EU) 2016/426 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on appliances burning gaseous fuels and repealing Directive 2009/142/EC ⁽¹⁴⁾</p> <p>Timetable: within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement</p>
15.	<p>Regulation (EU) 2016/425 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on personal protective equipment and repealing Council Directive 89/686/EEC ⁽¹⁵⁾</p> <p>Timetable: within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement</p>
16.	<p>Directive 2006/42/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 on machinery, and amending Directive 95/16/EC (recast) ⁽¹⁶⁾</p> <p>Timetable: within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement</p>
17.	<p>Directive 2009/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2009 on the safety of toys ⁽¹⁷⁾</p> <p>Timetable: within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement</p>

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18.	Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2011 laying down harmonized conditions for the marketing of construction products and repealing Council Directive 89/106/EEC ⁽¹⁸⁾ Timetable: within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement
19.	Directive 2014/31/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of non-automatic weighing instruments (recast) ⁽¹⁹⁾ Timetable: within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement
20.	Directive 2014/32/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of measuring instruments (recast) ⁽²⁰⁾ Timetable: within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 81, 31.3.2016, p. 1.⁽²⁾ OJ L 96, 29.3.2014, p. 251.⁽³⁾ OJ L 189, 27.6.2014, p. 164.⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 167, 22.6.1992, p. 17.⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 96, 29.3.2014, p. 45.⁽⁶⁾ OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p. 90.⁽⁷⁾ OJ L 94, 5.4.2008, p. 8.⁽⁸⁾ OJ L 96, 29.3.2014, p. 309.⁽⁹⁾ OJ L 153, 22.5.2014, p. 62.⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ L 96, 29.3.2014, p. 79.⁽¹¹⁾ OJ L 96, 29.3.2014, p. 357.⁽¹²⁾ OJ L 117, 5.5.2017, p. 1.⁽¹³⁾ OJ L 117, 5.5.2017, p. 176.⁽¹⁴⁾ OJ L 81, 31.3.2016, p. 99.⁽¹⁵⁾ OJ L 81, 31.3.2016, p. 51.⁽¹⁶⁾ OJ L 157, 9.6.2006, p. 24.⁽¹⁷⁾ OJ L 170, 30.6.2009, p. 1.⁽¹⁸⁾ OJ L 88, 4.4.2011, p. 5.⁽¹⁹⁾ OJ L 96, 29.3.2014, p. 107.⁽²⁰⁾ OJ L 96, 29.3.2014, p. 149.

*ANNEX III-B***INDICATIVE LIST OF HORIZONTAL LEGISLATION**

The below list outlines the horizontal ‘principles and practice laid down in relevant Union *acquis*’ referred to in Article 47(1) of this Agreement. It aims to serve as a non-exhaustive guidance for Georgia for the purpose of approximation of horizontal measures of the Union.

1. Decision 768/2008/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 on a common framework for the marketing of products
2. Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products
3. Directive 2001/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 December 2001 on general product safety
4. Council Directive 80/181/EEC of 20 December 1979 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to units of measurement, as amended by Directive 2009/3/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council
5. Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council on European standardisation of 25 October 2012
6. Council Directive 85/374/EEC of 25 July 1985 on the approximation of the laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States concerning liability for defective products

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ANNEX IV

COVERAGE



ANNEX IV-A

SPS MEASURES

PART 1

Measures applicable to main live animal categories

- I. *Equidae* (including zebras) or asinine species or the offspring of crossing of those species
- II. Bovine animals (including *Bubalus bubalis* and *Bison*)
- III. Ovine and caprine animals
- IV. Porcine animals
- V. Poultry (including fowl, turkeys, guinea fowl, ducks, geese)
- VI. Live fish
- VII. Crustaceans
- VIII. Molluscs
- IX. Eggs and gametes of live fish
- X. Hatching eggs
- XI. Semen, ova, embryos
- XII. Other mammals
- XIII. Other birds
- XIV. Reptiles
- XV. Amphibians
- XVI. Other vertebrates
- XVII. Bees

PART 2

Measures applicable to animal products

- I. Main product categories of animal products for human consumption
 1. Fresh meat of domestic ungulates, poultry and lagomorphs, farm and wild game, including offal
 2. Minced meat, meat preparations, mechanically separated meat (MSM), meat products
 3. Live bivalve molluscs
 4. Fishery products
 5. Raw milk, colostrum, dairy products and colostrum-based products
 6. Eggs and eggs products
 7. Frogs' legs and snails
 8. Rendered animal fats and greaves
 9. Treated stomachs, bladders and intestines
 10. Gelatine, raw material for the production of gelatine for human consumption
 11. Collagen
 12. Honey and apicultural products

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II. Main product categories of animal by-products

In slaughterhouses	Animal by-products to be fed to fur animals
	Animal by-products for the manufacture of pet food
	Blood and blood products from equidae to be used outside the feed chain
	Fresh or chilled hides and skins of ungulates
	Animal by-products for the manufacture of derived products for uses outside the feed chain
In dairy plants	Milk, milk-based products and milk-derived products
	Colostrum and colostrum products
In other facilities for the collection or handling of animal by-products (i.e. unprocessed/ untreated materials)	Blood and blood products from equidae to be used outside the feed chain
	Untreated blood products, excluding of equidae, for derived products for purposes outside the feed chain for farmed animals
	Treated blood products, excluding of equidae, for the manufacture of derived products for purposes outside the feed chain for farmed animals
	Fresh or chilled hides and skins of ungulates
	Pig bristles from third countries or regions thereof that are free from African swine fever
	Bones and bone products (excluding bone meal), horns and horn products (excluding horn meal) and hooves and hoof products (excluding hoof meal) for uses other than as feed material, organic fertiliser or soil improvers
	Horns and horn products, excluding horn meal, and hooves and hoof products, excluding hoof meal, for the production of organic fertilisers or soil improvers
	Gelatine not intended for human consumption to be used by the photographic industry
	Wool and hair
Treated feathers, parts of feathers and down	
In processing plants	Processed animal protein, including mixtures and products other than pet food containing such protein
	Blood products that could be used as feed material
	Treated hides and skins of ungulates
	Treated hides and skins of ruminants and of equidae (21 days)
	Pig bristles from third countries or regions thereof that are not free of African swine fever

▼B

	Fish oil to be used as feed material or for purposes outside the feed chain
	Rendered fats to be used as feed materials
	Rendered fats for certain purposes outside the feed chain for farmed animals
	Gelatine or collagen to be used as feed material or for purposes outside the feed chain
	Hydrolysed protein, dicalcium phosphate or tricalcium phosphate to be used as feed material or for purposes outside the feed chain
	Apiculture by-products intended exclusively for use in apiculture
	Fat derivatives to be used outside the feed chain
	Fat derivatives to be used as feed or outside the feed chain
	Egg products that could be used as feed material
In pet food plants (including plants manufacturing dog chews and flavouring innards)	Canned pet food
	Processed pet food other than canned pet food
	Dog chews
	Raw pet food for direct sale
	Flavouring innards for use in the manufacture of pet food
In game trophies plants	Treated game trophies and other preparations of birds and ungulates, being solely bones, horns, hooves, claws, antlers, teeth, hides or skins
	Game trophies or other preparations of birds and ungulates consisting of entire parts not having been treated
In plants or establishments manufacturing intermediate products	Intermediate products
Fertiliser and soil improvers	Processed animal protein including mixtures and products other than pet food containing such protein
	Processed manure, derived products from processed manure and guano from bats
In storage of derived products	All derived products

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III. Pathogenic agents

PART 3

Plants, plant products and other objects

Plants, plant products and other objects ⁽¹⁾ which are potential carriers of pests that, by their nature or that of their processing, may create a risk for the introduction and spread of pests.

PART 4

Measures applicable to food and feed additives

Food:

1. food additives (all food additives and colours);
2. processing aids;
3. food flavourings;
4. food enzymes;

Feed ⁽²⁾:

5. feed additives;
6. feed materials;
7. compound feed and pet food except if covered by Part 2(II);
8. undesirable substances in feed.

⁽¹⁾ Packaging, conveyances, containers, soil and growing mediums and any other organisms, object or material capable of harbouring or spreading pests.

⁽²⁾ Only animal by-products originated from animals or parts of animals, declared as fit for human consumption may enter into the feed chain of farmed animals.

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ANNEX IV-B

ANIMAL WELFARE STANDARDS

Animal welfare standards concerning:

1. stunning and slaughter of animals;
2. transport of animals and related operations;
3. farming animals.

▼B

ANNEX IV-C

OTHER MEASURES COVERED BY CHAPTER 4 OF TITLE IV

1. Chemicals originating from the migration of substances from packaging materials
2. Composite products
3. Genetically Modified Organisms (GMOs)
4. Growth promoting hormones, thyreostatics, certain hormones and B-agonists

Georgia shall approximate its GMO legislation to that of the Union included into the approximation list as laid down in Article 55(4) of this Agreement.

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ANNEX IV-D

**MEASURES TO BE INCLUDED AFTER THE APPROXIMATION OF
THE UNION LEGISLATION**

1. Chemicals for decontamination of food
2. Clones
3. Irradiation (ionization)

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ANNEX V

**LIST OF NOTIFIABLE ANIMAL AND AQUACULTURE DISEASES
AND REGULATED PESTS FOR WHICH REGIONAL FREEDOM CAN
BE RECOGNISED**

*ANNEX V-A***ANIMAL AND FISH DISEASES SUBJECT TO NOTIFICATION, FOR WHICH THE STATUS OF THE PARTIES IS RECOGNISED AND FOR WHICH REGIONALISATION DECISIONS MAY BE TAKEN**

1. Foot-and-mouth disease
2. Swine vesicular disease
3. Vesicular stomatitis
4. African horse sickness
5. African swine fever
6. Bluetongue
7. Pathogenic Avian influenza
8. Newcastle disease (NCD)
9. Rinderpest
10. Classical swine fever
11. Contagious bovine pleuro-pneumonia
12. Ovine rinderpest (peste des petits ruminants)
13. Sheep and goat pox
14. Rift Valley fever
15. Lumpy skin disease
16. Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis
17. Glanders
18. Dourine
19. Enterovirus encephalomyelitis
20. Infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN)
21. Viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS)
22. Infectious Salmon Anaemia (ISA)
23. Bonamia ostreae
24. Marteilia refringens

*ANNEX V-B***RECOGNITION OF THE PEST STATUS, PEST FREE AREAS OR PROTECTED ZONES****A. Recognition of pest status**

Each Party shall establish and communicate a list of regulated pests based on the following principles:

1. pests not known to occur within any part of its own territory;
2. pests known to occur within any part of its own territory and under official control;
3. pests known to occur within any part of its own territory, under official control and for which pest free areas or protected zones are established.

Any change to the list of pest status shall be immediately notified to the other Party unless otherwise notified to the relevant international organisation.

B. Recognition of pest free areas and protected zones

The Parties recognise the protected zones and the concept of pest free areas and its application in respect of relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures (ISPMs).



ANNEX VI

REGIONALISATION/ZONING, PEST-FREE AREAS AND PROTECTED ZONES

A. Animal and aquaculture diseases

1. Animal diseases

The basis for recognition of the animal disease status of the territory or of a region of a Party shall be the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE).

The basis for regionalisation decisions for an animal disease shall be the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the OIE.

2. Aquaculture diseases

The basis for regionalisation decisions for aquaculture diseases shall be the Aquatic Animal Health Code of the OIE.

B. Pests

The criteria for the establishment of pest free areas or protected zones for certain pests shall comply with the provisions of either:

- the FAO International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 4 on Requirements for the establishment of pest free areas and the definitions of the relevant ISPMs, or
- Article 2(1)(h) of Council Directive 2000/29/EC of 8 May 2000 on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

C. Criteria for the recognition of the special status for animal diseases of the territory or a region of a Party

1. Where the importing Party considers that its territory or part of its territory is free from an animal disease other than a disease listed in Annex V-A to this Agreement, it shall present to the exporting Party appropriate supporting documentation, setting out in particular the following criteria:
 - the nature of the disease and the history of its occurrence in its territory;
 - the results of surveillance testing based on serological, microbiological, pathological or epidemiological investigation and on the fact that the disease must by law be notified to the competent authorities;
 - the period over which the surveillance was carried out;
 - where applicable, the period during which vaccination against the disease has been prohibited and the geographical area concerned by the prohibition;
 - the arrangements for verifying the absence of the disease.
2. The additional guarantees, general or specific, which may be required by the importing Party, must not exceed those, which the importing Party implements nationally.
3. The Parties shall notify each other of any change in the criteria specified in paragraph 1 of point C of this Annex which relate to the disease. The additional guarantees defined in accordance with paragraph 2 of point C of this Annex may, in light of such notification, be amended or withdrawn by the SPS Sub-Committee.

*ANNEX VII***PROVISIONAL APPROVAL OF ESTABLISHMENTS**

Conditions and provisions for provisional approval of establishments

1. Provisional approval of establishments means that for the purpose of import the importing Party approves provisionally the establishments in the exporting Party on the basis of appropriate guarantees provided by that Party without prior inspection by the importing Party of the individual establishments in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 4 of this Annex. The procedure and conditions set out in paragraph 4 of this Annex shall be used for modifying or completing the lists provided for in paragraph 2 of this Annex to take account of new applications and guarantees received. Only as regards the initial list of establishments verification may be part of the procedure in accordance with the provisions of point (d) of paragraph 4.

2. The provisional approval shall initially be applied to the following categories of establishments:
 - 2.1. Establishments for products of animal origin for human consumption:
 - slaughterhouses for fresh meat of domestic ungulates, poultry, lagomorphs and farm game (Annex IV-A, Part 1);

 - game handling establishments;

 - cutting plants;

 - establishments for minced meat, meat preparation, mechanically separated meat and meat products;

 - purification centres and dispatching centres for live bivalve molluscs;

 - establishments for:
 - eggs products,

 - dairy products,

 - fishery products,

 - treated stomachs, bladders and intestines,

 - gelatine and collagen,

 - fish oil,

 - factory vessels,

 - freezer vessels.

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2.2. Approved or registered establishments producing animal by-products and main categories of animal by-products not for human consumption

Type of approved or registered establishment and plants	Product
Slaughterhouses	Animal by-products to be fed to fur animals
	Animal by-products for the manufacture of pet food
	Blood and blood products from equidae to be used outside the feed chain
	Fresh or chilled hides and skins of ungulates
	Animal by-products for the manufacture of derived products for uses outside the feed chain
Dairy plants	Milk, milk-based products and milk-derived products
	Colostrum and colostrum products
Other facilities for the collection or handling of animal by-products (i.e. unprocessed/ untreated materials)	Blood and blood products from equidae to be used outside the feed chain
	Untreated blood products, excluding of equidae, for derived products for purposes outside the feed chain for farmed animals
	Treated blood products, excluding of equidae, for the manufacture of derived products for purposes outside the feed chain for farmed animals
	Fresh or chilled hides and skins of ungulates
	Pig bristles from third countries or regions thereof that are free from African swine fever
	Bones and bone products (excluding bone meal), horns and horn products (excluding horn meal) and hooves and hoof products (excluding hoof meal) for uses other than as feed material, organic fertiliser or soil improvers
	Horns and horn products, excluding horn meal, and hooves and hoof products, excluding hoof meal, for the production of organic fertilisers or soil improvers
	Gelatine not intended for human consumption to be used by the photographic industry
	Wool and hair
	Treated feathers, parts of feathers and down
Processing plants	Processed animal protein, including mixtures and products other than petfood containing such protein
	Blood products that could be used as feed material
	Treated hides and skins of ungulates

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Type of approved or registered establishment and plants	Product
	Treated hides and skins of ruminants and of equidae (21 days)
	Pig bristles from third countries or regions thereof that are not free of African swine fever
	Fish oil to be used as feed material or for purposes outside the feed chain
	Rendered fats to be used as feed materials
	Rendered fats for certain purposes outside the feed chain for farmed animals
	Gelatine or collagen to be used as feed material or for purposes outside the feed chain
	Hydrolysed protein, dicalcium phosphate or tricalcium phosphate to be used as feed material or for purposes outside the feed chain
	Apiculture by-products intended exclusively for use in apiculture
	Fat derivatives to be used outside the feed chain
	Fat derivatives to be used as feed or outside the feed chain
	Egg products that could be used as feed material
Pet food plants (including plants manufacturing dog chews and flavouring innards)	Canned pet food
	Processed pet food other than canned pet food
	Dog chews
	Raw pet food for direct sale
	Flavouring innards for use in the manufacture of pet food
Game trophies plants	Treated game trophies and other preparations of birds and ungulates, being solely bones, horns, hooves, claws, antlers, teeth, hides or skins
	Game trophies or other preparations of birds and ungulates consisting of entire parts not having been treated
Plants or establishments manufacturing intermediate products	Intermediate products
Fertiliser and soil improvers	Processed animal protein including mixtures and products other than pet food containing such protein
	Processed manure, derived products from processed manure and guano from bats
Storage of derived products	All derived products

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3. The importing Party shall draw up lists of provisionally approved establishments as referred to in paragraphs 2.1 and 2.2 and shall make these lists publicly available.
4. Conditions and procedures for provisional approval:
 - (a) if import of the animal product concerned from the exporting Party has been authorised by the importing Party and the relevant import conditions and certification requirements for the products concerned have been established;
 - (b) if the competent authority of the exporting Party has provided the importing Party with satisfactory guarantees that the establishments appearing on its list or lists meet the relevant health requirements for the products processed of the importing Party and has officially approved the establishments appearing on the lists for exportation to the importing Party;
 - (c) in the event of non-compliance with the said guarantees the competent authority of the exporting Party must have a real power to suspend the activities of exportation to the importing Party from an establishment for which that authority provided guarantees;
 - (d) verification in accordance with the provisions of Article 62 of this Agreement by the importing Party may be part of the provisional approval procedure. That verification concerns the structure and the organisation of the competent authority responsible for the approval of the establishment as well as the powers available to that competent authority and the guarantees that it can provide with regard to the implementation of the importing Party's rules. That verification may include on the spot inspection of a certain representative number of establishments appearing on the list or lists provided by the exporting Party.

Taking into account the specific structure and division of competence within the European Union, such verification in the European Union may concern individual Member States;

- (e) based on the results of the verification provided for in point (d) of this paragraph, the importing Party may amend the existing list of establishments.

*ANNEX VIII***PROCESS OF RECOGNITION OF EQUIVALENCE**

1. Principles:

- (a) equivalence can be determined for an individual measure, a group of measures or a system related to a certain commodity or a category of commodities or all of them;
- (b) the examination by the importing Party of a request for recognition of equivalence of measures pertaining to a certain commodity of the exporting Party shall not be a reason to disrupt trade or suspend ongoing imports from the exporting Party of the commodity in question;
- (c) the process of recognition of equivalence is an interactive process between the exporting Party and the importing Party. The process consists of an objective demonstration of equivalence of individual measures by the exporting Party and an objective assessment of the equivalence with a view to the possible recognition of equivalence by the importing Party;
- (d) the final recognition of equivalence of the relevant measures of the exporting Party rests solely with the importing Party.

2. Preconditions:

- (a) the process depends on the health or pest status, the law and the effectiveness of the inspection and control system related to the commodity in the exporting Party. To this end the law in the sector concerned shall be taken into account, as well as the structure of the competent authority of the exporting Party, the command chain, the authority, the operational procedures and resources, and the effectiveness of the competent authorities as regards inspection and control systems, including the level of enforcement related to the commodity and the regularity and the rapidity of information flow to the importing Party in case of identified hazards. This recognition may be supported by documentation, verification and document, reports and information related to past experiences, assessments and verifications earlier documented;
- (b) the Parties shall initiate the process of recognition of equivalence pursuant to Article 57 of this Agreement after the successful completion of the approximation of a measure, a group of measures or a system included in the approximation list set out in Article 55(4) of this Agreement;
- (c) the exporting Party shall initiate the process only when no safeguard measures imposed by the importing Party apply to the exporting Party as regards the commodity.

3. The process:

- (a) the exporting Party initiates the process by submitting to the importing Party a request for recognition of equivalence of an individual measure or a group of measures or a system for a commodity or a category of commodities in a sector or sub-sector or all of them;
- (b) when appropriate, this request includes also the request and the required documentation for approval by the importing Party on the basis of equivalence of any programme or plan of the exporting Party required by the importing Party and/or the status of approximation as laid down in Annex XI of this Agreement regarding the measures or systems described in point (a) of this paragraph as a condition for allowing import of that commodity or a categories of commodities;
- (c) with this request, the exporting Party:

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- (i) explains the importance for trade of that commodity or categories of commodities;
 - (ii) identifies the individual measure(s) with which it can comply from all the measures expressed in the import conditions of the importing Party applicable to that commodity or category of commodities;
 - (iii) identifies the individual measure(s) for which it seeks equivalence out of the total of the measures expressed in the import conditions of the importing Party, applicable to that commodity or categories of commodities;
- (d) in reply to this request the importing Party explains the overall and individual objective and the rationale behind its measure(s), including the identification of the risk;
- (e) with this explanation, the importing Party informs the exporting Party on the relationship of its domestic measures and the import conditions for that commodity or categories of commodities;
- (f) the exporting Party objectively demonstrates to the importing Party that the measures that it has identified are equivalent to the import conditions for that commodity or category of commodities;
- (g) the importing Party objectively assesses the demonstration of equivalence by the exporting Party;
- (h) the importing Party concludes whether equivalence is achieved or not;
- (i) the importing Party provides to the exporting Party full explanation and supporting data for its determination and decision if so required by the exporting Party.
4. Demonstration of equivalence of measures by the exporting party and assessment of this demonstration by the importing Party:
- (a) the exporting Party shall objectively demonstrate equivalence for each of the identified measures of the importing Party expressed in its import conditions. When appropriate, equivalence shall objectively be demonstrated for any plan or program required by the importing Party as a condition to allow import (e.g. residue plan, etc.);
 - (b) objective demonstration and assessment in this context should be based, as far as possible, on:
 - (i) internationally recognised standards; and/or
 - (ii) standards based on proper scientific evidence; and/or
 - (iii) risk assessment; and/or
 - (iv) documents, reports and information related to past experiences, assessments and/or
 - (v) verifications; and
 - (vi) legal status or level of administrative status of the measures; and
 - (vii) level of implementation and enforcement on the basis of, in particular:
 - corresponding and relevant results of surveillance and monitoring programmes;

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- inspection results of the exporting Party;
- results of analysis with recognised analysis methods;
- verification and import check results by the importing Party;
- the performance of the competent authorities of the exporting Party; and
- earlier experiences.

5. Conclusion of the importing Party

The process may include an inspection or verification;

In case the importing Party arrives at a negative conclusion, it shall provide the exporting Party with a detailed and reasoned explanation.

6. For plants and plant products, equivalence concerning phytosanitary measures, shall be based on the conditions referred to in Article 57(6) of this Agreement.



ANNEX IX

IMPORT CHECKS AND INSPECTION FEES

A. Principles of import checks

Import checks consist of documentary checks, identity checks and physical checks.

As regards animals and animal products, the physical checks and their frequency shall be based on the level of the risk associated with such imports.

In carrying out the checks for plant health purposes, the importing Party shall ensure that the plants, plant products and other objects shall be meticulously inspected on an official basis, either in their entirety or by inspecting a representative sample, in order to make sure, that they are not contaminated by pests.

In the event that the checks reveal non-conformity with the relevant standards and/or requirements, the importing Party shall take measures proportionate to the risk involved. Wherever possible, the importer or his representative shall be given access to the consignment and the opportunity to provide any relevant information to assist the importing Party in taking a final decision concerning the consignment. Such decision shall be proportional to the level of the risk associated with such imports.

B. Frequencies of physical checks

B.1. Import of animals and animal products from Georgia to the European Union and from the European Union to Georgia

Type of frontier check	Frequency rate
1. Documentary checks	100 %
2. Identity checks	100 %
3. Physical checks	
Live animals 100 %	100 %
Category I products Fresh meat including offal, and products of the bovine, ovine, caprine, porcine and equine species defined in Council Directive 64/433/EEC of 26 June 1964 on health conditions for the production and marketing of fresh meat, as amended Fish products in hermetically sealed containers intended to render them stable at ambient temperatures, fresh and frozen fish and dry and/or salted fisheries products Whole eggs Lard and rendered fats Animal casings Hatching eggs	20 %



Type of frontier check	Frequency rate
<p>Category II products</p> <p>Poultry meat and poultry meat products</p> <p>Rabbit meat, game meat (wild/farmed) and products thereof</p> <p>Milk and milk products for human consumption</p> <p>Egg products</p> <p>Processed animal protein for human consumption (100 % for the first six ► CI bulked consignments, Council Directive 92/118/EEC of 17 December 1992 laying down animal health and public health requirements governing trade in and imports into the Community of products not subject to the said requirements laid down in specific Community rules referred to in Annex A (I) to Council Directive 89/662/EEC and, as regards pathogens, to Council Directive 90/425/EEC, as amended). ◀</p> <p>Other fish products than those mentioned under the Commission Decision 2006/766/EC of 6 November 2006 establishing the lists of third countries and territories from which imports of bivalve molluscs, echinoderms, tunicates, marine gastropods and fishery products are permitted (notified under document number C(2006) 5171), as amended.</p> <p>Bivalve molluscs</p> <p>Honey</p>	<p>50 %</p>
<p>Category III products</p> <p>Semen</p> <p>Embryos</p> <p>Manure</p> <p>Milk and milk products (not for human consumption)</p> <p>Gelatine</p> <p>Frog's legs and snails</p> <p>Bones and bone products</p> <p>Hides and skins</p> <p>Bristles, wool, hair and feathers</p> <p>Horns, horn products, hooves and hoof products</p> <p>Apiculture products</p> <p>Game trophies</p> <p>Processed pet food</p> <p>Raw material for the manufacture of pet food</p> <p>Raw material, blood, blood products, glands and organs for pharmaceutical or technical use</p> <p>Hay and straw</p> <p>Pathogens</p> <p>Processed animal protein (packaged)</p>	<p>Minimum of 1 %</p> <p>Maximum of 10 %</p>
<p>Processed animal protein not for human consumption (bulked)</p>	<p>100 % for the first six consignments (points 10 and 11 of Chapter II of Annex VII to Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 October 2002 laying down health rules concerning animal by-products not intended for human consumption, as amended.</p>

▼B**B.2. Import of non-animal food from Georgia to the European Union and from the European Union to Georgia**

— Chilli (<i>Capsicum annum</i>), crushed or ground — ex 0904 20 90	10 % for Sudan dyes
— Chilli products (curry) — 0910 91 05	
— <i>Curcuma longa</i> (turmeric) — 0910 30 00	
(Food — dried spices)	
— Red palm oil — ex 1511 10 90	

B.3. Import to the European Union or to Georgia of plants, plant products and other objects

For plants, plant products and other objects listed in Part B of Annex V to Directive 2000/29/EC:

The importing Party carries out checks in order to verify the phytosanitary status of the consignment(s).

The Parties shall assess the necessity of plant health import checks in bilateral trade for commodities referred to in the above Annex as originating in non-EU countries.

A reduced frequency of plant health import checks could be set up for regulated commodities with the exception of plants, plant product and other objects defined in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No 1756/2004 of 11 October 2004 specifying the detailed conditions for the evidence required and the criteria for the type and level of the reduction of the plant health checks of certain plants, plant products or other objects listed in Part B of Annex V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC.

*ANNEX X***CERTIFICATION****A. Principles of certification**

Plants and plant products and other objects:

In respect of certification of plants and plant products and other objects, the competent authorities shall apply the principles laid down in the relevant ISPMs.

Animals and animal products:

1. The competent authorities of the Parties shall ensure that certifying officers have a satisfactory knowledge of the veterinary law as regards the animals or animal products to be certified and, in general, are informed about the rules to be followed for drawing up and issuing of the certificates and, if necessary, as to the nature and extent of the enquiries, tests or examinations which should be carried out before certification.
2. Certifying officers must not certify data of which they have no personal knowledge or which cannot be ascertained by them.
3. Certifying officers must not sign blank or incomplete certificates, or certificates relating to animals or animal products, which they have not inspected or which have passed out of their control. Where a certificate is signed on the basis of another certificate or attestation, the certifying officer shall be in possession of the latter document before signing.
4. A certifying officer may certify data which have been:
 - (a) ascertained on the basis of paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this Annex by another person authorised by the competent authority and acting under the control of the latter authority, provided that the certifying officer can verify the accuracy of the data; or
 - (b) obtained, within the context of monitoring programmes, by reference to officially recognised quality assurance schemes or by means of an epidemiological surveillance system where this is authorised under the relevant veterinary law.
5. The competent authorities of the Parties shall take all necessary steps to ensure the integrity of certification. In particular they shall ensure that certifying officers designated by them:
 - (a) have a status which ensures their impartiality and have no direct commercial interest in the animals or products being certified or in the holdings or establishments in which they originate; and
 - (b) are fully aware of the significance of the contents of each certificate which they sign.
6. Certificates shall be drawn up in order to ensure that a specific certificate refers to a specific consignment in a language understood by the certifying officer and in at least one of the official languages of the importing Party as set out in Part C of this Annex.

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7. Each competent authority shall be in a position to link a certificate with the relevant certifying officer and ensure that a copy of all certificates issued is available for a period to be determined by that competent authority.
8. Each Party shall introduce the checks and the controls necessary to prevent the issuing of false or misleading certifications and the fraudulent use of certificates purported to be issued for the purposes set out in the veterinary law.
9. Without prejudice to any judicial proceedings or penalties, the competent authorities shall carry out investigations or checks and take appropriate measures to penalise any instances of false or misleading certification, which are brought to their attention. Such measures may include the temporary suspension of the certifying officers from their duties until the investigation is over. In particular:
 - (a) if in the course of the checks it is found that a certifying officer has knowingly issued a fraudulent certificate, the competent authority shall take all necessary steps to ensure, as far as is possible, that the person concerned cannot repeat the offence;
 - (b) if in the course of the checks it is found that an individual or an undertaking has made fraudulent use of or has altered an official certificate, the competent authority shall take all necessary measures to ensure, as far as possible, that the individual or the undertaking cannot repeat the offence. Such measures may include a refusal to issue an official certificate to the person or the undertaking concerned.

B. Certificate referred to in Article 60(2)(a) of this Agreement

The health attestation in the certificate reflects the status of equivalence of the commodity concerned. The health attestation states compliance with the production standards of the exporting Party recognised as equivalent by the importing Party.

C. Official languages for certification**1. Import into the European Union**

For plants, plant products and other objects:

The certificates shall be drawn up in a language understood by the certifying officer and in at least one of the official languages of the importing Party.

For animals and animal products:

The health certificate must be drawn up in at least one of the official languages of the EU Member State of destination and in one of those of the EU Member State in which the import checks provided for in Article 63 of this Agreement are carried out. However, an EU Member State may consent to the use of an official Union language other than its own.

2. Import into Georgia

The health certificate must be drawn up in Georgian, and in at least one of the official languages of the certifying EU Member State.

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ANNEX XI

APPROXIMATION



ANNEX XI-A

PRINCIPLES FOR THE EVALUATION OF PROGRESS IN THE APPROXIMATION PROCESS FOR THE PURPOSE OF RECOGNITION OF EQUIVALENCE

PART I

Gradual approximation

1. General rules

The sanitary, phytosanitary and animal welfare law of Georgia shall be gradually approximated to that of the Union, based on the approximation list of the EU sanitary, phytosanitary and animal welfare law. That list shall be divided into priority areas that relate to measures, as defined in Annex IV to this Agreement. For this reason Georgia shall identify its trade priority areas.

Georgia shall approximate domestic rules to the EU acquis by either:

- (a) implementing and enforcing through the adoption of additional domestic rules or procedures the rules in relevant EU acquis, or
- (b) by amending relevant domestic rules or procedures to incorporate the rules in relevant EU acquis.

In either case, Georgia shall:

- (a) eliminate any laws, regulations or any other measures inconsistent with the approximated domestic legislation;
- (b) ensure the effective implementation of approximated domestic legislation.

Georgia shall document such approximation in tables of correspondence according to a model indicating the date on which domestic rules enter into force and the official journal in which the rules were published. The model of the tables of correspondence for the preparation and evaluation is provided in Part II of this Annex. If the approximation is not complete, reviewers⁽¹⁾ shall describe the shortcomings in the column provided for comments.

Irrespective of the priority area identified, Georgia shall prepare specific tables of correspondence demonstrating the approximation for other general and specific legislation, including, in particular, the general rules related to:

- (a) control systems:
 - domestic market,
 - imports;
- (b) animal health and welfare:
 - the identification and the registration of animals and the registration of their movements,
 - the control measures for animal diseases,
 - domestic trade with live animals, semen, ova and embryos,

⁽¹⁾ Reviewers shall be experts appointed by the European Commission.

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- animal welfare on farms, during transport and slaughter;
- (c) food safety:
- placing on the market of food and feed,
 - labelling, presentation and advertising of food including nutritional and health claims,
 - residues controls,
 - specific rules for feed;
- (d) animal by-products;
- (e) plant health:
- harmful organisms,
 - plant protection products;
- (f) genetically modified organisms:
- released into the environment,
 - genetically modified food and feed.

PART II**Evaluation****1. Procedure and method**

Georgia's sanitary, phytosanitary and animal welfare law covered by Chapter 4 (Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement shall be gradually approximated to that of the Union and shall be effectively enforced ⁽¹⁾.

Tables of correspondence shall be prepared according to the model as laid down in point (2) of this Annex for each single approximated act and submitted in English for review by the reviewers.

If the result of the evaluation is positive for an individual measure, a group of measures, a system applicable to a sector, sub-sector, a commodity or a group of commodities, the conditions of Article 57(4) of this Agreement shall apply.

2. Tables of correspondence**2.1. When preparing tables of correspondence, the following shall be taken into consideration:**

The EU acts shall serve as a basis for preparation of a table of correspondence. To this end the version in force at the time of approximation shall be used. Particular attention shall be paid to precise translation into the national language, as linguistic imprecisions may lead to misinterpretation, in particular if they concern the scope of the law ⁽²⁾.

⁽¹⁾ For this occasion, it may be supported by the EU Member States' experts separately or in the margin of the CIB programs (twinning projects, TAIEX etc.).

⁽²⁾ To facilitate the approximation process, consolidated versions of certain pieces of Union legislation are available at the EUR-LEX web page under: http://eur-lex.europa.eu/RECH_menu.do?ihmlang=en

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2.2. Model of table of correspondence:

Table of correspondence

BETWEEN

Title of the EU act, latest amendments incorporated:

AND

Title of the national act

(Published in)

Date of publication:

Date of implementation:

EU Act	National legislation	Remarks (from Georgia)	Reviewer's comments

Legend:

EU act: its articles, paragraphs, sub-paragraphs etc. shall be mentioned with full title and reference⁽¹⁾ in the left column of the table of correspondence.

National legislation: the provisions of the national legislation corresponding to the Union provisions of the left column shall be mentioned with their full title and reference. Their content shall be described in the second column in detail.

Remarks from Georgia: in this column Georgia shall indicate the reference or other provisions associated with this article, paragraphs, sub-paragraphs etc. especially when the text of the provision is not approximated. The relevant reason for absence of approximation shall be explained.

Reviewer's comments: in case reviewers consider that approximation is not achieved, they shall justify this evaluation and describe relevant shortcomings in this column.

⁽¹⁾ For example, as indicated on the EUR-LEX web page:
http://eur-lex.europa.eu/RECH_menu.do?ihmlang=en

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ANNEX XI-B

**LIST OF THE UNION LEGISLATION TO BE APPROXIMATED BY
GEORGIA**

In accordance with Article 55(4) of this Agreement, Georgia shall approximate its legislation to the following Union legislation within the timeframes as listed below.

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Section 1 — Veterinary	
Council Regulation (EC) No 21/2004 of 17 December 2003 establishing a system for the identification and registration of ovine and caprine animals and amending Regulation (EC) No 1782/2003 and Directives 92/102/EEC and 64/432/EEC	2015
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1505/2006 of 11 October 2006 implementing Council Regulation (EC) No 21/2004 as regards the minimum level of checks to be carried out in relation to the identification and registration of ovine and caprine animals	2015
Council Directive 2003/85/EC of 29 September 2003 on Community measures for the control of foot-and-mouth disease repealing Directive 85/511/EEC and Decisions 89/531/EEC and 91/665/EEC and amending Directive 92/46/EEC	2015
Regulation (EC) No 1760/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 July 2000 establishing a system for the identification and registration of bovine animals and regarding the labelling of beef and beef products and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 820/97	2015
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1082/2003 of 23 June 2003 laying down detailed rules for the implementation of Regulation (EC) No 1760/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the minimum level of controls to be carried out in the framework of the system for the identification and registration of bovine animals	2015
Commission Regulation (EC) No 911/2004 of 29 April 2004 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1760/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards ear tags, passports and holding registers	2015
Commission Regulation (EC) No 494/98 of 27 February 1998 laying down detailed rules for the implementation of Council Regulation (EC) No 820/97 as regards the application of minimum administrative sanctions in the framework of the system for the identification and registration of bovine animals	2015
Council Directive 2002/60/EC of 27 June 2002 laying down specific provisions for the control of African swine fever and amending Directive 92/119/EEC as regards Teschen disease and African swine fever	2015
Council Directive 92/66/EEC of 14 July 1992 introducing Community measures for the control of Newcastle disease	2015
Council Directive 2001/89/EC of 23 October 2001 on Community measures for the control of classical swine fever	2015
Council Directive 2008/71/EC of 15 July 2008 on the identification and registration of pigs	2016
Council Directive 2005/94/EC of 20 December 2005 on Community measures for the control of avian influenza and repealing Directive 92/40/EEC	2016
Commission Regulation (EC) No 616/2009 of 13 July 2009 implementing Council Directive 2005/94/EC as regards the approval of poultry compartments and other captive birds compartments with respect to avian influenza and additional preventive biosecurity measures in such compartments	2016

▼ M2

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Decision 2010/367/EU of 25 June 2010 on the implementation by Member States of surveillance programmes for avian influenza in poultry and wild birds	2016
Commission Decision 2002/106/EC of 1 February 2002 approving a Diagnostic Manual establishing diagnostic procedures, sampling methods and criteria for evaluation of the laboratory tests for the confirmation of classical swine fever	2016
Commission Decision 2003/422/EC of 26 May 2003 approving an African swine fever diagnostic manual	2016
Commission Decision 2006/437/EC of 4 August 2006 approving a Diagnostic Manual for avian influenza as provided for in Council Directive 2005/94/EC	2016
Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2001 laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies	2016
Commission Decision 2001/183/EC of 22 February 2001 laying down the sampling plans and diagnostic methods for the detection and confirmation of certain fish diseases and repealing Decision 92/532/EEC	2016
Council Directive 2006/88/EC of 24 October 2006 on animal health requirements for aquaculture animals and products thereof, and on the prevention and control of certain diseases in aquatic animals	2017
Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 laying down health rules as regards animal by-products and derived products not intended for human consumption and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002	2017
Commission Regulation (EU) No 142/2011 of 25 February 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down health rules as regards animal by-products and derived products not intended for human consumption and implementing Council Directive 97/78/EC as regards certain samples and items exempt from veterinary checks at the border under that Directive	2017
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1251/2008 of 12 December 2008 implementing Council Directive 2006/88/EC as regards conditions and certification requirements for the placing on the market and the import into the Community of aquaculture animals and products thereof and laying down a list of vector species	2017
Council Directive 92/118/EEC of 17 December 1992 laying down animal health and public health requirements governing trade in and imports into the Community of products not subject to the said requirements laid down in specific Community rules referred to in Annex A (I) to Directive 89/662/EEC and, as regards pathogens, to Directive 90/425/EEC	2017
Directive 2003/99/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 November 2003 on the monitoring of zoonoses and zoonotic agents, amending Council Decision 90/424/EEC and repealing Council Directive 92/117/EEC	2017
Council Directive 64/432/EEC of 26 June 1964 on animal health problems affecting intra-Community trade in bovine animals and swine	2017
Regulation (EC) No 998/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 May 2003 on the animal health requirements applicable to the non-commercial movement of pet animals and amending Council Directive 92/65/EEC	2018

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Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1266/2007 of 26 October 2007 on implementing rules for Council Directive 2000/75/EC as regards the control, monitoring, surveillance and restrictions on movements of certain animals of susceptible species in relation to blue-tongue	2018
Council Directive 2000/75/EC of 20 November 2000 laying down specific provisions for the control and eradication of bluetongue	2018
Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1152/2011 of 14 July 2011 supplementing Regulation (EC) No 998/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards preventive health measures for the control of <i>Echinococcus multilocularis</i> infection in dogs	2018
Council Directive 2002/99/EC of 16 December 2002 laying down the animal health rules governing the production, processing, distribution and introduction of products of animal origin for human consumption	2018
Directive 2001/82/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 November 2001 on the Community code relating to veterinary medicinal products	2018
Directive 2004/28/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 amending Directive 2001/82/EC on the Community code relating to veterinary medicinal products	2018
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1662/95 of 7 July 1995 laying down certain detailed arrangements for implementing the Community decision-making procedures in respect of marketing authorizations for products for human or veterinary use	2018
Regulation (EC) No 470/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 May 2009 laying down Community procedures for the establishment of residue limits of pharmacologically active substances in foodstuffs of animal origin, repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 and amending Directive 2001/82/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 726/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council	2018
Council Directive 2004/68/EC of 26 April 2004 laying down animal health rules for the importation into and transit through the Community of certain live ungulate animals, amending Directives 90/426/EEC and 92/65/EEC and repealing Directive 72/462/EEC	2019
Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 November 2003 on the control of salmonella and other specified food-borne zoonotic agents	2019
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1177/2006 of 1 August 2006 implementing Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards requirements for the use of specific control methods in the framework of the national programmes for the control of salmonella in poultry	2019
Commission Decision 2007/843/EC of 11 December 2007 concerning approval of <i>Salmonella</i> control programmes in breeding flocks of <i>Gallus gallus</i> in certain third countries in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Decision 2006/696/EC, as regards certain public health requirements at import of poultry and hatching eggs	2019
Commission Directive 2006/130/EC of 11 December 2006 implementing Directive 2001/82/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the establishment of criteria for exempting certain veterinary medicinal products for food-producing animals from the requirement of a veterinary prescription	2019
Regulation (EC) No 183/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 January 2005 laying down requirements for feed hygiene	2019

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Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Regulation (EC) No 141/2007 of 14 February 2007 concerning a requirement for approval in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 183/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council for feed business establishments manufacturing or placing on the market feed additives of the category 'coccidiostats and histomonostats'	2019
Council Directive 92/119/EEC of 17 December 1992 introducing general Community measures for the control of certain animal diseases and specific measures relating to swine vesicular disease	2020
Commission Decision 2000/428/EC of 4 July 2000 establishing diagnostic procedures, sampling methods and criteria for the evaluation of the results of laboratory tests for the confirmation and differential diagnosis of swine vesicular disease	2020
Commission Directive 2008/38/EC of 5 March 2008 establishing a list of intended uses of animal feedingstuffs for particular nutritional purposes	2020
Commission Directive 82/475/EEC of 23 June 1982 laying down the categories of feed materials which may be used for the purposes of labelling compound feedingstuffs for pet animals	2020
Regulation (EC) No 767/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on the placing on the market and use of feed, amending European Parliament and Council Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 and repealing Council Directive 79/373/EEC, Commission Directive 80/511/EEC, Council Directives 82/471/EEC, 83/228/EEC, 93/74/EEC, 93/113/EC and 96/25/EC and Commission Decision 2004/217/EC	2020
Commission Recommendation 2011/25/EU of 14 January 2011 establishing guidelines for the distinction between feed materials, feed additives, biocidal products and veterinary medicinal products	2020
Commission Regulation (EU) No 68/2013 of 16 January 2013 on the Catalogue of feed materials	2020
Commission Regulation (EC) No 152/2009 of 27 January 2009 laying down the methods of sampling and analysis for the official control of feed	2021
Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 on additives for use in animal nutrition	2021
Commission Regulation (EC) No 378/2005 of 4 March 2005 on detailed rules for the implementation of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the duties and tasks of the Community Reference Laboratory concerning applications for authorisations of feed additives	2021
Commission Regulation (EC) No 429/2008 of 25 April 2008 on detailed rules for the implementation of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the preparation and the presentation of applications and the assessment and the authorisation of feed additives	2021
Commission Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005 of 5 December 2005 laying down specific rules on official controls for <i>Trichinella</i> in meat	2021
Council Directive 98/58/EC of 20 July 1998 concerning the protection of animals kept for farming purposes	2022
Commission Decision 2006/778/EC of 14 November 2006 concerning minimum requirements for the collection of information during the inspections of production sites on which certain animals are kept for farming purposes	2022

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Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Council Directive 2008/119/EC of 18 December 2008 laying down minimum standards for the protection of calves	2022
Council Directive 2008/120/EC of 18 December 2008 laying down minimum standards for the protection of pigs	2022
Council Regulation (EC) No 1099/2009 of 24 September 2009 on the protection of animals at the time of killing	2022
Commission Directive 2002/4/EC of 30 January 2002 on the registration of establishments keeping laying hens, covered by Council Directive 1999/74/EC	2022
Council Directive 2007/43/EC of 28 June 2007 laying down minimum rules for the protection of chickens kept for meat production	2022
Council Regulation (EC) No 1255/97 of 25 June 1997 concerning Community criteria for control posts and amending the route plan referred to in the Annex to Directive 91/628/EEC	2022
Council Regulation (EC) No 1/2005 of 22 December 2004 on the protection of animals during transport and related operations and amending Directives 64/432/EEC and 93/119/EC and Regulation (EC) No 1255/97	2022
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 750/2014 of 10 July 2014 on protection measures in relation to porcine epidemic diarrhoea as regards the animal health requirements for the introduction into the Union of porcine animals	2023
Council Directive 1999/74/EC of 19 July 1999 laying down minimum standards for the protection of laying hens	2023
Commission Regulation (EU) No 101/2013 of 4 February 2013 concerning the use of lactic acid to reduce microbiological surface contamination on bovine carcasses	2023
Council Directive 90/167/EEC of 26 March 1990 laying down the conditions governing the preparation, placing on the market and use of medicated feedingstuffs in the Community	2024
Directive 2002/32/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 May 2002 on undesirable substances in animal feed	2024
Commission Recommendation 2004/704/EC of 11 October 2004 on the monitoring of background levels of dioxins and dioxin-like PCBs in feedingstuffs	2024
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 139/2013 of 7 January 2013 laying down animal health conditions for imports of certain birds into the Union and the quarantine conditions thereof	2024
Council Directive 90/426/EEC of 26 June 1990 on animal health conditions governing the movement and import from third countries of equidae	2024
Commission Regulation (EU) No 605/2010 of 2 July 2010 laying down animal and public health and veterinary certification conditions for the introduction into the European Union of raw milk, dairy products, colostrum and colostrum-based products intended for human consumption	2025
Council Directive 90/427/EEC of 26 June 1990 on the zootechnical and genealogical conditions governing intra-Community trade in equidae	2025

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Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Council Directive 2009/156/EC of 30 November 2009 on animal health conditions governing the movement and importation from third countries of equidae	2025
Commission Regulation (EC) No 504/2008 of 6 June 2008 implementing Council Directives 90/426/EEC and 90/427/EEC as regards methods for the identification of equidae	2025
Council Directive 2009/157/EC of 30 November 2009 on pure-bred breeding animals of the bovine species	2026
Commission Decision 84/247/EEC of 27 April 1984 laying down the criteria for the recognition of breeders organizations and associations which maintain or establish herd-books for pure-bred breeding animals of the bovine species	2026
Council Directive 87/328/EEC of 18 June 1987 on the acceptance for breeding purposes of pure-bred breeding animals of the bovine species	2026
Council Directive 94/28/EC of 23 June 1994 laying down the principles relating to the zootechnical and genealogical conditions applicable to imports from third countries of animals, their semen, ova and embryos, and amending Directive 77/504/EEC on pure-bred breeding animals of the bovine species	2026
Council Directive 92/35/EEC of 29 April 1992 laying down control rules and measures to combat African horse sickness	2026
Council Directive 90/429/EEC of 26 June 1990 laying down the animal health requirements applicable to intra-Community trade in and imports of semen of domestic animals of the porcine species	2026
Commission Implementing Decision 2012/137/EU of 1 March 2012 on imports into the Union of semen of domestic animals of the porcine species	2027
Council Directive 88/661/EEC of 19 December 1988 on the zoo technical standards applicable to breeding animals of the porcine species	2027
Council Directive 90/428/EEC of 26 June 1990 on trade in equidae intended for competitions and laying down the conditions for participation therein	2027
Section 2 — Food safety	
Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety	2015
Commission Regulation (EU) No 16/2011 of 10 January 2011 laying down implementing measures for the Rapid alert system for food and feed	2015
Commission Decision 2004/478/EC of 29 April 2004 concerning the adoption of a general plan for food/feed crisis management	2015
Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on the hygiene of foodstuffs	2015
Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 laying down specific hygiene rules for food of animal origin	2015
Commission Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 of 15 November 2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs	2015

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Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Regulation (EC) No 2074/2005 of 5 December 2005 laying down implementing measures for certain products under Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and for the organisation of official controls under Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, derogating from Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Regulations (EC) No 853/2004 and (EC) No 854/2004	2015
Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on official controls performed to ensure the verification of compliance with feed and food law, animal health and animal welfare rules	2015
Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 laying down specific rules for the organisation of official controls on products of animal origin intended for human consumption	2015
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 931/2011 of 19 September 2011 on the traceability requirements set by Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council for food of animal origin	2015
Council Directive 96/23/EC of 29 April 1996 on measures to monitor certain substances and residues thereof in live animals and animal products and repealing Directives 85/358/EEC and 86/469/EEC and Decisions 89/187/EEC and 91/664/EEC	2015
Commission Decision 97/747/EC of 27 October 1997 fixing the levels and frequencies of sampling provided for Council Directive 96/23/EC for the monitoring of certain substances and residues thereof in certain animal products	2015
Council Directive 96/22/EC of 29 April 1996 concerning the prohibition on the use in stockfarming of certain substances having a hormonal or thyrostatic action and of beta-agonists, and repealing Directives 81/602/EEC, 88/146/EEC and 88/299/EEC	2015
Council Regulation (EEC) No 315/93 of 8 February 1993 laying down Community procedures for contaminants in food	2015
Regulation (EC) No 1760/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 July 2000 establishing a system for the identification and registration of bovine animals and regarding the labelling of beef and beef products and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 820/97	2015
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006 of 19 December 2006 setting maximum levels for certain contaminants in foodstuffs	2015
Commission Decision 2002/657/EC of 12 August 2002 implementing Council Directive 96/23/EC concerning the performance of analytical methods and the interpretation of results	2016
Commission Decision 2006/677/EC of 29 September 2006 setting out the guidelines laying down criteria for the conduct of audits under Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council on official controls to verify compliance with feed and food law, animal health and animal welfare rules	2016
Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 February 2005 on maximum residue levels of pesticides in or on food and feed of plant and animal origin and amending Council Directive 91/414/EEC	2016

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Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2011 on the provision of food information to consumers, amending Regulations (EC) No 1924/2006 and (EC) No 1925/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, and repealing Commission Directive 87/250/EEC, Council Directive 90/496/EEC, Commission Directive 1999/10/EC, Directive 2000/13/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, Commission Directives 2002/67/EC and 2008/5/EC and Commission Regulation (EC) No 608/2004	2016
Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 December 2006 on nutrition and health claims made on foods	2016
Commission Regulation (EU) No 1047/2012 of 8 November 2012 amending Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 with regard to the list of nutrition claims	2016
Commission Implementing Decision 2013/63/EU of 24 January 2013 adopting guidelines for the implementation of specific conditions for health claims laid down in Article 10 of Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council	2016
Regulation (EC) No 1333/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on food additives	2016
Regulation (EC) No 1925/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 December 2006 on the addition of vitamins and minerals and of certain other substances to foods	2016
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1170/2009 of 30 November 2009 amending Directive 2002/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 1925/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the lists of vitamin and minerals and their forms that can be added to foods, including food supplements	2016
Commission Regulation (EU) No 37/2010 of 22 December 2009 on pharmacologically active substances and their classification regarding maximum residue limits in foodstuffs of animal origin	2016
Commission Regulation (EC) No 401/2006 of 23 February 2006 laying down the methods of sampling and analysis for the official control of the levels of mycotoxins in foodstuffs	2016
Commission Regulation (EC) No 333/2007 of 28 March 2007 laying down the methods of sampling and analysis for the control of the levels of trace elements and processing contaminants in foodstuffs	2016
Commission Decision 94/360/EC of 20 May 1994 on the reduced frequency of physical checks of consignments of certain products to be implemented from third countries, under Council Directive 90/675/EEC	2017
Directive 2011/91/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 December 2011 on indications or marks identifying the lot to which a foodstuff belongs	2017
Council Decision 92/608/EEC of 14 November 1992 laying down methods for the analysis and testing of heat-treated milk for direct human consumption	2017
Commission Regulation (EC) No 669/2009 of 24 July 2009 implementing Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the increased level of official controls on imports of certain feed and food of non-animal origin and amending Decision 2006/504/EC	2017

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Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Regulation (EC) No 645/2000 of 28 March 2000 setting out detailed implementing rules necessary for the proper functioning of certain provisions of Article 7 of Council Directive 86/362/EEC and of Article 4 of Council Directive 90/642/EEC concerning the arrangements for monitoring the maximum levels of pesticide residues in and on cereals and products of plant origin, including fruit and vegetables, respectively	2017
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 489/2012 of 8 June 2012 establishing implementing rules for the application of Article 16 of Regulation (EC) No 1925/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the addition of vitamins and minerals and of certain other substances to foods	2017
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 307/2012 of 11 April 2012 establishing implementing rules for the application of Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No 1925/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the addition of vitamins and minerals and of certain other substances to foods	2017
Regulation (EU) No 609/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 June 2013 on food intended for infants and young children, food for special medical purposes, and total diet replacement for weight control and repealing Council Directive 92/52/EEC, Commission Directives 96/8/EC, 1999/21/EC, 2006/125/EC and 2006/141/EC, Directive 2009/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Commission Regulations (EC) No 41/2009 and (EC) No 953/2009	2017
Regulation (EC) No 1331/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 establishing a common authorisation procedure for food additives, food enzymes and food flavourings	2017
Commission Regulation (EU) No 234/2011 of 10 March 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1331/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a common authorisation procedure for food additives, food enzymes and food flavourings	2018
Commission Regulation (EU) No 257/2010 of 25 March 2010 setting up a programme for the re-evaluation of approved food additives in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1333/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on food additives	2018
Regulation (EC) No 1935/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 October 2004 on materials and articles intended to come into contact with food and repealing Directives 80/590/EEC and 89/109/EEC	2018
Regulation (EC) No 1830/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 concerning the traceability and labelling of genetically modified organisms and the traceability of food and feed products produced from genetically modified organisms and amending Directive 2001/18/EC	2018
Commission Recommendation 2004/787/EC of 4 October 2004 on technical guidance for sampling and detection of genetically modified organisms and material produced from genetically modified organisms as or in products in the context of Regulation (EC) No 1830/2003	2018
Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 on genetically modified food and feed	2018
Commission Decision 2007/363/EC of 21 May 2007 on guidelines to assist Member States in preparing the single integrated multi-annual national control plan provided for in Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council	2019

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Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Regulation (EU) No 231/2012 of 9 March 2012 laying down specifications for food additives listed in Annexes II and III to Regulation (EC) No 1333/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council	2019
Regulation (EC) No 258/97 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 1997 concerning novel foods and novel food ingredients	2019
Commission Recommendation 97/618/EC of 29 July 1997 concerning the scientific aspects and the presentation of information necessary to support applications for the placing on the market of novel foods and novel food ingredients and the preparation of initial assessment reports under Regulation (EC) No 258/97 of the European Parliament and of the Council	2019
Commission Regulation (EC) No 2023/2006 of 22 December 2006 on good manufacturing practice for materials and articles intended to come into contact with food	2019
Commission Regulation (EC) No 641/2004 of 6 April 2004 on detailed rules for the implementation of Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the application for the authorisation of new genetically modified food and feed, the notification of existing products and adventitious or technically unavoidable presence of genetically modified material which has benefited from a favourable risk evaluation	2019
Commission Recommendation 2013/165/EU of 27 March 2013 on the presence of T-2 and HT-2 toxin in cereals and cereal products	2019
Regulation (EC) No 1332/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on food enzymes and amending Council Directive 83/417/EEC, Council Regulation (EC) No 1493/1999, Directive 2000/13/EC, Council Directive 2001/112/EC and Regulation (EC) No 258/97	2020
Regulation (EC) No 1334/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on flavourings and certain food ingredients with flavouring properties for use in and on foods and amending Council Regulation (EEC) No 1601/91, Regulations (EC) No 2232/96 and (EC) No 110/2008 and Directive 2000/13/EC	2020
Commission Regulation (EU) No 873/2012 of 1 October 2012 on transitional measures concerning the Union list of flavourings and source materials set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1334/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council	2020
Council Directive 78/142/EEC of 30 January 1978 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to materials and articles which contain vinyl chloride monomer and are intended to come into contact with foodstuffs	2020
Commission Directive 92/2/EEC of 13 January 1992 laying down the sampling procedure and the Community method of analysis for the official control of the temperatures of quick-frozen foods intended for human consumption	2020
Council Directive 89/108/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to quick-frozen foodstuffs for human consumption	2020
Commission Regulation (EC) No 37/2005 of 12 January 2005 on the monitoring of temperatures in the means of transport, warehousing and storage of quick-frozen foodstuffs intended for human consumption	2020
Commission Decision 2005/463/EC of 21 June 2005 establishing a network group for the exchange and coordination of information concerning coexistence of genetically modified, conventional and organic crops	2020

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Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Decision 2009/770/EC of 13 October 2009 establishing standard reporting formats for presenting the monitoring results of the deliberate release into the environment of genetically modified organisms, as or in products, for the purpose of placing on the market, pursuant to Directive 2001/18/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council	2020
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 872/2012 of 1 October 2012 adopting the list of flavouring substances provided for by Regulation (EC) No 2232/96 of the European Parliament and of the Council, introducing it in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1334/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Commission Regulation (EC) No 1565/2000 and Commission Decision 1999/217/EC	2021
Regulation (EC) No 2065/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 10 November on smoke flavourings used or intended for use in or on foods	2021
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1321/2013 of 10 December 2013 establishing the Union list of authorised smoke flavouring primary products for use as such in or on foods and/or for the production of derived smoke flavourings	2021
Commission Directive 93/11/EEC of 15 March 1993 concerning the release of the N-nitrosamines and N-nitrosatable substances from elastomer or rubber teats and soothers	2021
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1895/2005 of 18 November 2005 on the restriction of use of certain epoxy derivatives in materials and articles intended to come into contact with food	2021
Commission Recommendation of 13 July 2010 on guidelines for the development of national co-existence measures to avoid the unintended presence of GMOs in conventional and organic crops	2021
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1882/2006 of 19 December 2006 laying down methods of sampling and analysis for the official control of the levels of nitrates in certain food-stuffs	2021
Commission Decision 86/474/EEC of 11 September 1986 on the implementation of the on-the-spot inspections to be carried out in respect of the importation of bovine animals and swine and fresh meat from non-member countries	2022
Directive 2002/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 10 June 2002 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to food supplements	2022
Commission Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 of 14 January 2011 on plastic materials and articles intended to come into contact with food	2022
Directive 2009/54/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2009 on the exploitation and marketing of natural mineral waters	2022
Commission Directive 2003/40/EC of 16 May 2003 establishing the list, concentration limits and labelling requirements for the constituents of natural mineral waters and the conditions for using ozone-enriched air for the treatment of natural mineral waters and spring waters	2022
Directive 2009/41/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 May 2009 on the contained use of genetically modified micro-organisms	2022

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Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1337/2013 of 13 December 2013 laying down rules for the application of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the indication of the country of origin or place of provenance for fresh, chilled and frozen meat of swine, sheep, goats and poultry	2022
Commission Regulation (EU) No 115/2010 of 9 February 2010 laying down the conditions for use of activated alumina for the removal of fluoride from natural mineral waters and spring waters	2023
Commission Decision 2000/608/EC of 27 September 2000 concerning the guidance notes for risk assessment outlined in Annex III of Directive 90/219/EEC on the contained use of genetically modified micro-organisms	2023
Commission Regulation (EU) No 28/2012 of 11 January 2012 laying down requirements for the certification for imports into and transit through the Union of certain composite products and amending Decision 2007/275/EC and Regulation (EC) No 1162/2009	2023
Commission Decision 2005/34/EC of 11 January 2005 laying down harmonised standards for the testing for certain residues in products of animal origin imported from third countries	2023
Council Directive 82/711/EEC of 18 October 1982 laying down the basic rules necessary for testing migration of the constituents of plastic materials and articles intended to come into contact with foodstuffs	2023
Council Directive 84/500/EEC of 15 October 1984 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to ceramic articles intended to come into contact with foodstuffs	2023
Commission Directive 96/8/EC of 26 February 1996 on foods intended for use in energy-restricted diets for weight reduction	2023
Council Decision 2002/812/EC of 3 October 2002 establishing pursuant to Directive 2001/18/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council the summary information format relating to the placing on the market of genetically modified organisms as or in products	2023
Commission Regulation (EU) No 210/2013 of 11 March 2013 on the approval of establishments producing sprouts pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council	2024
Commission Regulation (EU) No 579/2014 of 28 May 2014 granting derogation from certain provisions of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the transport of liquid oils and fats by sea	2024
Commission Regulation (EU) No 432/2012 of 16 May 2012 establishing a list of permitted health claims made on foods, other than those referring to the reduction of disease risk and to children's development and health	2024
Council Directive 85/572/EEC of 19 December 1985 laying down the list of simulants to be used for testing migration of constituents of plastic materials and articles intended to come into contact with foodstuffs	2024
Commission Regulation (EC) No 124/2009 of 10 February 2009 setting maximum levels for the presence of coccidiostats or histomonostats in food resulting from the unavoidable carry-over of these substances in non-target feed	2024

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Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Directive 2007/42/EC of 29 June 2007 relating to materials and articles made of regenerated cellulose film intended to come into contact with foodstuffs	2024
Commission Recommendation 2011/516/EU of 23 August 2011 on the reduction of the presence of dioxins, furans and PCBs in feed and food	2025
Commission Recommendation 2006/794/EC of 16 November 2006 on the monitoring of background levels of dioxins, dioxin-like PCBs and non-dioxin-like PCBs in foodstuffs	2025
Commission Regulation (EU) No 589/2014 of 2 June 2014 laying down methods of sampling and analysis for the control of levels of dioxins, dioxin-like PCBs and non-dioxin-like PCBs in certain foodstuffs and repealing Regulation (EU) No 252/2012	2025
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 503/2013 of 3 April 2013 on applications for authorisation of genetically modified food and feed in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Commission Regulations (EC) No 641/2004 and (EC) No 1981/2006	2025
Commission Recommendation 2003/598/EC of 11 August on the prevention and reduction of patulin contamination in apple juice and apple juice ingredients in other beverages	2026
Directive 1999/2/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 February 1999 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States concerning foods and food ingredients treated with ionising radiation	2026
Directive 1999/3/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 February 1999 on the establishment of a Community list of foods and food ingredients treated with ionising radiation	2026
Commission Regulation (EU) No 907/2013 of 20 September 2013 setting the rules for applications concerning the use of generic descriptors (denominations)	2026
Directive 2009/32/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States on extraction solvents used in the production of foodstuffs and food ingredients	2026
Commission Regulation (EC) No 450/2009 of 29 May 2009 on active and intelligent materials and articles intended to come into contact with food	2026
Commission Regulation (EU) No 284/2011 of 22 March 2011 laying down specific conditions and detailed procedures for the import of polyamide and melamine plastic kitchenware originating in or consigned from the People's Republic of China and Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, China	2026
Commission Regulation (EC) No 282/2008 of 27 March 2008 on recycled plastic materials and articles intended to come into contact with foods and amending Regulation (EC) No 2023/2006	2026
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 321/2011 of 1 April 2011 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 as regards the restriction of use of Bisphenol A in plastic infant feeding bottles	2026

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Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Section 3 — Plant protection	
Commission Directive 2008/61/EC of 17 June 2008 establishing the conditions under which certain harmful organisms, plants, plant products and other objects listed in Annexes I to V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC may be introduced into or moved within the Community or certain protected zones thereof, for trial or scientific purposes and for work on varietal selections	2015
Commission Recommendation 2014/63/EU of 6 February 2014 on measures to control <i>Diabrotica virgifera virgifera</i> Le Conte in Union areas where its presence is confirmed	2015
Commission Directive 2004/105/EC of 15 October 2004 determining the models of official phytosanitary certificates or phytosanitary certificates for re-export accompanying plants, plant products or other objects from third countries and listed in Council Directive 2000/29/EC	2015
Commission Directive 94/3/EC of 21 January 1994 establishing a procedure for the notification of interception of a consignment or a harmful organism from third countries and presenting an imminent phytosanitary danger	2015
Council Directive 2000/29/EC of 8 May 2000 on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community	2016
Commission Directive 92/90/EEC of 3 November 1992 establishing obligations to which producers and importers of plants, plant products or other objects are subject and establishing details for their registration	2016
Council Directive 2007/33/EC of 11 June 2007 on the control of potato cyst nematodes and repealing Directive 69/465/EEC	2016
Council Directive 98/57/EC of 20 July 1998 on the control of <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi et al.	2017
Commission Directive 2004/103/EC of 7 October 2004 on identity and plant health checks of plants, plant products or other objects, listed in Part B of Annex V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC, which may be carried out at a place other than the point of entry into the Community or at a place close by and specifying the conditions related to these checks	2017
Council Directive 93/85/EC of 4 October 1993 on control of Potato Ring Rot	2017
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1756/2004 of 11 October 2004 specifying the detailed conditions for the evidence required and the criteria for the type and level of the reduction of the plant health checks of certain plants, plant products or other objects listed in Part B of Annex V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC	2018
Commission Directive 98/22/EC of 15 April 1998 laying down the minimum conditions for carrying out plant health checks in the Community, at inspection posts other than those at the place of destination, of plants, plant products or other objects coming from third countries	2018
Commission Directive 92/70/EEC of 30 July 1992 laying down detailed rules for surveys to be carried out for purposes of the recognition of protected zones in the Community	2018
Commission Directive 93/51/EEC of 24 June 1993 establishing rules for movements of certain plants, plant products or other objects through a protected zone, and for movements of such plants, plant products or other objects originating in and moving within such a protected zone	2018

▼ M2

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Council Directive 68/193/EEC of 9 April 1968 on the marketing of material for the vegetative propagation of the vine	2018
Council Directive 2008/72/EC of 15 July 2008 on the marketing of vegetable propagating and planting material, other than seed	2018
Commission Regulation (EU) No 544/2011 of 10 June 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the data requirements for active substances	2018
Commission Regulation (EU) No 283/2013 of 1 March 2013 setting out the data requirements for active substances, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market	2018
Commission Directive 2002/63/EC of 11 July 2002 establishing Community methods of sampling for the official control of pesticide residues in and on products of plant and animal origin and repealing Directive 79/700/EEC	2018
Council Directive 66/401/EEC of 14 June 1966 on the marketing of fodder plant seed	2019
Council Directive 66/402/EEC of 14 June 1966 on the marketing of cereal seed	2019
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 844/2012 of 18 September 2012 setting out the provisions necessary for the implementation of the renewal procedure for active substances, as provided for in Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market	2019
Commission Implementing Decision 2012/756/EU of 5 December 2012 as regards measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Union of <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto	2019
Council Directive 2008/90/EC of 29 September 2008 on the marketing of fruit plant propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production	2019
Council Directive 98/56/EC of 20 July 1998 on the marketing of propagating material of ornamental plants	2019
Council Directive 2002/54/EC of 13 June 2002 on the marketing of beet seed	2019
Council Directive 2002/55/EC of 13 June 2002 on the marketing of vegetable seed	2019
Commission Implementing Decision 2012/138/EU of 1 March 2012 as regards emergency measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Union of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster)	2020
Commission Implementing Decision 2012/270/EU of 16 May 2012 as regards emergency measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Union of <i>Epitrix cucumeris</i> (Harris), <i>Epitrix papa</i> sp. n., <i>Epitrix subcrinita</i> (Lec.) and <i>Epitrix tuberis</i> (Gentner)	2020
Council Directive 2002/56/EC of 13 June 2002 on the marketing of seed potatoes	2020
Council Directive 2002/57/EC of 13 June 2002 on the marketing of seed of oil and fibre plants	2020

▼ M2

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Decision 81/675/EEC of 28 July 1981 establishing that particular sealing systems are 'non-reusable systems' within the meaning of Council Directives 66/400/EEC, 66/401/EEC, 66/402/EEC, 69/208/EEC and 70/458/EEC	2020
Council Decision 2003/17/EC of 16 December 2002 on the equivalence of field inspections carried out in third countries on seed-producing crops and on the equivalence of seed produced in third countries	2020
Commission Regulation (EC) No 217/2006 of 8 February 2006 laying down rules for the application of Council Directives 66/401/EEC, 66/402/EEC, 2002/54/EC, 2002/55/EC and 2002/57/EC as regards the authorisation of Member States to permit temporarily the marketing of seed not satisfying the requirements in respect of the minimum germination	2020
Commission Regulation (EU) No 284/2013 of 1 March 2013 setting out the data requirements for plant protection products, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market	2020
Commission Regulation (EU) No 547/2011 of 8 June 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards labelling requirements for plant protection products	2020
Directive 2009/128/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for Community action to achieve the sustainable use of pesticides	2020
Council Directive 2006/91/EC of 7 November 2006 on control of San José Scale	2021
Commission Decision 2006/464/EC of 27 June 2006 on provisional emergency measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Community of <i>Dryocosmus kuriphilus</i> Yasumatsu	2021
Commission Decision 2007/365/EC of 25 May 2007 on emergency measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Community of <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier)	2021
Commission Regulation (EU) No 546/2011 of 10 June 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards uniform principles for evaluation and authorisation of plant protection products	2021
Commission Decision 2002/757/EC of 19 September 2002 on provisional emergency phytosanitary measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Community of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld sp. Nov	2022
Commission Implementing Decision 2014/497/EU of 23 July 2014 as regards measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Union of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Well and Raju)	2022
Commission Implementing Decision 2012/535/EU of 26 September 2012 on emergency measures to prevent the spread within the Union of <i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Buhner) Nickle et al. (the pine wood nematode)	2022
Commission Decision 80/755/EEC of 17 July 1980 authorizing the indelible printing of prescribed information on packages of cereal seed	2022
Commission Directive 2004/29/EC of 4 March 2004 on determining the characteristics and minimum conditions for inspecting vine varieties	2022

▼ M2

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Directive 93/61/EEC of 2 July 1993 setting out the schedules indicating the conditions to be met by vegetable propagating and planting material, other than seed pursuant to Council Directive 92/33/EEC	2022
Commission Directive 93/62/EEC of 5 July 1993 setting out the implementing measures concerning the supervision and monitoring of suppliers and establishments pursuant to Council Directive 92/33/EEC on the marketing of vegetable propagating and planting material, other than seed	2022
Commission Directive 93/48/EEC of 23 June 1993 setting out the schedule indicating the conditions to be met by fruit plant propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production, pursuant to Council Directive 92/34/EEC	2022
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 of 25 May 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the list of approved active substances	2022
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 541/2011 of 1 June 2011 amending Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the list of approved active substances	2022
Commission Decision 2004/371/EC of 20 April 2004 on conditions for the placing on the market of seed mixtures intended for use as fodder plants	2023
Commission Directive 2008/124/EC of 18 December 2008 limiting the marketing of seed of certain species of fodder plants and oil and fibre plants to seed which has been officially certified as 'basic seed' or 'certified seed'	2023
Commission Directive 2010/60/EU of 30 August 2010 providing for certain derogations for marketing of fodder plant seed mixtures intended for use in the preservation of the natural environment	2023
Commission Implementing Decision 2012/340/EU of 25 June 2012 on the organisation of a temporary experiment under Council Directives 66/401/EEC, 66/402/EEC, 2002/54/EC, 2002/55/EC and 2002/57/EC as regards field inspection under official supervision for basic seed and bred seed of generations prior to basic seed	2023
Commission Decision 2009/109/EC of 9 February 2009 on the organisation of a temporary experiment providing for certain derogations for the marketing of seed mixtures intended for use as fodder plants pursuant to Council Directive 66/401/EEC to determine whether certain species not listed in Council Directives 66/401/EEC, 66/402/EEC, 2002/55/EC or 2002/57/EC fulfil the requirements for being included in Article 2(1) (A) of Directive 66/401/EEC	2023
Commission Decision 2004/200/EC of 27 February 2004 on measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Community of Pepino mosaic virus	2023
Commission Directive 93/64/EEC of 5 July 1993 setting out the implementing measures concerning the supervision and monitoring of suppliers and establishments pursuant to Council Directive 92/34/EEC on the marketing of fruit plant propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production	2023
Commission Directive 93/79/EEC of 21 September 1993 setting out additional implementing provisions for lists of varieties of fruit plant propagating material and fruit plants, as kept by suppliers under Council Directive 92/34/EEC	2023
Commission Directive 93/49/EEC of 23 June 1993 setting out the schedule indicating the conditions to be met by ornamental plant propagating material and ornamental plants pursuant to Council Directive 91/682/EEC	2023

▼ M2

Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Directive 1999/66/EC of 28 June 1999 setting out requirements as to the label or other document made out by the supplier pursuant to Council Directive 98/56/EC	2023
Commission Directive 1999/68/EC of 28 June 1999 setting out additional provisions for lists of varieties of ornamental plants as kept by suppliers under Council Directive 98/56/EC	2023
Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market and repealing Council Directives 79/117/EEC and 91/414/EEC	2023
Council Directive 74/647/EEC of 9 December 1974 on control of carnation leaf-rollers	2024
Commission Decision 2007/433/EC of 18 June 2007 on provisional emergency measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Community of <i>Gibberella circinata</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell	2024
Commission Regulation (EC) No 2301/2002 of 20 December 2002 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Directive 1999/105/EC as regards the definition of small quantities of seed	2024
Commission Directive 2003/90/EC of 6 October 2003 setting out implementing measures for the purposes of Article 7 of Council Directive 2002/53/EC as regards the characteristics to be covered as a minimum by the examination and the minimum conditions for examining certain varieties of agricultural plant species	2024
Commission Decision 2004/842/EC of 1 December 2004 concerning implementing rules whereby Member States may authorise the placing on the market of seed belonging to varieties for which an application for entry in the national catalogue of varieties of agricultural plant species or vegetable species has been submitted	2024
Commission Regulation (EC) No 637/2009 of 22 July 2009 establishing implementing rules as to the suitability of the denominations of varieties of agricultural plant species and vegetable species	2024
Commission Decision 90/639/EEC of 12 November 1990 determining the names to be borne by the varieties derived from the varieties of vegetable species listed in Decision 89/7/EEC	2024
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 208/2013 of 11 March 2013 on traceability requirements for sprouts and seeds intended for the production of sprouts	2024
Commission Implementing Decision 2012/697/EU of 8 November 2012 as regards measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Union of the genus <i>Pomacea</i> (Perry)	2025
Commission Directive 93/50/EEC of 24 June 1993 specifying certain plants not listed in Annex V, part A to Council Directive 77/93/EEC, the producers of which, or the warehouses, dispatching centres in the production zones of such plants, shall be listed in an official register	2025
Commission Directive 2003/91/EC of 6 October 2003 setting out implementing measures for the purposes of Article 7 of Council Directive 2002/55/EC as regards the characteristics to be covered as a minimum by the examination and the minimum conditions for examining certain varieties of vegetable species	2025
Commission Implementing Directive 2014/20/EU of 6 February 2014 determining Union grades of basic and certified seed potatoes, and the conditions and designations applicable to such grades	2025
Commission Implementing Directive 2014/21/EU of 6 February 2014 determining minimum conditions and Union grades for pre-basic seed potatoes	2025

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Union legislation	Deadline for approximation
Commission Decision 97/125/EC of 24 January 1997 authorizing the indelible printing of prescribed information on packages of seed of oil and fibre plants and amending Decision 87/309/EEC authorizing the indelible printing of prescribed information on packages of certain fodder plant species	2025
Commission Directive 92/105/EEC of 3 December 1992 establishing a degree of standardization for plant passports to be used for the movement of certain plants, plant products or other objects within the Community, and establishing the detailed procedures related to the issuing of such plant passports and the conditions and detailed procedures for their replacement	2025
Commission Regulation (EU) No 211/2013 of 11 March 2013 on certification requirements for imports into the Union of sprouts and seeds intended for the production of sprouts	2025
Commission Decision 2004/266/EC of 17 March 2004 authorising the indelible printing of prescribed information on packages of seed of fodder plants	2026
Commission Implementing Decision 2014/87/EU of 13 February 2014 as regards measures to prevent the spread within the Union of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Well and Raju)	2026
Commission Decision 2007/410/EC of 12 June 2007 on measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Community of Potato spindle tuber viroid	2026
Commission Directive 2008/62/EC of 20 June 2008 providing for certain derogations for acceptance of agricultural landraces and varieties which are naturally adapted to the local and regional conditions and threatened by genetic erosion and for marketing of seed and seed potatoes of those landraces and varieties	2026
Commission Directive 2009/145/EC of 26 November 2009 providing for certain derogations, for acceptance of vegetable landraces and varieties which have been traditionally grown in particular localities and regions and are threatened by genetic erosion and of vegetable varieties with no intrinsic value for commercial crop production but developed for growing under particular conditions and for marketing of seed of those landraces and varieties	2026
Council Regulation (EC) No 2100/94 of 27 July 1994 on Community plant variety rights	2026
Commission Regulation (EC) No 1768/95 of 24 July 1995 implementing rules on the agricultural exemption provided for in Article 14(3) of Council Regulation (EC) No 2100/94 on Community plant variety rights	2026
Commission Regulation (EC) No 874/2009 of 17 September 2009 establishing implementing rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 2100/94 as regards proceedings before the Community Plant Variety Office	2026

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ANNEX XII

STATUS OF EQUIVALENCE

▼ **M8***ANNEX XIII***APPROXIMATION OF CUSTOMS LEGISLATION****Customs Code**

Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 October 2013 laying down the Union Customs Code ⁽¹⁾

Timetable: the approximation with the provisions of Regulation (EU) No 952/2013, with the exception of Article 1, Article 4, point (b) of Article 27(1), Article 53, Article 81, Article 82, Article 87(4), point (a) of Article 89(2), Articles 155 to 157, point (b) of Article 211(4), Article 227, point (c) of Article 233(1) and Articles 284 to 288, shall be carried out within four years following the entry into force of this Agreement.

The Parties shall revisit the approximation of Article 210 of Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 before the expiry of the four-year period following the entry into force of this Agreement referred to in the first paragraph.

Approximation with Article 247 of Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 shall take place on a best endeavor basis.

Common Transit and Single Administrative Document (SAD)

Convention of 20 May 1987 on the Simplification of Formalities in Trade in Goods

Convention of 20 May 1987 on a common transit procedure

Timetable: the approximation with the provisions of the Conventions referred to in the first and second paragraphs, including through a possible accession to those Conventions by Georgia, shall be carried out within four years following the entry into force of this Agreement.

Reliefs from customs duty

Council Regulation (EC) No 1186/2009 of 16 November 2009 setting-up a Community system of reliefs from customs duty

Timetable: the approximation with Titles I and II of Regulation (EC) No 1186/2009 shall be carried out within four years following the entry into force of this Agreement.

Intellectual property rights protection

Regulation (EU) No 608/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 June 2013 concerning customs enforcement of intellectual property rights

Timetable: the approximation with the provisions of Regulation (EU) No 608/2013, with the exception of Article 26, shall be carried out within three years following the entry into force of this Agreement. The obligation of approximation to Regulation (EU) No 608/2013 in itself does not create any obligation on Georgia to apply measures where a right in intellectual property is not protected under its substantive intellectual property laws and regulations.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 269, 10.10.2013, p. 1.

▼B*ANNEX XIV*

**LIST OF RESERVATIONS ON ESTABLISHMENT; LIST OF
COMMITMENTS ON CROSS-BORDER SUPPLY OF SERVICES; LIST
OF RESERVATIONS ON KEY PERSONNEL, GRADUATE TRAINEES
AND BUSINESS SELLERS; LIST OF RESERVATIONS ON
CONTRACTUAL SERVICES SUPPLIERS AND INDEPENDENT
PROFESSIONALS**

Union

1. List of reservations on establishment: Annex XIV-A
2. List of commitments on cross-border supply of services: Annex XIV-B
3. List of reservations on key personnel, graduate trainees and business sellers: Annex XIV-C
4. List of reservations on contractual services suppliers and independent professionals: Annex XIV-D

Georgia

5. List of reservations on establishment: Annex XIV-E
6. List of commitments on cross-border supply of services: Annex XIV-F
7. List of reservations on key personnel, graduate trainees and business sellers: Annex XIV-G
8. List of reservations on contractual services suppliers and independent professionals: Annex XIV-H

The following abbreviations are used for the purpose of Annexes XIV-A, XIV-B, XIV-C and XIV-D:

AT	Austria
BE	Belgium
BG	Bulgaria
CY	Cyprus
CZ	Czech Republic
DE	Germany
DK	Denmark
EU	European Union, including all its Member States
ES	Spain
EE	Estonia
FI	Finland
FR	France
EL	Greece

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HR	Croatia
HU	Hungary
IE	Ireland
IT	Italy
LV	Latvia
LT	Lithuania
LU	Luxembourg
MT	Malta
NL	Netherlands
PL	Poland
PT	Portugal
RO	Romania
SK	Slovak Republic
SI	Slovenia
SE	Sweden
UK	United Kingdom

The following abbreviation is used for the purpose of Annexes XIV-E, XIV-F, XIV-G and XIV-H:

GE	Georgia
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▼B*ANNEX XIV-A***LIST OF RESERVATIONS ON ESTABLISHMENT (UNION)**

1. The list of reservations below indicates the economic activities where reservations to national treatment or most favoured treatment by the Union pursuant to Article 79(2) of this Agreement apply to establishments and entrepreneurs of Georgia.

The list is composed of the following elements:

- (a) a list of horizontal reservations applying to all sectors or sub-sectors;
- (b) a list of sector or sub-sector specific reservations indicating the sector or sub-sector concerned along with the reservation(s) applying.

A reservation corresponding to an activity which is not liberalised (Unbound) is expressed as follows: 'No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations'.

When a reservation under (a) or (b) includes only Member State-specific reservations, Member States not mentioned therein undertake the obligations of Article 79(2) of this Agreement in the sector concerned without reservations (the absence of Member State-specific reservations in a given sector is without prejudice to horizontal reservations or to sectoral Union-broad reservations that may apply).

2. In accordance with Article 76(3) of this Agreement, the list below does not include measures concerning subsidies granted by the Parties.
3. The rights and obligations arising from the list below shall have no self-executing effect and thus confer no rights directly on natural or juridical persons.
4. In accordance with Article 79 of this Agreement, non-discriminatory requirements, such as those concerning the legal form or the obligation to obtain licences or permits applicable to all providers operating on the territory without distinction based on nationality, residency or equivalent criteria, are not listed in this Annex as they are not prejudiced by the Agreement.
5. Where the Union maintains a reservation that requires that a service supplier be a national, permanent resident or resident of its territory as a condition to the supply of a service in its territory, a reservation listed in Annex XIV-C to this Agreement shall operate as a reservation with respect to establishment under this Annex, to the extent applicable.

▼B**Horizontal reservations**

Public utilities

EU: Economic activities considered as public utilities at a national or local level may be subject to public monopolies or to exclusive rights granted to private operators ⁽¹⁾.

Types of establishment

EU: Treatment accorded to subsidiaries (of Georgian companies) formed in accordance with the law of the Member States and having their registered office, central administration or principal place of business within the Union is not extended to branches or agencies established in the Member States by Georgian companies ⁽²⁾.

AT: Managing directors of branches of juridical persons must be resident in Austria; natural persons responsible within a juridical person or a branch for the observance of the Austrian Trade Act must have a domicile in Austria.

EE: At least half of the members of the management board shall have their residence in the EU.

FI: A foreigner carrying on trade as a private entrepreneur and at least one of the partners in a general partnership or of general partners in a limited partnership have to be permanently resident in the European Economic Area (EEA). For all sectors, EEA residency is required for at least one of the ordinary and deputy members of the board of directors and the managing director; however exemptions may be granted to certain companies. If a Georgian organisation intends to carry on business or trade by establishing a branch in Finland, a trade permit is required.

HU: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations for the acquisition of state owned properties.

IT: Access to industrial, commercial and artisanal activities may be subject to a residence permit.

PL: Georgian entrepreneurs can undertake and conduct economic activity only in the form of a limited partnership, limited joint-stock partnership, limited liability company, and joint-stock company (in the case of legal services only in the form of registered partnership and limited partnership).

RO: The sole administrator or the chairman of the board of administration as well as half of the total number of administrators of the commercial companies shall be Romanian citizens unless otherwise stipulated in the company contract or its statutes. The majority of the commercial companies' auditors and their deputies shall be Romanian citizens.

⁽¹⁾ Public utilities exist in sectors such as related scientific and technical consulting services, R&D services on social sciences and humanities, technical testing and analysis services, environmental services, health services, transport services and services auxiliary to all modes of transport. Exclusive rights on such services are often granted to private operators, for instance operators with concessions from public authorities, subject to specific service obligations. Given that public utilities often also exist at the sub-central level, detailed and exhaustive sector-specific scheduling is not practical. This reservation does not apply to telecommunications and to computer and related services.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Article 54 of the TFEU these subsidiaries are considered as juridical persons of the EU. To the extent that they have a continuous and effective link with the economy of the EU, they are beneficiaries of the Union's Internal Market, which includes, inter alia, the freedom to establish and to provide services in all Member States of the EU.

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SE: A foreign company, which has not established a legal entity in Sweden or is conducting its business through a commercial agent, shall conduct its commercial operations through a branch, registered in Sweden, with independent management and separate accounts. The managing director of the branch, and the vice-managing director, if appointed, must reside in the EEA. A natural person not resident in the EEA, who conducts commercial operations in Sweden, shall appoint and register a resident representative responsible for the operations in Sweden. Separate accounts shall be kept for the operations in Sweden. The competent authority may in individual cases grant exemptions from the branch and residency requirements. Building projects with duration of less than a year - conducted by a company located or a natural person residing outside the EEA - are exempted from the requirements of establishing a branch or appointing a resident representative. A Swedish limited liability company may be established by a natural person resident within the EEA, by a Swedish juridical person or by a juridical person that has been formed according to the legislation in a state within the EEA and that has its registered office, headquarters or principal place of business within the EEA. A partnership may be a founder, only if all owners with unlimited personal liability are resident within the EEA. Founders outside the EEA may apply for permission from the competent authority. For limited liability companies and co-operative economic associations, at least 50 % of the members of the board of directors, at least 50 % of the deputy board members, the managing director, the vice-managing director and at least one of the persons authorised to sign for the company, if any, must reside within the EEA. The competent authority may grant exemptions from this requirement. If none of the company's/society's representatives reside in Sweden, the board must appoint and register a person resident in Sweden, who has been authorised to receive services on behalf of the company/society. Corresponding conditions prevail for establishment of all other types of legal entities.

SK: A Georgian natural person whose name is to be registered in the Commercial Register as a person authorised to act on behalf of the entrepreneur is required to submit residence permit for Slovakia.

Investment

ES: Investment in Spain by foreign governments and foreign public entities (which tends to affect, besides economic, also non-economic interests of the State), directly or through companies or other entities controlled directly or indirectly by foreign governments, needs prior authorisation by the government.

BG: Foreign investors cannot participate in privatisation. Foreign investors and Bulgarian juridical persons with controlling Georgian participation require permission for:

- (a) prospecting, development or extraction of natural resources from the territorial seas, the continental shelf or the exclusive economic zone and
- (b) acquisition of a controlling equity interests in companies engaged in any of the activities specified under point (a).

FR: Georgian purchases exceeding 33,33 % of the shares of capital or voting rights in existing French enterprises, or 20 % in publicly quoted French companies, are subject to the following regulations:

- investments of less than 7,6 million euros in French enterprises with a turnover not exceeding 76 million euros are free, after a delay of 15 days following prior notification and verification that these amounts are met;

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— after a period of one month following prior notification, authorisation is tacitly granted for other investments unless the Minister of Economic Affairs has, in exceptional circumstances, exercised its right to postpone the investment.

Foreign participation in newly privatised companies may be limited to a variable amount, determined by the government of France on a case-by-case basis, of the equity offered to the public. For establishing in certain commercial, industrial or artisanal activities, a specific authorisation is needed if the managing director is not a holder of a permanent residence permit.

HU: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with regards to Georgian participation in newly privatised companies.

IT: The Government can exercise certain special powers in enterprises operating in the areas of defence and national security (in relation to all juridical persons carrying out activities considered of strategic importance in the areas of defence and national security), and in certain activities of strategic importance in the areas of energy, transport and communications.

PL: Acquisition of real estate, direct and indirect, ►C1 by foreigners (foreign natural or ◀ foreign juridical persons) requires permission. Unbound in relation to acquisition of state-owned property, i.e. the regulations governing the privatisation process.

Real estate

The acquisition of land and real estate is subject to the following limitations ⁽¹⁾:

AT: The acquisition, purchase as well as rent or lease of real estate by foreign natural persons and juridical persons requires an authorisation by the competent regional authorities (Länder) which will consider whether important economic, social or cultural interests are affected or not.

BG: Foreign natural and juridical persons (incl. through a branch) cannot acquire ownership of land. Bulgarian juridical persons with foreign participation cannot acquire ownership of agricultural land. Foreign juridical persons and foreign citizens with permanent residence abroad can acquire ownership of buildings and limited property rights (right to use, right to build, right to raise a superstructure and servitudes) of real estate.

CZ: Agricultural and forest land can be acquired only by foreign natural persons having permanent residence in the Czech Republic and enterprises established as juridical persons with permanent residence in the Czech Republic. Specific rules apply to the agricultural and forest land in the state ownership. State agricultural land can be acquired only by Czech nationals, by municipalities and by public universities (for training and research). Juridical persons (regardless of the form or place of residence) can acquire state agricultural land from the state only if a building, which they already own, is built on it or if this land is indispensable for the use of such building. Only municipalities and public universities can acquire state forests.

CY: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations.

⁽¹⁾ As regards services sectors, those limitations do not go beyond the limitations reflected in the existing commitments under GATS.

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DK: Limitations on real estate purchase by non-resident physical and legal entities. Limitations on agricultural estate purchased by foreign physical and legal entities.

HU: Subject to the exceptions included in legislation on arable land, foreign natural and juridical persons are not allowed to acquire arable land. The purchase of real estate by foreigners is subject to obtaining permission from the country public administration agency competent on the basis of the location of real estate.

EL: According to Law No 1892/90, permission from the Ministry of Defence is needed for acquisition of land in areas near borders. According to administrative practices, permission is easily granted for direct investment.

HR: Unbound in relation to acquisition of real estate by services suppliers not established and incorporated in Croatia. Acquisition of real estate necessary for the supply of services by companies established and incorporated in Croatia as juridical persons is allowed. Acquisition of real estate necessary for the supply of services by branches requires the approval of the Ministry of Justice. Agricultural land cannot be acquired by foreign natural or juridical persons.

IE: Prior written consent of the Land Commission is necessary for the acquisition of any interest in Irish land by domestic or foreign companies or foreign nationals. Where such land is for industrial use (other than agricultural industry), this requirement is waived subject to certification to this effect from the Minister for Enterprise, Trade and Employment. This law does not apply to land within the boundaries of cities and towns.

IT: The purchase of real estate by foreign natural and juridical persons is subject to a condition of reciprocity.

LT: Acquisition into ownership of land, internal waters and forests shall be permitted to foreign natural and juridical persons meeting the criteria of European and transatlantic integration. The land plot acquisition procedure, terms and conditions, as well as restrictions shall be established by the constitutional law.

LV: Limitations on the acquisition of land in rural areas and land in cities or urban areas; land lease not exceeding 99 years permitted.

PL: The acquisition of real estate, direct and indirect requires a permit. A permit is issued through an administrative decision by a minister competent in internal affairs, with the consent of the Minister of National Defence, and in the case of agricultural real estate, also with the consent of the Minister of Agriculture and Rural Development.

RO: Natural persons not having Romanian citizenship and residence in Romania, as well as juridical persons not having Romanian nationality and their headquarters in Romania, cannot acquire ownership over any kind of land plots, through inter vivos acts.

SI: Branches established in the Republic of Slovenia by foreign persons may only acquire real estate, except land, necessary for the conduct of the economic activities for which they are established.

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SK: Agricultural and forest land cannot be acquired by foreign natural or juridical persons. Specific rules apply to certain other real estate categories. Foreign entities may acquire real property through establishment of Slovak legal entities or participation in joint ventures. Acquisition of the land by foreign entities is subject to ►C1 authorisation (for Modes 3 and 4). ◀

Sectoral reservations

A. Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Logging

FR: The establishment of agricultural enterprises by non-EU companies and the acquisition of vineyards by non-EU entrepreneurs are subject to authorisation.

AT, HU, MT, RO: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations for agricultural activities.

CY: The participation of investors is allowed only up to 49 %.

IE: Establishment by Georgian residents in flour milling activities is subject to authorisation.

BG: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations for logging activities.

B. Fishing and Aquaculture

EU: Access to and use of the biological resources and fishing grounds situated in the maritime waters coming under the sovereignty or within the jurisdiction of Member States may be restricted to fishing vessels flying the flag of a EU territory unless otherwise provided for.

SE: A ship shall be deemed Swedish and can carry the Swedish flag if more than half is owned by Swedish citizens or juridical persons. The Government may permit foreign vessels to fly the Swedish flag if their operations are under Swedish control or the owner has permanent residence in Sweden. Vessels which are 50 % owned by EEA nationals or companies having their registered office, central administration or principal place of business in the EEA and whose operation is controlled from Sweden, may also be registered in the Swedish register. A professional fishing license, needed for professional fishing, is only given if the fishing has a connection to the Swedish fishing industry. Connection can for example be landing half the catch during a calendar year (in value) in Sweden, half the fishing trips departs from a Swedish harbour or half of the fishermen in the fleet are domiciled in Sweden. For vessels over five meters, a vessel permit is needed together with the professional fishing license. A permit is granted if, among other things, the vessel is registered in the national registry and the vessel have a real economic connection to Sweden.

UK: No national treatment and most favoured nation obligations for the acquisition of UK flagged vessels, unless the investment is at least 75 % owned by British citizens and/or by companies which are at least 75 % owned by British citizens, in all cases resident and domiciled in the UK. Vessels must be managed, directed and controlled from within the UK.

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C. Mining and quarrying

EU: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations for juridical persons controlled ⁽¹⁾ by natural or juridical persons of a non-EU country which accounts for more than 5 % of the EU's oil or natural gas imports. No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations for direct branching (incorporation is required).

D. Manufacturing

EU: No national treatment and most favoured national obligations for juridical persons controlled ⁽²⁾ by natural or juridical persons of a non-EU country which accounts for more than 5 % of the EU's oil or natural gas imports. No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations for direct branching (incorporation is required).

HR: Residence requirement for publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded media.

IT: Owners of publishing and printing company and publishers must be citizens of a Member State. Companies must have their headquarters in a Member State.

SE: Owners of periodicals that are printed and published in Sweden, who are natural persons, must reside in Sweden or be citizens of the EEA. Owners of such periodicals who are juridical persons must be established in the EEA. Periodicals that are printed and published in Sweden, and technical recordings must have a responsible editor, who must be domiciled in Sweden.

For production, transmission and distribution on own account of electricity, gas, steam and hot water ⁽³⁾ (excluding nuclear based electricity generation)

EU: No national treatment and most favoured nation obligations for production of electricity, transmission and distribution of electricity on own account and manufacture of gas, distribution of gaseous fuels.

For production, transmission and distribution of steam and hot water

EU: No national treatment and most favoured national obligations for juridical persons controlled ⁽⁴⁾ by natural or juridical persons of a non-EU country which accounts for more than 5 % of the EU's oil, electricity or natural gas imports. Unbound for direct branching (incorporation is required).

⁽¹⁾ A juridical person is controlled by other natural or juridical person(s) if the latter has/have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise legally direct its actions. In particular, ownership of more than 50 % of the equity interests in a juridical person shall be deemed to constitute control.

⁽²⁾ A juridical person is controlled by other natural or juridical person(s) if the latter has/have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise legally direct its actions. In particular, ownership of more than 50 % of the equity interests in a juridical person shall be deemed to constitute control.

⁽³⁾ The horizontal limitation on public utilities applies.

⁽⁴⁾ A juridical person is controlled by other natural or juridical person(s) if the latter has/have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise legally direct its actions. In particular, ownership of more than 50 % of the equity interests in a juridical person shall be deemed to constitute control.

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FI: No national treatment and most favoured nation obligations for production, transmission and distribution of steam and hot water.

1. Business services

Professional services

EU: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to legal advisory and legal documentations and certification services provided by legal professionals entrusted with public functions, such as notaries, ‘huissiers de justice’ or other ‘officiers publics et ministériels’, and with respect to services provided by bailiffs who are appointed by an official act of government.

EU: Full admission to the Bar required for the practice of domestic (EU and Member State) law, which is subject to a nationality condition and/or residency requirement.

AT: With respect to legal services, foreign lawyers' (who must be fully qualified in their home country) equity participation and shares in the operating result of any law firm may not exceed 25 %. They may not have decisive influence in decision-making. For foreign minority investors, or its qualified personnel, provision of legal services is only authorised in respect of public international law and the law of the jurisdiction where they are qualified to practice as a lawyer; provision of legal services in respect of domestic (EU and Member State) law including representation before courts requires full admission to the bar, which is subject to a nationality condition.

With respect to accounting, bookkeeping, auditing and taxation advisory services, equity participation and voting rights of persons entitled to exercise the profession according to foreign law may not exceed 25 %.

No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations for medical (except for dental services and for psychologists and psychotherapists) and veterinary services.

BG: With respect to legal services, some types of legal form (‘advokatsko sadruje’ and ‘advokatsko drujestvo’) are reserved to lawyers fully admitted to the Bar in the Republic of Bulgaria. For mediation services permanent residence is required. With respect to taxation services EU nationality condition applies. With respect to architectural services, urban planning and landscape architectural services, engineering and integrated engineering services foreign natural and juridical persons, possessing recognised licensed designer competence under their national legislation, may survey and design works in Bulgaria independently only after winning a competitive procedure and when selected as contractors under the terms and according to the procedure established by the Public Procurement Act; for projects of national or regional significance, Georgian entrepreneurs must act in partnership with or, as subcontractors of, local entrepreneurs. With respect to urban planning and landscape architectural services, nationality condition applies. No national treatment and most favoured national treatment obligation for midwives services and services provided by nurses, physiotherapists and paramedical personnel.

DK: Foreign auditors may enter into partnerships with Danish State authorised accountants after obtaining permission from the ► **C1** Danish Business Authority. ◀

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FI: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to services related to publicly or privately funded health and social services (i.e. Medical, including Psychologists, and Dental services; Midwives services; Physiotherapists and Paramedical Personnel).

FI: With respect to auditing services, residency requirement for at least one of the auditors of a Finnish Liability company.

FR: With respect to legal services, some types of legal form ('association d'avocats' and 'société en participation d'avocat') are reserved to lawyers fully admitted to the Bar in FR. With respect to architectural services, medical (including psychologists) and dental services, midwife services and services provided by nurses, physiotherapists and paramedical personnel foreign entrepreneurs only have access to the legal forms of 'société d'exercice libéral' (sociétés anonymes, sociétés à responsabilité limitée ou sociétés en commandite par actions) and 'société civile professionnelle'. Nationality condition and reciprocity apply with respect to veterinary services.

EL: No national and most favoured nation treatment with respect to dental technicians. EU nationality is required to obtain a licence to be a statutory auditor and in veterinary services.

ES: Statutory auditors and industrial property attorneys are subject to an EU nationality condition.

HR: Unbound except for consultancy on home country, foreign and international law. Representation of parties before courts can be practised only by the members of the Bar Council of Croatia (Croatian title 'odvjetnici'). Citizenship requirement for membership in the Bar Council. In proceedings involving international elements, parties can be represented before arbitration courts – ad hoc courts by lawyers who are members of bar associations of other countries.

A licence is required to provide audit services. Natural and juridical persons may supply architectural and engineering services upon approval of the Croatian Chamber of Architects and Croatian Chamber of Engineers respectively.

HU: Establishment should take the form of partnership with a Hungarian barrister (ügyvéd) or a barrister's office (ügyvédi iroda), or representative office. Residency requirement for non EEA national in veterinary services.

LV: In a commercial company of sworn auditors more than 50 % of the voting capital shares shall be owned by sworn auditors or commercial companies of sworn auditors of the EU or the EEA.

LT: With respect to auditing services, at least three-quarters of the shares of an audit company must belong to auditors or auditing companies of EU or EEA.

PL: While other types of legal form are available for EU lawyers, foreign lawyers only have access to the legal forms of registered partnership and limited partnership. EU nationality condition applies to provide veterinary services.

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SK: Residency is required to provide architectural, engineering services, veterinary services.

SE: For legal services, admission to the Bar, necessary only for the use of the Swedish title 'advokat', is subject to a residency requirement. There is a residency requirement for liquidators. The competent authority may grant exemption from this requirement. There are EEA requirements connected to the appointing of a certifier of an economic plan. EEA residency requirement for auditing services.

Research and Development services

EU: For publicly funded Research and Development services, exclusive rights and/or authorisations may only be granted to EU nationals and to EU juridical persons having their headquarters in the EU.

Rental/Leasing without Operators

A. Relating to ships:

LT: Ships must be owned by Lithuanian natural persons or companies established in Lithuania.

SE: In the case of Georgian ownership interests in a ship, proof of dominating Swedish operating influence must be shown to fly the Swedish flag.

B. Relating to aircraft

EU: With respect to rental and leasing relating to aircraft, although waivers can be granted for short term lease contracts, aircraft must be owned either by natural persons meeting specific nationality criteria or by juridical persons meeting specific criteria regarding ownership of capital and control (including nationality of directors).

Other business services

EU, except HU and SE: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations for supply services of domestic help personnel, other commercial or industrial workers, nursing and other personnel. Residency or commercial presence is required and nationality requirements may exist.

EU except BE, DK, EL, ES, FR, HU, IE, IT, LU, NL, SE and UK: Nationality conditions and residency requirement for placement services and supply services of personnel.

EU except AT and SE: For investigation services, no national treatment and most favoured treatment obligations. Residency or commercial presence is required and nationality requirements may exist.

AT: Regarding placement services and labour leasing agencies, an authorisation can only be granted to juridical persons having their headquarter in the EEA and members of the management board or managing partners/shareholders entitled to represent the juridical person have to be EEA-citizens and have to be domiciled in the EEA.

BE: A company having its head office outside the EEA has to prove that it supplies placement services in its country of origin. With respect to security services, EU citizenship and residence are required for managers.

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BG: Nationality is required for activities in aerial photography and for geodesy, cadastral surveying and cartography. No national treatment and most favoured national treatment obligations for placement and supply services of personnel, placement services; supply services of office support personnel; investigation services; security services; technical testing and analysis services; services on contract basis for repair and dismantling of equipment in oil and gas fields. No national treatment and most favoured national treatment obligations for official translation and interpretation.

DE: Nationality condition for sworn interpreters.

DK: With respect to security services, residency requirement and nationality condition for majority of members of the board and for managers. No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations for the supply of airport guard services.

EE: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations for security services. EU citizenship required for sworn translators.

FI: EEA residency is required for certified translators.

FR: No national treatment obligation and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to the attribution of rights in the area of placement services.

FR: Foreign entrepreneurs are required to have a specific authorisation for exploration and prospection services for scientific and technical consulting services.

HR: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations for placement services; investigation and security services.

IT: Italian or EU nationality and residency requirement in order to obtain the necessary authorisation to supply security guard services. Owners of publishing and printing company and publishers must be citizens of a Member State. Companies must have their headquarters in a Member State. No national treatment and MFN obligation for collection agency and credit reporting services.

LV: With respect to investigations services, only detective companies whose head and every person who has an office in the administration thereof is a national of the EU or the EEA are entitled to obtain a license. With respect to security services at least half of the equity capital should be possessed by physical and juridical persons of the EU or the EEA to obtain a license.

LT: The activity of security services, may only be undertaken by persons with the citizenship of the EEA or a NATO country.

PL: With respect to investigation services, the professional license can be granted to a person holding Polish citizenship or to a citizen of another Member State, EEA or Switzerland. With respect to security service, a professional license may

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be granted only to a person holding Polish citizenship or to a citizen of another Member State, EEA or Switzerland. EU nationality condition for sworn translators. Polish nationality condition to provide aerial photographic services and for the editor-in chief of newspapers and journals.

PT: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations for investigation services. An EU nationality condition for entrepreneurs to provide collection agency services and credit reporting services. Nationality requirement for specialised personnel for security services.

SE: Residency requirement for publisher and owner of publishing and printing companies. Only Sami people may own and exercise reindeer husbandry.

SK: With respect to investigation services and security services, licences may be granted only if there is no security risk and if all managers are citizens of the EU, EEA or Switzerland.

4. Distribution services

EU: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to distribution of arms, munitions and explosives.

EU: Nationality condition and residency requirement applies in some countries to operate a pharmacy and operate as a tobacconist.

FR: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to granting of exclusive rights in the area of tobacco retail.

FI: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to distribution of alcohol and pharmaceuticals.

AT: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to distribution of pharmaceuticals

BG: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to distribution of alcoholic beverages, chemical products, tobacco and tobacco products, pharmaceuticals, medical and orthopaedic goods; weapons, munitions and military equipment; petroleum and petroleum products, gas, precious metals, precious stones.

DE: Only natural persons are permitted to provide retail services of pharmaceuticals and specific medical goods to the public. Residency is required in order to obtain a licence as a pharmacist and/or to open a pharmacy for the retail of pharmaceuticals and certain medical goods to the public. Nationals of other countries or persons who have not passed the German pharmacy exam may only obtain a licence to take over a pharmacy which has already existed during the preceding three years.

HR: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to distribution of tobacco products.

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6. Environmental services

EU: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations in respect of the provision of services relating to the collection, purification and distribution of water to household, industrial, commercial or other users, including the provision of drinking water, and water management.

7. Financial services ⁽¹⁾

EU: Only firms having their registered office in the EU can act as depositories of the assets of investment funds. The establishment of a specialised management company, having its head office and registered office in the same Member State, is required to perform the activities of management of unit trusts and investment companies.

AT: The licence for a branch office of foreign insurers shall be denied if the foreign insurer does not have a legal form corresponding or comparable to a joint stock company or a mutual insurance association. The management of a branch office must consist of two natural persons resident in Austria.

BG: Pension insurance shall be implemented through participation in incorporated pension insurance companies. Permanent residence in Bulgaria is required for the chairperson of the management board and the chairperson of the board of directors. Before establishing a branch or agency to provide certain classes of insurance, a foreign insurer must have been authorised to operate in the same classes of insurance in its country of origin.

CY: Only members (brokers) of the Cyprus Stock Exchange can undertake business pertaining to securities brokerage in Cyprus. A brokerage firm may only be registered as a member of the Cyprus Stock Exchange if it has been established and registered in accordance with the Companies Law of Cyprus (no branches).

EL: The right of establishment does not cover the creation of representative offices or other permanent presence of insurance companies, except where such offices are established as agencies, branches or head offices.

ES: Before establishing a branch or agency to provide certain classes of insurance, a foreign insurer must have been authorised to operate in the same classes of insurance in its country of origin.

HU: Branches of foreign institutions are not allowed to provide asset management services for private pension funds or management of venture capital. The board of a financial institution should include at least two members, who are Hungarian citizens, residents in the meaning of the relevant foreign exchange regulations and have permanent residency in Hungary for at least one year.

IE: In the case of collective investment schemes constituted as unit trusts and variable capital companies (other than undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities, UCITS) the trustee/depository and management company is required to be incorporated in Ireland or in another Member State (no branches). In the case of an investment limited partnership, at least one general partner must be incorporated in Ireland. To become a member of a stock exchange in Ireland, an entity must either:

⁽¹⁾ The horizontal limitation on the difference in treatment between branches and subsidiaries applies. Foreign branches may only receive an authorisation to operate in the territory of a Member State under the conditions provided for in the relevant legislation of that Member State and may therefore be required to satisfy a number of specific prudential requirements.

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- (a) be authorised in Ireland, which requires that it be incorporated or be a partnership, with a head/registered office in Ireland, or
- (b) be authorised in another Member State.

PT: Pension fund management may be provided only by specialized companies incorporated in Portugal for that purpose and by insurance companies established in Portugal and authorised to take up the life insurance business or by entities authorised to pension fund management in other Member States.

In order to establish a branch in Portugal, foreign insurance companies need to demonstrate prior operational experience of at least five years. Direct branching is not permitted for insurance intermediation, which is reserved to companies formed in accordance with the law of a Member State.

FI: For insurance companies providing statutory pension insurance: at least one half of the promoters and members of the board of directors and the supervisory board shall have their place of residence in the EU, unless the competent authorities have granted an exemption.

Other insurance companies than those providing statutory pension insurance: residency requirement for at least one member of the board of directors and supervisory board and the managing director.

The general agent of a Georgian insurance company must have his place of residence in Finland, unless the company has its head office in the EU.

Foreign insurers cannot get a licence in Finland as a branch to carry on statutory pension insurance.

For banking services: residency requirement for at least one of the founders, one member of the board of directors and supervisory board, the managing director and the person entitled to sign in the name of a credit institution.

IT: In order to be authorised to manage the securities settlement system with an establishment in Italy, a company is required to be incorporated in Italy (no branches). In order to be authorised to manage central securities depository services with an establishment in Italy, companies are required to be incorporated in Italy (no branches). In the case of collective investment schemes other than UCITS harmonised with the legislation of the EU, the trustee/depository is required to be incorporated in Italy or in another Member State and established through a branch in Italy. Management companies of ►C1 UCITS not harmonised under the legislation of the EU are also required to be incorporated in Italy (no branches). Only banks, insurance companies, investment firms, and companies managing UCITS harmonised under the legislation of ◀ the EU, having their legal head office in the EU, as well as UCITS incorporated in Italy may carry out activity of pension fund resources management. In providing the activity of door-to-door selling, intermediaries must utilise authorised financial salesmen listed in the Italian register. Representative offices of foreign intermediaries cannot carry out activities aimed at providing investment services.

LT: For the purpose of asset management, incorporation as a specialized management company (no branches) is required.

Only firms having their registered office or branch in Lithuania can act as depositories of pension funds.

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Only banks having their registered office or branch in Lithuania and authorised to provide investment services in a Member State or in an EEA State may act as the depositaries of the assets of pension funds.

PL: Local incorporation (no branches) required for insurance intermediaries.

SK: Foreign nationals may establish an insurance company in the form of a joint stock company or may conduct insurance business through their subsidiaries with registered office in Slovakia (no branches).

Investment services in Slovakia can be provided by banks, investment companies, investment funds and security dealers which have a legal form of joint-stock company with equity capital according to the law (no branches).

SE: Insurance broking undertakings not incorporated in Sweden may be established only through a branch. A founder of a savings bank shall be a natural person resident in the EU.

8. Health, Social and Education services

EU: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to publicly funded health, social and education services.

EU: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to privately funded other human health services.

EU: With respect to privately funded education services, nationality conditions may apply for majority of members of the Board.

EU (except for NL, SE and SK): No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to the provision of privately funded other education services, which means other than those classified as being primary, secondary, higher and adult education services.

BE, CY, CZ, DK, FR, DE, EL, HU, IT, ES, PT and UK: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to the provision of privately funded social services other than services relating to Convalescent and Rest Houses and Old People's Homes.

FI: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to privately funded health and social services.

BG: Foreign high schools cannot open their divisions on the territory of Bulgaria. Foreign high schools can open faculties, departments, institutes and colleges in Bulgaria only within the structure of the Bulgarian high schools and in cooperation with them.

EL: With respect to higher education services, no national or most favoured nation treatment obligations for establishment of education institutions granting recognised State diplomas. EU nationality condition for owners and majority of members of the Board, teachers in privately founded primary and secondary schools.

HR: No national treatment and most favorable nation treatment obligations with respect to primary education.

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SE: reserves the right to adopt and maintain any measure with respect to educational services suppliers that are approved by public authorities to provide education. This reservation applies to publicly funded and privately funded educational services suppliers with some form of State support, inter alia educational service suppliers recognised by the State, educational services suppliers under State supervision or education which entitles to study support.

UK: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to the provision of privately-funded ambulance services or privately-funded residential health services other than hospital services.

9. Tourism and travel related services

BG, CY, EL, ES and FR: Nationality condition for tourist guides.

BG: For hotel, restaurant and catering services (excluding catering in air transport services) incorporation is required (no branching).

IT: Tourist guides from non-EU countries need to obtain a specific licence.

10. Recreational cultural and sporting services

News and Press Agencies Services

FR: Foreign participation in existing companies publishing publications in French language may not exceed 20 % of the capital or of the voting rights in the company. With respect to press agencies, national treatment for the establishment of juridical persons is subject to reciprocity.

Sporting and other recreational services

EU: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to gambling and betting services. For legal certainty it is clarified that no market access is granted.

AT: With respect to ski schools and mountain guide services, management directors of juridical persons have to be citizens of the EEA.

Libraries, archives, museums and other cultural services

BE, FR, HR and IT: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment with respect to libraries, archives, museum and other cultural services.

11. Transport

Maritime transport

EU: No national treatment and most favoured treatment obligations for the establishment of a registered company for the purpose of operating a fleet under the national flag of the State of establishment.

FI: For services auxiliary to maritime transport, services can be provided only by ships operating under the Finnish flag.

HR: For services auxiliary to maritime transport foreign juridical person is required to establish a company in Croatia which should be granted a concession by the port authority, following a public tendering procedure. The number of service suppliers may be limited reflecting limitations in port capacity.

▼ BInternal Waterways Transport ⁽¹⁾

EU: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to national cabotage transport. Measures based upon existing or future agreements on access to inland waterways (incl. agreements following the Rhine-Main-Danube link) reserve some traffic rights for operators based in the countries concerned and meeting nationality criteria regarding ownership. Subject to regulations implementing the Mannheim Convention on Rhine Shipping.

AT and HU: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations for the establishment of a registered company for the purpose of operating a fleet under the national flag of the State of establishment.

AT: With respect to internal waterways a concession is only granted to EEA juridical persons and more than 50 % of the capital share, the voting rights and the majority in the governing boards are reserved to citizens of the EEA.

HR: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations for internal waterways transport.

Air transport services

EU: The conditions of mutual market access in air transport shall be dealt with by the Common Aviation Area Agreement between the European Union and its Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part.

EU: Aircraft used by an air carrier of the EU have to be registered in the Member State licensing the carrier or elsewhere in the EU. With respect to rental of aircraft with crew, aircraft must be owned either by natural persons meeting specific nationality criteria or by juridical persons meeting specific criteria regarding ownership of capital and control. Aircraft must be operated by air carriers owned either by natural persons meeting specific nationality criteria or by juridical persons meeting specific criteria regarding ownership of capital and control.

EU: With respect to computer reservation systems (CRS) services, where air carriers of the EU are not accorded equivalent treatment ⁽²⁾ to that provided in the EU by CRS services suppliers outside the EU, or where CRS services suppliers of the EU are not accorded equivalent treatment to that provided in the EU by non-EU air carriers, measures may be taken to accord equivalent treatment, respectively, to the non-EU air carriers by the CRS services suppliers in the EU, or to the non-EU CRS services suppliers by the air carriers in the EU.

Rail transport

HR: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations for passenger and freight transportation and for pushing and towing services.

Road transport

EU: Incorporation (no branches) is required for cabotage operations. Residency is required for the transport manager.

AT: For passenger and freight transportation, exclusive rights and/or authorisations may only be granted to nationals of the Member States of the EU and to juridical persons of the EU having their headquarters in the EU.

⁽¹⁾ Including Services auxiliary to internal waterways transport.

⁽²⁾ Equivalent treatment implies non-discriminatory treatment of Union air carriers and Union CRS services suppliers.

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BG: For passenger and freight transportation, exclusive rights and/or authorisations may only be granted to nationals of the Member States of the EU and to juridical persons of the EU having their headquarters in the EU. Incorporation is required. Condition of EU nationality for natural persons.

EL: In order to engage in the occupation of road freight transport operator a Hellenic licence is needed. Licences are granted on non-discriminatory terms. Road freight transport operations established in Greece may only use vehicles that are registered in Greece.

FI: Authorisation is required to provide road transport services, which is not extended to foreign registered vehicles.

FR: Foreign entrepreneurs are not allowed to provide intercity bussing services.

LV: For passenger and freight transportation services, an authorisation is required, which is not extended to foreign registered vehicles. Established entities are required to use nationally registered vehicles.

RO: In order to obtain a licence, road haulage and road passenger transport operators may only use vehicles that are registered in Romania, owned and used according to the Government Ordinance provisions.

SE: In order to engage in the occupation of road transport operator, a Swedish licence is needed. Criteria for receiving a taxi licence include that the company has appointed a natural person to act as the transport manager (a de facto residency requirement – see the Swedish reservation on types of establishment). Criteria for receiving a licence for other road transport operators require that the company is established in the EU, has an establishment situated in Sweden and has appointed a natural person to act as the transport manager, who must be resident in the EU. Licences are granted on non-discriminatory terms, except that operators of road haulage and road passenger transport services may as a general rule only use vehicles that are registered in the national road traffic registry. If a vehicle is registered abroad, owned by a natural or juridical person whose principal residence is abroad and is brought to Sweden for temporary use, the vehicle may be temporarily used in Sweden. Temporary use is usually defined by the Swedish Transport Agency as meaning not more than one year.

14. Energy services

EU: No national treatment and most favoured treatment obligations with respect to juridical persons of Georgia controlled⁽¹⁾ by natural or juridical persons of a country which accounts for more than 5 % of the EU's oil or natural gas imports⁽²⁾, unless the EU provides comprehensive access to this sector to natural or juridical persons of this country, in the context of an economic integration agreement concluded with that country.

EU: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations for nuclear-based electricity generation and with respect to processing of nuclear fuel.

⁽¹⁾ A juridical person is controlled by other natural or juridical person(s) if the latter has/have the power to name a majority of its directors or otherwise legally direct its actions. In particular, ownership of more than 50 % of the equity interest in a juridical person shall be deemed to constitute control.

⁽²⁾ Based on figures published by the Directorate General in charge of Energy in the latest EU energy statistical pocketbook: crude oil imports expressed in weight, gas imports in calorific value.

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EU: Certification of a transmission system operator which is controlled by a natural or juridical person or persons from a third country or third countries may be refused where the operator has not demonstrated that granting certification will not put at risk the security of energy supply in a Member State and/or the EU, in accordance with Article 11 of Directive 2009/72/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 concerning common rules for the internal market in electricity and Article 11 of Directive 2009/73/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 concerning common rules for the internal market in natural gas.

AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, EE, FI, FR, EL, IE, IT, LV, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SI, SE and UK: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to pipeline transportation of fuels services, other than consultancy services.

BE and LV: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to pipeline transportation of natural gas, other than consultancy services.

AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, EE, FI, FR, EL, IE, HU, IT, LU, LT, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SE and UK: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to services incidental to energy distribution, other than consultancy services.

SI: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to services incidental to energy distribution, other than services incidental to the distribution of gas.

CY: Reserves the right to require reciprocity for licensing in relation to the activities of prospecting, exploration and exploitation of hydrocarbons.

15. Other services not included elsewhere

PT: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to services related to the sale of equipment or to the assignment of a patent.

SE: No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to funeral, cremation and undertaking services.



ANNEX XIV-B

LIST OF COMMITMENTS ON CROSS-BORDER SUPPLY OF SERVICES (UNION)

1. The list of commitments below indicates the economic activities liberalised by the Union pursuant to Article 86 of this Agreement and, by means of reservations, the market access and national treatment limitations that apply to services and service suppliers of Georgia in those activities. The lists are composed of the following elements:

- (a) a first column indicating the sector or sub-sector in which the commitment is assumed by the Party, and the scope of liberalisation to which the reservations apply;
- (b) a second column describing the applicable reservations.

When the column referred to under point (b) only includes Member State-specific reservations, Member States not mentioned therein undertake commitments in the sector concerned without reservations (the absence of Member State-specific reservations in a given sector is without prejudice to horizontal reservations or to sectoral Union-broad reservations that may apply).

Sectors or sub-sectors not mentioned in the list below are not committed.

2. In identifying individual sectors and sub-sectors:

- (a) ‘CPC’ means the Central Products Classification as set out in Statistical Office of the United Nations, Statistical Papers, Series M, N° 77, CPC prov, 1991.
- (b) ‘CPC ver. 1.0’ means the Central Products Classification as set out in Statistical Office of the United Nations, Statistical Papers, Series M, N° 77, CPC ver 1.0, 1998.

3. The list below does not include measures relating to qualification requirements and procedures, technical standards and licensing requirements and procedures when they do not constitute a market access or a national treatment limitation within the meaning of Articles 84 and 85 of this Agreement. Those measures (e.g. need to obtain a license, universal service obligations, need to obtain recognition of qualifications in regulated sectors, need to pass specific examinations, including language examinations, non-discriminatory requirement that certain activities may not be carried out in environmental protected zones or areas of particular historic and artistic interest), even if not listed, apply in any case to entrepreneurs of the other Party.

4. The list below is without prejudice to the feasibility of Mode 1 in certain services sectors and sub-sectors and without prejudice to the existence of public monopolies and exclusive rights as described in the list of commitments on establishment.

5. In accordance with Article 76(3) of this Agreement, the list below does not include measures concerning subsidies granted by the Parties.

6. The rights and obligations arising from this list of commitments shall have no self-executing effect and thus confer no rights directly to individual natural persons or juridical persons.

7. Mode 1 and Mode 2 refer to the means of the supply of services as described in ►C1 points (i) and (ii) of point (m) of Article 77 of ◀ this Agreement respectively.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
1. BUSINESS SERVICES	
A. Professional Services	
<p>a) Legal Services (CPC 861) ⁽¹⁾ (excluding legal advisory and legal documentations and certification services provided by legal professionals entrusted with public functions, such as notaries, huissiers de justice or other officers publics et ministériels)</p>	<p>For Modes 1 and 2 AT, CY, ES, EL, LT and MT: Full admission to the Bar, required for the practice of domestic (EU and Member State) law, is subject to a nationality condition BE: Full admission to the Bar, required for legal representation services, is subject to a nationality condition, coupled with residency requirements. Quotas apply for appearing before the ‘Cour de cassation’ in non-criminal cases BG: Foreign lawyers can only provide legal representation services of a national of their home country and subject to reciprocity and cooperation with a Bulgarian lawyer. For legal mediation services permanent residence is required FR: Lawyers' access to the profession of ‘avocat auprès de la Cour de Cassation’ et ‘avocat auprès du Conseil d'Etat’ is subject to quotas and to a nationality condition HU: For foreign lawyers the scope of legal activities is limited to the provision of legal advice LV: Nationality requirement for sworn advocates, to whom legal representation in criminal proceedings is reserved DK: Marketing of legal advice activities is restricted to lawyers with a Danish licence to practice and law firms registered in Denmark. Requirement of a Danish legal examination in order to obtain a Danish licence SE: Admission to the Bar, necessary only for the use of the Swedish title ‘advokat’, is subject to a residency requirement For Mode 1 HR: None for consultancy on foreign and international law. Unbound for practicing of Croatian law</p>
<p>b) 1. Accounting and Bookkeeping Services (CPC 86212 other than ‘auditing services’, CPC 86213, CPC 86219 and CPC 86220)</p>	<p>For Mode 1 FR, HU, IT, MT, RO and SI: Unbound AT: Nationality condition for representation before competent authorities For Mode 2 All Member States: None</p>

⁽¹⁾ Includes legal advisory, legal representational, legal arbitration and conciliation/mediation, and legal documentation and certification services. Provision of legal services is only authorised in respect of public international law, EU law and the law of any jurisdiction where the service supplier or its personnel is qualified to practice as a lawyer, and, like the provision of other services, is subject to licensing requirements and procedures applicable in Member States of ► **C1** the EU. For lawyers providing legal services in respect of public international law and foreign law, these may take inter alia the form of compliance with local codes of ethics, use of home title (unless recognition with the host title has been obtained) insurance requirements, simple registration with the host country Bar or a simplified admission to the host country Bar through an aptitude test and a legal or professional domicile in the host country. Legal services in respect of EU law shall in principle be carried out by or through a fully qualified lawyer admitted to the Bar in the EU acting personally, and legal services in respect of the law of a Member State of the EU shall in principle be carried out by or through a fully qualified lawyer admitted to the Bar in that Member State acting personally. Full admission to the Bar in the relevant Member State of the EU might ◀ therefore be necessary for representation before courts and other competent authorities in the EU since it involves practice of EU and national procedural law. However, in some Member States, foreign lawyers not fully admitted to the Bar are allowed to represent in civil proceedings a party being a national or belonging to the State in which the lawyer is entitled to practice.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
<p>b) 2. Auditing services</p> <p>(CPC 86211 and 86212 other than accounting services)</p>	<p>For Mode 1</p> <p>BE, BG, CY, DE, ES, FI, FR, EL, HU, IE, IT, LU, MT, NL, PT, RO, SI and UK: Unbound</p> <p>AT: Nationality condition for representation before competent authorities and for performing audits provided for in specific Austrian laws (e.g. joint stock companies law, stock exchange law, banking law, etc.)</p> <p>HR: Foreign audit firms may provide audit services on the Croatian territory where they have established a branch, in accordance with the provisions of the Company Act</p> <p>SE: Only auditors approved in Sweden may perform statutory auditing services in certain legal entities, among others in all limited companies, and in relation to natural persons. Only such persons and registered public accounting firms may be shareowners or form partnerships in companies which practice qualified auditing (for official purposes). Residency within the EEA or Switzerland required for approval. The titles of ‘approved auditor’ and ‘authorised auditor’ may only be used by auditors approved or authorised in Sweden. Auditors of cooperative economic associations and certain other enterprises who are not certified or approved accountants must be resident within the EEA, unless the Government or a Government authority appointed by the Government in a separate case allows otherwise</p> <p>For Mode 2</p> <p>None</p>
<p>c) Taxation Advisory Services</p> <p>(CPC 863) ⁽¹⁾</p>	<p>For Mode 1</p> <p>AT: Nationality condition for representation before competent authorities</p> <p>CY: Tax agents must be duly authorised by the Minister of Finance. Authorisation is subject to an economic needs test. The criteria used are analogous to those for granting permission for foreign investment (listed in horizontal section), as they apply to this sub-sector, always taking into consideration the employment situation in the sub-sector</p> <p>BG, MT, RO and SI: Unbound</p> <p>For Mode 2</p> <p>None</p>

⁽¹⁾ Does not include legal advisory and legal representational services on tax matters, which are to be found under 1.A.a). Legal services.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
<p>d) Architectural services</p> <p>And</p> <p>e) Urban planning and landscape architectural services</p> <p>(CPC 8671 and CPC 8674)</p>	<p>For Mode 1</p> <p>AT: Unbound except for planning services.</p> <p>BE, CY, EL, IT, MT, PL, PT and SI: Unbound</p> <p>DE: Application of the national rules on fees and emoluments for all services which are performed from abroad</p> <p>HR: Architectural services: Natural and juridical persons may supply these services upon approval of the Croatian Chamber of Architects. A design or project elaborated abroad must be recognised (validated) by an authorised natural or juridical person in Croatia with regard to its compliance with Croatian Law. Authorisation for recognition (validation) is issued by the Ministry of Construction and Physical Planning</p> <p>Urban planning: Natural and juridical persons may provide these services after receiving the approval of the Ministry of Construction and Physical Planning</p> <p>HU and RO: Unbound for landscape architectural services</p> <p>For Mode 2</p> <p>None</p>
<p>f) Engineering services; and</p> <p>g) Integrated engineering services</p> <p>(CPC 8672 and CPC 8673)</p>	<p>For Mode 1</p> <p>AT, SI: Unbound except for pure planning services.</p> <p>CY, EL, IT, MT and PT: Unbound</p> <p>HR: Natural and juridical persons may supply these services upon approval of the Croatian Chamber of Engineers. A design or project elaborated abroad must be recognised (validated) by an authorised natural or juridical person in Croatia with regard to its compliance with Croatian Law. Authorisation for recognition (validation) is issued by the Ministry of Construction and Physical Planning</p> <p>For Mode 2</p> <p>None</p>
<p>h) Medical (including Psychologists), and Dental services</p> <p>(CPC 9312 and part of CPC 85201)</p>	<p>For Mode 1</p> <p>AT, BE, BG, CY, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, EL, IE, IT, LU, MT, NL, PT, RO, SK and UK: Unbound</p> <p>HR: Unbound, except for telemedicine where: None</p> <p>SI: Unbound for social medicine, sanitary, epidemiological, medical/ecological services, the supply of blood, blood preparations and transplants and autopsy</p> <p>For Mode 2</p> <p>None</p>
<p>i) Veterinary services</p> <p>(CPC 932)</p>	<p>For Mode 1</p> <p>AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FR, EL, HU, IE, IT, LV, MT, NL, PT, RO, SI and SK: Unbound</p> <p>UK: Unbound except for veterinary laboratory and technical services supplied to veterinary surgeons, general advice, guidance and information e.g.: nutritional, behaviour and pet care</p> <p>For Mode 2</p> <p>None</p>

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
j) 1. Midwives services (part of CPC 93191)	For Mode 1 AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FR, EL, HU, IE, IT, LV, LT, LU, MT, NL, PT, RO, SI, SK and UK: Unbound
j) 2. Services provided by Nurses, Physiotherapists and Paramedical Personnel (part of CPC 93191)	FI and PL: Unbound except for nurses HR: Unbound, except for telemedicine: None For Mode 2 None
k) Retail sales of pharmaceuticals and retail sales of medical and orthopaedical goods (CPC 63211) and other services supplied by pharmacists ⁽¹⁾	For Mode 1 AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR, EL, IE, IT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SE, SI and UK: Unbound LV and LT: Unbound except for mail order HU: Unbound except for CPC 63211 For Mode 2 None
B. Computer and Related Services (CPC 84)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
C. Research and Development Services	
a) R&D services on Social Sciences and Humanities (CPC 852 excluding psychologists services) ⁽²⁾	For Modes 1 and 2 EU: For publicly funded R&D services, exclusive rights and/or authorisations can only be granted to nationals of the Member States and to juridical persons of the EU having their headquarters in the EU
b) R&D services on natural sciences (CPC 851) and	
c) Interdisciplinary R&D services (CPC 853)	
D. Real Estate Services ⁽³⁾	
a) Involving Own or Leased Property (CPC 821)	For Mode 1 BG, CY, CZ, EE, HU, IE, LV, LT, MT, PL, RO, SK and SI: Unbound HR: Commercial presence required. For Mode 2 None
b) On a Fee or Contract Basis (CPC 822)	For Mode 1 BG, CY, CZ, EE, HU, IE, LV, LT, MT, PL, RO, SK and SI: Unbound HR: Commercial presence required. For Mode 2 None

⁽¹⁾ The supply of pharmaceuticals to the general public, like the provision of other services, is subject to licensing and qualification requirements and procedures applicable in the Member States. As a general rule, this activity is reserved to pharmacists. In some Member States, only the supply of prescription drugs is reserved to pharmacists.

⁽²⁾ Part of CPC 85201, which is to be found under 1.A.h. Medical and dental services.

⁽³⁾ The service involved relates to the profession of real estate agent and does not affect any rights and/or restrictions on natural and juridical persons purchasing real estate.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
E. Rental/Leasing Services without Operators	
a) Relating to Ships (CPC 83103)	For Mode 1 BG, CY, DE, HU, MT and RO: Unbound For Mode 2 None
b) Relating to Aircraft (CPC 83104)	For Mode 1 BG, CY, CZ, HU, LV, MT, PL, RO and SK: Unbound For Mode 2 BG, CY, CZ, LV, MT, PL, RO and SK: Unbound AT, BE, DE, DK, ES, EE, FI, FR, EL, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, NL, PT, SI, SE and UK: Aircraft used by an air carrier of the EU have to be registered in the Member State licensing the air carrier or elsewhere in the EU. Waivers can be granted for short term lease contracts or under exceptional circumstances
c) Relating to Other Transport Equipment (CPC 83101, CPC 83102 and CPC 83105)	For Mode 1 BG, CY, HU, LV, MT, PL, RO and SI: Unbound For Mode 2 None
d) Relating to Other Machinery and Equipment (CPC 83106, CPC 83107, CPC 83108 and CPC 83109)	For Mode 1 BG, CY, CZ, HU, MT, PL, RO and SK: Unbound For Mode 2 None
e) Relating to personal and household goods (CPC 832)	For Modes 1 and 2 AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, EL, HU, IE, IT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SE, SK and UK: Unbound
f) Telecommunications equipment rental (CPC 7541)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
F. Other Business Services	
a) Advertising (CPC 871)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
b) Market Research and Opinion Polling (CPC 864)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
c) Management Consulting Services (CPC 865)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
d) Services Related to Management Consulting (CPC 866)	For Modes 1 and 2 HU: Unbound for arbitration and conciliation services (CPC 86602)
e) Technical Testing and Analysis Services (CPC 8676)	For Mode 1 IT: Unbound for the profession of biologist and chemical analyst BG, CY, CZ, MT, PL, RO, SK and SE: Unbound For Mode 2 CY, CZ, MT, PL, RO, SK and SE: Unbound
f) Advisory and Consulting services incidental to Agriculture, Hunting and Forestry (part of CPC 881)	For Mode 1 IT: Unbound for activities reserved to agronomist and 'periti agrari' EE, MT, RO and SI: Unbound For Mode 2 None
g) Advisory and Consulting Services Relating to Fishing (part of CPC 882)	For Mode 1 LV, MT, RO and SI: Unbound For Mode 2 None
h) Advisory and Consulting Services incidental to Manufacturing (part of CPC 884 and part of CPC 885)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
i) Placement and Supply Services of Personnel	
i) 1. Executive search (CPC 87201)	For Mode 1 AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, FI, HR, IE, LV, LT, MT, PL, PT, RO, SK, SI and SE: Unbound For Mode 2 AT, BG, CY, CZ, EE, FI, HR, LV, LT, MT, PL, RO, SK and SI: Unbound
i) 2. Placement Services (CPC 87202)	For Mode 1 AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, EL, FI, FR, HR, IE, IT, LU, LV, LT, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SE, SK and UK: Unbound For Mode 2 AT, BG, CY, CZ, EE, FI, HR, LV, LT, MT, PL, RO, SI and SK: Unbound
i) 3. Supply Services of office support personnel (CPC 87203)	For Mode 1 AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, FI, FR, HR, IT, IE, LV, LT, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK and SI: Unbound For Mode 2 AT, BG, CY, CZ, EE, FI, HR, LV, LT, MT, PL, RO, SK and SI: Unbound

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
i) 4. Supply services of domestic help personnel, other commercial or industrial workers, nursing and other personnel (CPC 87204, CPC 87205, CPC 87206 and CPC 87209)	For Modes 1 and 2 All Member States except HU: Unbound HU: None
j) 1. Investigation Services (CPC 87301)	For Modes 1 and 2 BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, EE, FI, FR, EL, HR, HU, IE, IT, LV, LT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SI and UK: Unbound
j) 2. Security Services (CPC 87302, CPC 87303, CPC 87304 and CPC 87305)	For Mode 1 HU: Unbound for CPC 87304 and CPC 87305 BE, BG, CY, CZ, ES, EE, FI, FR, HR, IT, LV, LT, MT, PT, PL, RO, SI and SK: Unbound For Mode 2 HU: Unbound for CPC 87304 and CPC 87305 BG, CY, CZ, EE, HR, LV, LT, MT, PL, RO, SI and SK: Unbound
k) Related Scientific and Technical Consulting Services (CPC 8675)	For Mode 1 BE, BG, CY, DE, DK, ES, FR, EL, IE, IT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI and UK: Unbound for exploration services HR: None, except that services of basic geological, geodetic and mining research as well as related environmental protection research services on the territory of Croatia can be carried out only jointly with/or through domestic juridical persons For Mode 2 None
l) 1. Maintenance and repair of vessels (part of CPC 8868)	For Mode 1 For maritime transport vessels: BE, BG, DE, DK, EL, ES, FI, FR, HR, IE, IT, LU, NL, PT, SI and UK: Unbound. For internal waterways transport vessels: EU except EE, HU, LV and PL: Unbound For Mode 2 None
l) 2. Maintenance and Repair of Rail Transport Equipment (part of CPC 8868)	For Mode 1 AT, BE, BG, DE, CY, CZ, DK, ES, FI, FR, EL, HR, IE, IT, LT, LV, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK and UK: Unbound For Mode 2 None
l) 3. Maintenance and Repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, snowmobiles and road transport Equipment (CPC 6112, CPC 6122, part of CPC 8867 and part of CPC 8868)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
l) 4. Maintenance and Repair of Aircraft and parts thereof (part of CPC 8868)	For Mode 1 BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, EL, HR, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, NL, PT, RO, SK, SI, SE and UK: Unbound For Mode 2 None
l) 5. Maintenance and Repair services of metal products, of (non office) machinery, of (non transport and non office) equipment and of personal and household goods ⁽¹⁾ (CPC 633, CPC 7545, CPC 8861, CPC 8862, CPC 8864, CPC 8865 and CPC 8866)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
m) Building-Cleaning Services (CPC 874)	For Mode 1 AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, EE, FI, FR, EL, HR, IE, IT, LU, LV, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SE, SK and UK: Unbound For Mode 2 None
n) Photographic Services (CPC 875)	For Mode 1 BG, EE, MT and PL: Unbound for the supply of aerial photographic services HR, LV: Unbound for specialty photographic services (CPC 87504) For Mode 2 None
o) Packaging Services (CPC 876)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
p) Printing and Publishing (CPC 88442)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
q) Convention Services (part of CPC 87909)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
r) Other	
r) 1. Translation and Interpretation Services (CPC 87905)	For Mode 1 PL: Unbound for services of sworn translators and interpreters HU, SK: Unbound for official translation and interpretation HR: Unbound for official documents For Mode 2 None

⁽¹⁾ Maintenance and repair services of transport equipment (CPC 6112, 6122, 8867 and CPC 8868) are to be found under I.F. 1) 1 to I.F.1) 4.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
r) 2. Interior design and other specialty design services (CPC 87907)	For Mode 1 DE: Application of the national rules on fees and emoluments for all services which are performed from abroad HR: Unbound For Mode 2 None
r) 3. Collection Agency Services (CPC 87902)	For Modes 1 and 2 BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, EE, FI, FR, EL, HR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SI, SE and UK: Unbound
r) 4. Credit reporting services (CPC 87901)	For Modes 1 and 2 BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, EE, FI, FR, EL, HR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SI, SE and UK: Unbound
r) 5. Duplicating services (CPC 87904) ⁽¹⁾	For Mode 1 AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, EE, FI, FR, EL, HR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SE, SK and UK: Unbound For Mode 2 None
r) 6. Telecommunications consulting services (CPC 7544)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
r) 7. Telephone answering services (CPC 87903)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

2. COMMUNICATION SERVICES

A. Postal and Courier Services (Services relating to the handling ⁽²⁾ of postal items ⁽³⁾ according to the following list of sub-sectors, whether for domestic or foreign destinations:	
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⁽¹⁾ Does not include printing services, which fall under CPC 88442 and are to be found under 1.F p).

⁽²⁾ The term 'handling' should be taken to include clearance, sorting, transport and delivery.

⁽³⁾ 'Postal item' refers to items handled by any type of commercial operator, whether public or private.

▼ **B**

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
<p>(i) Handling of addressed written communications on any kind of physical medium ⁽¹⁾, including Hybrid mail service and Direct mail,</p> <p>(ii) Handling of addressed parcels and packages ⁽²⁾,</p> <p>(iii) Handling of addressed press products ⁽³⁾,</p> <p>(iv) Handling of items referred to in (i) to (iii) above as registered or insured mail,</p> <p>(v) Express delivery services ⁽⁵⁾ for items referred to in (i) to (iii) above,</p> <p>(vi) Handling of non-addressed items,</p> <p>(vii) Document exchange ⁽⁶⁾</p> <p>Sub-sectors (i), (iv) and (v) are however excluded when they fall into the scope of the services which may be reserved, which is: for items of correspondence the price of which is less than 5 times the public basic tariff, provided that they weigh less than 350 grams ⁽⁷⁾, plus the registered mail service used in the course of judicial or administrative procedures.)</p> <p>(part of CPC 751, part of CPC 71235 ⁽⁸⁾ and part of CPC 73210 ⁽⁹⁾)</p>	<p>For Modes 1 and 2</p> <p>None ⁽⁴⁾</p>
<p>B. Telecommunications Services</p> <p>(These services do not cover the economic activity consisting of the provision of content which requires telecommunications services for its transport)</p>	
<p>a) All services consisting of the transmission and reception of signals by any electromagnetic means ⁽¹⁰⁾, excluding broadcasting ⁽¹¹⁾</p>	<p>For Modes 1 and 2</p> <p>None</p>

⁽¹⁾ E.g. letter, postcards.

⁽²⁾ Books, catalogues are included hereunder.

⁽³⁾ Journals, newspapers, periodicals

⁽⁴⁾ For subsectors i) to iv), individual licences imposing particular universal services obligations and/or financial contribution to a compensation fund may be required.

⁽⁵⁾ Express delivery services may include, in addition to greater speed and reliability, value added elements such as collection from point of origin, personal delivery to addressee, tracing and tracking, possibility of changing the destination and addressee in transit, confirmation of receipt.

⁽⁶⁾ Provision of means, including the supply of ad hoc premises as well as transportation by a third party, allowing self-delivery by mutual exchange of postal items between users subscribing to this service. Postal item refers to items handled by any type of commercial operator, whether public or private.

⁽⁷⁾ 'Items of correspondence': a communication in written form on any kind of physical medium to be conveyed and delivered at the address indicated by the sender on the item itself or on its wrapping. Books, catalogues, newspapers and periodicals are not regarded as items of correspondence.

⁽⁸⁾ Transportation of mail on own account by any land Mode.

⁽⁹⁾ Transportation of mail on own account by air.

⁽¹⁰⁾ These services do not include on-line information and/or data processing (including transaction processing) (part of CPC 843) which is to be found under I.B. Computer services.

⁽¹¹⁾ Broadcasting is defined as the uninterrupted chain of transmission required for the distribution of TV and radio programme signals to the general public, but does not cover contribution links between operators.

▼ **B**

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
b) Satellite broadcast transmission services ⁽¹⁾	For Modes 1 and 2 EU: None except that service providers in this sector may be subject to obligations to safeguard general interest objectives related to the conveyance of content through their network in line with the EU regulatory framework for electronic communications BE: Unbound

3. CONSTRUCTION AND RELATED ENGINEERING SERVICES

Construction and related engineering services (CPC 511, CPC 512, CPC 513, CPC 514, CPC 515, CPC 516, CPC 517 and CPC 518)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
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4. DISTRIBUTION SERVICES

(excluding distribution of arms, munitions, explosives and other war material)

A. Commission Agents' Services a) Commission Agents' Services of motor vehicles, motorcycles and snowmobiles and parts and accessories thereof (part of CPC 61111, part of CPC 6113 and part of CPC 6121) b) Other Commission Agents' Services (CPC 621)	For Modes 1 and 2 EU except AT, SI, SE and FI: Unbound for distribution of chemical products, and of precious metals (and stones). AT: Unbound for distribution of pyrotechnical goods, of ignitable articles and blasting devices and of toxic substances.
B. Wholesale Trade Services a) Wholesale Trade Services of motor vehicles, motorcycles and snowmobiles and parts and accessories thereof (part of CPC 61111, part of CPC 6113 and part of CPC 6121) b) Wholesale Trade Services of telecommunication terminal equipment (part of CPC 7542) c) Other wholesale trade services (CPC 622 excluding wholesale trade services of energy products ⁽²⁾)	AT, BG: Unbound for distribution of products for medical use such as medical and surgical devices, medical substances and objects for medical use HR: Unbound for distribution of tobacco products. For Mode 1 AT, BG, FR, PL and RO: Unbound for distribution of tobacco and tobacco products BG, FI, PL and RO: Unbound for distribution of alcoholic beverages SE: Unbound for retail distribution of alcoholic beverages AT, BG, CZ, FI, RO, SK and SI: Unbound for distribution of pharmaceuticals

⁽¹⁾ These services cover the telecommunications service consisting of the transmission and reception of radio and television broadcast by satellite (the uninterrupted chain of transmission via satellite required for the distribution of TV and radio programme signals to the general public). This covers selling use of satellite services, but does not include the selling of television programme packages to households.

⁽²⁾ These services, which include CPC 62271, are to be found in ENERGY SERVICES under 18.D.

▼ **B**

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
<p>C. Retailing Services ⁽¹⁾</p> <p>Retailing Services of motor vehicles, motorcycles and snowmobiles and parts and accessories thereof</p> <p>(CPC 61112, part of CPC 6113 and part of CPC 6121)</p> <p>Retailing Services of telecommunication terminal equipment</p> <p>(part of CPC 7542)</p> <p>Food retailing services</p> <p>(CPC 631)</p> <p>Retailing services of other (non-energy) goods, except retail sales of pharmaceutical, medical and orthopaedic goods ⁽²⁾</p> <p>(CPC 632 excluding CPC 63211 and 63297)</p> <p>D. Franchising</p> <p>(CPC 8929)</p>	<p>BG, HU and PL: Unbound for commodity brokers' services.</p> <p>FR: For commission agents' services, unbound for traders and brokers working in 17 markets of national interest on fresh food products. Unbound for wholesale of pharmaceuticals</p> <p>MT: Unbound for commission agents' services</p> <p>BE, BG, CY, DE, DK, ES, FR, EL, IE, IT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, SK and UK: For retailing services, unbound except for mail order</p>

5. EDUCATIONAL SERVICES

(only privately-funded services)

<p>A. Primary Education Services</p> <p>(CPC 921)</p>	<p>For Mode 1</p> <p>BG, CY, FI, HR, MT, RO, SE and SI: Unbound</p> <p>FR: Nationality condition. However, foreign nationals can have authorisation from competent authorities to establish and direct an education institution, and to teach</p> <p>IT: Nationality condition for service providers to be authorised to issue State recognised diplomas</p> <p>For Mode 2</p> <p>CY, FI, HR, MT, RO, SE and SI: Unbound</p>
<p>B. Secondary Education Services</p> <p>(CPC 922)</p>	<p>For Mode 1</p> <p>BG, CY, FI, HR, MT, RO and SE: Unbound</p> <p>FR: Nationality condition. However, foreign nationals can have authorisation from competent authorities to establish and direct an education institution, and to teach</p> <p>IT: Nationality condition for service providers to be authorised to issue State recognised diplomas</p> <p>For Mode 2</p> <p>CY, FI, MT, RO and SE: Unbound</p> <p>For Modes 1 and 2</p> <p>LV: Unbound for education services relating to technical and vocational secondary school-type education services for handicapped students (CPC 9224)</p>

⁽¹⁾ Does not include maintenance and repair services, which are to be found in BUSINESS SERVICES under 1.B. and 1.F.1).⁽²⁾ Retail sales of pharmaceutical, medical and orthopaedic goods are to be found under PROFESSIONAL SERVICES in 1.A.k).

▼B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
C. Higher Education Services (CPC 923)	<p>For Mode 1 AT, BG, CY, FI, MT, RO and SE: Unbound FR: Nationality condition. However, foreign nationals can have authorisation from competent authorities to establish and direct an education institution, and to teach IT: Nationality condition for service providers to be authorised to issue State recognised diplomas</p> <p>For Mode 2 AT, BG, CY, FI, MT, RO and SE: Unbound</p> <p>For Modes 1 and 2 CZ and SK: Unbound for higher education services, except post-secondary technical and vocational education services (CPC 92310)</p>
D. Adult Education Services (CPC 924)	<p>For Modes 1 and 2 CY, FI, MT, RO and SE: Unbound AT: Unbound for adult education services by means of radio or television broadcasting</p>
E. Other education services (CPC 929)	<p>For Modes 1 and 2 AT, BE, BG, CY, DE, DK, ES, EE, FI, FR, EL, HU, IE, IT, LV, LT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SE and UK: Unbound.</p> <p>For Mode 1: HR: None for correspondence education or education via telecommunication</p>

6. ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A. Waste Water Services (CPC 9401) ⁽¹⁾	<p>For Mode 1 EU, except EE, LT and LV: Unbound except for consulting services EE, LT and LV: None</p> <p>For Mode 2 None</p>
B. Solid/hazardous waste management, excluding cross-border transport of hazardous waste a) Refuse Disposal Services (CPC 9402)	<p>For Mode 1 EU, except EE and HU: Unbound except for consulting services EE and HU: None</p> <p>For Mode 2 None</p>

⁽¹⁾ Corresponds to sewage services.

▼ B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
b) Sanitation and Similar Services (CPC 9403)	For Mode 1 EU, except EE, HU and LT: Unbound except for consulting services EE, HU and LT: None For Mode 2 None
C. Protection of ambient air and climate (CPC 9404) ⁽¹⁾	For Mode 1 EU, except EE, FI, LT, PL and RO: Unbound except for consulting services EE, FI, LT, PL, RO: None For Mode 2 None
D. Remediation and clean-up of soil and waters a) Treatment, remediation of contaminated/ polluted soil and water (part of CPC 94060) ⁽²⁾	For Mode 1 EU, except EE, FI and RO: Unbound except for consulting services EE, FI, RO: None For Mode 2 None
E. Noise and vibration abatement (CPC 9405)	For Mode 1 EU, except EE, FI, LT, PL and RO: Unbound except for consulting services EE, FI, LT, PL and RO: None For Mode 2 None
F. Protection of biodiversity and landscape a) Nature and landscape protection services (part of CPC 9406)	For Mode 1 EU, except EE, FI and RO: Unbound except for consulting services EE, FI and RO: None For Mode 2 None
G. Other environmental and ancillary services (CPC 94090)	For Mode 1 EU, except EE, FI and RO: Unbound except for consulting services EE, FI and RO: None For Mode 2 None

⁽¹⁾ Corresponds to Cleaning Services of Exhaust Gases.⁽²⁾ Corresponds to parts of Nature and Landscape Protection Services.



Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
7. FINANCIAL SERVICES	
A. Insurance and insurance-related services	<p>For Modes 1 and 2</p> <p>AT, BE, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, EL, HU, IE, IT, LU, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SE, SI and UK: Unbound for direct insurance services except for insurance of risks relating to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Maritime shipping and commercial aviation and space launching and freight (including satellites), with such insurance to cover any or all of the following: the goods being transported, the vehicle transporting the goods and any liability arising therefrom; and ii) goods in international transit <p>AT: Promotional activity and intermediation on behalf of a subsidiary not established in the Union or of a branch not established in Austria (except for reinsurance and retrocession) are prohibited. Compulsory air insurance, except for insurance of international commercial air transport, can be underwritten only by a subsidiary established in the Union or by a branch established in Austria</p> <p>DK: Compulsory air transport insurance can be underwritten only by firms established in the Union. No persons or companies (including insurance companies) may for business purposes in Denmark assist in effecting direct insurance for persons resident in Denmark, for Danish ships or for property in Denmark, other than insurance companies licensed by Danish law or by Danish competent authorities</p> <p>DE: Compulsory air insurance policies can be underwritten only by a subsidiary established in the Union or by a branch established in Germany. If a foreign insurance company has established a branch in Germany, it may conclude insurance contracts in Germany relating to international transport only through the branch established in Germany</p> <p>FR: Insurance of risks relating to ground transport may be carried out only by insurance firms established in the Union.</p> <p>PL: Unbound for reinsurance and retrocession except for risks relating to goods in international trade</p> <p>PT: Air and maritime transport insurance, covering goods, aircraft, hull and liability can be underwritten only by firms established in the EU; only persons or companies established in the EU may act as intermediaries for such insurance business in Portugal</p> <p>For Mode 1</p> <p>AT, BE, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, EL, HU, IE, IT, LU, NL, PT, RO, SK, SE, SI and UK: Unbound for direct insurance intermediation services except for insurance of risks relating to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Maritime shipping and commercial aviation and space launching and freight (including satellites), with such insurance to cover any or all of the following: the goods being transported, the vehicle transporting the goods and any liability arising therefrom; and ii) goods in international transit

▼ **B**

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
	<p>BG: Unbound for direct insurance, except for services supplied by foreign suppliers to foreign persons in the territory of the Republic of Bulgaria. Transport insurance, covering goods, insurance of vehicles as such and liability insurance regarding risks located in the Republic of Bulgaria may not be underwritten by foreign insurance companies directly. A foreign insurance company may conclude insurance contracts only through a branch. Unbound for deposit insurance and similar compensations schemes, as well as mandatory insurance schemes</p>
<p>B. Banking and other financial services (excluding insurance)</p>	<p>CY, LV and MT: Unbound for direct insurance services except for insurance of risks relating to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Maritime shipping and commercial aviation and space launching and freight (including satellites), with such insurance to cover any or all of the following: the goods being transported, the vehicle transporting the goods and any liability arising herefrom; and ii) goods in international transit <p>LT: Unbound for direct insurance services except for insurance of risks relating to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Maritime shipping and commercial aviation and space launching and freight (including satellites), with such insurance to cover any or all of the following: the goods being transported, the vehicle transporting the goods and any liability arising therefrom; and ii) goods in international transit, except related to land transport where the risk is located in Lithuania <p>BG, LV, LT and PL: Unbound for insurance intermediation</p> <p>ES: For actuarial services, residence requirement and three-years relevant experience</p> <p>FI: Only insurers having their head-office in the EU or having their branch in Finland may offer direct insurance (including co-insurance) services. The supply of insurance broker services is subject to a permanent place of business in the EU</p> <p>HR: Unbound for direct insurance and direct insurance intermediation services, except</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) life insurance: for the supply of life insurance to foreign persons residing in Croatia; b) non-life insurance: for the supply of non-life insurance to foreign persons residing in Croatia other than automobile liability c) marine, aviation, transport <p>HU: The supply of direct insurance in the territory of Hungary by insurance companies not established in the EU is allowed only through a branch office registered in Hungary</p> <p>IT: Unbound for the actuarial profession. Transport insurance of goods, insurance of vehicles as such and liability insurance regarding risks located in Italy may be underwritten only by insurance companies established in the Union. This reservation does not apply for international transport involving imports into Italy</p> <p>SE: The supply of direct insurance is allowed only through an insurance service supplier authorised in Sweden, provided that the foreign service supplier and the Swedish insurance company belong to the same group of companies or have an agreement of cooperation between them</p>



Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
	<p>For Mode 2</p> <p>AT, BE, BG, CZ, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, EL, HU, IE, IT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SE, SI and UK: Unbound for intermediation</p> <p>BG: For direct insurance, Bulgarian natural and juridical persons, as well as foreign persons who conduct business activity in the territory of the Republic of Bulgaria, can conclude insurance contracts only with suppliers with respect to their activity in Bulgaria, which are licensed to conduct insurance activity in Bulgaria. Insurance compensation resulting from these contracts shall be paid in Bulgaria. Unbound for deposit insurance and similar compensations schemes, as well as mandatory insurance schemes</p> <p>HR: Unbound for direct insurance and direct insurance intermediation services, except</p> <p>a) life insurance: for the ability of foreign persons residing in Croatia to obtain life insurance;</p> <p>b) non-life insurance:</p> <p>(i) for the ability of foreign persons residing in Croatia to obtain non-life insurance other than automobile liability;</p> <p>(ii) - personal or property risk insurance that is not available in the Republic of Croatia; - companies purchasing insurance abroad in connection with investment works abroad including the equipment for those works; - for ensuring the return of foreign loans (collateral insurance); - personal and property insurance of wholly-owned enterprises and joint ventures which perform an economic activity in a foreign country, if it is in accordance with the regulations of that country or it is required by its registration; - ships under construction and overhaul if it is stipulated by the contract concluded with the foreign client (buyer);</p> <p>c) marine, aviation, transport</p> <p>IT: Transport insurance of goods, insurance of vehicles as such and liability insurance regarding risks located in Italy may be underwritten only by insurance companies established in the Union. This reservation does not apply for international transport involving imports into Italy</p> <p>For Mode 1</p> <p>AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, EL, HU, IE, IT, LU, NL, PL, PT, SK, SE and UK: Unbound except for provision of financial information and financial data processing and for advisory and other auxiliary services excluding intermediation</p> <p>CY: Unbound except for trading of transferable securities, for provision of financial information and financial data processing and for advisory and other auxiliary services excluding intermediation</p> <p>BE: Establishment in Belgium is required for the provision of investment advisory services</p> <p>BG: Limitations and conditions relating to the use of telecommunications network may apply</p> <p>EE: For acceptance of deposits, requirement of authorisation by Estonian Financial Supervision Authority and registration under Estonian Law as a joint-stock company, a subsidiary or a branch</p>



Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
	<p>The establishment of a specialised management company is required to perform the activities of management of investment funds, and only firms having their registered office in the Union can act as depositories of the assets of investment funds</p> <p>HR: Unbound except for lending, financial leasing, payment and money transmission services, guarantees and commitments, money broking, provision and transfer of financial information and advisory and other axillary financial services excluding intermediation</p> <p>LT: The establishment of a specialized management company is required to perform the activities of management of investment funds, and only firms having their registered office or branch in Lithuania can act as depositories of the assets of investment funds</p> <p>IE: The provision of investment services or investment advice requires either (I) authorisation in Ireland, which normally requires that the entity be incorporated or be a partnership or a sole trader, in each case with a head/registered office in Ireland (authorisation may not be required in certain cases, e.g. where a third country service provider has no commercial presence in Ireland and the service is not provided to private individuals), or (II) authorisation in another Member State in accordance with the EU Investment Services Directive</p> <p>IT: Unbound for ‘promotori di servizi finanziari’ (financial salesmen)</p> <p>LV: Unbound except for provision of financial information and for advisory and other auxiliary services excluding intermediation</p> <p>LT: Commercial presence is required for pension fund management</p> <p>MT: Unbound except for acceptance of deposits, for lending of all types, for provision of financial information and financial data processing and for advisory and other auxiliary services excluding intermediation</p> <p>PL: For the provision and transfer of financial information, and financial data processing and related software: Requirement to use the public telecommunication network, or the network of other authorised operator</p> <p>RO: Unbound for financial leasing, for trading of money market instruments, foreign exchange, derivative products, exchange rate and interest rate instruments, transferable securities and other negotiable instruments and financial assets, for participation in issues of all kinds of securities, for asset management and for settlement and clearing services for financial assets. Payments and money transmission services are allowed only through a resident bank</p> <p>SI:</p> <p>(i) Participation in issues of Treasury bonds, pension fund management: Unbound</p> <p>(ii) All other sub sectors, except provision and transfer of Financial information, accepting credits (borrowing of all types), and accepting guarantees and commitments from foreign credit institutions by domestic legal entities and sole proprietors, and advisory and other auxiliary financial services: Unbound. Members of the Slovenian Stock Exchange must be incorporated in the Republic of Slovenia or be branches of foreign investment firms or banks</p> <p>For Mode 2</p> <p>BG: Limitations and conditions relating to the use of telecommunication network may apply</p>

▼B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
	PL: For the provision and transfer of financial information, and financial data processing and related software: Requirement to use the public telecommunication network, or the network of another authorised operator

8. HEALTH SERVICES AND SOCIAL SERVICES

(only privately-funded services)

A. Hospital Services (CPC 9311)	For Mode 1 AT, BE, BG, DE, CY, CZ, DK, ES, EE, FI, FR, EL, IE, IT, LV, LT, MT, LU, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SE, SK and UK: Unbound HR: Unbound, except for telemedicine
C. Residential health facilities other than hospital services (CPC 93193)	For Mode 2 None
D. Social Services (CPC 933)	For Mode 1 AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, EL, FI, FR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK and UK: Unbound For Mode 2 BE: Unbound for social services other than convalescent and rest houses and old people's homes

9. TOURISM AND TRAVEL RELATED SERVICES

A. Hotel, Restaurants and Catering (CPC 641, CPC 642 and CPC 643) excluding catering in air transport services ⁽¹⁾	For Mode 1 AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FR, EL, IE, IT, LV, LT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SI, SE and UK: Unbound except for catering HR: Unbound For Mode 2 None
B. Travel Agencies and Tour Operators Services (including tour managers) (CPC 7471)	For Mode 1 BG, HU: Unbound For Mode 2 None

⁽¹⁾ Catering in air transport services is to be found in SERVICES AUXILIARY TO TRANSPORT SERVICES under 12.D.a) Groundhandling services.

▼B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
C. Tourist Guides Services (CPC 7472)	For Mode 1 BG, CY, CZ, HU, IT, LT, MT, PL, SK and SI: Unbound. For Mode 2 None

10. RECREATIONAL, CULTURAL AND SPORTING SERVICES

(other than audio-visual services)

A. Entertainment Services (including Theatre, Live Bands, Circus and Discotheque Services) (CPC 9619)	For Mode 1 BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, EE, FI, FR, EL, HR, HU, IE, IT, LV, LT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SI and UK: Unbound For Mode 2 CY, CZ, FI, HR, MT, PL, RO, SK and SI: Unbound BG: Unbound, except for theatrical producer, singer group, band and orchestra entertainment services (CPC 96191); services provided by authors, composers, sculptors, entertainers and other individual artists (CPC 96192); ancillary theatrical services (CPC 96193) EE: Unbound for other entertainment services (CPC 96199), except for cinema theatre services LT and LV: Unbound, except for cinema theatre operation services (part of CPC 96199)
B. News and Press Agencies Services (CPC 962)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
C. Libraries, archives museums and other cultural services (CPC 963)	For Mode 1 BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, EE, FI, FR, EL, HR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LV, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SI, SE and UK: Unbound For Mode 2 BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, EL, HR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LV, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SI, SE and UK: Unbound
D. Sporting services (CPC 9641)	For Modes 1 and 2 AT: Unbound for ski school services and mountain guide services. BG, CZ, LV, MT, PL, RO and SK: Unbound For Mode 1 CY, EE and HR: Unbound
E. Recreation park and beach Services (CPC 96491)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

▼**B**

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
11. TRANSPORT SERVICES	
A. Maritime transport a) International passenger transportation (CPC 7211 less national cabotage transport ⁽¹⁾). b) International freight transportation (CPC 7212 less national cabotage transport) ⁽²⁾	For Modes 1 and 2 BG, CY, DE, EE, ES, FR, FI, EL, IT, LT, MT, PT, RO, SI and SE: Feeder services by authorisation
B. Internal Waterways Transport a) Passenger transportation (CPC 7221 less national cabotage transport) b) Freight transportation (CPC 7222 less national cabotage transport)	For Modes 1 and 2 EU: Measures based upon existing or future agreements on access to inland waterways (incl. agreements following the Rhine-Main-Danube link) reserve some traffic rights for operators based in the countries concerned and meeting nationality criteria regarding ownership. Subject to regulations implementing the Mannheim Convention on Rhine Shipping and the Belgrade Convention on Danube Navigation AT: Registered company or permanent establishment in Austria is required BG, CY, EE, FI, HR, HU, LT, MT, RO, SE and SI: Unbound CZ and SK: ► C1 Unbound for Mode 1 only ◀
C. Rail Transport a) Passenger transportation (CPC 7111) b) Freight transportation (CPC 7112)	For Mode 1 EU: Unbound For Mode 2 None
D. Road Transport a) Passenger Transportation (CPC 7121 and CPC 7122) b) Freight Transportation (CPC 7123, excluding transportation of mail on own account ⁽³⁾).	For Mode 1 EU: Unbound For Mode 2 None
E. Pipeline transport of goods other than fuel ⁽⁴⁾ (CPC 7139)	For Mode 1 EU: Unbound For Mode 2 AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, EE, FI, FR, EL, IE, IT, LV, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SI, SE and UK: Unbound

(1) Without prejudice to the scope of activities which may be considered as cabotage under the relevant national legislation, this schedule does not include national cabotage transport, which is assumed to cover transportation of passengers or goods between a port or point located in a Member State of ► **C1** the EU and another port or point located in the same Member State, including on its continental shelf as provided in the UN Convention on the Law of the Sea, and traffic originating and terminating in the same port or point located in a Member State of the EU. ◀

(2) Includes feeder services and movement of equipment by international maritime transport suppliers between ports located in same State when no revenue is involved.

(3) Part of CPC 71235, which is to be found in COMMUNICATION SERVICES under 2.A. Postal and courier services.

(4) Pipeline transportation of fuels is to be found in ENERGY SERVICES under 13.B

▼ **B**

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
12. SERVICES AUXILIARY TO TRANSPORT ⁽¹⁾	
<p>A. Services auxiliary to Maritime Transport</p> <p>a) Maritime Cargo Handling Services</p> <p>b) Storage and warehousing Services (part of CPC 742)</p> <p>c) Customs Clearance Services</p> <p>d) Container Station and Depot Services</p> <p>e) Maritime Agency Services</p> <p>f) Maritime freight forwarding Services</p> <p>g) Rental of Vessels with Crew (CPC 7213)</p> <p>h) Pushing and towing services (CPC 7214)</p> <p>i) Supporting services for maritime transport (part of CPC 745)</p> <p>j) Other supporting and auxiliary services (part of CPC 749)</p>	<p>For Mode 1</p> <p>EU: Unbound for maritime cargo handling services, pushing and towing services, customs clearance services and for container station and depot services</p> <p>AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, HU, LT, MT, PL, RO, SK, SI and SE: Unbound for rental of vessels with crew</p> <p>BG: Unbound</p> <p>AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, EL, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SI, SE and UK: Unbound for storage and warehousing services</p> <p>HR: Unbound except for freight transport agency services</p> <p>For Mode 2</p> <p>None</p>
<p>B. Services auxiliary to internal waterways transport</p> <p>a) Cargo-handling services (part of CPC 741)</p> <p>b) Storage and warehouse services (part of CPC 742)</p> <p>c) Freight transport agency services (part of CPC 748)</p> <p>d) Rental of Vessels with Crew (CPC 7223)</p> <p>e) Pushing and towing services (CPC 7224)</p> <p>f) Supporting services for internal waterway transport (part of CPC 745)</p> <p>g) Other supporting and auxiliary services (part of CPC 749)</p>	<p>For Modes 1 and 2</p> <p>EU: Measures based upon existing or future agreements on access to inland waterways (incl. agreements following the Rhine-Main-Danube link) reserving some traffic rights for operators based in the countries concerned and meeting nationality criteria regarding ownership. Subject to regulations implementing the Mannheim Convention on Rhine Shipping</p> <p>EU: Unbound for pushing and towing services, except for CZ, LV and ► C1 SK for Mode 2 only, ◀ where: None</p> <p>HR: Unbound except for freight transport agency services</p> <p>For Mode 1</p> <p>AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, FI, HU, LV, LT, MT, RO, SK, SI and SE: Unbound for rental of vessels with crew</p>

⁽¹⁾ Does not include maintenance and repair services of transport equipment, which are to be found in BUSINESS SERVICES under 1.F.1) 1 to 1.F.1) 4.

▼B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
C. Services auxiliary to rail transport a) Cargo-handling services (part of CPC 741) b) Storage and warehouse services (part of CPC 742) c) Freight transport agency services (part of CPC 748) d) Pushing and towing services (CPC 7113) e) Supporting services for rail transport services (CPC 743) f) Other supporting and auxiliary services (part of CPC 749)	For Mode 1 EU: Unbound for pushing and towing services HR: Unbound except for freight transport agency services For Mode 2 None
D. Services auxiliary to road transport a) Cargo-handling services (part of CPC 741) b) Storage and warehouse services (part of CPC 742) c) Freight transport agency services (part of CPC 748) d) Rental of Commercial Road Vehicles with Operators (CPC 7124) e) Supporting services for road transport (CPC 744) f) Other supporting and auxiliary services (part of CPC 749)	For Mode 1 AT, BG, CY, CZ, EE, HU, LV, LT, MT, PL, RO, SK, SI and SE: Unbound for Rental of Commercial Road Vehicles with Operators HR: Unbound except for freight transport agency services and supporting services for road transport that are subject to permit For Mode 2 None
E. Services auxiliary to air transport services	
a) Ground-handling services (including catering services)	For Mode 1 EU: Unbound except for catering. For Mode 2 BG, CY, CZ, HR, HU, MT, PL, RO, SK and SI: Unbound
b) Storage and warehouse services (part of CPC 742)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

▼ **B**

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
c) Freight transport agency services (part of CPC 748)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
d) Rental of aircraft with crew (CPC 734)	For Modes 1 and 2 EU: Aircraft used by Union air carriers have to be registered in the Member States licensing the air carrier or elsewhere in the Union. To be registered, aircraft may be required to be owned either by natural persons meeting specific nationality criteria or by juridical persons meeting specific criteria regarding ownership of capital and control By exception, aircraft registered outside EU may be leased by a foreign air carrier to an air carrier of the European Union in specific circumstances for the air carrier of the European Union's exceptional needs, seasonal capacity needs, or needs to overcome operational difficulties, which cannot reasonably be satisfied through leasing aircraft registered within the European Union, and subject to obtaining the approval of a limited duration from the Member ► C1 State of the EU licensing the air ◀ carrier of the European Union
e) Sales and Marketing f) Computer Reservations System	For Modes 1 and 2 EU: Where air carriers of the European Union are not accorded equivalent treatment ⁽¹⁾ to that provided in the European Union by CRS services suppliers outside EU, or where CRS services suppliers of the European Union are not accorded equivalent treatment to that provided in the European Union by non-EU air carriers, measures may be taken to accord equivalent treatment, respectively, to the non-EU air carriers by the CRS services suppliers in the European Union, or to the non-EU CRS services suppliers by the air carriers in the European Union
g) Airport management	For Mode 1 EU: Unbound For Mode 2 None
F. Services auxiliary to pipeline transport of goods other than fuel ⁽²⁾ a) Storage and warehouse services of goods other than fuel transported by pipelines, (part of CPC 742)	For Mode 1 AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, EL, HR, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SI, SE and UK: Unbound For Mode 2 None
13. OTHER TRANSPORT SERVICES	
Provision of Combined Transport Service	BE, DE, DK, EL, ES, FI, FR, IE, IT, LU, NL, PT and UK: None, without prejudice to the limitations inscribed in this List of Commitments affecting any given mode of transport AT, BG, CY, CZ, EE, HR, HU, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, SE, SI and SK: Unbound

⁽¹⁾ 'Equivalent treatment' implies non-discriminatory treatment of Union air carriers and CRS services suppliers of the Union.

⁽²⁾ Services auxiliary to pipeline transportation of fuels are to be found in ENERGY SERVICES under 13.C

▼B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
14. ENERGY SERVICES	
A. Services Incidental to Mining (CPC 883) ⁽¹⁾	For Modes 1 and 2 None
B. Pipeline Transportation of fuels (CPC 7131)	For Mode 1 EU: Unbound For Mode 2 AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, EE, FI, FR, EL, IE, IT, LV, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SI, SE and UK: Unbound
C. Storage and warehouse services of fuels transported through pipelines (part of CPC 742)	For Mode 1 AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, EL, HR, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SI, SE and UK: Unbound For Mode 2 None
D. Wholesale trade services of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels and related products (CPC 62271) and wholesale trade services of electricity, steam and hot water	For Mode 1 EU: Unbound for wholesale trade services of electricity, steam and hot water For Mode 2 None
E. Retailing Services of motor fuel (CPC 613)	For Mode 1 EU: Unbound For Mode 2 None
F. Retail sales of fuel oil, bottled gas, coal and wood (CPC 63297) and retailing services of electricity, (non bottled) gas, steam and hot water	For Mode 1 EU: Unbound for retailing services of electricity, (non bottled) gas, steam and hot water BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FR, EL, IE, IT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, SK and UK: For Retail sales of fuel oil, bottled gas, coal and wood, unbound except for mail order where: None For Mode 2 None
G. Services incidental to energy distribution (CPC 887)	For Mode 1 EU: Unbound except for consultancy services where: None For Mode 2 None

⁽¹⁾ Includes the following service rendered on a fee or contract basis: advisory and consulting services relating to mining, on land site preparation, on land rig installation, drilling, drilling bits services, casing and tubular services, mud engineering and supply, solids control, fishing and down-hole special operations, wellsite geology and drilling control, core taking, well testing, wireline services, supply and operation of completion fluids (brines) supply and installation of completion devices, cementing (pressure pumping), stimulation services (fracturing, acidising and pressure pumping), workover and well repair services, plugging and abandoning of wells.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
15. OTHER SERVICES NOT INCLUDED ELSEWHERE	
a) Washing, Cleaning and Dyeing services (CPC 9701)	For Mode 1 EU: Unbound For Mode 2 None
b) Hairdressing services (CPC 97021)	For Mode 1 EU: Unbound For Mode 2 None
c) Cosmetic treatment, manicuring and pedicure services (CPC 97022)	For Mode 1 EU: Unbound For Mode 2 None
d) Other beauty treatment services n.e.c (CPC 97029)	For Mode 1 EU: Unbound For Mode 2 None
e) Spa services and non therapeutical massages, to the extent that they are provided as relaxation physical well- being services and not for medical or rehabilitation purposes ⁽¹⁾ (CPC ver. 1.0 97230)	For Mode 1 EU: Unbound For Mode 2 None
g) Telecommunications connection services (CPC 7543)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

⁽¹⁾ Therapeutical massages and thermal cure services are to be found under 1.A.h) Medical services, 1.A.j) 2 Services provided by nurses, physiotherapists and para-medical personnel and health services (8.A and 8 C).



ANNEX XIV-C

LIST OF RESERVATIONS ON KEY PERSONNEL, GRADUATE TRAINEES AND BUSINESS SELLERS (UNION)

1. The list of reservations below indicates the economic activities liberalised pursuant to Sections 2 and 3 of Chapter 6 (Establishment, Trade in Services and Electronic Commerce) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement for which limitations on key personnel and graduate trainees in accordance with Article 89 of this Agreement and on business sellers in accordance with Article 90 of this Agreement apply and it specifies such limitations. That list is composed of the following elements:

(a) the first column indicating the sector or sub-sector in which limitations apply; and

(b) the second column describing the applicable limitations.

When the column referred to under (b) includes only Member State-specific reservations, Member States not mentioned therein undertake commitments in the sector concerned without reservations (the absence of Member State-specific reservations in a given sector is without prejudice to horizontal reservations or to sectoral Union-broad reservations that may apply).

The Union does not undertake any commitment for key personnel, graduate trainees and business sellers in economic activities which are not liberalised (remain unbound) pursuant to Sections 2 and 3 of Chapter 6 (Establishment, Trade in Services and Electronic Commerce) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.

2. In identifying individual sectors and sub-sectors:

(a) 'CPC' means the Central Products Classification as set out in Statistical Office of the United Nations, Statistical Papers, Series M, N° 77, CPC prov, 1991; and

(b) 'CPC ver. 1.0' means the Central Products Classification as set out in Statistical Office of the United Nations, Statistical Papers, Series M, N° 77, CPC ver 1.0, 1998.

3. Commitments on key personnel, graduate trainees, business service sellers and sellers of goods do not apply in cases where the intent or effect of their temporary presence is to interfere with, or otherwise affect the outcome of, any labour/management dispute or negotiation.

4. The list below does not include measures relating to qualification requirements and procedures, technical standards and licensing requirements and procedures when they do not constitute a limitation within the meaning of Article 89 and Article 90 of this Agreement. Those measures (e.g. need to obtain a license, need to obtain recognition of qualifications in regulated sectors, need to pass specific examinations, including language examinations, and need to have a legal domicile in the territory where the economic activity is performed), even if not listed below, apply in any case to key personnel, graduate trainees and business sellers of Georgia.

5. All other requirements of the laws and regulations of the EU and its Member States regarding entry, stay, work and social security measures shall continue to apply, including regulations concerning period of stay, minimum wages as well as collective wage agreements.

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6. In accordance with Article 76(3) of this Agreement, the list below does not include measures concerning subsidies granted by a Party.
7. The list below is without prejudice to the existence of public monopolies and exclusive rights as described in the list of commitments on establishment.
8. In the sectors where economic needs tests are applied, their main criteria will be the assessment of the relevant market situation in the Member State or the region where the service is to be provided, including with respect to the number of, and the impact on, existing services suppliers.
9. The rights and obligations arising from the list below shall have no self-executing effect and thus confer no rights directly on natural or juridical persons.

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
ALL SECTORS	<p>Scope of intracorporate transferees</p> <p>BG: The number of intracorporate transferees is not to exceed 10 percent of the average annual number of the citizens of the EU employed by the respective Bulgarian juridical person. Where less than 100 persons are employed, the number of intracorporate transferees may, subject to authorisation, exceed 10 percent of that of the total employees.</p> <p>HU: Unbound for a natural person who has been a partner in a juridical person of Georgia.</p>
ALL SECTORS	<p>Graduate trainees</p> <p>For AT, CZ, DE, ES, FR and HU: Training must be linked to the university degree which has been obtained.</p> <p>BG and HU: Economic needs tests are required for graduate trainees ⁽¹⁾.</p>
ALL SECTORS	<p>Managing directors and auditors</p> <p>AT: Managing directors of branches of juridical persons have to be resident in Austria. Natural persons within a juridical person or a branch responsible for the observance of the Austrian Trade Act must have a domicile in Austria.</p> <p>FI: A foreigner carrying on trade as a private entrepreneur needs a trade permit and has to be permanently resident in the EEA. For all sectors, EEA residency requirements apply for the managing director; however exemptions may be granted to certain companies.</p> <p>FR: The managing director of an industrial, commercial or artisanal activity, if not a holder of a residency permit, needs a specific authorisation.</p> <p>RO: The majority of the commercial companies' auditors and their deputies shall be Romanian citizens.</p> <p>SE: The managing director of a juridical person or a branch shall reside in Sweden.</p>
ALL SECTORS	<p>Recognition</p> <p>EU: EU directives on mutual recognition of diplomas only apply to the citizens of the EU. The right to practise a regulated professional service in one Member State of the EU does not grant the right to practise in another Member State ⁽²⁾.</p>

⁽¹⁾ As regards services sectors, these limitations do not go beyond the limitations reflected in the existing GATS commitments.

⁽²⁾ In order for non-EU country nationals to obtain EU-wide recognition of their qualifications, a mutual recognition agreement, negotiated within the framework defined in Article 96 of this Agreement, is necessary.



Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
6. BUSINESS SERVICES	
A. Professional Services	
<p>a) Legal Services</p> <p>(CPC 861) ⁽¹⁾</p> <p>excluding legal advisory and legal documentations and certification services provided by legal professionals entrusted with public functions, such as notaries, ‘huissiers de justice’ or other ‘officiers publics et ministériels.’</p>	<p>AT, CY, ES, EL, LT, MT, RO and SK: Full admission to the Bar, required for the practice of domestic (EU and Member State) law, is subject to a nationality condition. For ES: The competent authorities may grant waivers.</p> <p>BE, FI: Full admission to the Bar, required for legal representation services, is subject to a nationality condition, coupled with a residency requirement. In BE quotas apply for representation before the ‘Cour de cassation’ in non-criminal cases.</p> <p>BG: Georgian lawyers can only provide legal representation services of a Georgian national and subject to reciprocity and cooperation with a Bulgarian lawyer. For legal mediation services, permanent residency is required.</p> <p>FR: Lawyers' access to the profession of ‘avocat auprès de la Cour de Cassation’ and ‘avocat auprès du Conseil d'Etat’ is subject to quotas and to a nationality condition.</p> <p>HR: Full admission to the Bar, required for legal representation services, is subject to a nationality condition ► C1 (Croatian citizenship or citizenship of another Member State of the EU). ◀</p> <p>HU: Full admission to the Bar is subject to a nationality condition, coupled with a residency requirement. For foreign lawyers the scope of legal activities is limited to the provision of legal advice, which shall take place on the basis of a collaboration contract concluded with a Hungarian attorney or a law firm.</p> <p>LV: Nationality requirement for sworn solicitors, to whom legal representation in criminal proceedings is reserved.</p> <p>DK: Marketing of legal advice services is restricted to lawyers with a Danish license to practice. Requirement of a Danish legal examination in order to obtain a Danish licence.</p> <p>LU: Nationality condition for the supply of legal services in respect of Luxembourg and EU law.</p> <p>SE: Admission to the Bar, necessary only for the use of the Swedish title ‘advokat’, is subject to a residency requirement.</p>

⁽¹⁾ Includes legal advisory services, legal representational services, legal arbitration and conciliation/mediation services, and legal documentation and certification services. Provision of legal services is only authorised in respect of public international law, EU law and the law of any jurisdiction where the service supplier or its personnel is qualified to practice as a lawyer, and, like the provision of other services, is subject to licensing requirements and procedures applicable in the Member States of the EU. For lawyers providing legal services in respect of public international law and foreign law, these licensing requirements and procedures may take, inter alia, the form of compliance with local codes of ethics, use of home title (unless recognition with the host title has been obtained), insurance requirements, simple registration with the host country Bar or a simplified admission to the host country Bar through an aptitude test and a legal or professional domicile in the host country. Legal services in respect of EU law shall in principle be carried out by or through a fully qualified lawyer admitted to the Bar in a Member State of the EU acting personally, and legal services in respect of the law of a Member State of the EU shall in principle be carried out by or through a fully qualified lawyer admitted to the Bar in that Member State acting personally. Full admission to the Bar in the relevant Member State of the EU might therefore be necessary for representation before courts and other competent authorities in the Union since it involves practice of EU and national procedural law. However, in some Member States, foreign lawyers not fully admitted to the Bar are allowed to represent in civil proceedings a party being a national of or belonging to the State in which the lawyer is entitled to practice.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
b) 1. Accounting and Bookkeeping Services (CPC 86212 other than 'auditing services', CPC 86213, CPC 86219 and CPC 86220)	FR: Provision of accounting and bookkeeping services is conditional on a decision of the Minister of Economics, Finance and Industry, in agreement with the Minister of Foreign Affairs. The requirement of residency cannot exceed five years. IT: Residency requirement.
b) 2. Auditing services (CPC 86211 and 86212 other than accounting services)	AT: Nationality condition for representation before competent authorities and for performing audits provided for in specific Austrian laws (e.g. joint stock companies law, stock exchange law, banking law etc.). DK: Residency requirement. ES: Nationality condition for statutory auditors and for administrators, directors and partners of companies other than those covered by the 8th EEC directive on company law. FI: Residency requirement for at least one of the auditors of a Finnish Liability company. EL: Nationality condition for statutory auditors. HR: Only certified auditors holding a licence formally recognised by the Croatian Chamber of Auditors can provide auditing services. IT: Residency requirement for individual auditors. SE: Only auditors approved in Sweden may perform legal auditing services in certain legal entities, inter alia in all limited companies. Residency required for approval.
c) Taxation Advisory Services (CPC 863) ⁽¹⁾	AT: Nationality condition for representation before competent authorities. BG and SI: Nationality condition for specialists. HU: Residency requirement.
d) Architectural services and e) Urban planning and landscape architectural services (CPC 8671 and CPC 8674)	EE: At least one responsible person (project manager or consultant) must be resident in Estonia. BG: Foreign specialists must have experience of at least two years in the field of construction. Nationality condition for urban planning and landscape architectural services. EL, HU and IT: Residency requirement. SK: Membership in relevant chamber is obligatory; membership in relevant foreign institutions may be recognised. Residency requirement, however exceptions might be considered
f) Engineering services and g) Integrated engineering services (CPC 8672 and CPC 8673)	EE: At least one responsible person (project manager or consultant) must be resident in Estonia. BG: Foreign specialists must have experience of at least two years in the field of construction. HR, IT and SK: Residency requirement. EL and HU: Residency requirement (For CPC 8673 a residency requirement only applies to Graduate Trainees).

⁽¹⁾ Does not include legal advisory and legal representational services on tax matters, which are to be found under 6.A.a) Legal Services.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
h) Medical (including psychologists) and Dental services (CPC 9312 and part of CPC 85201)	<p>CZ, IT and SK: Residency requirement.</p> <p>CZ, RO and SK: Authorisation by the competent authorities required for foreign natural persons.</p> <p>BE and LU: For graduate trainees, authorisation by the competent authorities required for foreign natural persons.</p> <p>BG, MT: Nationality condition.</p> <p>DK: Limited authorisation to fulfil a specific function can be given for up to 18 months and requires residency.</p> <p>FR: Nationality condition. However, access is possible within annually established quotas.</p> <p>HR: All persons providing services directly to patients/treating patients need a licence from the professional chamber.</p> <p>LV: Practice of medical profession by foreigners requires the permission from local health authorities, based on economic needs for medical doctors and dentists in a given region.</p> <p>PL: Practice of medical profession by foreigners requires the permission. Foreign medical doctors have limited election rights within the professional chambers.</p> <p>PT: Residency requirement for psychologists.</p>
i) Veterinary services (CPC 932)	<p>BG, DE, EL, FR, HR and HU: Nationality condition.</p> <p>CZ and SK: Nationality Requirement and residency requirement.</p> <p>IT: Residency requirement.</p> <p>PL: Nationality requirement. Foreign persons may apply for permission to practice.</p>
j) 1. Midwives services (part of CPC 93191)	<p>AT: In order to establish a professional practice in Austria, the person concerned must have practised the profession in question for at least three years preceding the setting up of that professional practice.</p> <p>BE and LU: For graduate trainees, authorisation by the competent authorities required for foreign natural persons.</p> <p>CY, EE, RO and SK: Authorisation by the competent authorities required for foreign natural persons.</p> <p>FR: Nationality condition. However, access is possible within annually established quotas.</p> <p>HR: All persons providing services directly to patients/treating patients need a licence from the professional chamber.</p> <p>HU: Unbound.</p> <p>IT: Residency requirement.</p> <p>LV: Subject to economic needs, determined by the total number of midwives in the given region, authorised by local health authorities.</p> <p>PL: Nationality condition. Foreign persons may apply for permission to practice.</p>

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
j) 2. Services provided by Nurses, Physiotherapists and Paramedical Personnel (part of CPC 93191)	<p>AT: Foreign services suppliers are only allowed in the following activities: nurses, physiotherapists, occupational therapists, logotherapists, dieticians and nutritionists. In order to establish a professional practice in Austria, the person concerned must have practised the profession in question for at least three years preceding the setting up of that professional practice.</p> <p>BE, FR and LU: For graduate trainees, authorisation by the competent authorities required for foreign natural persons.</p> <p>CY, CZ, EE, RO and SK: Authorisation by the competent authorities required for foreign natural persons.</p> <p>HR: All persons providing services directly to patients/treating patients need a licence from the professional chamber.</p> <p>HU: A nationality condition.</p> <p>DK: Limited authorisation to fulfil a specific function can be given for up to 18 months and requires residency.</p> <p>CY, CZ, EL and IT: Subject to an economic needs test: decision is subject to regional vacancies and shortages.</p> <p>LV: Subject to economic needs determined by the total number of nurses in the given region, authorised by local health authorities.</p>
k) Retail sales of pharmaceuticals and retail sales of medical and orthopaedical goods (CPC 63211) and other services supplied by pharmacists ⁽¹⁾	<p>FR: Nationality condition. However, within established quotas, access for Georgian nationals is possible provided the service provider holds a French degree in pharmacy.</p> <p>DE, EL and SK: A nationality condition.</p> <p>HU: Nationality condition except for retail sales of pharmaceuticals and retail sales of medical and orthopaedical goods (CPC 63211).</p> <p>IT and PT: Residency requirement.</p>
D. Real Estate Services ⁽²⁾	
a) Involving Own or Leased Property (CPC 821)	<p>FR, HU, IT and PT: Residency requirement.</p> <p>LV, MT and SI: Nationality condition.</p>
b) On a Fee or Contract Basis (CPC 822)	<p>DK: Residency requirement unless waived by the ► C1 Danish Business Authority. ◀</p> <p>FR, HU, IT and PT: Residency requirement.</p> <p>LV, MT and SI: Nationality condition.</p>

⁽¹⁾ The supply of pharmaceuticals to the general public, like the provision of other services, is subject to licensing and qualification requirements and procedures applicable in the Member States. As a general rule, this activity is reserved to pharmacists. In some Member States, only the supply of prescription drugs is reserved to pharmacists.

⁽²⁾ The service involved relates to the profession of real estate agent and does not affect any rights and/or restrictions on natural and juridical persons purchasing real estate.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
E. Rental/Leasing Services without Operators	
e) Relating to personal and household goods (CPC 832)	EU: Nationality condition for specialists and for graduate trainees.
f) Telecommunications equipment rental (CPC 7541)	EU: Nationality condition for specialists and for graduate trainees.
F. Other Business Services	
e) Technical Testing and Analysis Services (CPC 8676)	IT and PT: Residence requirements for biologists and chemical analysts.
f) Advisory and Consulting services incidental to Agriculture, Hunting and Forestry (part of CPC 881)	IT: Residence requirements for agronomists and 'periti agrari.'
j) 2. Security Services (CPC 87302, CPC 87303, CPC 87304 and CPC 87305)	BE: Nationality condition and a residence requirement for management personnel. BG, CY, CZ, EE, LV, LT, MT, PL, RO, SI and SK: Nationality condition and a residence requirement. DK: Nationality condition and a residence requirement for managers and for airport guard services. ES and PT: Nationality condition for specialized personnel. FR: Nationality condition for managing directors and directors. IT: Italian or EU nationality condition and a residence requirement in order to obtain necessary authorisation for security guard services and the transport of valuables.
k) Related Scientific and Technical Consulting Services (CPC 8675)	BG: Nationality condition for specialists. DE: Nationality condition for publicly appointed surveyors. FR: Nationality condition for 'surveying' operations relating to the establishment of property rights and to land law. IT and PT: Residency requirement.
l) 1. Maintenance and repair of vessels (part of CPC 8868)	MT: Nationality condition.
l) 2. Maintenance and Repair of Rail Transport Equipment (part of CPC 8868)	LV: Nationality condition.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
l) 3. Maintenance and Repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, snowmobiles and road transport Equipment (CPC 6112, CPC 6122, part of CPC 8867 and part of CPC 8868)	EU: For maintenance and repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and snowmobiles, nationality condition for specialists and for graduate trainees.
l) 5. Maintenance and Repair services of metal products, of (non office) machinery, of (non transport and non office) equipment and of personal and household goods ⁽¹⁾ (CPC 633, CPC 7545, CPC 8861, CPC 8862, CPC 8864, CPC 8865 and CPC 8866)	EU: Nationality condition for specialists and for graduate trainee, except for: BE, DE, DK, ES, FR, EL, HU, IE, IT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE and UK for CPC 633, 8861, 8866; BG for repair services of personal and household goods (excl. Jewellery): CPC 63301, CPC 63302, part of CPC 63303, CPC 63304 and CPC 63309; AT for CPC 633, CPC 8861 to CPC 8866; EE, FI, LV and LT for CPC 633, CPC 8861 to CPC 8866; CZ and SK for CPC 633, CPC 8861 to CPC 8865; and SI for CPC 633, CPC 8861 and CPC 8866.
m) Building-Cleaning Services (CPC 874)	CY, EE, HR, MT, PL, RO and SI: Nationality condition for specialists.
n) Photographic Services (CPC 875)	HR and LV: Nationality condition for specialty photography services. PL: Nationality condition for the supply of aerial photographic services.
p) Printing and Publishing (CPC 88442)	HR: Residency requirement for publishers. SE: Residency requirement for publishers and owners of publishing and printing companies. IT: Owners of publishing and printing company and publishers must be citizens of a EU Member State.
q) Convention Services (part of CPC 87909)	SI: Nationality condition.
r) 1. Translation and Interpretation Services (CPC 87905)	FI: Residence requirement for certified translators. DK: Residence requirement for authorised public translators and interpreters, unless waived by the ►C1 Danish Business Authority. ◀
r) 3. Collection Agency Services (CPC 87902)	BE and EL: Nationality condition. IT: Unbound.
r) 4. Credit reporting services (CPC 87901)	BE and EL: Nationality condition. IT: Unbound.

(¹) Maintenance and repair services of transport equipment (CPC 6112, CPC 6122, CPC 8867 and CPC 8868) are to be found under 6.F. l) 1. to 6.F.l) 4. Maintenance and repair services of office machinery and equipment including computers (CPC 845) are to be found under 6.B. Computer and Related Services.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
r) 5. Duplicating services (CPC 87904) ⁽¹⁾	EU: Nationality condition for specialists and for graduate trainees.
8. CONSTRUCTION AND RELATED ENGINEERING SERVICES (CPC 511, CPC 512, CPC 513, CPC 514, CPC 515, CPC 516, CPC 517 and CPC 518)	BG: Foreign specialists must have experience of at least two years in the field of construction.
9. DISTRIBUTION SERVICES (excluding distribution of arms, munitions and war material)	
C. Retailing Services ⁽²⁾	
c) Food retailing services (CPC 631)	FR: Nationality condition for tobacconists (i.e. buraliste).
10. EDUCATIONAL SERVICES (only privately funded services)	
A. Primary Education Services (CPC 921)	FR: Nationality condition. However, Georgian nationals may obtain authorisation from the competent authorities to establish and direct an education institution, and to teach. IT: Nationality condition for service providers who are authorised to issue State-recognised diplomas. EL: Nationality condition for teachers.
B. Secondary Education Services (CPC 922)	FR: Nationality condition. However, Georgian nationals may obtain authorisation from the competent authorities to establish and direct an education institution, and to teach. IT: Nationality condition for service providers who are authorised to issue State-recognised diplomas. EL: Nationality condition for teachers. LV: Nationality condition for technical and vocational secondary school-type education services for handicapped students (CPC 9224).
C. Higher Education Services (CPC 923)	FR: Nationality condition. However, Georgian nationals may obtain authorisation from the competent authorities to establish and direct an education institution and to teach. CZ and SK: Nationality condition for higher education services, except for post-secondary technical and vocational education services (CPC 92310). IT: Nationality condition for service providers who are authorised to issue State-recognised diplomas. DK: Nationality condition for professors.

⁽¹⁾ Does not include printing services, which fall under CPC 88442 and are to be found under 6.F. p).

⁽²⁾ Does not include maintenance and repair services, which are to be found in BUSINESS SERVICES under 6.B. and 6.F.I).

▼B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
12. FINANCIAL SERVICES	
A. Insurance and insurance-related services	<p>AT: The management of a branch office must consist of two natural persons resident in Austria.</p> <p>EE: For direct insurance, the management body of an insurance joint-stock company with Georgian capital participation may include Georgian nationals only in proportion to the Georgian participation and in any event not more than half of the members of the management body. The head of the management of a subsidiary or an independent company must permanently reside in Estonia.</p> <p>ES: Residency requirement for the actuarial profession (or alternatively two years of experience)</p> <p>FI: The managing directors and at least one auditor of an insurance company shall have their place of residence in the EU, unless the competent authorities have granted an exemption. The general agent of a Georgian insurance company shall have his place of residence in Finland, unless the company has its head office in the EU.</p> <p>HR: Residency requirement.</p> <p>IT: Residency requirement for the actuarial profession.</p>
B. Banking and other financial services (excluding insurance)	<p>BG: Permanent residence in Bulgaria is required for the executive directors and the managerial agent.</p> <p>FI: A managing director and at least one auditor of credit institutions shall have their place of residence in the EU, unless the Financial Supervision Authority has granted an exemption.</p> <p>HR: Residency requirement. The management board shall direct the business of a credit institution from the territory of the Republic of Croatia. At least one management board member must be fluent in the Croatian language.</p> <p>IT: Condition of residency within the territory of a Member State of the EU for 'promotori di servizi finanziari' (financial salesmen).</p> <p>LT: At least one head of a bank's administration must permanently reside in the Republic of Lithuania.</p> <p>PL: Nationality requirement for at least one of the bank executives.</p>
13. HEALTH SERVICES AND SOCIAL SERVICES (only privately funded services)	
<p>A. Hospital Services (CPC 9311)</p> <p>B. Ambulance Services (CPC 93192)</p> <p>C. Residential health facilities other than hospital services (CPC 93193)</p> <p>E. Social Services (CPC 933)</p>	<p>FR: Authorisation is necessary for the access to management functions. The availability of local managers is taken into consideration for the authorisation.</p> <p>HR: all persons providing services directly to patients/treating patients need a licence from the professional chamber.</p> <p>LV: Economic needs tests for doctors, dentists, midwives, nurses, physiotherapists and para-medical personnel.</p> <p>PL: Practice of medical profession by foreigners requires permission. Foreign medical doctors have limited election rights within the professional chambers.</p>

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
14. TOURISM AND TRAVEL RELATED SERVICES	
A. Hotel, Restaurants and Catering (CPC 641, CPC 642 and CPC 643) excluding catering in air transport services ⁽¹⁾	BG: The number of foreign managers is not to exceed the number of managers who are Bulgarian citizens, in cases where the public (state and/or municipal) share in the equity capital of a Bulgarian company exceeds 50 per cent. HR: Nationality requirement for hospitality and catering services in households and rural homesteads.
B. Travel Agencies and Tour Operators Services (including tour managers) (CPC 7471)	BG: The number of foreign managers is not to exceed the number of managers who are Bulgarian citizens, in cases where the public (state and/or municipal) share in the equity capital of a Bulgarian company exceeds 50 per cent. HR: Approval of the Ministry of Tourism for office manager position.
C. Tourist Guides Services (CPC 7472)	BG, CY, ES, FR, EL, HR, HU, LT, MT, PL, PT and SK: Nationality condition. IT: Tourist guides from non-EU countries need to obtain a specific licence.
15. RECREATIONAL, CULTURAL AND SPORTING SERVICES (other than audio-visual services)	
A. Entertainment Services (including Theatre, Live Bands, Circus and Discotheque Services) (CPC 9619)	FR: Authorisation is necessary for the access to management functions. The authorisation is subject to a nationality condition when authorisation for more than two years is required.
16. TRANSPORT SERVICES	
A. Maritime transport	
a) International passenger transportation (CPC 7211 less national cabotage transport). b) International freight transportation (CPC 7212 less national cabotage transport)	EU: Nationality condition for ships' crew. AT: Nationality condition for the majority of managing directors.
D. Road Transport	
a) Passenger Transportation (CPC 7121 and CPC 7122)	AT: Nationality condition for persons and shareholders entitled to represent a juridical person or a partnership. DK, HR: Nationality condition and residence requirement for managers. BG, MT: Nationality condition.

⁽¹⁾ Catering in air transport services is to be found in SERVICES AUXILIARY TO TRANSPORT under 17.E.a) Ground-handling services.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
b) Freight Transportation (CPC 7123, excluding transportation of postal and courier items on own account ⁽¹⁾).	AT: Nationality condition for persons and shareholders entitled to represent a juridical person or a partnership. BG and MT: Nationality condition. HR: Nationality condition and residency requirement for managers.
E. Pipeline transport of goods other than fuel ⁽²⁾ (CPC 7139)	AT: Nationality condition for managing directors.
17. SERVICES AUXILIARY TO TRANSPORT ⁽³⁾	
A. Services auxiliary to Maritime Transport a) Maritime Cargo Handling Services b) Storage and warehousing Services (part of CPC 742) c) Customs Clearance Services d) Container Station and Depot Services e) Maritime Agency Services f) Maritime Freight Forwarding Services g) Rental of Vessels with Crew (CPC 7213) h) Pushing and towing services (CPC 7214)	AT: Nationality condition for the majority of managing directors. BG and MT: Nationality condition. DK: Requirement of residence for customs clearance services. EL: Nationality condition for customs clearance services.
i) Supporting services for maritime transport (part of CPC 745) j) Other supporting and auxiliary services (excluding catering) (part of CPC 749)	
D. Services auxiliary to road transport d) Rental of Commercial Road Vehicles with Operators (CPC 7124)	AT: Nationality condition for persons and shareholders entitled to represent a juridical person or a partnership. BG and MT: Nationality condition.
F. Services auxiliary to pipeline transport of goods other than fuel ⁽⁴⁾ a) Storage and warehouse services of goods other than fuel transported by pipelines (part of CPC 742)	AT: Nationality condition for managing directors.

⁽¹⁾ Part of CPC 71235, which is to be found in COMMUNICATION SERVICES under 7.A. Postal and Courier Services.

⁽²⁾ Pipeline transportation of fuels is to be found in ENERGY SERVICES under 19.B.

⁽³⁾ Does not include maintenance and repair services of transport equipment, which are to be found in BUSINESS SERVICES under 6.F.1) 1. to 6.F.1) 4.

⁽⁴⁾ Services auxiliary to pipeline transportation of fuels are to be found in ENERGY SERVICES under 19.C.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
19. ENERGY SERVICES	
A. Services Incidental to Mining (CPC 883) ⁽¹⁾	SK: Residency requirement.
20. OTHER SERVICES NOT INCLUDED ELSEWHERE	
a) Washing, Cleaning and Dyeing services (CPC 9701)	EU: Nationality condition for specialists and for graduate trainees.
b) Hairdressing services (CPC 97021)	EU: Nationality condition for specialists and for graduate trainees.
c) Cosmetic treatment, manicuring and pedicuring services (CPC 97022)	EU: Nationality condition for specialists and for graduate trainees.
d) Other beauty treatment services n.e.c (CPC 97029)	EU: Nationality condition for specialists and for graduate trainees.
e) Spa services and non therapeutical massages, to the extent that they are provided as relaxation physical well-being services and not for medical or rehabilitation purposes ⁽²⁾ (CPC ver. 1.0 97230)	EU: Nationality condition for specialists and for graduate trainees.

⁽¹⁾ Includes the following service rendered on a fee or contract basis: advisory and consulting services relating to mining, on-land site preparation, on-land rig installation, drilling, drilling bits services, casing and tubular services, mud engineering and supply, solids control, fishing and downhole special operations, wellsite geology and drilling control, core taking, well testing, wireline services, supply and operation of completion fluids (brines) supply and installation of completion devices, cementing (pressure pumping), stimulation services (fracturing, acidising and pressure pumping), workover and well repair services, plugging and abandoning of wells.

Does not include direct access to or exploitation of natural resources.

Does not include site preparation work for mining of resources other than oil and gas (CPC 5115), which is to be found under 8. CONSTRUCTION AND RELATED ENGINEERING SERVICES.

⁽²⁾ Therapeutical massages and thermal cure services are to be found under 6.A.h) Medical and Dental services, 6.A.j) 2. Services provided by Nurses, Physiotherapists and Paramedical personnel, and health services (13.A and 13.C).

*ANNEX XIV-D***LIST OF RESERVATIONS ON CONTRACTUAL SERVICES SUPPLIERS AND INDEPENDENT PROFESSIONALS (UNION)**

1. The Parties shall allow the supply of services into their territories by contractual service suppliers and independent professionals of the other Party through the presence of natural persons, in accordance with Articles 91 and 92 of this Agreement, for the economic activities which are listed below, and subject to the relevant limitations.
2. The list is composed of the following elements:
 - (a) the first column indicating the sector or sub-sector in which limitations apply and
 - (b) the second column describing the applicable limitations.

The Union does not undertake any commitment for contractual service suppliers and independent professionals for any sector of economic activity other than those which are explicitly listed below.

3. In identifying individual sectors and sub-sectors:
 - (a) 'CPC' means the Central Products Classification as set out in Statistical Office of the United Nations, Statistical Papers, Series M, N° 77, CPC prov, 1991; and
 - (b) 'CPC ver. 1.0' means the Central Products Classification as set out in Statistical Office of the United Nations, Statistical Papers, Series M, N° 77, CPC ver 1.0, 1998.
4. Commitments for contractual service suppliers and independent professionals do not apply in cases where the intent or effect of their temporary presence is to interfere with, or otherwise affect the outcome of, any labour/management dispute or negotiation.
5. The list below does not include measures relating to qualification requirements and procedures, technical standards and licensing requirements and procedures when they do not constitute a limitation within the meaning of Articles 91 and 92 of this Agreement. Those measures (e.g. need to obtain a license, need to obtain recognition of qualifications in regulated sectors, need to pass specific examinations, including language examinations, and need to have a legal domicile in the territory where the economic activity is performed), even if not listed below, apply in any case to contractual service suppliers and independent professionals of Georgia.
6. All other requirements of the laws and regulations of the EU and its Member States regarding entry, stay, work and social security measures shall continue to apply, including regulations concerning period of stay, minimum wages as well as collective wage agreements.
7. The list below does not include measures concerning subsidies granted by a Party.
8. The list below is without prejudice to the existence of public monopolies or exclusive rights in the relevant sectors, as set out by the Union in Annex XIV-A to this Agreement.

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9. In the sectors where economic needs tests are applied, their main criteria will be the assessment of the relevant market situation in the Member State or the region where the service is to be provided, including with respect to the number of, and the impact on, existing services suppliers.
10. The rights and obligations arising from the list below shall have no self-executing effect and thus confer no rights directly on natural or juridical persons.

The Parties shall allow the supply of services into their territory by contractual services suppliers of the other Party through presence of natural persons, subject to the conditions specified in Article 91 of this Agreement, in the following sub-sectors:

- (a) legal services in respect of public international law and foreign law (i.e. non-Union law);
- (b) accounting and bookkeeping services;
- (c) taxation advisory services;
- (d) architectural services, urban planning and landscape architectural services;
- (e) engineering services, integrated engineering services;
- (f) computer and related services;
- (g) research and development services;
- (h) advertising;
- (i) management consulting services;
- (j) services related to management consulting;
- (k) technical testing and analysis services;
- (l) related scientific and technical consulting services;
- (m) maintenance and repair of equipment in the context of an after-sales or after-lease services contract;
- (n) translation services;
- (o) site investigation work;
- (p) environmental services;
- (r) travel agencies and tour operator services;
- (s) entertainment services.

The Parties shall allow the supply of services into their territory by independent professionals of the other Party through presence of natural persons, subject to the conditions specified in Article 92 of this Agreement, in the following sub-sectors:

- (a) legal services in respect of public international law and foreign law (i.e. non-Union law);
- (b) architectural services, urban planning and landscape architecture;
- (c) engineering and integrated engineering services;
- (d) Computer and related services;
- (e) management consulting services and services related to management consulting;
- (f) translation services.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
ALL SECTORS	<p>Recognition</p> <p>EU: EU directives on mutual recognition of diplomas only apply to nationals of EU Member States. The right to practice a regulated professional service in one Member State does not grant the right to practice in another Member State ⁽¹⁾.</p>
<p>Legal Advisory Services in respect of public international law and foreign law (i.e. non-EU law)</p> <p>(part of CPC 861) ⁽²⁾</p>	<p>AT, CY, DE, EE, IE, LU, NL, PL, PT, SE and UK: None.</p> <p>BE, ES, HR, IT and EL: Economic needs test for IP.</p> <p>LV: Economic needs test for CSS.</p> <p>BG, CZ, DK, FI, HU, LT, MT, RO, SI and SK: Economic needs tests.</p> <p>DK: Marketing of legal advice activities is restricted to lawyers with a Danish licence to practice. Requirement of a Danish legal examination in order to obtain a Danish licence.</p> <p>FR: Full (simplified) admission to the Bar through an aptitude test is required. Lawyers' access to the professions of 'avocat auprès de la Cour de cassation' et 'avocat auprès du Conseil d'Etat' is subject to quotas and to a nationality condition.</p> <p>HR: Full admission to the Bar required for legal representation services, is subject to a nationality condition.</p>
<p>Accounting and Bookkeeping Services</p> <p>(CPC 86212 other than 'auditing services', CPC 86213, CPC 86219 and CPC 86220)</p>	<p>BE, CY, DE, EE, ES, IE, IT, LU, NL, PL, PT, SI, SE and UK: None.</p> <p>AT: The employer must be a member of the relevant professional body in the home country where such body exists.</p> <p>FR: Authorisation requirement. Provision of accounting and bookkeeping services is conditional on a decision of the Minister of Economics, Finance and Industry, in agreement with the Minister of Foreign Affairs.</p> <p>BG, CZ, DK, EL, FI, HU, LT, LV, MT, RO and SK: Economic needs test.</p> <p>HR: Residency requirement.</p>
<p>Taxation Advisory Services</p> <p>(CPC 863) ⁽³⁾</p>	<p>BE, DE, EE, ES, FR, IE, IT, LU, NL, PL, SI, SE and UK: None.</p> <p>AT: The employer must be a member of the relevant professional body in the home country where such body exists; nationality condition for representation before competent authorities.</p> <p>BG, CZ, DK, EL, FI, HU, LT, LV, MT, RO and SK: Economic needs test.</p> <p>CY: Unbound for the submission of tax returns.</p> <p>PT: Unbound.</p> <p>HR, HU: Residence requirement.</p>

⁽¹⁾ In order for third-country nationals to obtain Union-wide recognition of their qualifications, it is necessary that a Mutual Recognition Agreement be negotiated within the framework defined in Article 96 of this Agreement.

⁽²⁾ Like the provision of other services, Legal Services are subject to licensing requirements and procedures applicable in Member States of the EU. For lawyers providing legal services in respect of public international law and foreign law, these may take inter alia the form of compliance with local codes of ethics, use of home title (unless recognition with the host title has been obtained) insurance requirements, simple registration with the host country Bar or a simplified admission to the host country Bar through an aptitude test and a legal or professional domicile in the host country.

⁽³⁾ Does not include legal advisory and legal representational services on tax matters, which are to be found under Legal Advisory Services in respect of public international law and foreign law.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
Architectural services and Urban planning and landscape architectural services (CPC 8671 and CPC 8674)	EE, EL, FR, IE, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, SI, SE and UK: None. BE, ES, HR, IT: Economic needs test for IP. LV: Economic needs test for CSS. FI: The natural person must demonstrate that (s)he possesses special knowledge relevant to the service being supplied. BG, CY, CZ, DE, FI, HU, LT, RO and SK: Economic needs test. AT: Planning services only, where: Economic needs test. HR, HU and SK: Residence requirement.
Engineering services and Integrated engineering services (CPC 8672 and CPC 8673)	EE, EL, FR, IE, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, SI, SE and UK: None. BE, ES, HR and IT: Economic needs test for IP. LV: Economic needs test for CSS. FI: The natural person must demonstrate that (s)he possesses special knowledge relevant to the service being supplied. BG, CY, CZ, DE, FI, HU, LT, RO and SK: Economic needs test. AT: Planning services only, where: Economic needs test. HR and HU: Residence requirement.
Computer and Related Services (CPC 84)	EE, EL, FR, IE, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, SI and SE: None. ES and IT: Economic needs test for IP. LV: Economic needs test for CSS. BE: Economic needs test for IP. AT, DE, BG, CY, CZ, FI, HU, LT, RO, SK and UK: Economic needs test. HR: Residency requirement for CSS. Unbound for IP.
Research and Development Services (CPC 851, 852 excluding psychologists services ⁽¹⁾ , 853)	EU, except BE: A hosting agreement with an approved research organisation is required ⁽²⁾ . CZ, DK and SK: Economic needs test. BE and UK: Unbound. HR: Residency requirement.
Advertising (CPC 871)	BE, CY, DE, EE, ES, FR, HR, IE, IT, LU, NL, PL, PT, SI, SE and UK: None. AT, BG, CZ, DK, FI, HU, LT, LV, MT, RO and SK: Economic needs test.
Management Consulting Services (CPC 865)	DE, EE, EL, FR, IE, LV, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, SI, SE, UK: None. ES and IT: Economic needs test for IP. BE and HR: Economic needs test for IP. AT, BG, CY, CZ, FI, HU, LT, RO and SK: Economic needs test.
Services Related to Management Consulting (CPC 866)	DE, EE, EL, FR, IE, LV, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, SI, SE and UK: None. BE, ES, HR and IT: Economic needs test for IP. AT, BG, CY, CZ, DK, FI, LT, RO and SK: Economic needs test. HU: Economic needs test, except for arbitration and conciliation services (CPC 86602), where: Unbound.

⁽¹⁾ Part of CPC 85201, which is to be found under Medical and dental services.

⁽²⁾ For all Member States except DK, the approval of the research organisation and the hosting agreement have to meet the conditions set pursuant to Directive No 2005/71/EC of 12 October 2005 on a specific procedure for admitting third-country nationals for the purposes of scientific research.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
Technical Testing and Analysis Services (CPC 8676)	BE, DE, EE, EL, ES, FR, HR, IE, IT, LU, NL, PL, SI, SE, UK: None. AT, BG, CY, CZ, FI, HU, LT, LV, MT, PT, RO, SK: Economic needs test.
Related Scientific and Technical Consulting Services (CPC 8675)	BE, EE, EL, ES, HR, IE, IT, LU, NL, PL, SI, SE and UK: None. AT, CY, CZ, DE, DK, FI, HU, LT, LV, MT, PT, RO and SK: Economic needs test. DE: Unbound for publicly appointed surveyors. FR: Unbound for 'surveying' operations relating to the establishment of property rights and to land law where unbound. BG: Unbound.
Maintenance and repair of vessels (part of CPC 8868)	BE, CY, EE, EL, ES, FR, HR, IT, LV, LU, NL, PL, PT, SI and SE: None. AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, FI, HU, IE, LT, MT, RO and SK: Economic needs test. UK: Unbound.
Maintenance and repair of rail transport equipment (part of CPC 8868)	BE, CY, EE, EL, ES, FR, HR, IT, LV, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, SI and SE: None. AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, FI, HU, IE, LT, RO and SK: Economic needs test. UK: Unbound.
Maintenance and repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, snowmobiles and road transport equipment (CPC 6112, CPC 6122, part of CPC 8867 and part of CPC 8868)	BE, EE, EL, ES, FR, HR, IT, LV, LU, NL, PL, PT, SI and SE: None. AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, FI, HU, IE, LT, MT, RO and SK: Economic needs test. UK: Unbound.
Maintenance and repair of aircraft and parts thereof (part of CPC 8868)	BE, CY, EE, EL, ES, FR, HR, IT, LV, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, SI and SE: None. AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, FI, HU, IE, LT, RO and SK: Economic needs test. UK: Unbound.
Maintenance and repair of metal products, of (non office) machinery, of (non transport and non office) equipment and of personal and household goods (!) (CPC 633, CPC 7545, CPC 8861, CPC 8862, CPC 8864, CPC 8865 and CPC 8866)	BE, EE, EL, ES, FR, HR, IT, LV, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, SI, SE and UK: None. AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, FI, HU, IE, LT, RO and SK: Economic needs test.
Translation (CPC 87905, excluding official or certified activities)	DE, EE, FR, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, SI, SE and UK: None. BE, ES, IT and EL: Economic needs test for IP. CY and LV: Economic needs test for CSS. AT, BG, CZ, DK, FI, HU, IE, LT, RO and SK: Economic needs test. HR: Unbound for IP.

(!) Maintenance and repair services of office machinery and equipment including computers (CPC 845) are to be found under Computer services.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
Site investigation work (CPC 5111)	BE, DE, EE, EL, ES, FR, HR, IE, IT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, SI, SE and UK: None. AT, BG, CY, CZ, FI, HU, LT, LV, RO and SK: Economic needs test.
Environmental services (CPC 9401 ⁽¹⁾ , CPC 9402, CPC 9403, CPC 9404 ⁽²⁾ , part of CPC 94060 ⁽³⁾ , CPC 9405, part of CPC 9406 and CPC 9409)	BE, EE, ES, FR, HR, IE, IT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, SI, SE and UK: None. AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EL, FI, HU, LT, LV, RO and SK: Economic needs test.
Travel Agencies and Tour Operators Services (including tour managers ⁽⁴⁾) (CPC 7471)	AT, CZ, DE, EE, ES, FR, IT, LU, NL, PL, SI and SE: None. BG, EL, HU, LT, LV, MT, PT, RO and SK: Economic needs test. BE, CY, DK, FI and IE: Unbound, except for tour managers (persons whose function is to accompany a tour group of a minimum of 10 persons, without acting as guides in specific locations). HR: Residency requirement. UK: Unbound.
Entertainment Services other than audiovisual services (including Theatre, Live Bands, Circus and Discotheque Services) (CPC 9619)	BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, EL, ES, FI, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK and SE: Advanced qualification ⁽⁵⁾ may be required. Economic needs test. AT: Advance qualifications and economic needs test except for persons whose main professional activity is in the field of fine arts, deriving the major part of their income from that activity and subject to the condition that such persons shall not exercise any other commercial activity in Austria, where: None. CY: Economic needs test for Live Bands and Discotheque Services. FR: Unbound for CSS, except if: — the work permit is delivered for a period not exceeding nine months renewable for the duration of three months Economic Need Test — the entertainment enterprise must pay a tax to the Office Français de l'Immigration et de l'Intégration. SI: Duration of stay limited to 7 days per event. For circus and amusement park services duration of stay is limited to a maximum of 30 days per calendar year. BE and UK: Unbound.

⁽¹⁾ Corresponds to sewage services.

⁽²⁾ Corresponds to Cleaning Services of Exhaust Gases.

⁽³⁾ Corresponds to parts of Nature and Landscape Protection Services.

⁽⁴⁾ Services suppliers whose function is to accompany a tour group of a minimum of 10 persons, without acting as guides in specific locations.

⁽⁵⁾ Where the qualification has not been obtained in the EU and its Member States, the Member State concerned may evaluate whether this is equivalent to the qualification required in its territory.



ANNEX XIV-E

LIST OF RESERVATIONS ON ESTABLISHMENT (GEORGIA) ⁽¹⁾

1. The list below indicates the economic activities where reservations to national treatment or most favoured nation treatment by Georgia pursuant to Article 79(1) of this Agreement apply to establishments and entrepreneurs of the Union.

The list is composed of the following elements:

- (a) a list of horizontal reservations applying to all sectors or sub-sectors and
- (b) a list of sector or sub-sector specific reservations indicating the sector or sub-sector concerned along with the reservation(s) applying.

A reservation corresponding to an activity which is not liberalised (Unbound) is expressed as follows: 'No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations'.

In the sectors, where reservation is not made by Georgia, country undertakes obligations of Article 79(1) of this Agreement without reservations (the absence of reservation in a given sector is without prejudice to horizontal reservations).

2. In accordance with Article 76(3) of this Agreement, the list below does not include measures concerning subsidies granted by the Parties.
3. The rights and obligations arising from the list below shall have no self-executing effect and thus confer no rights directly on natural or juridical persons.
4. In accordance with Article 79 of this Agreement, non-discriminatory requirements, such as those concerning the legal form or the obligation to obtain licenses or permits applicable to all providers operating on the territory without distinction based on nationality, residency or equivalent criteria, are not listed in this Annex as they are not prejudiced by the Agreement.
5. Where Georgia maintains a reservation that requires that a service supplier be a national, permanent resident or resident of its territory as a condition to the supply of a service in its territory, a reservation listed in Annex XIV-G to this Agreement shall operate as a reservation with respect to establishment under this Annex, to the extent applicable.

Horizontal Reservations

Subsidies

Eligibility for subsidies may be limited to persons established in a particular geographical sub-division of Georgia.

Privatization

An organization, in which the Government's share exceeds 25 %, has no right to participate as a buyer in privatization process (market access limitation).

⁽¹⁾ This document is prepared based on WTO Services Sectoral Classification List (MTN.GNS/W/120) of 10 July 1991.

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At least one manager of a ‘corporation with limited liability’ must have his domicile in Georgia. The establishment of a branch requires a representative (natural person) with domicile in Georgia who is duly authorised by the company to fully represent it.

Real estate purchase

Unbound except for the following:

- (i) to buy non-agricultural land;
- (ii) to buy buildings needed to conduct services activities;
- (iii) leasing of agricultural land no more than 49 years, and non-agricultural land no more than 99 years;
- (iv) to buy agricultural land by joint ventures.

Sector Reservations

Fishing

No market access, national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to fishing. Access to Georgian waters for fish catches is granted on the basis of reciprocity.

Business Services

- No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to transplants and autopsy (9312).
- No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to other professional services (1,A(k))⁽¹⁾.
- No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to services incidental to agriculture, hunting and forestry (CPC 881, excl. 88110).
- No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to services incidental to manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear fuel, on a fee or contract basis (CPC 8845).
- No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to aerial photography (part of CPC 87504).

Communication Services

- No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to postal services (CPC 7511).
- No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to services related to combined program making and broadcasting services (CPC 96133).
- No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to program transmission services (CPC 7524).
- No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to other communication services (2,E)*.

Construction and Related Engineering Services

Not less than 50 % of the entire staff must be Georgian citizens.

⁽¹⁾ Classification of the service according to WTO Services Sectoral Classification List (MTN.GNS/W/120) of 10 July 1991.

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Distribution Services

No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to other distribution services (4,E)*.

Educational Services

— No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to publicly funded secondary education services (CPC 922).

— No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to publicly funded higher education services (CPC 923).

— No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to other education services (CPC 929).

Financial Services

— No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to other financial services, including workers compensation (7,C)*.

Health related and Social Services

— The knowledge of Georgian language (the State language) is obligatory for doctors working in Georgia.

— No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to other health related and social services (8,D)*.

Tourism and Travel related Services

No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to other tourism and travel related services (9,D)*.

Recreational, Cultural and Sporting Services

No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to other recreational, cultural and sporting services (10,E)*.

Transport Services

— No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to passenger transportation by maritime transport (CPC 7211) and supporting services for maritime transport (part of CPC 745).

— No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to air transport services, including passenger transportation (CPC 731), freight transportation (CPC 732), rental of aircraft with crew (CPC 734) and supporting services for air transport (CPC 746).

— Rail Transport Services (CPC 7111, CPC 7112 and CPC 7113) - Railroad infrastructure is the state property and its exploitation is a monopoly. None for rail transport.

— No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to supporting services for rail transport services (CPC 743).

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- No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to road transport services, including passenger transportation (CPC 7121 and CPC 7122), rental of commercial vehicles with operator (CPC 7124) and supporting services for road transport (CPC 744). Bilateral road transport agreements on the basis of reciprocity, which allow the respective countries to carry out international transportation of passengers and cargo.
- No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to pipeline transport, including transportation of fuels (CPC 7131) and transportation of other goods (CPC 7139).
- No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to other transport services (11,I)*.
- No national treatment and most favoured nation treatment obligations with respect to other services not included elsewhere (CPC 95, CPC 97, CPC 98 and CPC99).

▼B*ANNEX XIV-F***LIST OF COMMITMENTS ON CROSS-BORDER SUPPLY OF SERVICES (GEORGIA) ⁽¹⁾**

1. The list of commitments below indicates the economic activities liberalised by Georgia pursuant to Article 86 of this Agreement and, by means of reservations, the market access and national treatment limitations that apply to services and service suppliers of the Union in those activities. The lists are composed of the following elements:

(a) a first column indicating the sector or sub-sector in which the commitment is assumed by the Party, and the scope of liberalisation to which the reservations apply, and

(b) a second column describing the applicable reservations.

Sectors or sub-sectors not mentioned in the list below are not committed.

2. In identifying individual sectors and sub-sectors, 'CPC' means the Central Products Classification as set out in WTO Services Sectoral Classification List (MTN.GNS/W/120) of 10 July 1991.

3. The list below does not include measures relating to qualification requirements and procedures, technical standards and licensing requirements and procedures when they do not constitute a market access or a national treatment limitation within the meaning of Articles 84 and 85 of this Agreement. Those measures (e.g. need to obtain a license, universal service obligations, need to obtain recognition of qualifications in regulated sectors, need to pass specific examinations, including language examinations, non-discriminatory requirement that certain activities may not be carried out in environmental protected zones or areas of particular historic and artistic interest), even if not listed, apply in any case to entrepreneurs of the other Party.

4. The list below is without prejudice to the feasibility of Mode 1 in certain services sectors and sub-sectors and without prejudice to the existence of public monopolies and exclusive rights as described in the list of commitments on establishment.

5. In accordance with Article 76(3) of this Agreement, the list below does not include measures concerning subsidies granted by the Parties.

6. The rights and obligations arising from this list of commitments shall have no self-executing effect and thus confer no rights directly to individual natural persons or juridical persons.

7. Mode 1 and Mode 2 refer to the means of the supply of services as described in ►C1 points (i) and (ii) of point (m) of Article 77 of ◀ this Agreement respectively.

Horizontal reservations

Unbound for subsidies

⁽¹⁾ This document is prepared based on WTO Services Sectoral Classification List (MTN.GNS/W/120) of 10 July 1991.

▼ B**Sector reservations**

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
1. BUSINESS SERVICES	
A. Professional Services	
a) Legal services (Including consultancy on home country law and international law) (CPC 861)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
b) Accounting, auditing and bookkeeping services (CPC 862)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
c) Taxation services (CPC 863)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
d) Architectural services (CPC 8671)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
e) Engineering services (CPC 8672)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
f) Integrated engineering services (CPC 8673)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
g) Urban planning and Landscape architectural services (CPC 8674*)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
h) Medical and dental services (excluding transplants and autopsy) (CPC 9312)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
i) Veterinary services (CPC 932)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
B. Computer and Related Services	
a) Consulting services related to the installation of computer hardware (CPC 841)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
b) Software implementation services (CPC 842)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
c) Data processing services (CPC 843)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
d) Data base services (CPC 844)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
e) Maintenance and repair services of office machinery and equipment including computers (CPC 845)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
e) Data preparation services (CPC 849)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
C. Research and Development Services	
a) R&D services on natural sciences (CPC 851)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
b) R&D services on social sciences and humanities (CPC 852)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
c) Interdisciplinary R&D services (CPC 853)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
D. Real Estate Services	
a) Involving own or leased property (CPC 821)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
b) On a fee or contract basis (CPC 822)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
E. Rental/Leasing services without Operators	
a) Relating to ships (CPC 83103)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
b) Relating to aircraft (CPC 83104)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
c) Relating to other transport equipment (CPC 83101, CPC 83102 and CPC 83105)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
d) Relating to other machinery and equipment (CPC 83106 to CPC 83109)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
e) Leasing or rental services for videotapes or optical disks (CPC 83202)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
F) Other Business Services	
a) Advertising services (CPC 871)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
b) Market research services (CPC 864)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
c) Management consulting services (CPC 865)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
d) Services related to Management consulting (CPC 866)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
e) Technical testing and analysis services (CPC 8676)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
f) Services incidental to agriculture, hunting and forestry (CPC 88110)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
g) Services incidental to fishing (CPC 882**)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
h) Services incidental to mining (CPC 883**)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
i) Services incidental to manufacturing (CPC 885, CPC 886, CPC 8841 to CPC 8844 and CPC 8846 to CPC 8849)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
j) Services incidental to energy distribution (CPC 887**)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
k) Placement and supply services of personnel (CPC 87205 and CPC 87206)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
m) Scientific and technical consulting services (CPC 8675)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

▼ B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
p) Photographic services (CPC 875) except for aerial photography)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
q) Packaging services (CPC 876)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
r) Printing and publishing services (CPC 88442)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
s) Convention services (part of CPC 8790)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
t) Other Repair services of personal and household goods (CPC 633)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
Repair services incidental to metal products, machinery and equipment (CPC 886)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
Others business services (CPC 879 exc. 87909)	For Mode 1 Unbound For Mode 2 None
2. COMMUNICATION SERVICES	
B. Courier Services (CPC 7512)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
C. Telecommunication Services	
a) Voice telephone services (CPC 7521)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
c) Packet-switched data transmission services (CPC 7523*)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
e) Circuit-switched data transmission services (CPC 7523*)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
d) Telex services (CPC 7523*)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
e) Telegraph services (CPC 7522)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

▼ B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
f) Facsimile services (CPC 7521* and CPC 7529*)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
g) Private leased circuit services (CPC 7522* and CPC 7523*)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
g) Electronic mail (CPC 7523*)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
h) Voice mail (CPC 7523*)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
j) On-line information and database retrieval (CPC 7523*)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
k) Electronic data interchange (EDI) (CPC 7523*)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
l) Enhanced/value-added facsimile services, including store and forward, store and retrieve (CPC 7523*)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
m) Code and protocol conversion	For Modes 1 and 2 None
n) On-line information and/or data processing (incl. Transaction processing) (CPC 843*)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
o) Other mobile services analogue/Digital cellular services (CPC 75213*) PCS (personal communication services, CPC 75213*) Paging services (CPC 75291*) Mobile data services (CPC 7523*)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
D. Audio-visual services	
a) Motion picture and video tape production and distribution services (CPC 9611)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

▼ B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
b) Motion picture projection services (CPC 9612)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
b) Radio and television services excluding transmission services (CPC 9613 exc. 96133)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
e) Sound recording	For Modes 1 and 2 None

3. CONSTRUCTION AND RELATED ENGINEERING SERVICES

A. General construction work for buildings (CPC 512)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
B. General construction work for civil engineering (CPC 513)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
C. Installation and assembling work (CPC 514 and 516)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
D. Building completion and finishing work (CPC 517)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
E. Other (CPC 511, CPC 515 and CPC 518)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

4. DISTRIBUTION SERVICES

A. Commission agents services (CPC 621)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
B. Wholesale trade services (CPC 622)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
C. Retailing services (CPC 631, CPC 632, CPC 611 and CPC 612)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
D. Franchising (CPC 8929)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

5. EDUCATIONAL SERVICES

A. Primary education services (CPC 921)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
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▼ **B**

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
B. Privately funded secondary education services (CPC 922*)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
C. Privately funded higher education services (CPC 923*)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
D. Adult education (CPC 924)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
6. ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES	
A. Sewage services (CPC 9401)	For Mode 1 Unbound other than consulting and advisory services For Mode 2 None
B. Refuse disposal services (CPC 9402)	For Mode 1 Unbound other than consulting and advisory services For Mode 2 None
C. Sanitation and similar services (CPC 9403)	For Mode 1 Unbound other than consulting and advisory services For Mode 2 None
D. Cleaning services of exhaust gases (CPC 9404)	For Mode 1 Unbound other than consulting and advisory services For Mode 2 None
E. Noise abatement services (CPC 9405)	For Mode 1 Unbound other than consulting and advisory services For Mode 2 None
F. Other nature and landscape protection services (CPC 9406)	For Mode 1 Unbound other than consulting and advisory services For Mode 2 None
G. Other environmental protection services (CPC 9409)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

▼**B**

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
7. FINANCIAL SERVICES	
A. Insurance and insurance-related services	
a) Life, accident and health insurance services (except workers compensation insurance) (CPC 81211, CPC 81291 and CPC 81212)	For Mode 1 Unbound For Mode 2 None
b) Non-life insurance services (CPC 8129 excl. CPC 81291 and excl. CPC 81293)	For Mode 1 Unbound For Mode 2 None
— Marine, aviation and other transport insurance services (CPC 81293)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
c) Reinsurance and retrocession (CPC 81299)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
d) Services auxiliary to insurance such as consultancy, actuarial, risk assessment and claims settlement services (CPC 8140)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
Insurance intermediation, such as brokerage and agency (CPC 8140)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
B. Banking and other Financial Services	
a) Acceptance of deposits and other repayable funds from the public (CPC 81115 to CPC81119)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
b) Lending of all types, include, inter alia, consumer credit, mortgage credit, factoring and financing of commercial transaction (CPC 8113)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
c) Financial leasing (CPC 8112)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
d) All payment and money transmission services (CPC 81339)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

▼B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
e) Guarantees and commitments (CPC 81199)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
f) Trading for own account or for account of customers, whether on an exchange, in an over-the-counter market or otherwise, the following:	For Modes 1 and 2 None
— money market instruments (cheques, bills, certificate of deposits, etc.) (CPC 81339);	For Modes 1 and 2 None
— foreign exchange (CPC 81333);	
— derivative products including but not limited to, futures and options (CPC 81339);	For Modes 1 and 2 None
— exchange rate and interest rate instruments, including products such as swaps, forward rate agreements, etc. (CPC 81339)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
— transferable securities (CPC 81321)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
— other negotiable instruments and financial assets, including bullion (CPC 81339)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
g) Participation in issues of all kinds of securities, including underwriting and placement as agent (whether publicly or privately) and provision of service related to such issues (CPC 8132)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
h) Money broking (CPC 81339)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
i) Asset management such as cash or portfolio management, all forms of collective investment management, pension funding, custodial, depository and trust services (CPC 8119 and CPC 81323)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
j) Settlement and clearing services for financial assets, incl. securities, derivative products, and other negotiable instruments (CPC 81339 and CPC 81319)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

▼**B**

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
k) Advisory, inter-mediation and other auxiliary financial services on all the activities listed in 5(a)(v) through (xv) of the GATS Annex on Financial Services, incl. credit reference and analysis, investment and portfolio research and advice, advice on acquisitions and on corporate restructuring and strategy (CPC 8131 and CPC 8133)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
l) Provision and transfer of financial information and financial data processing and related software by providers of other financial services (CPC 8131, CPC 842 and CPC 844)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
8. HEALTH RELATED AND SOCIAL SERVICES	
A. Human health services (CPC 931, other than CPC 93191)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
B. Social Services (CPC 933)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
9. TOURISM AND TRAVEL RELATED SERVICES	
A. Hotels and restaurants (including catering) (CPC 641 to CPC 643)	For Mode 1 Unbound For Mode 2 None
B. Travel Agencies and Tour Operators Services (CPC 7471)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
C. Tourist Guides Services (CPC 7472)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
10. RECREATIONAL, CULTURAL AND SPORTING SERVICES	
A. Entertainment Services (including theatre, live bands and circus services) (CPC 9619)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
B. News Agency Services (CPC 962)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

▼B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
C. Libraries, Archives, Museums and other Cultural Services (CPC 963)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
D. Sporting and other Recreational Services (CPC 964)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

11. TRANSPORT SERVICES

A. Maritime Transport Services

b) Freight transportation (CPC 7212)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
c) Rental of vessels with crew (CPC 7213)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
c) Maintenance and repair of vessels (CPC 8868**)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
e) Pushing and towing services (CPC 7214)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

▼C1

B. Internal Waterways Transport

▼B

a) Passenger transportation (CPC 7221)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
b) Freight transportation (CPC 7222)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
c) Rental of vessels with crew (CPC 7223)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
d) Maintenance and repair of vessels (CPC 8868**)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
e) Pushing and towing services (CPC 7224)	For Modes 1 and 2 None

▼ B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
f) Supporting services for internal waterways transport (CPC 745**)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
C. Air Transport Services	
b) Sales and marketing	For Modes 1 and 2 None
Computer reservation systems	For Modes 1 and 2 None
d) Maintenance and repair of aircraft (CPC 8868**)	► <u>C1</u> For Modes 1 and 2 ◀ None
E. Rail Transport Services (CPC 7111, CPC 7112 and CPC 7113)	
d) Maintenance and repair of rail transport equipment (CPC 8868**)	For Mode 1 Unbound For Mode 2 None
F. Road Transport Services	
d) Maintenance and repair of road transport equipment (CPC 6112 and CPC 8867)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
e) Freight transportation Services (CPC 7123)	For Modes 1 and 2 None
H. Services auxiliary to all modes of transport	
a) Cargo handling services (CPC 741)	For Mode 1 Unbound For Mode 2 None

▼B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
b) Storage and warehousing services (CPC 742)	For Mode 1 Unbound For Mode 2 None
c) Freight transport agency services (CPC 748)	For Mode 1 Unbound For Mode 2 None
d) Other supporting and auxiliary transport services (CPC 749*) — Freight brokerage services; — Bill auditing and freight rate information services	For Modes 1 and 2 None
— Freight inspection services	For Modes 1 and 2 None



ANNEX XIV-G

LIST OF RESERVATIONS ON KEY PERSONNEL, GRADUATE TRAINEES AND BUSINESS SELLERS ⁽¹⁾ (GEORGIA)

1. The list of reservations below indicates the economic activities liberalised pursuant to Sections 2 and 3 of Chapter 6 (Establishment, Trade in Services and Electronic Commerce) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement for which limitations on key personnel and graduate trainees in accordance with Article 89 of this Agreement and on business sellers in accordance with Article 90 of this Agreement apply and it specifies such limitations. That list is composed of the following elements:

(a) the first column indicating the sector or sub-sector in which limitations apply and

(b) the second column describing the applicable limitations.

Georgia does not undertake any commitment for key personnel, graduate trainees and business sellers in economic activities which are not liberalised (remain unbound) pursuant to Sections 2 and 3 Chapter 6 (Establishment, Trade in Services and Electronic Commerce) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.

2. In identifying individual sectors and sub-sectors, ‘CPC’ means the Central Products Classification as set out in WTO Services Sectoral Classification List (MTN.GNS/W/120) of 10 July 1991.

3. Commitments on key personnel, graduate trainees, business service sellers and sellers of goods do not apply in cases where the intent or effect of their temporary presence is to interfere with, or otherwise affect the outcome of, any labour/management dispute or negotiation.

4. The list below does not include measures relating to qualification requirements and procedures, technical standards and licensing requirements and procedures when they do not constitute a limitation within the meaning of Article 89 and Article 90 of this Agreement. Those measures (e.g. need to obtain a license, need to obtain recognition of qualifications in regulated sectors, need to pass specific examinations, including language examinations, and need to have a legal domicile in the territory where the economic activity is performed), even if not listed below, apply in any case to key personnel, graduate trainees and business sellers of the EU.

5. All other requirements of the laws and regulations of Georgia regarding entry, stay, work and social security measures shall continue to apply, including regulations concerning period of stay, minimum wages as well as collective wage agreements.

6. In accordance with Article 76(3) of this Agreement, the list below does not include measures concerning subsidies granted by a Party.

7. The list below is without prejudice to the existence of public monopolies and exclusive rights as described in the list of commitments on establishment.

⁽¹⁾ This document is prepared based on WTO Services Sectoral Classification List (MTN.GNS/W/120) of 10 July 1991.

▼B

8. In the sectors where economic needs tests are applied, their main criteria will be the assessment of the relevant market situation in Georgia or the region where the service is to be provided, including with respect to the number of, and the impact on, existing services suppliers.
9. The rights and obligations arising from the list below shall have no self-executing effect and thus confer no rights directly on natural or juridical persons.

Sector reservations

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
1. BUSINESS SERVICES	
A. Professional Services	
Transplants and autopsy (part of CPC 9312)	Unbound
Other professional services (1, A(k))* ⁽¹⁾	Unbound
F) Other Business Services	
Services incidental to agriculture, hunting and forestry (CPC 881, exc. CPC 88110)	Unbound
Services incidental to manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear fuel, on a fee or contract basis (CPC 8845)	Unbound
Placement and supply services of personnel (CPC 872, exc. CPC 87205 and CPC 87206)	Unbound
Investigation and security (CPC 873)	Unbound
Aerial photography (CPC 87504)	Unbound
2. COMMUNICATION SERVICES	
A. Postal services (CPC 7511)	Unbound
4. DISTRIBUTION SERVICES	
E. Other distribution services (4,E)*	Unbound
5. EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	
E. Other education services (CPC 929)	Unbound

▼B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
7. FINANCIAL SERVICES	
A. Insurance and insurance-related services	
Workers compensation insurance	Unbound
C. Other financial services (7,C)*	Unbound
8. HEALTH RELATED AND SOCIAL SERVICES	
Other health related and social services (8,D)*	Unbound
9. TOURISM AND TRAVEL RELATED SERVICES	
D. Other tourism and travel related services (9,D)*	Unbound
10. RECREATIONAL, CULTURAL AND SPORTING SERVICES	
E. Other recreational, cultural and sporting services (10,E)*	Unbound
11. TRANSPORT SERVICES	
A. Maritime Transport Services	
a) Passenger transportation (CPC 7211)	Unbound
f) Supporting services for maritime transport (CPC 745**)	Unbound
B. Internal Waterways Transport	
d) Maintenance and repair of vessels (CPC 8868**)	Unbound
f) Supporting services for internal waterway transport (CPC 745**)	Unbound
C. Air Transport Services	
a) Passenger transportation (CPC 731)	Unbound
b) Freight transportation (CPC 732)	Unbound
c) Rental of aircraft with crew (CPC 734)	Unbound
e) Supporting services for air transport (CPC 746)	Unbound
E. Rail Transport Services	
e) Supporting services for rail transport services (CPC 743)	Unbound
F. Road Transport Services	
a) Passenger transportation (CPC 7121 and CPC 7122)	Unbound

▼B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
c) Rental of commercial vehicles with operator (CPC 7124)	Unbound
e) Supporting services for road transport services (CPC 744)	Unbound
G. Pipeline Transport	
a) Transportation of fuels (CPC 7131)	Unbound
b) Transportation of other goods (CPC 7139)	Unbound
Other Transport services (11,I)*	Unbound
12. Other services not included elsewhere (CPC 95, CPC 97, CPC 98 and CPC 99)	Unbound

(¹) * Classification of the service according to WTO Services Sectoral Classification List (MTN.GNS/W/120) of 10 July 1991.



ANNEX XIV-H

**LIST OF RESERVATIONS ON CONTRACTUAL SERVICES
SUPPLIERS AND INDEPENDENT PROFESSIONALS ⁽¹⁾ (GEORGIA)**

1. The Parties shall allow the supply of services into their territories by contractual service suppliers and independent professionals of the other Party through the presence of natural persons, in accordance with Article 91 and Article 92 of this Agreement, for the economic activities which are listed below, and subject to the relevant limitations.

2. The list is composed of the following elements:
 - (a) the first column indicating the sector or sub-sector in which limitations apply and

 - (b) the second column describing the applicable limitations.

Georgia does not undertake any commitment for contractual service suppliers and independent professionals for any sector of economic activity other than those which are explicitly listed in this Annex.

3. In identifying individual sectors and sub-sectors, ‘CPC’ means the Central Products Classification as set out in WTO Services Sectoral Classification List (MTN.GNS/W/120) of 10 July 1991.

4. Commitments for contractual service suppliers and independent professionals do not apply in cases where the intent or effect of their temporary presence is to interfere with, or otherwise affect the outcome of, any labour/management dispute or negotiation.

5. The list below does not include measures relating to qualification requirements and procedures, technical standards and licensing requirements and procedures when they do not constitute a limitation within the meaning of Article 91 and Article 92 of this Agreement. Those measures (e.g. need to obtain a license, need to obtain recognition of qualifications in regulated sectors, need to pass specific examinations, including language examinations, and need to have a legal domicile in the territory where the economic activity is performed), even if not listed below, apply in any case to contractual service suppliers and independent professionals of the Union.

6. All other requirements of the laws and regulations of Georgia regarding entry, stay, work and social security measures shall continue to apply, including regulations concerning period of stay, minimum wages as well as collective wage agreements.

7. The list below does not include measures concerning subsidies granted by a Party.

8. The list below is without prejudice to the existence of public monopolies or exclusive rights in the relevant sectors, as set out by Georgia in Annex XIV-E to this Agreement.

⁽¹⁾ This document is prepared based on WTO Services Sectoral Classification List (MTN.GNS/W/120) of 10 July 1991.

▼B

9. In the sectors where economic needs tests are applied, their main criteria will be the assessment of the relevant market situation in Georgia or the region where the service is to be provided, including with respect to the number of, and the impact on, existing services suppliers.
10. The rights and obligations arising from the list below shall have no self-executing effect and thus confer no rights directly on natural or juridical persons.
11. The Parties shall allow the supply of services into their territory by independent professionals of the other Party through presence of natural persons, subject to the conditions specified in Article 92 of this Agreement, in the following sectors:
- (a) Legal services (Including consultancy on home country law and international law) (CPC 861)
 - (b) Architectural services (CPC 8671)
 - (c) Engineering services (CPC 8672)
 - (d) Integrated engineering services (CPC 8673)
 - (e) Urban planning and Landscape architectural services (CPC 8674*)
 - (f) Computer and Related Services
 - (g) Management consulting services (CPC 865)
 - (h) Services related to Management consulting (CPC 866)
 - (i) Others business services (CPC 879)

Sector reservations

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
1. BUSINESS SERVICES	
A. Professional Services	
a) Legal services (Including consultancy on home country law and international law) (CPC 861)	CSS – None IP – Residency requirement. Full admission to the Bar may be subject to nationality condition.
b) Accounting, auditing and bookkeeping services (CPC 862)	CSS – None
c) Taxation services (CPC 863)	CSS - None
d) Architectural services (CPC 8671)	CSS – None IP – Residency requirement. Economic needs test.
e) Engineering services (CPC 8672)	CSS – None IP – Residency requirement. Economic needs test.
f) Integrated engineering services (CPC 8673)	CSS – None IP – Residency requirement. Economic needs test.

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
g) Urban planning and Landscape architectural services (CPC 8674*)	CSS – None IP – Residency requirement. Economic needs test.
h) Medical and dental services (CPC 9312, exc. Transplants and autopsy)	CSS –None
i) Veterinary services (CPC 932)	CSS –None
B. Computer and Related Services	
a) Consulting services related to the installation of computer hardware (CPC 841)	CSS –None IP – Economic needs test
b) Software implementation services (CPC 842)	CSS –None IP – Economic needs test
c) Data processing services (CPC 843)	CSS –None IP – Economic needs test
d) Data base services (CPC 844)	CSS –None IP – Economic needs test
Maintenance and repair services of office machinery and equipment including computers (CPC 845)	CSS –None IP – Economic needs test
e) Data preparation services (CPC 849, exc. CPC 8499)	CSS –None IP – Economic needs test
C. Research and Development Services	
a) R&D services on natural sciences (CPC 851)	CSS –None
b) R&D services on social sciences and humanities (CPC 852)	CSS –None
c) Interdisciplinary R&D services (CPC 853)	CSS –None
D. Real Estate Services	
a) Involving own or leased property (CPC 821)	CSS –None
b) On a fee or contract basis (CPC 822)	CSS –None
E. Rental/Leasing services without Operators	
a) Relating to ships (CPC 83103)	CSS –None
b) Relating to aircraft (CPC 83104)	CSS –None

▼B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
c) Relating to other transport equipment (CPC 83101, CPC 83102 and CPC 83105)	CSS –None
d) Relating to other machinery and equipment (CPC 83106 to CPC 83109)	CSS –None
e) Leasing or rental services for videotapes or optical disks (CPC 83202)	CSS –None
F. Other Business Services	
a) Advertising services (CPC 871)	CSS –None
b) Market research services (CPC 864)	CSS –None
c) Management consulting services (CPC 865)	CSS –None IP – Economic needs test
d) Services related to Management consulting (CPC 866)	CSS –None IP – Economic needs test
e) Technical testing and analysis services (CPC 8676)	CSS –None
f) Services incidental to agriculture, hunting and forestry (CPC 88110)	CSS –None
g) Services incidental to fishing (CPC 882**)	CSS –None
h) Services incidental to mining (CPC 883**)	CSS –None
i) Services incidental to manufacturing (CPC 885, CPC 886, CPC 8841 to CPC 8844 and CPC 8846 to CPC8849)	CSS –None
j) Services incidental to energy distribution (CPC 887**)	CSS –None
k) Placement and supply services of personnel (CPC 87205 and CPC 87206)	CSS –None
m) Scientific and technical consulting services (CPC 8675)	CSS –None

▼B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
p) Photographic services (CPC 875, excl. CPC 87504)	CSS –None
q) Packaging services (CPC 876)	CSS –None
r) Printing and publishing services (CPC 88442)	CSS –None
s) Convention services (part of CPC 8790)	CSS –None
t) Other Repair services of personal and household goods (CPC 633)	CSS –None
Repair services incidental to metal products, machinery and equipment (CPC 886)	CSS –None
Others business services (CPC 879)	CSS –None IP – Economic needs test
2. COMMUNICATION SERVICES	
B. Courier Services (CPC 7512)	CSS –None
C. Telecommunication Services	
a) Voice telephone services (CPC 7521)	CSS –None
b) Packet-switched data transmission services (CPC 7523*)	CSS –None
c) Circuit-switched data transmission services (CPC 7523*)	CSS –None
d) Telex services (CPC 7523*)	CSS –None
e) Telegraph services (CPC 7522)	CSS –None
f) Facsimile services (CPC 7521*+7529*)	CSS –None

▼B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
g) Private leased circuit services (CPC 7522* and CPC 7523*)	CSS –None
h) Electronic mail (CPC 7523*)	CSS –None
i) Voice mail (CPC 7523*)	CSS –None
j) On-line information and database retrieval (CPC 7523*)	CSS –None
k) Electronic data interchange (EDI) (CPC 7523*)	CSS –None
l) Enhanced/value-added facsimile services, including store and forward, store and retrieve (CPC 7523*)	CSS –None
m) Code and protocol conversion	CSS –None
n) On-line information and/or data processing (incl. Transaction processing) (CPC 843*)	CSS –None
o) Other mobile services analogue/Digital cellular services (CPC 75213*) PCS (personal communication services, CPC 75213*) Paging services (CPC 75291*) Mobile data services (CPC 7523*)	CSS –None

3. CONSTRUCTION AND RELATED ENGINEERING SERVICES

A. General construction work for buildings (CPC 512)	CSS –None
B. General construction work for civil engineering (CPC 513)	CSS –None
C. Installation and assembling work (CPC 514+516)	CSS –None

▼B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
D. Building completion and finishing work (CPC 517)	CSS –None
E. Other (CPC 511, CPC 515 and CPC 518)	CSS –None
4. DISTRIBUTION SERVICES	
A. Commission agents services (CPC 621)	CSS –None
B. Wholesale trade services (CPC 622)	CSS –None
C. Retailing services (CPC 631, CPC 632, CPC 611 and CPC 612)	CSS –None
D. Franchising (CPC 8929)	CSS –None
5. EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	
A. Primary education services (CPC 921)	CSS –None
B. Secondary education services, Privately Funded Only (CPC 922*)	CSS –None
C. Higher education services, Privately Funded Only (CPC 923*)	CSS –None
D. Adult education (CPC 924)	CSS –None
6. ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES	
A. Sewage services (CPC 9401)	CSS –None
B. Refuse disposal services (CPC 9402)	CSS –None
C. Sanitation and similar services (CPC 9403)	CSS –None
D. Cleaning services of exhaust gases (CPC 9404)	CSS –None

▼B

Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
E. Noise abatement services (CPC 9405)	CSS –None
F. Other nature and landscape protection services (CPC 9406)	CSS –None
G. Other environmental protection services (CPC 9409)	CSS –None
7. FINANCIAL SERVICES	
A. Insurance and insurance-related services	
a) Life, accident and health insurance services (except workers compensation insurance) (CPC 81211, CPC 81291 and CPC 81212)	CSS –None
b) Non-life insurance services (CPC 8129)	CSS –None
— Marine, aviation and other transport insurance services (CPC 81293)	CSS –None
c) Reinsurance and retrocession (CPC 81299)	CSS –None
d) Services auxiliary to insurance such as consultancy, actuarial, risk assessment and claims settlement services (CPC 8140)	CSS –None
Insurance intermediation, such as brokerage and agency (CPC 8140)	CSS –None
B. Banking and other Financial Services	
a) Acceptance of deposits and other repayable funds from the public (CPC 81115 to CPC 81119)	CSS –None
b) Lending of all types, include, inter alia, consumer credit, mortgage credit, factoring and financing of commercial transaction (CPC 8113)	CSS –None
c) Financial leasing (CPC 8112)	CSS –None
d) All payment and money transmission services (CPC 81339)	CSS –None

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
e) Guarantees and commitments (CPC 81199)	CSS –None
f) Trading for own account or for account of customers, whether on an exchange, in an over-the-counter market or otherwise, the following:	CSS –None
— money market instruments (cheques, bills, certificate of deposits etc.) (CPC 81339); — foreign exchange (CPC 81333);	CSS –None
— derivative products including but not limited to, futures and options; (CPC 81339);	CSS –None
— exchange rate and interest rate instruments, including products such as swaps, forward rate agreements etc. (CPC 81339);	CSS –None
— transferable securities (CPC 81321);	CSS –None
— other negotiable instruments and financial assets, including bullion (CPC 81339).	CSS –None
g) Participation in issues of all kinds of securities, including underwriting and placement as agent (whether publicly or privately) and provision of service related to such issues; (CPC 8132)	CSS –None
h) Money broking; (CPC 81339);	CSS –None
i) Asset management such as cash or portfolio management, all forms of collective investment management, pension funding, custodial, depository and trust services (CPC 8119 and CPC 81323)	CSS –None
j) Settlement and clearing services for financial assets, incl. securities, derivative products, and other negotiable instruments (CPC 81339 and CPC 81319)	CSS –None
k) Advisory, inter-mediation and other auxiliary financial services on all the activities listed in 5(a)(v) through (xv) of the Annex on Financial Services to GATS, incl. credit reference and analysis, investment and portfolio research and advice, advice on acquisitions and on corporate restructuring and strategy (CPC 8131 and CPC 8133)	CSS –None

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
l) Provision and transfer of financial information and financial data processing and related software by providers of other financial services (CPC 842, CPC 844 and CPC 8131)	CSS –None
8. HEALTH RELATED AND SOCIAL SERVICES	
A. Human health services (CPC 931, other than CPC 93191)	CSS –None
C. Social Services (CPC 933)	CSS –None
9. TOURISM AND TRAVEL RELATED SERVICES	
A. Hotels and restaurants (including catering) (CPC 641, CPC 642 and CPC 643)	CSS –None
B. Travel Agencies and Tour Operators Services (CPC 7471)	CSS –None
C. Tourist Guides Services (CPC 7472)	CSS –None
10. RECREATIONAL, CULTURAL AND SPORTING SERVICES	
A. Entertainment Services (including theatre, live bands and circus services) (CPC 9619)	CSS –None
B. News Agency Services (CPC 962)	CSS –None
C. Libraries, Archives, Museums and other Cultural Services (CPC 963)	CSS –None
D. Sporting and other Recreational Services (CPC 964)	CSS –None
11. TRANSPORT SERVICES	
A. Maritime Transport Services	
b) Freight transportation (CPC 7212**)	CSS –None
c) Rental of vessels with crew (CPC 7213)	CSS –None

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Sector or sub-sector	Description of reservations
d) Maintenance and repair of vessels (CPC 8868**)	CSS –None
e) Pushing and towing services (CPC 7214)	CSS –None
C. Air Transport Services	
Sales and marketing, including computer reservation systems	CSS –None
d) Maintenance and repair of aircraft (CPC 8868**)	CSS –None
E. Rail Transport Services (CPC 7111, CPC 7112 and CPC 7113)	
d) Maintenance and repair of rail transport equipment (CPC 8868**)	CSS –None
F. Road Transport Services	
c) Maintenance and repair of road transport equipment (CPC 6112 and CPC 8867)	CSS –None
d) Freight transportation (CPC 7123)	CSS –None
H. Services auxiliary to all modes of transport	
a) Cargo handling services (CPC 741)	CSS –None
b) Storage and warehousing services (CPC 742)	CSS –None
c) Freight transport agency services (CPC 748)	CSS –None
d) Other supporting and auxiliary transport services (CPC 749*) — Freight brokerage services; — Bill auditing and freight rate information services	CSS –None
— Freight inspection services	CSS –None

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ANNEX XV

APPROXIMATION

▼B*ANNEX XV-A***RULES APPLICABLE TO FINANCIAL SERVICES**

Georgia undertakes to gradually approximate its legislation to the following EU legislation within the stipulated timeframes:

A. BANKING

Directive 2007/44/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 September 2007 amending Council Directive 92/49/EEC and Directives 2002/83/EC, 2004/39/EC, 2005/68/EC and 2006/48/EC as regards procedural rules and evaluation criteria for the prudential assessment of acquisitions and increase of holdings in the financial sector

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2007/44/EC shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2002/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2002 on the supplementary supervision of credit institutions, insurance undertakings and investment firms in a financial conglomerate

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2006/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2006 relating to the taking up and pursuit of the business of credit institutions ⁽¹⁾

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2006/49/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2006 on the capital adequacy of investment firms and credit institutions ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Georgia may however postpone the implementation of the more advanced approaches for the respective risks and the implementation of the rules for the trading book. Georgia will encourage the development of capabilities within its banking sector and regulatory authorities towards the use of more advanced approaches over the coming years, with a view to implementing those within eight years. Georgia will ensure that as long as the rules for the trading book are not implemented, the trading books of Georgian banks and investment firms fall below the *de minimis* thresholds set out in Article 18(2) of Directive 2006/49/EC.

⁽²⁾ Georgia may however postpone the implementation of the more advanced approaches for the respective risks and the implementation of the rules for the trading book. Georgia will encourage the development of capabilities within its banking sector and regulatory authorities towards the use of more advanced approaches over the coming years, with a view to implementing those within eight years. Georgia will ensure that as long as the rules for the trading book are not implemented, the trading books of Georgian banks and investment firms fall below the *de minimis* thresholds set out in Article 18(2) of Directive 2006/49/EC.

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Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 94/19/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 May 1994 on deposit-guarantee schemes

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement. However, Georgia may consider different levels of thresholds than the ones outlined in that Directive and will submit a proposal to the Association Council taking into account the developments of local market in Georgia, no later than five years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 86/635/EEC of 8 December 1986 on the annual accounts and consolidated accounts of banks and other financial institutions

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2001/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 September 2001 amending Directives 78/660/EEC, 83/349/EEC and 86/635/EEC as regards the valuation rules for the annual and consolidated accounts of certain types of companies as well as of banks and other financial institutions

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2001/65/EC shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2003/51/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2003 amending Directives 78/660/EEC, 83/349/EEC, 86/635/EEC and 91/674/EEC on the annual and consolidated accounts of certain types of companies, banks and other financial institutions and insurance undertakings

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2003/51/EC shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2006/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2006 amending Council Directives 78/660/EEC on the annual accounts of certain types of companies, 83/349/EEC on consolidated accounts, 86/635/EEC on the annual accounts and consolidated accounts of banks and other financial institutions and 91/674/EEC on the annual accounts and consolidated accounts of insurance undertakings

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2006/46/EC shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2001/24/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 April 2001 on the reorganisation and winding up of credit institutions

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Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

B. INSURANCE

Directive 2009/138/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2009 on the taking-up and pursuit of the business of Insurance and Reinsurance (Solvency II)

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 91/674/EEC of 19 December 1991 on the annual accounts and consolidated accounts of insurance undertakings

Timetable: that Directive's provisions, excluding Article 33, shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement. The proposal regarding the implementation of Article 33 of that Directive shall be submitted to the Association Council, no later than five years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Recommendation of 18 December 1991 on insurance intermediaries (92/48/EEC)

Timetable: not applicable

Directive 2002/92/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 December 2002 on insurance mediation

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2009/103/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 relating to insurance against civil liability in respect of the use of motor vehicles, and the enforcement of the obligation to insure against such liability

Timetable: the proposal regarding the implementation of that Directive shall be submitted to the Association Council taking into account the development of local market in Georgia, no later than five years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2003/41/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 June 2003 on the activities and supervision of institutions for occupational retirement provision

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

C. SECURITIES

Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on markets in financial instruments

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Directive 2006/73/EC of 10 August 2006 implementing Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards organisational requirements and operating conditions for investment firms and defined terms for the purposes of that Directive

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Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Regulation (EC) No 1287/2006 of 10 August 2006 implementing Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards record-keeping obligations for investment firms, transaction reporting, market transparency, admission of financial instruments to trading, and defined terms for the purposes of that Directive

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2003/71/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 November 2003 on the prospectus to be published when securities are offered to the public or admitted to trading and amending Directive 2001/34/EC

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Regulation (EC) No 809/2004 of 29 April 2004 implementing Directive 2003/71/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards information contained in prospectuses as well as the format, incorporation by reference and publication of such prospectuses and dissemination of advertisements

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2004/109/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 December 2004 on the harmonisation of transparency requirements in relation to information about issuers whose securities are admitted to trading on a regulated market and amending Directive 2001/34/EC

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Directive 2007/14/EC of 8 March 2007 laying down detailed rules for the implementation of certain provisions of Directive 2004/109/EC on the harmonisation of transparency requirements in relation to information about issuers whose securities are admitted to trading on a regulated market

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2007/14/EC shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 97/9/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 March 1997 on investor-compensation schemes

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement. However, Georgia may consider different levels of thresholds for the investor compensation schemes and will submit a proposal to the Association Council taking into account the development of local market in Georgia, no later than five years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2003/6/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2003 on insider dealing and market manipulation (market abuse)

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Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Directive 2004/72/EC of 29 April 2004 implementing Directive 2003/6/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards accepted market practices, the definition of inside information in relation to derivatives on commodities, the drawing up of lists of insiders, the notification of managers' transactions and the notification of suspicious transactions

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2004/72/EC shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Directive 2003/124/EC of 22 December 2003 implementing Directive 2003/6/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the definition and public disclosure of inside information and the definition of market manipulation

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2003/124/EC shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Directive 2003/125/EC of 22 December 2003 implementing Directive 2003/6/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the fair presentation of investment recommendations and the disclosure of conflicts of interest

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2003/125/EC shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Regulation (EC) No 2273/2003 of 22 December 2003 implementing Directive 2003/6/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards exemptions for buy-back programmes and stabilisation of financial instruments

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

D. UCITS

Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS)

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Directive 2007/16/EC of 19 March 2007 implementing Council Directive 85/611/EEC on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) as regards the clarification of certain definitions

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Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2007/16/EC shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

E. MARKET INFRASTRUCTURE

Directive 2002/47/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 June 2002 on financial collateral arrangements

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 98/26/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 May 1998 on settlement finality in payment and securities settlement systems

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2009/44/EC of the European Parliament and the Council of 6 May 2009 amending Directive 98/26/EC on settlement finality in payment and securities settlement systems and Directive 2002/47/EC on financial collateral arrangements as regards linked systems and credit claims

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2009/44/EC shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

F. PAYMENTS

Directive 2007/64/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 November 2007 on payment services in the internal market

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Regulation (EC) No 924/2009/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on cross-border payments in the Community

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

G. ANTI MONEY LAUNDERING

Directive 2005/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 October 2005 on the prevention of the use of the financial system for the purpose of money laundering and terrorist financing

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Directive 2006/70/EC of 1 August 2006 laying down implementing measures for Directive 2005/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the definition of politically exposed person and the

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technical criteria for simplified customer due diligence procedures and for exemption on grounds of a financial activity conducted on an occasional or very limited basis

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2006/70/EC shall be implemented within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Regulation (EC) No 1781/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 November 2006 on information on the payer accompanying transfers of funds

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.



ANNEX XV-B

RULES APPLICABLE TO TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES

Georgia undertakes to gradually approximate its legislation to the following EU legislation within the stipulated timeframes:

Directive 2002/21/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 March 2002 on a common regulatory framework for electronic communications networks and services (Framework Directive) as amended by Directive 2009/140/EC

The following provisions of Directive 2002/21/EC shall apply:

- strengthening the independence and administrative capacity of the national regulator in the field of electronic communications,
- establishing public consultation procedures for new regulatory measures,
- establishing effective mechanisms for appeal against the decisions of the national regulator in the field of electronic communications,
- defining the relevant product and service markets in the electronic communications sector that are susceptible to *ex ante* regulation and analyse those markets with a view to determining whether significant market power (SMP) exists on them.

Timetable: those provisions of Directive 2002/21/EC shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2002/20/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 March 2002 on the authorisation of electronic communications networks and services (Authorisation Directive) as amended by Directive 2009/140/EC

The following provisions of Directive 2002/20/EC shall apply:

- implementing a regulation providing for general authorisations and restricting the need for individual licences to specific, duly justified cases.

Timetable: those provisions of Directive 2002/20/EC shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2002/19/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 March 2002 on access to, and interconnection of, electronic communications networks and associated facilities (Access Directive) as amended by Directive 2009/140/EC

Based on the market analysis carried out in accordance with Directive 2002/21/EC the National regulator in the field of electronic communications shall impose on operators found to have significant market power (SMP) on the relevant markets, appropriate regulatory obligations with regard to:

- access to, and use of, specific network facilities,
- price controls on access and interconnection charges, including obligations for cost-orientation,
- transparency, non-discrimination and accounting separation.

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Timetable: those provisions of Directive 2002/19/EC shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2002/22/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 March 2002 on universal service and users' rights relating to electronic communications networks and services (Universal Service Directive) as amended by Directive 2009/136/EC

The following provisions of Directive 2002/22/EC shall apply:

- implementing regulation on Universal Service obligations (USO), including the establishment of mechanisms for costing and financing,
- ensuring the respect of users' interests and rights, in particular by introducing number portability and the single European Emergency Call number 112.

Timetable: those provisions of Directive 2002/22/EC shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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Directive 2002/58/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 July 2002 concerning the processing of personal data and the protection of privacy in the electronic communications sector (Directive on privacy and electronic communications) as amended by Directive 2009/136/EC

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The following provisions of Directive 2002/58/EC shall apply:

- implementing regulation to ensure protection of fundamental rights and freedoms, and in particular the right to privacy, with respect to the processing of personal data in the electronic communication sector and ensure the free movement of such data and of electronic communication equipment and services.

Timetable: those provisions of Directive 2002/58/EC shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Decision 676/2002/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 March 2002 on a regulatory framework for radio spectrum policy in the European Community

- adopt policy and regulation ensuring the harmonised availability and efficient use of spectrum.

Timetable: the measures resulting from the operation of that Decision shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

*ANNEX XV-C***RULES APPLICABLE TO POSTAL AND COURIER SERVICES**

Georgia undertakes to gradually approximate its legislation to the following EU legislation within the stipulated timeframes:

Directive 97/67/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 December 1997 on common rules for the development of the internal market of Community postal services and the improvement of quality of service

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2002/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 10 June 2002 amending Directive 97/67/EC with regard to the further opening to competition of Community postal services

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2002/39/EC shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2008/6/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 February 2008 amending Directive 97/67/EC with regard to the full accomplishment of the internal market of Community postal services

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2008/6/EC shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.



ANNEX XV-D

RULES APPLICABLE TO INTERNATIONAL MARITIME TRANSPORT

Georgia undertakes to gradually approximate its legislation to the following EU legislation and international instruments within the stipulated timeframes:

Maritime safety- flag state / classification societies

Directive 2009/15/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 on common rules and standards for ship inspection and survey organisations and for the relevant activities of maritime administrations

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Regulation (EC) No 391/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 on common rules and standards for ship inspection and survey organisations

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Flag State

Directive 2009/21/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 on compliance with flag State requirements

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Port State Control

Directive 2009/16/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 on port State control⁽¹⁾

The provisions of that Directive shall apply with the exception of:

- recital (15) of the Preamble of that Directive,
- the fourth indent of point 1 of Annex XII to that Directive (related to the producing of white, grey and black lists of flag states),
- Article 16 of that Directive, related to the access refusal measures to certain ships,
- provisions of that Directive which make specific reference to the Paris Memorandum of Understanding on Port State Control, namely recitals (9), (13), (14), (30), and (40) of the Preamble, points (b) and (c) of Article 1, points 2, 4 and 22 of Article 2, paragraph 2 of Article 3, point (b) of paragraph 2 and paragraph 3 of Article 5, paragraph 3 of Article 7, points (a) and (b) of paragraph 1 and point (a) of paragraph 3 of Article 8, paragraph 3 of Article 10, point (b) of paragraph 1 of Article 13, paragraph 4 of Article 19, paragraph 1 of Article 24, Article 26, point (a) of the first paragraph of Article 32, Article 33, subpoints 1(c)(i) and (ii), 1(d)(i) and (ii), 1(e)(i) and (ii) of point I of Annex I, subpoints 1, 2A, and 2 B of point II of Annex I, point (f) of Annex III, Annex VI, points 2 and 11 of Annex VIII, subpoint 13 of point 3.2 of Annex X, point 1 of Annex XII

⁽¹⁾ Repealing Council Directive 95/21/EC of 19 June 1995 concerning the enforcement, in respect of shipping using Community ports and sailing in the waters under the jurisdiction of the Member States, of international standards for ship safety, pollution prevention and shipboard living and working conditions (port State control).

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Timetable: that Directive's provisions, with the exception of the list above, shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Vessel Traffic Monitoring

Directive 2002/59/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 June 2002 establishing a Community vessel traffic monitoring and information system

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Accident Investigation

Directive 2009/18/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 establishing the fundamental principles governing the investigation of accidents in the maritime transport sector

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Liability of carriers of passengers

Regulation (EC) No 392/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 on the liability of carriers of passengers by sea in the event of accidents

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Regulation (EC) No 336/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 February 2006 on the implementation of the International Safety Management Code within the Community

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Technical and operational rules

Passenger ships

Directive 2009/45/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 May 2009 on safety rules and standards for passenger ships

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 1999/35/EC of 29 April 1999 on a system of mandatory surveys for the safe operation of regular ro-ro ferry and high-speed passenger craft services

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2003/25/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 April 2003 on specific stability requirements for ro-ro passenger ships

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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Oil tankers

Regulation (EC) No 417/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 February 2002 on the accelerated phasing-in of double hull or equivalent design requirements for single hull oil tankers

The timetable of phasing-out single hull tankers will follow the schedule as specified in the MARPOL Convention.

Bulk carriers

Directive 2001/96/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 December 2001 establishing harmonised requirements and procedures for the safe loading and unloading of bulk carriers

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Crew

Directive 2008/106/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on the minimum level of training of seafarers

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Environment

Directive 2000/59/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2000 on port reception facilities for ship-generated waste and cargo residues

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Regulation (EC) No 782/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 April 2003 on the prohibition of organotin compounds on ships

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Technical conditions

Directive 2010/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 October 2010 on reporting formalities for ships arriving in and/or departing from ports of the Member States

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Social conditions

Council Directive 92/29/EEC of 31 March 1992 on the minimum safety and health requirements for improved medical treatment on board vessels

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 1999/63/EC of 21 June 1999 concerning the Agreement on the organisation of working time of seafarers concluded by the European Community Shipowners' Association (ECSA) and the Federation of Transport Workers' Unions in the European Union (FST) – Annex: European Agreement on the organisation of working time of seafarers

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Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 1999/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 December 1999 concerning the enforcement of provisions in respect of seafarers' hours of work on board ships calling at Community ports

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Maritime security

Directive 2005/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 October 2005 on enhancing port security

Timetable: that Directive's provisions (except those concerning Commission inspections) shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Regulation (EC) No 725/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 on enhancing ship and port facility security

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions (except those concerning Commission inspections) shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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ANNEX XVI

PUBLIC PROCUREMENT

▼ M6*ANNEX XVI-A***THRESHOLDS**

The value thresholds mentioned in Article 142(3) of this Agreement shall be for both Parties:

- (a) EUR 144 000 for public supply and service contracts awarded by central government authorities and design contests awarded by such authorities;
- (b) EUR 221 000 in the case of public supply and public service contracts not covered by point (a);
- (c) EUR 5 548 000 in the case of public works contracts;
- (d) EUR 5 548 000 in the case of works contracts in the utilities sector;
- (e) EUR 5 548 000 in the case of concessions;
- (f) EUR 443 000 in the case of supply and service contracts in the utilities sector;
- (g) EUR 750 000 for public service contracts for social and other specific services;
- (h) EUR 1 000 000 for service contracts for social and other specific services in the utilities sector.

▼ **M6***ANNEX XVI-B***INDICATIVE TIME SCHEDULE FOR INSTITUTIONAL REFORM, APPROXIMATION AND MARKET ACCESS**

Phase		Indicative time schedule	Market access granted to the EU by Georgia	Market access granted to Georgia by the EU	
1	Implementation of Articles 143(2) and 144 of this Agreement Agreement of the Reform Strategy set out in Article 145 of this Agreement	Three years after the entry into force of this Agreement	Supplies for central government authorities	Supplies for central government authorities	
2	Approximation and implementation of basic elements of Directive 2014/24/EU and of Directive 89/665/EEC	Five years after the entry into force of this Agreement	Supplies for state, regional and local authorities and bodies governed by public law	Supplies for state, regional and local authorities and bodies governed by public law	Annexes XVI-C and XVI-D
3	Approximation and implementation of basic elements of Directive 2014/25/EU and of Directive 92/13/EEC	Six years after the entry into force of this Agreement	Supplies for all contracting entities in the utilities sector	Supplies for all contracting entities	Annexes XVI-E and XVI-F
4	Approximation and implementation of other elements of Directive 2014/24/EU and of Directive 2014/23/EU	Seven years after the entry into force of this Agreement	Service and works contracts and concessions for all contracting authorities	Service and works contracts and concessions for all contracting authorities	Annexes XVI-G, XVI-H, and XVI-I
5	Approximation and implementation of other elements of Directive 2014/25/EU	Eight years after the entry into force of this Agreement	Service and works contracts for all contracting entities in the utilities sector	Service and works contracts for all contracting entities in the utilities sector	Annexes XVI-J and XVI-K

▼ **M6***ANNEX XVI-C***BASIC ELEMENTS OF DIRECTIVE 2014/24/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL ⁽¹⁾****(PHASE 2)**

TITLE I	Scope, definitions and general principles
CHAPTER I	Scope and definitions
Section 1	Subject-matter and definitions
Article 1	Subject-matter and scope: paragraphs 1, 2, 5 and 6
Article 2	Definitions: paragraph 1, points (1), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (18), (19), (20), (22), (23) and (24)
Article 3	Mixed procurement
Section 2	Thresholds
Article 4	Threshold amounts
Article 5	Methods for calculating the estimated value of procurement
Section 3	Exclusions
Article 7	Contracts in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors
Article 8	Specific exclusions in the field of electronic communications
Article 9	Public contracts awarded and design contests organised pursuant to international rules
Article 10	Specific exclusions for service contracts
Article 11	Service contracts awarded on the basis of an exclusive right
Article 12	Public contracts between entities within the public sector
Section 4	Specific situations
Subsection 1:	Subsidised contracts and research and development services
Article 13	Contracts subsidised by contracting authorities
Article 14	Research and development services
Subsection 2:	Procurement involving defence and security aspects
Article 15	Defence and security
Article 16	Mixed procurement involving defence or security aspects
Article 17	Public contracts and design contests involving defence or security aspects which are awarded or organised pursuant to international rules
CHAPTER II	General Rules
Article 18	Principles of procurement
Article 19	Economic operators

⁽¹⁾ Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on public procurement and repealing Directive 2004/18/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 65).

▼ M6

Article 21	Confidentiality
Article 22	Rules applicable to communication: paragraphs 2-6
Article 23	Nomenclatures
Article 24	Conflicts of interest
TITLE II	Rules on public contracts
CHAPTER I	Procedures
Article 26	Choice of procedures: paragraphs 1, 2, first alternative of paragraph 4, 5, 6
Article 27	Open procedure
Article 28	Restricted procedure
Article 29	Competitive procedure with negotiation
Article 32	Use of the negotiated procedure without prior publication
CHAPTER III	Conduct of the procedure
Section 1	Preparation
Article 40	Preliminary market consultations
Article 41	Prior involvement of candidates or tenderers
Article 42	Technical specifications
Article 43	Labels
Article 44	Test reports, certification and other means of proof: paragraphs 1, 2
Article 45	Variants
Article 46	Division of contracts into lots
Article 47	Setting time limits
Section 2	Publication and transparency
Article 48	Prior information notices
Article 49	Contract notices
Article 50	Contract award notices: paragraphs 1 and 4
Article 51	Form and manner of publication of notices: first subparagraph of paragraph 1, first subparagraph of paragraph 5
Article 53	Electronic availability of procurement documents
Article 54	Invitations to candidates
Article 55	Informing candidates and tenderers
Section 3	Choice of participants and award of contracts
Article 56	General principles
Subsection 1:	Criteria for qualitative selection
Article 57	Exclusion grounds
Article 58	Selection criteria

▼ **M6**

Article 59	European Single Procurement Document: paragraph 1 <i>mutatis mutandis</i> , paragraph 4
Article 60	Means of proof
Article 62	Quality assurance standards and environmental management standards: paragraphs 1 and 2
Article 63	Reliance on the capacities of other entities
Subsection 2:	Reduction of numbers of candidates, tenders and solutions
Article 65	Reduction of the number of otherwise qualified candidates to be invited to participate
Article 66	Reduction of the number of tenders and solutions
Subsection 3:	Award of the contract
Article 67	Contract award criteria
Article 68	Life-cycle costing: paragraphs 1 and 2
Article 69	Abnormally low tenders: paragraphs 1-4
CHAPTER IV	Contract performance
Article 70	Conditions for performance of contracts
Article 71	Subcontracting
Article 72	Modification of contracts during their term
Article 73	Termination of contracts
TITLE III	Particular procurement regimes
CHAPTER I	Social and other specific services
Article 74	Award of contracts for social and other specific services
Article 75	Publication of notices
Article 76	Principles of awarding contracts
ANNEXES	
ANNEX II	List of the activities referred to in point 6(a) of Article 2(1)
ANNEX III	List of products referred to in Article 4(b) with regard to contracts awarded by contracting authorities in the field of defence
ANNEX IV	Requirements relating to tools and devices for the electronic receipt of tenders, requests for participation as well as plans and projects in contests
ANNEX V	Information to be included in notices
Part A:	Information to be included in notices of the publication of a prior information notice on a buyer profile
Part B:	Information to be included in prior information notices (as referred to in Article 48)
Part C:	Information to be included in contract notices (as referred to in Article 49)

▼ M6

Part D:	Information to be included in contract award notices (as referred to in Article 50)
Part G:	Information to be included in notices of modifications of a contract during its term (as referred to in Article 72(1))
Part H:	Information to be included in contract notices concerning contracts for social and other specific services (as referred to in Article 75(1))
Part I:	Information to be included in prior information notices for social and other specific services (as referred to in Article 75(1))
Part J:	Information to be included in contract award notices concerning contracts for social and other specific services (as referred to in Article 75(2))
Annex VII	Definition of certain technical specifications
Annex IX	contents of the invitations to submit a tender, to participate in the dialogue or to confirm interest provided for under Article 54
Annex X	list of international social and environmental conventions referred to in Article 18(2)
Annex XII	Means of proof of selection criteria
Annex XIV	Services referred to in Article 74

▼ **M6***ANNEX XVI-D***BASIC ELEMENTS OF COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 89/665/EEC ⁽¹⁾**

as amended by Directive 2007/66/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽²⁾ and Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ^{(3), (4)}

(PHASE 2)

Article 1	Scope and availability of review procedures
Article 2	Requirements for review procedures
Article 2a	Standstill period
Article 2b	Derogations from the standstill period Point (b) of the first paragraph
Article 2c	Time limits for applying for review
Article 2d	Ineffectiveness Point (b) of paragraph 1 Paragraph 2 and 3
Article 2e	Infringements of this Directive and alternative penalties
Article 2f	Time limits

⁽¹⁾ Council Directive 89/665/EEC of 21 December 1989 on the coordination of the laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to the application of review procedures to the award of public supply and public works contracts (OJ L 395, 30.12.1989, p. 33).

⁽²⁾ Directive 2007/66/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2007 amending Council Directives 89/665/EEC and 92/13/EEC with regard to improving the effectiveness of review procedures concerning the award of public contracts (OJ L 335, 20.12.2007, p. 31).

⁽³⁾ Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 1).

⁽⁴⁾ Georgian legislation implementing Annex XVI-D shall become effective with regard to review procedures relating to award of concessions (Directive 2014/23/EU) as from phase 4.

▼ **M6***ANNEX XVI-E***BASIC ELEMENTS OF DIRECTIVE 2014/25/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL ⁽¹⁾**

(PHASE 3)

TITLE I	Scope, definitions and general principles
CHAPTER I	Subject-matter and definitions
Article 1	Subject-matter and scope: paragraphs 1, 2, 5 and 6
Article 2	Definitions: points 1-9, 13-16 and 18-20
Article 3	Contracting authorities (paragraphs 1 and 4)
Article 4	Contracting entities: paragraphs 1-3
Article 5	Mixed procurement covering the same activity
Article 6	Procurement covering several activities
CHAPTER II	Activities
Article 7	Common provisions
Article 8	Gas and heat
Article 9	Electricity
Article 10	Water
Article 11	Transport services
Article 12	Ports and airports
Article 13	Postal services
Article 14	Extraction of oil and gas and exploration for, or extraction of, coal or other solid fuels
CHAPTER III	Material scope
Section 1	Thresholds
Article 15	Threshold amounts
Article 16	Methods for calculating the estimated value of procurement: paragraph 1-4 and 7-14
Section 2	Excluded contracts and design contests; special provisions for procurement involving defence and security aspects
Subsection 1:	Exclusions applicable to all contracting entities and special exclusions for the water and energy sectors
Article 18	Contracts awarded for purposes of resale or lease to third parties: paragraph 1
Article 19	Contracts and design contests awarded or organised for purposes other than the pursuit of a covered activity or for the pursuit of such an activity in a third country: paragraph 1

⁽¹⁾ Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on procurement by entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors and repealing Directive 2004/17/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 243).

▼ M6

Article 20	Contracts awarded and design contests organised pursuant to international rules
Article 21	Specific exclusions for service contracts
Article 22	Service contracts awarded on the basis of an exclusive right
Article 23	Contracts awarded by certain contracting entities for the purchase of water and for the supply of energy or of fuels for the production of energy
Subsection 2:	Procurement involving defence and security aspects
Article 24	Defence and security
Article 25	Mixed procurement covering the same activity and involving defence or security aspects
Article 26	Procurement covering several activities and involving defence or security aspects
Article 27	Contracts and design contests involving defence or security aspects which are awarded or organised pursuant to international rules
Subsection 3:	Special relations (cooperation, affiliated undertakings and joint ventures)
Article 28	Contracts between contracting authorities
Article 29	Contracts awarded to an affiliated undertaking
Article 30	Contracts awarded to a joint venture or to a contracting entity forming part of a joint venture
Subsection 4:	Specific situations
Article 32	Research and development services
CHAPTER IV	General principles
Article 36	Principles of procurement
Article 37	Economic operators
Article 39	Confidentiality
Article 40	Rules applicable to communication
Article 41	Nomenclatures
Article 42	Conflicts of interest
TITLE II	Rules applicable to contracts
CHAPTER I	Procedures
Article 44	Choice of procedures: paragraphs 1, 2, 4
Article 45	Open procedure
Article 46	Restricted procedure

▼ M6

Article 47	Negotiated procedure with prior call for competition
Article 50	Use of the negotiated procedure without prior call for competition: points (a) – (i)
CHAPTER III	Conduct of the procedure
Section 1	Preparation
Article 58	Preliminary market consultations
Article 59	Prior involvement of candidates or tenderers
Article 60	Technical specifications
Article 61	Labels
Article 62	Test reports, certification and other means of proof
Article 63	Communication of technical specifications
Article 64	Variants
Article 65	Division of contracts into lots
Article 66	Setting time limits
Section 2	Publication and transparency
Article 67	Periodic indicative notices
Article 68	Notices on the existence of a qualification system
Article 69	Contract notices
Article 70	Contract award notices: paragraphs 1, 3, 4
Article 71	Form and manner of publication of notices: paragraph 1, first subparagraph of paragraph 5
Article 73	Electronic availability of procurement documents
Article 74	Invitations to candidates
Article 75	Informing applicants for qualification, candidates and tenderers
Section 3	Choice of participants and award of contracts
Article 76	General principles
Subsection 1:	Qualification and qualitative selection
Article 78	Criteria for qualitative selection
Article 79	Reliance on the capacities of other entities: paragraph 2
Article 80	Use of exclusion grounds and selection criteria provided for under Directive 2014/24/EU

▼ **M6**

Article 81	Quality assurance standards and environmental management standards: paragraphs 1, 2
Subsection 2:	Award of the contract
Article 82	Contract award criteria
Article 83	Life-cycle costing: paragraphs 1 and 2
Article 84	Abnormally low tenders: paragraphs 1-4
CHAPTER IV	Contract performance
Article 87	Conditions for performance of contracts
Article 88	Subcontracting
Article 89	Modification of contracts during their term
Article 90	Termination of contracts
TITLE III	particular procurement regimes
CHAPTER I	Social and other specific services
Article 91	Award of contracts for social and other specific services
Article 92	Publication of notices
Article 93	Principles of awarding contracts
ANNEXES	
Annex I	List of activities as set out in point (a) of point 2 of Article 2
Annex V	Requirement relating to tools and devices for the electronic receipt of tenders, requests to participate, applications for qualification as well as plans and projects in contests
Annex VI	
Part A	Information to be included in the periodic indicative notice (as referred to in Article 67)
Part B	Information to be included in notices of publication of a periodic indicative notice on a buyer profile not used as a means of calling for competition (as referred to in Article 67(1))
Annex VIII	Definition of certain technical specifications
Annex IX	Features concerning publication
Annex X	Information to be included in the notice on the existence of a qualification system (as referred to in point (b) of Article 44(4) and in Article 68)
Annex XI	Information to be included in contract notices (as referred to in Article 69)
Annex XII	Information to be included in the contract award notice (as referred to in Article 70)
Annex XIII	Contents of the invitations to submit a tender, to participate in the dialogue, to negotiate or to confirm interest provided for under Article 74

▼ **M6**

Annex XIV	List of International Social and Environmental Conventions referred to in Article 36(2)
Annex XVI	Information to be included in notices of modifications of a contract during its term (as referred to in Article 89(1))
Annex XVII	Services referred to in Article 91
Annex XVIII	Information to be included in notices concerning contracts for social and other specific services (as referred to in Article 92)

▼ **M6***ANNEX XVI-F***BASIC ELEMENTS OF COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 92/13/EEC ⁽¹⁾**

as amended by Directive 2007/66/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽²⁾ and Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽³⁾ ⁽⁴⁾

(PHASE 3)

Article 1	Scope and availability of review procedures
Article 2	Requirements for review procedures
Article 2a	Standstill period
Article 2b	Derogations from the standstill period Point (b) of the first paragraph
Article 2c	Time limits for applying for review
Article 2d	Ineffectiveness Point (b) of paragraph 1 Paragraphs 2 and 3
Article 2e	Infringements of this Directive and alternative penalties
Article 2f	Time limits

⁽¹⁾ Council Directive 92/13/EEC of 25 February 1992 coordinating the laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to the application of Community rules on the procurement procedures of entities operating in the water, energy, transport and telecommunications sectors (OJ L 76, 23.3.1992, p. 14).

⁽²⁾ Directive 2007/66/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2007 amending Council Directives 89/665/EEC and 92/13/EEC with regard to improving the effectiveness of review procedures concerning the award of public contracts (OJ L 335, 20.12.2007, p. 31).

⁽³⁾ Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 1).

⁽⁴⁾ Georgian legislation implementing Annex XVI-F shall become effective with regard to review procedures relating to award of concessions (Directive 2014/23/EU) as from phase 4.

▼ **M6***ANNEX XVI-G*

(PHASE 4)

I. Other non-mandatory elements of Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽¹⁾

The elements of Directive 2014/24/EU set out in this Annex are not mandatory but recommended for approximation. Georgia may approximate these elements within the time-frame set in Annex XVI-B.

TITLE I	Scope, definitions and general principles
CHAPTER I	Scope and definitions
Section 1	Subject-matter and definitions
Article 2	Definitions (paragraph 1, points (14) and (16))
CHAPTER II	General rules
Article 20	Reserved contracts
TITLE II	Rules on public contracts
CHAPTER II	Techniques and instruments for electronic and aggregated procurement
Article 37	Centralised purchasing activities and central purchasing bodies
CHAPTER III	Conduct of the procedure
Section 3	Choice of participants and award of contracts
Subsection 1:	Criteria for qualitative selection
Article 64	Official lists of approved economic operators and certification by bodies established under public or private law
TITLE III	Particular procurement regimes
CHAPTER I	Social and other specific services
Article 77	Reserved contracts for certain services

II. Non-mandatory elements of Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽²⁾

The elements of Directive 2014/23/EU set out in this Annex are not mandatory but recommended for approximation. Georgia may approximate these elements within the time-frame set in Annex XVI-B.

TITLE I	Subject matter, scope, principles and definitions
CHAPTER I	Scope, general principles and definitions
Section IV	Specific situations
Article 24	Reserved concessions

⁽¹⁾ Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on public procurement and repealing Directive 2004/18/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 65).

⁽²⁾ Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 1).

▼ **M6***ANNEX XVI-H*

(PHASE 4)

I. Other mandatory elements of Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽¹⁾

TITLE I	Scope, definitions and general principles
CHAPTER I	Scope and definitions
Section 1	Subject-matter and definitions
Article 2	Definitions (paragraph 1 point (21))
CHAPTER II	General rules
Article 22	Rules applicable to communication: paragraph 1
TITLE II	Rules on public contracts
CHAPTER I	Procedures
Article 26	Choice of procedures: paragraph 3, second alternative of paragraph 4
Article 30	Competitive dialogue
Article 31	Innovation Partnership
CHAPTER II	Techniques and instruments for electronic and aggregated procurement
Article 33	Framework agreements
Article 34	Dynamic purchasing systems
Article 35	Electronic auctions
Article 36	Electronic catalogues
Article 38	Occasional joint procurement
CHAPTER III	Conduct of the procedure
Section 2	Publication and Transparency
Article 50	Contract award notices: paragraphs 2 and 3
TITLE III	Particular procurement regimes
CHAPTER II	Rules governing design contests
Article 78	Scope
Article 79	Notices
Article 80	Rules on the organisation of design contests and the selection of participants
Article 81	Composition of the jury
Article 82	Decisions of the jury

⁽¹⁾ Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on public procurement and repealing Directive 2004/18/EC.

▼ **M6**

ANNEXES

<i>ANNEX V</i>	Information to be included in notices
Part E:	Information to be included in design contest notices (as referred to in Article 79(1))
Part F:	Information to be included in notices of the results of a contest (as referred to in Article 79(2))
<i>ANNEX VI</i>	Information to be included in the procurement documents relating to electronic auctions (article 35(4))

II. Mandatory elements of Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽¹⁾

TITLE I	Subject matter, scope, principles and definitions
CHAPTER I	Scope, general principles and definitions
Section I	Subject-matter, scope, general principles, definitions and threshold
Article 1	Subject-matter and scope: paragraphs 1, 2 and 4
Article 2	Principle of free administration by public authorities
Article 3	Principle of equal treatment, non-discrimination and transparency
Article 4	Freedom to define services of general economic interest
Article 5	Definitions
Article 6	Contracting authorities: paragraphs 1 and 4
Article 7	Contracting entities
Article 8	Threshold and methods for calculating the estimated value of concessions
Section II	Exclusions
Article 10	Exclusions applicable to concessions awarded by contracting authorities and contracting entities
Article 11	Specific exclusions in the field of electronic communications
Article 12	Specific exclusions in the field of water
Article 13	Concessions awarded to an affiliated undertaking
Article 14	Concessions awarded to a joint venture or to a contracting entity forming part of a joint venture
Article 17	Concessions between entities within the public sector

⁽¹⁾ Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 1).

▼ M6

Section III	General provisions
Article 18	Duration of the concession
Article 19	Social and other specific services
Article 20	Mixed contracts
Article 21	Mixed procurement contracts involving defence or security aspects
Article 22	Contracts covering both activities referred to in Annex II and other activities
Article 23	Concessions covering both activities referred to in Annex II and activities involving defence or security aspects
Section IV	Specific situations
Article 25	Research and development services
CHAPTER II	Principles
Article 26	Economic operators
Article 27	Nomenclatures
Article 28	Confidentiality
Article 29	Rules applicable to communication
TITLE II	Rules on the award of concessions: general principles and procedural guarantees
CHAPTER I	General principles
Article 30	General principles: paragraphs 1, 2 and 3
Article 31	Concession notices
Article 32	Concession award notices
Article 33	Form and manner of publication of notices: first subparagraph of paragraph 1
Article 34	Electronic availability of concession documents
Article 35	Combating corruption and preventing conflicts of interest
CHAPTER II	Procedural guarantees
Article 36	Technical and functional requirements
Article 37	Procedural guarantees
Article 38	Selection of and qualitative assessment of candidates
Article 39	Time limits for receipt of applications and tenders for the concession

▼M6

Article 40	Provision of information to candidates and tenderers
Article 41	Award criteria
TITLE III	Rules on performance of concessions
Article 42	Subcontracting
Article 43	Modification of contracts during their term
Article 44	Termination of concessions
Article 45	Monitoring and Reporting
ANNEXES	
Annex I	List of the activities referred to in point (7) of Article 5
Annex II	Activities exercised by contracting entities as referred to in Article 7
Annex III	List of legal acts of the union referred to in point (b) of Article 7(2)
Annex IV	Services referred to in Article 19
Annex V	Information to be included in concession notices referred to in Article 31
Annex VI	Information to be included in prior information notices concerning concessions for social and other specific services, as referred to in Article 31(3)
Annex VII	Information to be included in concession award notices, as referred to in Article 32
Annex VIII	Information to be included in concession award notices concerning concessions for social and other specific services, as referred to in Article 32
Annex IX	Features concerning publication
Annex X	List of international social and environmental conventions referred to in Article 30(3)
Annex XI	Information to be included in notices of modifications of a concession during its term according to Article 43

▼M6*ANNEX XVI-I***OTHER ELEMENTS OF COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 89/665/EEC ⁽¹⁾**

as amended by Directive 2007/66/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽²⁾ and Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽³⁾

(PHASE 4)

Article 2b	Derogations from the standstill period
	Point (c) of the first paragraph
Article 2d	Ineffectiveness
	Point (c) of paragraph 1
	Paragraph 5

⁽¹⁾ Council Directive 89/665/EEC of 21 December 1989 on the coordination of the laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to the application of review procedures to the award of public supply and public works contracts (OJ L 395, 30.12.1989, p. 33).

⁽²⁾ Directive 2007/66/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2007 amending Council Directives 89/665/EEC and 92/13/EEC with regard to improving the effectiveness of review procedures concerning the award of public contracts (OJ L 335, 20.12.2007, p. 31).

⁽³⁾ Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 1).

▼ **M6***ANNEX XVI-J*

(PHASE 5)

I. Other non-mandatory elements of Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽¹⁾

The elements of Directive 2014/25/EU set out in this Annex are not mandatory but recommended for approximation. Georgia may approximate these elements within the time-frame set in Annex XVI-B.

TITLE I	Scope, definitions and general principles
CHAPTER I	Subject-matter and definitions
Article 2	Definitions: points 10-12
CHAPTER IV	General principles
Article 38	Reserved contracts
TITLE II	Rules applicable to contracts
CHAPTER II	Techniques and instruments for electronic and aggregated procurement
Article 55	Centralised purchasing activities and central purchasing bodies
TITLE III	Particular procurement regimes
CHAPTER I	Social and other specific services
Article 94	Reserved contracts for certain services

II. Other mandatory elements of directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽²⁾

TITLE I	Scope, definitions and general principles
CHAPTER I	Subject-matter and definitions
Article 2	Definitions: point 17
CHAPTER III	Material scope
Section 1	Thresholds
Article 16	Methods for calculating the estimated value of procurement: paragraphs 5, 6
TITLE II	Rules applicable to contracts
CHAPTER I	Procedures
Article 44	Choice of procedures: paragraph 3
Article 48	Competitive dialogue

⁽¹⁾ Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on procurement by entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors and repealing Directive 2004/17/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 243).

⁽²⁾ Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on procurement by entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors and repealing Directive 2004/17/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 243).

▼ **M6**

Article 49	Innovation Partnership
Article 50	Use of the negotiated procedure without prior call for competition: point (j)
CHAPTER II	Techniques and instruments for electronic and aggregated procurement
Article 51	Framework agreements
Article 52	Dynamic purchasing systems
Article 53	Electronic auctions
Article 54	Electronic catalogues
Article 56	Occasional joint procurement
CHAPTER III	Conduct of the procedure
Section 2	Publication and transparency
Article 70	Contract award notices: paragraph 2
Section 3	Choice of participants and award of contracts
Subsection 1:	Qualification and qualitative selection
Article 77	Qualification systems
Article 79	Reliance on the capacities of other entities: paragraph 1
TITLE III	Particular procurement regimes
CHAPTER II	Rules governing design contests
Article 95	Scope
Article 96	Notices
Article 97	Rules on the organisation of design contests, the selection of participants and the jury
Article 98	Decisions of the jury
ANNEXES	
<i>Annex VII</i>	Information to be included in the procurement documents relating to electronic auctions (Article 53(4))
<i>Annex XIX</i>	Information to be included in the design contest notice (as referred to in Article 96(1))
<i>Annex XX</i>	Information to be included in the results of design contest notices (as referred to in Article 96(1))

▼ **M6***ANNEX XVI-K***OTHER ELEMENTS OF COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 92/13/EEC ⁽¹⁾****as amended by Directive 2007/66/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽²⁾ and Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽³⁾**

(PHASE 5)

Article 2b	Derogations from the standstill period
	Point (c) of the first paragraph
Article 2d	Ineffectiveness
	Point (c) of paragraph 1
	Paragraph 5

⁽¹⁾ Council Directive 92/13/EEC of 25 February 1992 coordinating the laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to the application of Community rules on the procurement procedures of entities operating in the water, energy, transport and telecommunications sectors (OJ L 76, 23.3.1992, p. 14).

⁽²⁾ Directive 2007/66/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2007 amending Council Directives 89/665/EEC and 92/13/EEC with regard to improving the effectiveness of review procedures concerning the award of public contracts (OJ L 335, 20.12.2007, p. 31).

⁽³⁾ Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 1).

▼ **M6***ANNEX XVI-L***I. Provisions of Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽¹⁾ outside the scope of approximation**

The elements listed in this Annex are not subject to the process of approximation.

TITLE I	Scope, definitions and general principles
CHAPTER I	Scope and definitions
Section 1	Subject-matter and definitions
Article 1	Subject-matter and scope: paragraphs 3 and 4
Article 2	Definitions: paragraph 2
Section 2	Thresholds
Article 6	Revision of the thresholds and of the list of central government authorities
TITLE II	Rules on public contracts
CHAPTER I	Procedures
Article 25	Conditions relating to the GPA and other international agreements
CHAPTER II	Techniques and instruments for electronic and aggregated procurement
Article 39	Procurement involving contracting authorities from different Member States
CHAPTER III	Conduct of the procedure
Section 1	Preparation
Article 44	Test reports, certification and other means of proof: paragraph 3
Section 2	Publication and transparency
Article 51	Form and manner of publication of notices: second subparagraph of paragraph 1, paragraphs 2, 3, 4, second subparagraph of paragraph 5, paragraph 6
Article 52	Publication at national level
Section 3	Choice of participants and award of contracts
Subsection 1:	Criteria for qualitative selection
Article 61	Online repository of certificates (e-Certis)
Article 62	Quality assurance standards and environmental management standards: paragraph 3
Subsection 3:	Award of the Contract
Article 68	Life-cycle costing: paragraph 3

⁽¹⁾ Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on public procurement and repealing Directive 2004/18/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 65).

▼ **M6**

Article 69	Abnormally low tender: paragraph 5
TITLE IV	Governance
Article 83	Enforcement
Article 84	Individual reports on procedures for the award of contracts
Article 85	National reporting and statistical information
Article 86	Administrative cooperation
TITLE V	Delegated powers, implementing powers and final provisions
Article 87	Exercise of the delegation of powers
Article 88	Urgency procedure
Article 89	Committee procedure
Article 90	Transposition and transitional provisions
Article 91	Repeals
Article 92	Review
Article 93	Entry into force
Article 94	Addressees
ANNEXES	
ANNEX I	Central government authorities
Annex VIII	Features concerning publication
Annex XI	Registers
Annex XIII	List of EU legislation referred to in Article 68(3)
Annex XV	Correlation table

II. Provisions of Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽¹⁾ outside the scope of approximation

The elements listed in this Annex are not subject to the process of approximation.

TITLE I	Subject matter, scope, principles and definitions
CHAPTER I	Scope, general principles and definitions
Section I	Subject-matter, scope, general principles, definitions and threshold
Article 1	Subject-matter and scope: paragraph 3
Article 6	Contracting authorities: paragraphs 2 and 3
Article 9	Revision of the threshold

⁽¹⁾ Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 1).

▼ M6

Section II	Exclusions
Article 15	Notification of information by contracting entities
Article 16	Exclusion of activities which are directly exposed to competition
TITLE II	Rules on the award of concessions: general principles and procedural guarantees
CHAPTER I	General principles
Article 30	General principles: paragraph 4
Article 33	Form and manner of publication of notices: second subparagraph of paragraph 1, paragraphs 2, 3 and 4
TITLE IV	Amendments to Directives 89/665/EEC and 92/13/EEC
Article 46	Amendments to Directive 89/665/EEC
Article 47	Amendments to Directive 92/13/EEC
TITLE V	Delegated powers, implementing powers and final provisions
Article 48	Exercise of the delegation
Article 49	Urgency procedure
Article 50	Committee procedure
Article 51	Transposition
Article 52	Transitional provisions
Article 53	Monitoring and reporting
Article 54	Entry into force
Article 55	Addressees

▼ **M6***ANNEX XVI-M***PROVISIONS OF DIRECTIVE 2014/25/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL ⁽¹⁾ OUTSIDE THE SCOPE OF APPROXIMATION**

The elements listed in this Annex are not subject to the process of approximation.

TITLE I	Scope, definitions and general principles
CHAPTER I	Subject-matter and definitions
Article 1	Subject matter and scope: paragraphs 3 and 4
Article 3	Contracting authorities: paragraphs 2 and 3
Article 4	Contracting entities: paragraph 4
CHAPTER III	Material scope
Section 1	Thresholds
Article 17	Revision of the thresholds
Section 2	Excluded contracts and design contests; special provisions for procurement involving defence and security aspects
Subsection 1:	Exclusions applicable to all contracting entities and special exclusions for the water and energy sector
Article 18	Contracts awarded for purposes of resale or lease to third parties: paragraph 2
Article 19	Contracts and design contests awarded or organised for purposes other than the pursuit of a covered activity or for the pursuit of such an activity in a third country: paragraph 2
Subsection 3:	Special relations (cooperation, affiliated undertakings and joint ventures)
Article 31	Notification of information
Subsection 4:	Specific situations
Article 33	Contracts subject to special arrangements
Subsection 5:	Activities directly exposed to competition and procedural provisions relating thereto
Article 34	Activities directly exposed to competition
Article 35	Procedure for establishing whether Article 34 is applicable
TITLE II	Rules applicable to contracts
CHAPTER I	Procedures
Article 43	Conditions relating to the GPA and other international agreements

⁽¹⁾ Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on procurement by entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors and repealing Directive 2004/17/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 243).

▼ **M6**

CHAPTER II	Techniques and instruments for electronic and aggregated procurement
Article 57	Procurement involving contracting entities from different Member States
CHAPTER III	Conduct of the procedure
Section 2	Publication and transparency
Article 71	Form and manner of publication of notices: paragraphs 2, 3, 4, second subparagraph of paragraph 5, paragraph 6
Article 72	Publication at national level
Section 3	Choice of participants and award of contracts
Subsection 1:	Qualification and qualitative selection
Article 81	Quality assurance standards and environmental management standards: paragraph 3
Subsection 2:	Award of the contract
Article 83	Life-cycle costing: paragraph 3
Section 4	Tenders comprising products originating in third countries and relations with those countries
Article 85	Tenders comprising products originating in third countries
Article 86	Relations with third countries as regards works, supplies and service contracts
TITLE IV	Governance
Article 99	Enforcement
Article 100	Individual reports on procedures for the award of contracts
Article 101	National reporting and statistical information
Article 102	Administrative cooperation
TITLE V	Delegated powers, implementing powers and final provisions
Article 103	Exercise of the delegation
Article 104	Urgency procedure
Article 105	Committee procedure
Article 106	Transposition and transitional provisions
Article 107	Repeal
Article 108	Review
Article 109	Entry into force
Article 110	Addressees

▼ **M6**

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Annex II	List of Union legal acts referred to in Article 4(3)
Annex III	List of Union legal acts referred to in Article 34(3)
Annex IV	Deadlines for the adoption of the implementing acts referred to in Article 35
Annex XV	List of Union legal acts referred to in Article 83(3)

▼ **M6**

ANNEX XVI-N

PROVISIONS OF COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 89/665/EEC ⁽¹⁾ AS AMENDED BY DIRECTIVE 2007/66/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL ⁽²⁾ AND DIRECTIVE 2014/23/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL ⁽³⁾ OUTSIDE THE SCOPE OF APPROXIMATION

The elements listed in this Annex are not subject to the process of approximation.

Article 2b	Derogations from the standstill period Point (a) of the first paragraph
Article 2d	Ineffectiveness Point (a) of paragraph 1 Paragraph 4
Article 3	Corrective mechanism
Article 3a	Content of a notice for voluntary <i>ex ante</i> transparency
Article 3b	Committee procedure
Article 4	Implementation
Article 4a	Review

⁽¹⁾ Council Directive 89/665/EEC of 21 December 1989 on the coordination of the laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to the application of review procedures to the award of public supply and public works contracts (OJ L 395, 30.12.1989, p. 33).

⁽²⁾ Directive 2007/66/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2007 amending Council Directives 89/665/EEC and 92/13/EEC with regard to improving the effectiveness of review procedures concerning the award of public contracts (OJ L 335, 20.12.2007, p. 31).

⁽³⁾ Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 1).

▼ **M6**

ANNEX XVI-O

PROVISIONS OF COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 92/13/EEC ⁽¹⁾ AS AMENDED BY DIRECTIVE 2007/66/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL ⁽²⁾ AND DIRECTIVE 2014/23/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL ⁽³⁾ OUTSIDE THE SCOPE OF APPROXIMATION

The elements listed in this Annex are not subject to the process of approximation.

Article 2b	Derogations from the standstill period Point (a) of the first paragraph
Article 2d	Ineffectiveness Point (a) of paragraph 1 Paragraph 4
Article 3a	Content of a notice for voluntary <i>ex ante</i> transparency
Article 3b	Committee procedure
Article 8	Corrective mechanism
Article 12	Implementation
Article 12a	Review

⁽¹⁾ Council Directive 92/13/EEC of 25 February 1992 coordinating the laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to the application of Community rules on the procurement procedures of entities operating in the water, energy, transport and telecommunications sectors (OJ L 76, 23.3.1992, p. 14).

⁽²⁾ Directive 2007/66/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2007 amending Council Directives 89/665/EEC and 92/13/EEC with regard to improving the effectiveness of review procedures concerning the award of public contracts (OJ L 335, 20.12.2007, p. 31).

⁽³⁾ Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 1).

▼ M6*ANNEX XVI-P***GEORGIA: INDICATIVE LIST OF ISSUES FOR COOPERATION**

1. Training, in Georgia and EU Member States, of Georgian officials from government bodies engaged in public procurement;
2. Training of suppliers interested participating in public procurement;
3. Exchange of information and experience on best practice and regulatory rules in the sphere of public procurement;
4. Enhancement of the functionality of the public procurement website and establishment of a system of public procurement monitoring;
5. Consultations and methodological assistance from the EU Party in application of modern electronic technologies in the sphere of public procurement;
6. Strengthening the bodies charged with guaranteeing a coherent policy in all areas related to public procurement and the independent and impartial consideration (review) of contracting authorities' decisions. (Cf. Article 143 paragraph 2 of this Agreement).

▼B

ANNEX XVII

GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATIONS

*ANNEX XVII-A***ELEMENTS FOR REGISTRATION AND CONTROL OF GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATIONS AS REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE 170(1) AND (2)**

1. A register listing geographical indications protected in the territory;
2. An administrative process verifying that geographical indications identify a good as originating in a territory, region or locality of one or more states, where a given quality, reputation or other characteristic of the good is essentially attributable to its geographical origin;
3. A requirement that a registered name shall correspond to a specific product or products for which a product specification is laid down, which can only be amended by due administrative process;
4. Control provisions applying to production;
5. A right for any producer established in the area who submits to the system of controls to produce the product labelled with the protected name provided he complies with the product specification;
6. An objection procedure that allows the legitimate interests of prior users of names, whether those names are protected as a form of intellectual property or not, to be taken into account;
7. A rule that protected names may not become generic;
8. Provisions concerning the registration, which may include refusal of registration, of terms homonymous or partly homonymous with registered terms, terms customary in common language as the common name for goods, terms comprising or including the names of plant varieties and animal breeds. Such provisions shall take into account the legitimate interests of all parties concerned.



ANNEX XVII-B

CRITERIA TO BE INCLUDED IN THE OBJECTION PROCEDURE FOR PRODUCTS REFERRED TO IN ARTICLES 170(2) AND (3)

1. List of name(s) with the corresponding transcription into Latin or Georgian characters.
2. Information about the product class.
3. Invitation to any Member State, in the case of the EU, or third country or any natural or legal persons having a legitimate interest, established or resident in a Member State in the case of the European Union, in Georgia or in a third country to submit objections to such protection by lodging a duly substantiated statement.
4. Statements of objection must reach the European Commission or the Georgian Government within three months from the date of the publication of the information notice.
5. Statements of objection shall be admissible only if they are received within the time-limit set out ► **CI** in paragraph 4 and ◀ if they show that the protection of the name proposed would:
 - (a) conflict with the name of a plant variety, including a wine grape variety or an animal breed and as a result is likely to mislead the consumer as to the true origin of the product;
 - (b) conflict with a homonymous name and which would mislead the consumer into believing that products come from another territory;
 - (c) in the light of a trademark's reputation and well-known and the length of time it has been used, be liable to mislead the consumer as to the true identity of the product;
 - (d) jeopardise the existence of an entirely or partly identical name or of a trademark or the existence of products which have been legally on the market for at least five years preceeding the date of the publication of the information notice;
 - (e) conflict with a name that is considered generic.
6. The criteria referred to ► **CI** in paragraph 5 shall ◀ be evaluated in relation to the territory of the EU, which in the case of intellectual property rights refers only to the territory or territories where the rights are protected, or the territory of Georgia.

▼ **M7**

ANNEX XVII-C

GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATIONS OF PRODUCTS AS REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE 170(3) AND (4)

PART A

Agricultural products and foodstuffs other than wines, spirit drinks and aromatised wines of the European Union to be protected in Georgia

Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Type of product
BE	Jambon d'Ardenne	ჟამბონ დ'ადენ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
BE	Potjesvlees uit de Westhoek	პოტხესვლეს უიტ დე ვესტჰოკ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
BE	Saucisson d'Ardenne / Collier d'Ardenne / Pipe d'Ardenne	სოსისონ დ'არდენ / კოლიე დარდენ / პიპ დარდენ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
BE	Fromage de Herve	ფლომაჟ დე ეღვ	Cheeses
BE	Beurre d'Ardenne	ბელ დ'ადენ	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
BE	Brussels grondwitloof	ბრასელს გრონვიტლოფ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
BE	Plate de Florenville	პლატე დე ფლორენვილე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
BE	Poperingse hopscheuten / Poperingse hoppescheuten	პოპერინგს ჰოპშეუტენ / პოპერინგს ჰოპშეუტენ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
BE	Vlaams – Brabantse tafeldruif	ფლამს-ბრაბანცე ტაფელდრუიფ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
BE	Geraardsbergse Mattentaart	გერარსბერგსე მატენტაარტ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
BE	Liers vlaaike	ლიერს ვლაიკე	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
BE	Gentse azalea	გენტსე აზალეა	Flowers and ornamental plants
BE	Vlaamse laurier	ფლამშე ლაურიერ	Flowers and ornamental plants
BE	Pâté gaumais	პატე გომე	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union ("Treaty") (spices, etc.)
BG	Горнооряховски суджук Latin equivalent: Gornooryahovski sudzhuk	გორნორიახოვსკი სუჯუკ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
BG	Българско розово масло Latin equivalent: Bulgarsko rozovo maslo	ბალგარსკო როზოვო მასლო	Essential oils
CZ	Jihočeská Niva	იჰოჩესკა ნივა	Cheeses
CZ	Jihočeská Zlatá Niva	იჰოჩესკა ზლათა ნივა	Cheeses

▼M7

Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Type of product
CZ	Olomoucké tvarůžky	ოლომოუცკე ტვარუჟკი	Cheeses
CZ	Chelčicko — Lhenické ovoce	ხელჩიკო — ლჰენიკე ოვოცე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
CZ	Nošovické kysané zelí	ნოშოვიცკე კისანე ზელი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
CZ	Všestarská cibule	ვშესტარსკა ციბულე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
CZ	Pohořelický kapr	პოჰორჟელიცკი კაპრ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
CZ	Třeboňský kapr	ტრჟებონსკი კაპრ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
CZ	Březnický ležák	ბრჟეზნიცკი ლეჟაკ	Beers
CZ	Brněnské pivo / Starobrněnské pivo	ბრნენსკე პივო / სტარობრნენსკე პივო	Beers
CZ	Budějovické pivo	ბუდეიოვიცკე პივო	Beers
CZ	Budějovický měšťanský var	ბუდეიოვიცკი მემშტიანსკი ვარ	Beers
CZ	Černá Hora	ჩერნა ხორა	Beers
CZ	České pivo	ჩესკე პივო	Beers
CZ	Českobudějovické pivo	ჩესკობუდეიოვიცკე პივო	Beers
CZ	Chodské pivo	ხოდსკე პივო	Beers
CZ	Znojenské pivo	ზნოიემსკე პივო	Beers
CZ	Hořické trubičky	ჰორჟიკე ტრუბიჩკი	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
CZ	Karlovarské oplatky	კარლოვარსკე ოპლატკი	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
CZ	Karlovarské trojhránky	კარლოვარსკე ტროირანკი	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares

▼M7

Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Type of product
CZ	Karlovarský suchar	კარლოვარსკი სუხარი	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
CZ	Lomnické suchary	ლომნიკე სუხარი	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
CZ	Mariánskolázeňské oplatky	მარიანსკოლაზენსკე ოპლატკი	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
CZ	Pardubický perník	პარდუბიციკი პერნიკ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
CZ	Štramberské uši	შტრამბერსკე უში	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
CZ	Valašský frgál	ვალაშსკი ფრგალ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
CZ	Český kmín	ჩესკი კმინ	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
CZ	Chamomilla bohemica	ხამომილა ბოჰემიკა	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
CZ	Žatecký chmel	ჟატეცკი ხმელ	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
DK	Vadehavslam	ველჰავსლამ	Fresh meat (and offal)
DK	Vadehavsstude	ველჰავსტულ	Fresh meat (and offal)
DK	Danablu	დანაბლუ	Cheeses
DK	Danbo	დენბოლუ	Cheeses
DK	Esrom	ესრომ	Cheeses
DK	Lammefjordsgulerod	ლამეფიორდსგულეროდ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals fresh or processed
DK	Lammefjordskartofler	ლამეფიორდსკარტოფლერ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals fresh or processed
DE	Bayerisches Rindfleisch / Rindfleisch aus Bayern	ბაიერიშეს რინდფლაიშ/ რინდფლაიშ აუს ბაიერნ	Fresh meat (and offal)
DE	Diepholzer Moorschnucke	დიჰპოლცერ მოორშნუკე	Fresh meat (and offal)

▼ M7

Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Type of product
DE	Lüneburger Heidschnucke	ლიუნებურგერ ჰაიდშნუკე	Fresh meat (and offal)
DE	Schwäbisch-Hällisches Qualitätsschweinefleisch	შვებიშ-ჰელიშესკვალიტესშვანეფლაიშ	Fresh meat (and offal)
DE	Weideochse vom Limpurger Rind	ვაიდოხსე ფომ ლიმფურგერ რინდ	Fresh meat (and offal)
DE	Aachener Weihnachts-Leberwurst / Oecher Weihnachtsleberwurst	ახენერ ვანახტს-ლებერვურსტ / ოხერ ვანახტს ლებერვურსტ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
DE	Ammerländer Dielenrauchschinken / Ammerländer Katenschinken	ამერლენდერ დილენრაუხშინკენ / ამერლენდერ კატენშინკენ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
DE	Ammerländer Schinken / Ammerländer Knochen-schinken	ამერლენდერ შინკენ / ამერლენდერ კნოხენშინკენ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
DE	Eichsfelder Feldgieker / Eichsfelder Feldkieker	აისფელდერ ფელდგიკერ / აისფელდერ ფელდკიკერ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
DE	Flönz	ფლონც	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
DE	Göttinger Stracke	გეტინგერ შტრაქე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
DE	Göttinger Feldkieker	გეტინგერ ფელდკიკერ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
DE	Greußener Salami	როისნერ სალამი	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
DE	Halberstädter Würstchen	ჰალბერშტედტერ ვიურსტჰენ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
DE	Hofer Rindfleischwurst	ჰოფარ რინდფლაიშვურსტ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
DE	Holsteiner Katenschinken / Holsteiner Schinken / Holsteiner Katenrauchschinken / Holsteiner Knochen-schinken	ჰოლშთაინერ ქათენშინკენ / ჰოლშთაინერ შინკენ / ჰოლშთაინერ ქათენრაუხშინკენ / ჰოლშთაინერ კნოხენშინკენ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
DE	Nürnberger Bratwürste / Nürnberger Rostbratwürste	ნიურენბერგერ ბრატვიურსტე / ნიურენბერგერ როსტბრატვიურსტე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
DE	Oecher Puttes / Aachener Puttes	ოხერე პუტეს / ახენერ პუტეს	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
DE	Schwarzwälder Schinken	შვარცვალდერ შინკენ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
DE	Thüringer Leberwurst	თიურინგერ ლებერვურსტ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
DE	Thüringer Rostbratwurst	თიურინგერ როსტბრატვიურსტ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)

▼M7

Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Type of product
DE	Thüringer Rotwurst	თიურინგერ როტვურსტ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
DE	Westfälischer Knochenschinken	ვესტფილემერ კნოხენშინკენ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
DE	Allgäuer Bergkäse	ალგოიერ ბერგკეზე	Cheeses
DE	Allgäuer Emmentaler	ალგოიერ ემენტალერ	Cheeses
DE	Allgäuer Sennalpkäse	ალგოიერ ზენალპკეზე	Cheeses
DE	Altenburger Ziegenkäse	ალტენბურგერ ციგენკეზე	Cheeses
DE	Hessischer Handkäse / Hessischer Handkäs	ჰესიშერ ჰანდექეზე / ჰესიშერ ჰანდექს	Cheeses
DE	Holsteiner Tilsiter	ჰოლშტაინერ ტილსიტერ	Cheeses
DE	Nieheimer Käse	ნიჰაიმერ ქეზე	Cheeses
DE	Odenwälder Frühstückskäse	ოდენველდერ ფრიუშტუქსკეზე	Cheeses
DE	Weißlacker / Allgäuer Weißlacker	ვაისლაკერ/ ალგაუერ ვაისლაკერ	Cheeses
DE	Obazda / Obatzter	ობაცდა / ობატცტერ	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
DE	Lausitzer Leinöl	ლაუტიცერ ლაინოელ	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
DE	Abensberger Spargel / Abensberger Qualitätsspargel	აბენსკებერგერ შპარგელ / აბენსკებერგერ ქუალიტეტშპარგელ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Bamberger Hörmla / Bamberger Hörnle / Bamberger Hörnchen	ბამბერგერ ჰორნლა/ ბამბერგერ ჰორნლე / ბამბერგერ ჰორნხენ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Bayerischer Meerrettich / Bayerischer Kren	ბაიერიშერ მეერრეთიჰ / ბაიერიშერ კრენ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Bayrisch Blockmalz / Bayerischer Blockmalz / Echt Bayrisch Blockmalz / Aecht Bayerischer Blockmalz	ბაირიშ ბლოკმალც / ბაირიშერ ბლოკმალც / ეჰტ ბაირიშ ბლოკმალც / ეჰტ ბაიერიშერ ბლოკმალც	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Beelitzer Spargel	ბეელიტცერ შპარგელ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Bornheimer Spargel / Spargel aus dem Anbaugebiet Bornheim	ბონჰაიმერ შპარგელ / შპარგელ აუს დემ ანბაუგებით ბორნჰაიმ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Dithmarscher Kohl	დიტმარშერ ქოლ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Filderkraut / Filderspitzkraut	ფილდეკრაუტ/ფილდეშპიცკრაუტ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Frankfurter Grüne Soße / Frankfurter Grie Soß	ფრანკფურტერ გრუნე ზოსე / ფრანკფურტერ გრი ზოს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Fränkischer Grünkern	ფრანკიშერ გრუნკერნ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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DE	Höri Bülle	ჰორი ბულე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Spargel aus Franken / Fränkischer Spargel / Franken-Spargel	სპარგელ აუს ფრანკენ / ფრანკიშერ შპარგელ / ფრანკენ-შპარგელ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Stromberger Pflaume	შტრომბერგერ ფლაუმე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Walbecker Spargel	ვალბექერ შფარგელ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Feldsalat von der Insel Reichenau	ფელდსალათ ფონ დერ ინზელ რაიჰენაუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Gurken von der Insel Reichenau	გურკენ ფონ დერ ინზელ რაიჰენაუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Lüneburger Heidekartoffeln	ლიუნებურგერ ჰაიდექართოფელნ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Rheinisches Zuckerrübenkraut / Rheinischer Zuckerrübensirup / Rheinisches Rübenkraut	რაინიშეს ცუქერრუბენკრაუტ / რაინიშერ ცუქერრუბენსირუპ / რაინიშეს რუბენკრაუტ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Rheinisches Apfelkraut	რაინიშეს აპფელკრაუტ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Salate von der Insel Reichenau	სალატე ფონ დერ ინზელ რაიჰენაუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Schrobenhausener Spargel/Spargel aus dem Schrobenhausener Land/ Spargel aus dem Anbaugebiet Schrobenhausen	შრობენჰაუსენერ შფარგელ/შფარგელ აუს დემ შრობენჰაუსენერ ლანდ/ შპარგელ აუს დემ ანბაუგებიტ შრობენჰაუსენ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Spreewälder Gurken	შპრეეველდერ გურკენ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Spreewälder Meerrettich	შპრეეველდერ მეერრეტჩი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Tomaten von der Insel Reichenau	ტომატენ ფონ დერ ინზელ რაიჰენაუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
DE	Aischgründer Karpfen	აიშგრუნდერ კარპფენ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
DE	Fränkischer Karpfen / Frankenkarpfen / Karpfen aus Franken	ფრანკიშე კარპფენ/ფრანკენკარპფენ/ კარპფენ აუს ფრანკენ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
DE	Glückstädter Matjes	გლუქშტედტერ მატის	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom

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DE	Holsteiner Karpfen	ჰოლშტაინერ კარპფენ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
DE	Oberlausitzer Biokarpfen	ობერლაუზიტცერ ბიოკარპფენ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
DE	Oberpfälzer Karpfen	ობერპფელცერ კარპფენ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
DE	Schwarzwaldforelle	შვარცვალდფორელე	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
DE	Bayerisches Bier	ბაიერიშეს ბიერ	Beers
DE	Bremer Bier	ბრემერ ბიერ	Beers
DE	Dortmunder Bier	დორტმუნდერ ბიერ	Beers
DE	Hofer Bier	ჰოფერ ბიერ	Beers
DE	Kölsch	კიოლშ	Beers
DE	Kulmbacher Bier	ულმბახერ ბიერ	Beers
DE	Mainfranken Bier	მაინფრანკენ ბიერ	Beers
DE	Münchener Bier	მიუნჰენერ ბიერ	Beers
DE	Reuther Bier	როითერ ბიერ	Beers
DE	Aachener Printen	აახენერ პრინტენ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
DE	Bayerische Breze / Bayerische Brezn / Bayerische Brez'n / Bayerische Brezel	ბაიერიშე ბრეცე / ბაიერიშე ბრეცნ / ბაიერიშე ბრეზენ / ბაიერიშე ბრეზელ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
DE	Bremer Klaben	ბრემერ კლავენ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
DE	Dresdner Christstollen / Dresdner Stollen / Dresdner Weihnachtsstollen	დრეზდნერ ქრისტშოლოენ / დრეზდნერ შოლოენ / დრეზდნერ ვაინახტსშოლოენ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
DE	Lübecker Marzipan	ლიუბეკერ მარციპან	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
DE	Meißner Fummel	მაისნერ ფუმელ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
DE	Nürnberger Lebkuchen	ნიურენბერგერ ლებკუხენ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares

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DE	Salzwedeler Baumkuchen	ზალცვედელერ ბაუმქუხენ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
DE	Westfälischer Pumpernickel	ვესტფელიშერ პუმპერნიკელ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
DE	Düsseldorfer Mostert / Düsseldorfer Senf Mostert / Düsseldorfer Urtyp Mostert / Aechter Düsseldorfer Mostert	დიუსელდორფერ მოსთერტ / დიუსელდორფერ ზენფ მოსთერტ / დიუსელდორფერ ურტიფ მოსთერტ / ეხთერ დიუსელდორფერ მოსთერტ	Mustard paste
DE	Schwäbische Maultaschen / Schwäbische Suppenmaultaschen	შვებიშე მაულთაშენ / შვებიშე სუპენმაულთაშენ	Pasta
DE	Schwäbische Spätzle / Schwäbische Knöpfle	შვებიშე შპეცლე / შვებიშე ქნოპფლე	Pasta
DE	Elbe-Saale Hopfen	ელბე ზაალე ჰოპფენ	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)
DE	Hessischer Apfelwein	ჰესიშერ აპფელვაინ	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)
DE	Hopfen aus der Hallertau	ჰოპფენ აუს დერ ჰალერტაუ	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)
DE	Spalt Spalter	შპალტ შპალტე	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)
DE	Tettninger Hopfen	თეტნანგერ ჰოპფენ	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)
IE	Connemara Hill lamb / Uain Sléibhe Chonamara	კონემარა ჰილ ლამბ / უაინ სლეიბ ჩონამარა	Fresh meat (and offal)
IE	Timoleague Brown Pudding	ტიმოლეიგ ბრაუნ პუდინგ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IE	Imokilly Regato	იმოკილი რეგატო	Cheeses
IE	Clare Island Salmon	კლერ აილანდ სალმონ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
IE	Waterford Blaa / Blaa	ვოთერფორდ ბლაა / ბლაა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
IE	Oriel Sea Minerals	ორიელ სი მინერალს	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)

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IE	Oriel Sea Salt	ორიელ სი სოლი	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)
EL	Αρνάκι Ελασσόνας Latin equivalent: Arnaki Elassonas	არნაკი ელასონას	Fresh meat (and offal)
EL	Κατσικάκι Ελασσόνας Latin equivalent: Katsikaki Elassonas	კატსიკაკი ელასონას	Fresh meat (and offal)
EL	Ανεβάτο Latin equivalent: Anevato	ანევატო	Cheeses
EL	Γαλοτύρι Latin equivalent: Galotyri	ღალოტირი	Cheeses
EL	Γραβιέρα Αγράφων Latin equivalent: Graviera Agrafon	ღრავიერა აღრაფონ	Cheeses
EL	Γραβιέρα Κρήτης Latin equivalent: Graviera Kritis	ღრავიერა კრიტის	Cheeses
EL	Γραβιέρα Νάξου Latin equivalent: Graviera Naxou	ღრავიერა ნაქსუ	Cheeses
EL	Καλαθάκι Λήμνου Latin equivalent: Kalathaki Limnou	კალათაკი ლიმნუ	Cheeses
EL	Κασέρι Latin equivalent: Kasseri	კასერი	Cheeses
EL	Κατίκι Δομοκού Latin equivalent: Katiki Domokou	კატიკი დომოკუ	Cheeses
EL	Κεφαλογραβιέρα Latin equivalent: Kefalograviera	კეფალოღრავიერა	Cheeses
EL	Κοπανιστή Latin equivalent: Kopanisti	კოპანისტი	Cheeses

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EL	Λαδοτύρι Μυτιλήνης Latin equivalent: Ladotyri Mytilinis	ლადოტირი მიტილინის	Cheeses
EL	Μανούρι Latin equivalent: Manouri	მანური	Cheeses
EL	Μετσοβόνη Latin equivalent: Metsovone	მეცოვონე	Cheeses
EL	Μπάτζος Latin equivalent: Batzos	ბაძოს	Cheeses
EL	Ξυνομυζήθρα Κρήτης Latin equivalent: Xynomyzithra Kritis	ქსინომიზითრა კრიტის	Cheeses
EL	Ξύγαλο Σητείας / Ξίγαλο Σητείας Latin equivalent: Xygalo Siteias / Xigalo Siteias	ქსიღალო სიტას	Cheeses
EL	Πηχτόγαλο Χανίων Latin equivalent: Pich-togalo Chanion	პიხტოღალო ხანიონ	Cheeses
EL	Σαν Μιχάλη Latin equivalent: San Michali	სან მიხალი	Cheeses
EL	Σφέλα Latin equivalent: Sfela	შფელა	Cheeses
EL	Φέτα Latin equivalent: Feta	ფეტა	Cheeses
EL	Φορμαέλλα Αράχovas Παρνασσού Latin equivalent: Formaella Arachovas Parnassou	ფორმაელა არახოვას პარნასუ	Cheeses
EL	Πευκοθυμαρόμελο Κρήτης Latin equivalent: Pefko-thymaromelo Kritis	პევკოსიმარომელო კრიტის	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)

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EL	Άγιος Ματθαίος Κέρκυρας Latin equivalent: Agios Mattheos Kerkyras	ადიოს მატეოს კერკირას	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Αγουρέλαιο Χαλκιδικής Latin equivalent: Agoureleo Chalkidikis	აღულეო ხალკიდიკის	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Αποκορώνας Χανίων Κρήτης Latin equivalent: Apokoronas Chanion Kritis	აპოკორონას ხანიონ კრიტის	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Αρχάνες Ηρακλείου Κρήτης Latin equivalent: Arxanes Irakliou Kritis	არხანეს ირაკლიუ კრიტის	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Βιάννος Ηρακλείου Κρήτης Latin equivalent: Vianos Irakliou Kritis	ვიანოს ირაკლიუ კრიტის	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Βόρειος Μυλοπόταμος Ρεθύμνης Κρήτης Latin equivalent: Vorios Mylopotamos Rethymnis Kritis	ვორიოს მილოპოტამოს რეთიმნის კრიტის	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Γαλανό Μεταγγιτσίου Χαλκιδικής Latin equivalent: Galano Metaggitsiou Chalkidikis	გალავო მეტაგიციუ ხალკიდიკის	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Εξαιρετικό παρθένο ελαιόλαδο «Τροιζηνία» Latin equivalent: Exeretiko partheno eleolado "Trizinia"	ექსერეტიკო პართენო ელეოლადო «ტრიზინია»	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Εξαιρετικό Παρθένο Ελαιόλαδο Σέλινο Κρήτης Latin equivalent: Exeretiko partheno eleolado Selino Kritis	ექსერეტიკო პართენო ელეოლადო სელინო კრიტის	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Εξαιρετικό παρθένο ελαιόλαδο Θραψανό Latin equivalent: Exeretiko partheno eleolado Thrapsano	ექსერეტიკო პართენო ელეოლადო თრაფსანო	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)

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EL	Ζάκυνθος Latin equivalent: Zakynthos	ზაკინთოს	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Θάσος Latin equivalent: Thassos	თასოს	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Καλαμάτα Latin equivalent: Kalamata	კალამატა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Κεφαλονιά Latin equivalent: Kefalonia	კეფალონია	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Κολυμβάρι Χανίων Κρήτης Latin equivalent: Kolymvari Chanion Kritis	კოლიმვარი ხანიონ კრიტის	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Κρανίδι Αργολίδας Latin equivalent: Kranidi Argolidas	კრანიდი არლოლიდას	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Κροκεές Λακωνίας Latin equivalent: Krokees Lakonias	კროკეეს არლოლიდას	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Λακωνία Latin equivalent: Lakonia	ლაკონია	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Λέσβος / Μυτιλήνη Latin equivalent: Lesvos / Mytilini	ლესვოს / მიტილინი	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Λυγουριό Ασκληπιείου Latin equivalent: Lygourio Asklipiou	ლიღურო ასკლიპიუ	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Μεσσαρά Latin equivalent: Messara	მესარა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Ολυμπία Latin equivalent: Olympia	ოლიმპია	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Πεζά Ηρακλείου Κρήτης Latin equivalent: Peza Irakliou Kritis	პეზა ირაკლიუ კრიტის	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)

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EL	Πέτρινα Λακωνίας Latin equivalent: Petrina Lakonias	პეტრინა ლაკონიას	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Πρέβεζα Latin equivalent: Preveza	პრევეზა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Ρόδος Latin equivalent: Rodos	როდოს	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Σάμος Latin equivalent: Samos	სამოს	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Σητεία Λασιθίου Κρήτης Latin equivalent: Sitia Lasithiou Kritis	სიტია ლასითიუ კრიტის	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Φοινίκι Λακωνίας Latin equivalent: Finiki Lakonias	ფინიკი ლაკონიას	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Χανιά Κρήτης Latin equivalent: Chania Kritis	ხანია კრიტის	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
EL	Αγκινάρα Ιρίων Latin equivalent: Agkinara Irion	ანგინარა ირიონ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Ακτινίδιο Πιερίας Latin equivalent: Aktinidio Pierias	აკტინიდიო პიერიას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Ακτινίδιο Σπερχειού Latin equivalent: Aktinidio Sperchiou	აკტინიდიო სპერხიუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Ελιά Καλαμάτας Latin equivalent: Elia Kalamatas	ელია კალამატას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Θρούμπα Αμπαδιάς Ρεθύμνης Κρήτης Latin equivalent: Throumba Ampadias Rethymnis Kritis	თრუმბა ამბადიას რეთიმნის კრიტის	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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EL	Θρούμπα Θάσου Latin equivalent: Throumba Thassou	თრუმბა თასუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Θρούμπα Χίου Latin equivalent: Throumba Chiou	თრუმბა ხიუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Κελυφωτό φυστίκι Φθιώτιδας Latin equivalent: Kelifoto fystiki Fthiotidas	კელიფოტო ფისტიკი ფტიოტიდას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Κεράσια τραγανά Ροδοχωρίου Latin equivalent: Kerassia Tragana Rodochoriou	კერასია ტრანანა როდოხორიუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Κονσερβολιά Αμφίσσης Latin equivalent: Konservolia Amfissis	კონსერვოლია ამფისის	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Κονσερβολιά Άρτας Latin equivalent: Konservolia Artas	კონსერვოლია არტას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Κονσερβολιά Αταλάντης Latin equivalent: Konservolia Atalantis	კონსერვოლია ატალანტის	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Κονσερβολιά Πηλίου Βόλου Latin equivalent: Konservolia Piliou Volou	კონსერვოლია პილიუ ვოლუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Κονσερβολιά Ροβίων Latin equivalent: Konservolia Rovion	კონსერვოლია როვიონ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Κονσερβολιά Στυλίδας Latin equivalent: Konservolia Stylidas	კონსერვოლია სტილიდას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Κορινθιακή Σταφίδα Βοστίτσα Latin equivalent: Korinthiaki Stafida Vostitsa	კორინთიაკი სტაფიდა ვოსტიტა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Κουμ Κουάτ Κέρκυρας Latin equivalent: Koum kouat Kerkyras	კუმ კუატ კერკირას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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EL	Μανταρίνι Χίου Latin equivalent: Mandarini Chiou	მანდარიონი ხიუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Μελεκούνι Latin equivalent: Mele- kouni	მელეკუნბი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Μήλα Ζαγοράς Πηλίου Latin equivalent: Mila Zagoras Piliou	მილა ზაგორას პილიუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Μήλα Ντελίσσιους Πιλαφά Τριπόλεως Latin equivalent: Mila Delicious Pilafa Tripoleas	მილა დელისიუს პილაფა ტრიპოლეოს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Μήλο Καστοριάς Latin equivalent: Milo Kastorias	მილო კასტორიას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Ξερά σύκα Κύμης Latin equivalent: Xera syka Kymis	ქსერა სიკა კიმის	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Ξηρά Σύκα Ταξιάρχη Latin equivalent: Xira Syka Taxiarchi	ქსირა სიკა ტაქსიარხი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Πατάτα Κάτω Νευροκοπίου Latin equivalent: Patata Kato Nevrokopiou	პატატა კატო ნევროკოპიუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Πατάτα Νάξου Latin equivalent: Patata Naxou	პატატა ნაქსუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Πορτοκάλια Μάλεμε Χανίων Κρήτης Latin equivalent: Portokalia Maleme Chanion Kritis	პორტოკალია მალემე ხანიონ კრიტის	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Πράσινες Ελιές Χαλκιδικής Latin equivalent: Prasines Elies Chalkidikis	პრასინეს ელიეს ჰალკიდისის	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Ροδάκινα Νάουσας Latin equivalent: Rodakina Naoussas	როდაკინა ნაუსას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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EL	Σταφίδα Ζακύνθου Latin equivalent: Stafida Zakynthou	სტაფიდა ზაკინთუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Σταφίδα Ηλείας Latin equivalent: Stafida Ilias	სტაფიდა ილიას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Σταφίδα Σουλτανίνα Κρήτης Latin equivalent: Stafida Soutlanina Kritis	სტაფიდა სულტანიანა კრიტის	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Σύκα Βραβρόνας Μαρκοπούλου Μεσσηγείων Latin equivalent: Syka Vavronas Markopoulou Messongion	სიკა ვრავრონას მარკოპულუ მესოგიონ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Τοματάκι Σαντορίνης Latin equivalent: Tomataki Santorinis	ტომატაკი სანდორინის	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Τσακωνική μελιτζάνα Λεωνιδίου Latin equivalent: Tsakoniki Melitzana Leonidiou	ცაკონიკი მელიტჯანა ლეონიდიუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Φάβα Σαντορίνης Latin equivalent: Fava Santorinis	ფავა სანტორინის	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Φάβα Φενεού Latin equivalent: Fava Feneou	ფავა ფენეუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Φασόλια (Γίγαντες Ελέφαντες) Πρεσπών Φλώρινας Latin equivalent: Fassolia (Gigantes Elefantas) Prespon Florinas	ფასოლია (დიდანტეს ელეფანტეს) პრესპონ ფლორინას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Φασόλια (πλακέ μεγαλόσπερμα) Πρεσπών Φλώρινας Latin equivalent: Fassolia (plake megalosperma) Prespon Florinas	ფასოლია (პლაკე მეგალო-სპერ-მა) პრესპონ ფლორინას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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EL	ΦΑΣΟΛΙΑ ΓΙΓΑΝΤΕΣ — ΕΛΕΦΑΝΤΕΣ ΚΑΣΤΟΡΙΑΣ Latin equivalent: Fasolia Gigantes-Elefantes Kastorias	ფასოლია ღიდანტეს ელეფანტეს კასტორიას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Φασόλια γίγαντες ελέφαντες Κάτω Νευροκοπίου Latin equivalent: Fassolia Gigantes Elefantes Kato Nevrokopiou	ფასოლია ღიდანტეს ელეფანტეს კატო ნევროკოპიუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Φασόλια Βανίλιες Φενεού Latin equivalent: Fasolia Vanilies Feneou	ფასოლია ვანილიეს ფენეუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Φασόλια κοινά μεσόσπερμα Κάτω Νευροκοπίου Latin equivalent: Fassolia kina Messosperma Kato Nevrokopiu	ფასოლია კინა მესოსპერმა კატო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Φιρίκι Πηλίου Latin equivalent: Firiki Piliou	ფირიკი პილიუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Φυστίκι Αίγινας Latin equivalent: Fystiki Aeginas	ფისტიკი ეაინას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Φυστίκι Μεγάρων Latin equivalent: Fystiki Megaron	ფისტიკი მეღარონ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
EL	Αυγοτάραχο Μεσολογγίου Latin equivalent: Avgo- tarocho Messolongiou	ავლოტარახო მესოლონდუ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crus- taceans and products derived therefrom
EL	Κρητικό παξιμάδι Latin equivalent: Kritiko paximadi	კრიტიკო პაქსიმადი	Bread, pastry, cakes, confec- tionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
EL	Μαστίχα Χίου Latin equivalent: Masticha Chiou	მასტიხელიო ხიუ	Natural gums and resines
EL	Τσίχλα Χίου Latin equivalent: Tsikla Chiou	ციხლა ხიუ	Natural gums and resines

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EL	Μαστιχέλαιο Χίου Latin equivalent: Mastichelaio Chiou	მასტიხა ხიუ	Essential oils
EL	Κρόκος Κοζάνης Latin equivalent: Krokos Kozanis	კროკოს კოზანის	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
EL	Μέλι Ελάτης Μαινάλου Βανίλια Latin equivalent: Meli Elatis Menalou Vanilia	მელი ელატის მენალუ	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
ES	Capón de Vilalba	კაპონ დე ვილალავა	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Carne de Ávila	კარნე დე ავილა	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Carne de Cantabria	კარნე დე კანტაბრია	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Carne de la Sierra de Guadarrama	კარნე დე ლა სიერა დე გუადარამა	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Carne de Salamanca	კარნე დე სალამანკა	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Carne de Vacuno del País Vasco / Euskal Okela	კარნე დე ვაკუნო დელ პაის ვასკო / ეუსკალ ოკელა	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Cordero de Extremadura	კორდერო დე ესტრემადურა	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Cordero de Navarra / Nafarroako Arkumea	კორდერო დე ნავარრა / ნაფაროაკო არკუმეა	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Cordero Manchego	კორდერო მანჩეგო	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Cordero Segureño	კორდერო სეგურენიო	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Gall del Penedès	გოლ დელ პენედეს	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Lechazo de Castilla y León	ლეჩასო დე კასტილია ი ლეონ	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Pollo y Capón del Prat	პოლიო ი კაპონ დელ პრატ	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Ternasco de Aragón	ტერნასკო დე არაგონ	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Ternera Asturiana	ტერნერა ასტურიანა	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Ternera de Aliste	ტერნერა დე ალისტე	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Ternera de Extremadura	ტერნერა დე ესტრემადურა	Fresh meat (and offal)

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ES	Tenera de Navarra / Nafarroako Aratxea	ტერნერა დე ნავარა / ნაფაროაკო არატხეა	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Tenera Gallega	ტერნერა გალიეგა	Fresh meat (and offal)
ES	Botillo del Bierzo	ბოტილიო დელ ბიერსო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
ES	Cecina de León	სესინა დე ლეონ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
ES	Chorizo de Cantimpalos	ჩორისო დე კანტიმპალოს	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
ES	Chorizo Riojano	ჩორიზო რიოხანო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
ES	Chosco de Tineo	ჩოსკო დე ტინეო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
ES	Dehesa de Extremadura	დეესა დე ესტრემადურა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
ES	Guijuelo	გიხუელო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
ES	Jabugo	ხაზუგო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
ES	Jamón de Serón	ხამონ დე სერონ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
ES	Jamón de Teruel / Paleta de Teruel	ხამონ დე ტერუელ / პალეტა დე ტერუელ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
ES	Jamón de Trevélez	ხამონ ე ტრეველეს	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
ES	Lacón Gallego	ლაკონ გალიეგო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
ES	Los Pedroches	ლოს პედროჩეს	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
ES	Morcilla de Burgos	მორსია დე ბურგოს	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
ES	Salchichón de Vic / Llonganissa de Vic	სალჩიჩონ დე ვიკ / ლიონგანისსა დე ვიკ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
ES	Sobrasada de Mallorca	სობრასადა დე მალიორკა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
ES	Afuega'l Pitu	აფუეგალ პიტუ	Cheeses
ES	Arzúa-Ulloa	არზუა ულოა	Cheeses
ES	Cabrales	კაბრალეს	Cheeses
ES	Cebreiro	სებრეირო	Cheeses
ES	Gamoneu / Gamonedo	გამონეუ / გამონედო	Cheeses
ES	Idiazabal	იდიასაბალ	Cheeses
ES	Mahón-Menorca	მაონ-მენორკა	Cheeses

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ES	Picón Bejes-Tresviso	პიკონ ბეხეს-ტრესვისო	Cheeses
ES	Queso Camerano	ქუესო კამერანო	Cheeses
ES	Queso Casín	კესო კასინ	Cheeses
ES	Queso de Flor de Guía / Queso de Media Flor de Guía / Queso de Guía	კესო დე ფლორ დე გია / კესო დე მედია ფლორ დე გია / კესო დე გია	Cheeses
ES	Queso de La Serena	კესო დე ლა სერენა,	Cheeses
ES	Queso de l'Alt Urgell y la Cerdanya	კესო დე ალტ ურჟელი ი ლა სერდანია	Cheeses
ES	Queso de Murcia	კესო დე მურსია	Cheeses
ES	Queso de Murcia al vino	კესო დე მურსია ალ ვინო	Cheeses
ES	Queso de Valdeón	კესო დე ვალდეონ	Cheeses
ES	Queso Ibores	კესო იბორეს	Cheeses
ES	Queso Los Beyos	ქუესო ლოს ბეიოს	Cheeses
ES	Queso Majorero	კესო მახორერო	Cheeses
ES	Queso Manchego	კესო მანჩეგო	Cheeses
ES	Queso Nata de Cantabria	კესო ნატა დე კანტაბრია	Cheeses
ES	Queso Palmero / Queso de la Palma	კუესო პალმერო / კუესო დე ლა პალმა	Cheeses
ES	Queso Tetilla / Queixo Tetilla	ქუესო ტეტილა / ქუეიხო ტეტილა	Cheeses
ES	Queso Zamorano	კესო სამორანო	Cheeses
ES	Quesucos de Liébana	კესუკოს დე ლიებანა	Cheeses
ES	Roncal	რონკალ	Cheeses
ES	San Simón da Costa	სან სიმონ და კოსტა	Cheeses
ES	Torta del Casar	ტორტა დელ კასარ	Cheeses
ES	Miel de Galicia / Mel de Galicia	მიელ დე გალისია / მელ დე გალისია	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
ES	Miel de Granada	მიელ დე გრანადა	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
ES	Miel de La Alcarria	მიელ დე ლა ალკარია	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
ES	Miel de Liébana	მიელ დე ლიებანა	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)

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ES	Miel de Tenerife	მიელ დე ტენერიფე	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
ES	Miel Villuercas-Ibores	მიელ ვიუერკას-იბორეს	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
ES	Aceite Campo de Calatrava	ასეიტე კამპო დე კალატრავა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Aceite Campo de Montiel	ასეიტე კამპო დე მონტიელ	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Aceite de La Alcarria	ასეიტე დე ლა ალკარია	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Aceite de la Comunitat Valenciana	აცეიტე დე ლა კომუნიტატ ვალენსიანა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Aceite de Lucena	აცეიტე დე ლუჩენა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Aceite de la Rioja	ასეიტე დე ლა რიოხა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Aceite de Mallorca / Aceite mallorquín / Oli de Mallorca / Oli mallorquí	ასეიტე დე მალიორკა / ასეიტე მალიორკინ / ოლი დე მალიორკა / ოლი მალიორკი	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Aceite de Navarra	აცეიტე დე ნავარრა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Aceite de Terra Alta / Oli de Terra Alta	ასეიტე დე ტერა ალტა / ოლი დე ტერა ალტა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Aceite del Baix Ebre-Montsià / Oli del Baix Ebre-Montsià	ასეიტე დელ ბაიშ ებრე-მონტსია / ოლი დელ ბაიშ ებრე-მონტსია	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Aceite del Bajo Aragón	ასეიტე დელ ბახო არაგონ	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Aceite Monterrubio	ასეიტე მონტერუბიო	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Aceite Sierra del Moncayo	აცეიტე სიერა დელ მონკაიო	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Antequera	ანტეკერა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Baena	ბაენა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Estepa	ესტეპა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Gata-Hurdes	გატა-ურდეს	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Les Garrigues	ლეს გარიგეს	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Mantequilla de l'Alt Urgell y la Cerdanya / Mantega de l'Alt Urgell i la Cerdanya	მანტეკუილა დე ელ ალტ ურგელ ი ლა ცერდანია / მანტეკუილა დე ელ ალტ ურგელ ი ლა ცერდანია	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)

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ES	Mantequilla de Soria	მანტევილია დე სორია	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Montes de Granada	მონტეს დე გრანადა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Montes de Toledo	მონტეს დე ტოლედო	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Montoro-Adamuz	მონტორო - ადამუზ	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Oli de l'Empordà / Aceite de L'Empordà	ოლი დე ლ'ემპორდა / აციტე დე ლ'ემპორდა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Poniente de Granada	პონიენტე დე გრანადა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Priego de Córdoba	პრიეგო დე კორდობა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Sierra de Cádiz	სიერა დე კადის	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Sierra de Cazorla	სიერა დე კასორლა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Sierra de Segura	სიერა დე სეგურა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Sierra Mágina	სიერა დე მახინა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Siurana	სიურანა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
ES	Ajo Morado de las Pedroñeras	ახო მორადო დე ლას პედრონიერას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Aceituna Aloreña de Málaga	აციტუნა ალორენია დე მალაღა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Aceituna de Mallorca / Aceituna Mallorquina / Oliva de Mallorca / Oliva Mallorquina	აციტუნა დე მალიორკა / აციტუნა მალიორკინა / ოლივა დე მალიორკა / ოლივა მალიორკინა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Alcachofa de Benicarló / Carxofa de Benicarló	"ალკაჩოფადებენიკარლო / კარხოფადებენიკარლო"	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Alcachofa de Tudela	ალკაჩოფა დე ტუდელა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Almendra de Mallorca / Almendra Mallorquina / Ametlla de Mallorca / Ametlla Mallorquina	ალმენდრა დე მალიორკა / ალმენდრა მალიორკინა / ამეტლია დე მალიორკა / ამეტლია მალიორკინა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Alubia de La Bañeza-León	ალუბია დე ლა ბანეზა-ლეონ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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ES	Arroz de Valencia / Arròs de València	აროს დე ვალენსია / აროს დე ვალენსია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Arroz del Delta del Ebro / Arròs del Delta de l'Ebre	აროს დელ დელტა დელ ებრო / აროს დელ დელტა დელ ებრ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Avellana de Reus	აველიანა დე რეუს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Berenjena de Almagro	ბერენჯენა დე ალმაგრო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Calasparra	კალასპარა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Calçot de Valls	კალსოტ დე ვალს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Castaña de Galicia	კასტანია დე გალისია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Cebolla Fuentes de Ebro	ცებოლა ფუნტეს დე ებრო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Cereza del Jerte	სერესა დელ ხერტე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Cerezas de la Montaña de Alicante	სერესას დე ლა მონტანია დე ალიკანტე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Chirimoya de la Costa tropical de Granada-Málaga	ჩირიმოია დე ლა კოსტა ტროპიკალ დე გრანადა-მალაღა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Cítricos Valencianos/ Cítrics Valencians	სიტრიკოს ვალენსიანოს/ სიტრიკს ვალენსიანს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Clementinas de las Tierras del Ebro / Clementines de les Terres de l'Ebre	"კლემენტინას დე ლას ტიერას დელ ებრო / კლემანტინე დე ლეს ტერ დე ლ'ებრე"	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Coliflor de Calahorra	კოლიფლორ დე კალაორა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Espárrago de Huétor-Tájar	ესპარაგო დე უეტორ-თაჯარ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Espárrago de Navarra	ესპარაგო დე ნავარა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Faba Asturiana	ფაბა ასტურიანა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Faba de Lourenzà	ფაბა დე ლოურენცა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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ES	Fesols de Santa Pau	ფესოლს დი სანტა პაუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Garbanzo de Escacena	გარბანცო დე ესკასენა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Garbanzo de Fuentesauco	გარბანსო დე ფუნტესაუკო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Gofio Canario	გოფიო კანარიო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Granada Mollar de Elche / Granada de Elche	გრანად მოლიარ დე ელჩე /გრანადა დე ელჩე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Grellos de Galicia	გრელოს დე გალიცია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Judías de El Barco de Ávila	ხუდიას დე ელ ბარკო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Kaki Ribera del Xúquer	დე ავილა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Lenteja de La Armuña	კაკი რიბერა დელ ხუკერ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Lenteja de Tierra de Campos	ლენტეხა დე ლა არმუნია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Manzana de Girona / Poma de Girona	ლენტეხა დე ტიერა დე კამპოს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Manzana Reineta del Bierzo	მანზანა დე ხირონა / პომა დე ხირონა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Melocotón de Calanda	მანსანა რეინეტა დელ ბიერსო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Melón de la Mancha	მელონ დე ლა მანჩა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Melón de Torre Pacheco-Murcia	მელონ დე ტორე პაჩეკო მურსია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Mongeta del Ganxet	მუნჯეტა დეო განჯეტ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Nísperos Callosa d'En Sarriá	ნისპეროს კალიოსა დ'ენ სარია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Papas Antiguas de Canarias	პაპას ანტიგუა დე კანარია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Pasas de Málaga	პასას დე მალადა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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ES	Pataca de Galicia / Patata de Galicia	პატაკა დე გალისია / პატატა დე გალისია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Patatas de Prades / Patates de Prades	პატატას დე პრადეს / პატატ დე პრად	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Pemento de Mougán	პემენტო დე მოუდან	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Pemento do Couto	პემენტო დო კოუტო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Pera de Jumilla	პერა დე ხუმილია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Pera de Lleida	პერა დე იეიდა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Peras de Rincón de Soto	პერას დე რინკონ დე სოტო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Pemento da Arnoia	პემენტო და არნოია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Pemento de Herbón	პემენტო დე ერბონ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Pemento de Oimbra	პემენტო დე იომბრა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Pimiento Asado del Bierzo	პიმინტო ასადო დელ ბიერსო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Pimiento de Fresno-Benavente	პიმინტო დე ფრესნო ბენავენტე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Pimiento de Gernika or Gernikako Piperra	პიმინტო დე გერნიკა ოლ გერნიკაკო პიპერა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Pimiento Riojano	პიმინტო რიოხანო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Pimientos del Piquillo de Lodosa	პიმინტოს დელ პიკილიო დე ლოდოსა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Plátano de Canarias	პლატანო დე კანარიას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Tomate La Cañada	ტომატე ლა კანადა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Uva de mesa embolsada "Vinalopó"	უვა დე მესა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ES	Caballa de Andalucía	ემბოლსადა“ვინალოპო”	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
ES	Mejillón de Galicia / Mexillón de Galicia	მეხილიონ დე ღალისია / მექსილიონ დე ღალისია	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
ES	Melva de Andalucía	მელვა დე ანდალუსია	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom

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ES	Mojama de Barbate	მოხამა დე ბარბატე	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
ES	Mojama de Isla Cristina	მოხამა დე ისლა კრისტინა	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
ES	Alfajor de Medina Sidonia	ალფახორ დე მედინა სიდონია	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
ES	Ensaïmada de Mallorca / Ensaïmada mallorquina	ენსაიმადა დე მალიორკა / ენსაიმადა მალიორკინა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
ES	Jijona	ხიხონა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
ES	Mantecadas de Astorga	მანტეკადას დე ასტორგა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
ES	Mantecados de Estepa	მანტეკადოს დე ესტეპა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
ES	Mazapán de Toledo	მასაპან დე ტოლედო	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
ES	Pa de Pagès Català	პა დე პაჟეს კატალა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
ES	Pan de Alfacar	პან დე ალფაკარ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
ES	Pan de Cea	პან დე სეა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
ES	Pan de Cruz de Ciudad Real	პან დე კრუზ დე კიუდად რეალ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
ES	Polvorones de Estepa	პოლვორონეს დე ესტეპა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
ES	Sobao Pasiego	სობაო პასიეგო	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
ES	Tarta de Santiago	ტარტა დე სანტიაგო	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares

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ES	Turrón de Agramunt / Torró d'Agramunt	ტურრონ დე აგრამუნტ / ტორრო დ'აგრამუნტ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
ES	Turrón de Alicante	ტურრონ დე ალიკანტე	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
ES	Cochinilla de Canarias	კოჩინილა დე კანარიას	Cochineal (raw product of animal origin)
ES	Azafrán de la Mancha	ასაფრან დე ლა მანჩა	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
ES	Chufa de Valencia	ჩუფა დე ვალენსია	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
ES	Pimentón de la Vera	პიმენტონ დე ლა ვერა	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
ES	Pimentón de Murcia	პიმენტონ დე მურსია PDO	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
ES	Sidra de Asturias / Sidra d'Asturies	სიდრა დე ასტურიას / სიდრა დ'ასტურიეს	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
ES	Vinagre de Jerez	ვინაგრე დე ხერეს	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)
ES	Vinagre de Montilla-Moriles	ვინაგრე დე მონტილია-მორილეს	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)
ES	Vinagre del Condado de Huelva	ვინაგრე დელ კონტანდო დე უელვა	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)
FR	Agneau de l'Aveyron	ანო დე ლ'ავეილონ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Agneau de lait des Pyrénées	ანუიო დე ლე დე პიერენი	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Agneau de Lozère	ანო დე ლოზერე	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Agneau de Pauillac	ანო დე პოიაკ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Agneau de Sisteron	ანო დე სისტერონ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Agneau du Bourbonnais	ანო დიუ ბურბონე	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Agneau du Limousin	ანო დიუ ლიმუზენ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Agneau du Périgord	ანო დიუ პერიგორ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Agneau du Poitou-Char-entes	ანო დიუ პუატუ-შადანტ	Fresh meat (and offal)

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FR	Agneau du Quercy	ანიო დიუ კელსი	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Barèges-Gavarnie	ბარეჟ-გავარნი	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Bœuf de Charolles	ბეფ დე შაროლ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Bœuf charolais du Bourbonnais	ბეფ შადოლე დიუ ბუდბონე	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Boeuf de Bazas	ბეფ დე ბაზას	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Bœuf de Chalosse	ბეფ დე შალოს	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Boeuf de Vendée	ბეფ დე ვანდე	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Bœuf du Maine	ბეფ დიუ მენ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Chapon du Périgord	შაპონ დუ პერიგორ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Charolais de Bourgogne	შაროლე დე ბურგონ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Dinde de Bresse	დინდ დე ბლეს	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Fin Gras / Fin Gras du Mézenc	ფინ გრა / ფინ გრა დუ მეზენ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Génisse Fleur d'Aubrac	ჟენის ფლოდ დო ბდაკ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Kintoa	კინტოა	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Maine - Anjou	მენ ანჟუ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Oie d'Anjou	უა დანჟუ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Pintade de l'Ardèche	პინტადე დე ლ'არდეშ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Pintadeau de la Drôme	პინტადე დე ლა დრომე	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Porc d'Auvergne	პორ დოვერნ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Porc de Franche-Comté	პორ დე ფრანშ-კონტე	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Porc de la Sarthe	პოდ დე ლა სარტ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Porc de Normandie	პოდ დე ნორმანდი	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Porc de Vendée	პოდ დე ვანდე	Fresh meat (and offal)

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FR	Porc du Limousin	პოდ დიუ ლიმუზენ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Porc du Sud-Ouest	პორ დუ სუდ ოუესტ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Porc noir de Bigorre	პორკ ნუარ დე ბიგორ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Poularde du Périgord	პულარდ დუ პერიგორ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Poulet de l'Ardèche / Chapon de l'Ardèche	პულეტ დე ლარდეშ / შაპუნ დუ ლ'არდეშ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Poulet des Cévennes / Chapon des Cévennes	პულეტ დე სევენ / შაპუნ დე სევენ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Poulet du Périgord	პულე დუ პერიგორ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Prés-salés de la baie de Somme	პრე სალეს დე ლა ბეიე დე სომე	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Prés-salés du Mont-Saint-Michel	პრე სალე დე მონ სან მიშელ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR / ES	Rosée des Pyrénées Catalanes	როზე დე პიერენე კატალანე	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Taureau de Camargue	ტოლო დე კამადე	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR / ES	Ternera de los Pirineos Catalanes / Vedella dels Pirineus Catalans / Vedell des Pyrénées Catalanes	ტერნერა დე ლოს პირინეოს კატალანეს / ვედელა დელს პირინეუს კატალანს / ვედელ დეს პირინეეს კატალანეს	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Veau d'Aveyron et du Ségala	ვო დე ლ'ავეირონ ე დიუ სეგალა	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Veau du Limousin	ვო დიუ ლიმუზენ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles d'Alsace	ვოლაი დალზას	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles d'Ancenis	ვოლაი დანსენი	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles d'Auvergne	ვოლაი დ'ოვენ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles de Bourgogne	ვოლაი დე ბურგონ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volaille de Bresse / Poulet de Bresse / Poularde de Bresse / Chapon de Bresse	ოლაი დე ბრეს, პულე დე ბრეს / პულად დე ბრეს / შაპონ დე ბრეს	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles de Bretagne	ვოლაი დე ბრეტან	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles de Challans	ვოლაი დე შალან	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles de Cholet	ვოლაი დე შოლე	Fresh meat (and offal)

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FR	Volailles de Gascogne	ვოლაი დე გასკონ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles de Houdan	ვოლაი დე უდან	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles de Janzé	ვოლაი დე ჟანზე	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles de la Champagne	ვოლაი დე ლა შამპან	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles de la Drôme	ვოლაი დე ლა დრომ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles de l'Ain	ვოლაი დე აინ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles de Licques	ვოლაი დე ლიკ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles de l'Orléanais	ვოლაი დე ლ'ოლლეანე	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles de Loué	ვოლაი დე ლუე	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles de Normandie	ვოლაი დე ნორმანდი	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles de Vendée	ვოლაი დე ვანდე	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles des Landes	ვოლაი დე ლანდ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles du Béarn	ვოლაი დიუ ბეარნ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles du Berry	ვოლაი დიუ ბელი	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles du Charolais	ვოლაი დიუ შალოლე	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles du Forez	ვოლაი დიუ ფორე	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles du Gatinais	ვოლაი დიუ გატინე	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles du Gers	ვოლაი დიუ ჟერ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles du Languedoc	ვოლაი დიუ ლანგედოკ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles du Lauragais	ვოლაი დიუ ლოლაგე	Fresh meat (and offal)

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FR	Volailles du Maine	ვოლაი დიუ მენ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles du plateau de Langres	ვოლაი დიუ პლატო დე ლანგლ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles du Val de Sèvres	ვოლაი დიუ ვალ დე სევდ	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Volailles du Velay	ვოლაი დიუ ველე	Fresh meat (and offal)
FR	Boudin blanc de Rethel	ბუდენ ბლან დე რეტელ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Canard à foie gras du Sud-Ouest (Chalosse, Gascogne, Gers, Landes, Périgord, Quercy)	კანად ა ფუა გლა დიუ სიუდ უესტ (შალოს, გასკონ, ჟედ, ლანდ, პედიგოდ, კელსი)	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Coppa de Corse / Coppa de Corse - Coppa di Corsica	კოპა დე კორს/კოპა დე კორს-კოპა დე კორსიკა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Jambon d'Auvergne	ჟამბონ დ'უვერნე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Jambon de Bayonne	ჟამბონ დე ბაიონ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Jambon de l'Ardèche	ჟამბონ დე ლარდეშ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Jambon de Lacaune	ჟამბონ დე ლაკუნე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Jambon de Vendée	ჟამბონ დე ვანდე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Jambon noir de Bigorre	ჯამბონ ნუარ დე ბიგორ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Jambon sec de Corse / Jambon sec de Corse - Prisuttu	ჟამბონ სეკ დე კორს/ჟამბონ სეკ დე კორს - პრისუტუ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Jambon sec des Ardennes / Noix de Jambon sec des Ardennes	ჯამბონ სეკ დე არდენ / ნუა დე ჯამბონ სეკ დეს არდენ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Lonzo de Corse / Lonzo de Corse - Lonzu	ლონზო დე კოდსე / ლონზო დე კოდსე-ლონზუ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Pâté de Campagne Breton	პატე დე კამპან ბრეტონ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Rillettes de Tours	რილეთე დე ტურ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Saucisse de Montbéliard	სუსის დე მუნბელიარ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Saucisse de Morteau or Jésus de Morteau	სოსის დე მოდტუ ან ჟესუს დე მოდტუ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)

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FR	Saucisson de l'Ardèche	სოსისონ დე ლარდეშ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Saucisson de Lacaune / Saucisse de Lacaune	სოსისონ დე ლაკუნ / სოსის დე ლაკუნ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Saucisson sec d'Auvergne / Saucisse sèche d'Auvergne	სუცისონ სეკ დ უვერნე / სუცისე სეშ დუვერნე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FR	Abondance	აბონდანს	Cheeses
FR	Banon	ბანონ	Cheeses
FR	Beaufort	ბოფორ	Cheeses
FR	Bleu d'Auvergne	ბლე დ'ოვერნ	Cheeses
FR	Bleu de Gex Haut-Jura / Bleu de Septmoncel	ბლე დე ჯექს ო-ჯიურა / ბლე დე სემონსელ	Cheeses
FR	Bleu des Causses	ბლე დეზ კოსეს	Cheeses
FR	Bleu du Vercors-Sassenage	ბლე დუ ვერკორ-სასენაჟ	Cheeses
FR	Brie de Meaux	ბრი დე მო	Cheeses
FR	Brie de Melun	ბრი დე მელან	Cheeses
FR	Brillat-Savarin	ბრია სავარენ	Cheeses
FR	Brocciu Corse/ Brocciu	ბროკსიუ კოლს/ ბროკსიუ	Cheeses
FR	Camembert de Normandie	კამამბერ დე ნორმანდი	Cheeses
FR	Cantal / fourme de Cantal / Cantalet	კანტალ / ფურმ დე კანტალ / კანტალეტ	Cheeses
FR	Chabichou du Poitou	შაბიშუ დე პუატუ	Cheeses
FR	Chaource	შაურს	Cheeses
FR	Charolais	შაროლე	Cheeses
FR	Chevrotin	შევროტენ	Cheeses
FR	Comté	კომტე	Cheeses
FR	Crottin de Chavignol/ Chavignol	კროტენ დე შავინიოლი/ შავინიოლი	Cheeses
FR	Emmental de Savoie	ემანტალ დე სავუა	Cheeses
FR	Emmental français est-central	ემანტალ ფრანსე ესტ-სანტალ	Cheeses
FR	Époisses	ეპუასე	Cheeses
FR	Fourme d'Ambert	ფურმ დ'ამბერ	Cheeses
FR	Fourme de Montbrison	ფოლმე დე მონბრიზონ	Cheeses
FR	Gruyère	გლუერ	Cheeses
FR	Laguiole	ლაგიოლ	Cheeses
FR	Langres	ლანგრე	Cheeses

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FR	Livarot	ლივარო	Cheeses
FR	Maroilles / Marolles	მარიოლე / მაროლე	Cheeses
FR	Mâconnais	მაკონე	Cheeses
FR	Mont d'or / Vacherin du Haut-Doubs	მონ დ'ორ / ვაშერენ დუ ოტ დუბს	Cheeses
FR	Morbier	მორბიე	Cheeses
FR	Munster / Munster-Géromé	მუნსტერ / მუნსტერ-ჯერომე	Cheeses
FR	Neufchâtel	ნეფშატელ	Cheeses
FR	Ossau-Iraty	ოსო-ირატი	Cheeses
FR	Pélardon	პელარდონ	Cheeses
FR	Picodon	პიკოდონ	Cheeses
FR	Pont-l'Évêque	პონ-ლ'ევეკ	Cheeses
FR	Poulligny-Saint-Pierre	პულინი-სენ-პიერ	Cheeses
FR	Raclette de Savoie	რაკლეტ დე სავუა	Cheeses
FR	Reblochon / reblochon de Savoie	რებლოშონ / რებლოშონ დე სავუა	Cheeses
FR	Rigotte de Condrieu	რიგოტე დე კონტრიუ	Cheeses
FR	Soumaintrain	სუმანტრაინ	Cheeses
FR	Rocamadour	როკამადურ	Cheeses
FR	Roquefort	როკვორ	Cheeses
FR	Saint-Marcellin	სან მარსელინ	Cheeses
FR	Saint-Nectaire	სენ-ნექტერ	Cheeses
FR	Sainte-Maure de Touraine	სენტ-მორ დე ტურენ	Cheeses
FR	Salers	სალერ	Cheeses
FR	Selles-sur-Cher	სელ-სიურ-შერ	Cheeses
FR	Tome des Bauges	ტომ დე ბოჟ	Cheeses
FR	Tomme de Savoie	ტომ დე სავუა	Cheeses
FR	Tomme des Pyrénées	ტომ დე პიდენე	Cheeses
FR	Valençay	ვალანსეი	Cheeses
FR	Crème d'Isigny	კრემ დ'ისინი	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)

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FR	Crème de Bresse	კრემე დე ბრესე	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
FR	Crème fraîche fluide d'Alsace	კრემ ფრეშ ფლუიდ დ'ალზას	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
FR	Miel d'Alsace	მიელ დ'ალზას	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
FR	Miel de Corse / Mele di Corsica	მიელ დე კოლს / მელე დი კოლსიკა	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
FR	Miel de Provence	მიელ დე პროვანს	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
FR	Miel de sapin des Vosges	მიელ დე საპენ დე ვოსჟ	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
FR	Miel des Cévennes	მიელ დე სევენე	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
FR	Œufs de Loué	ე დე ლუე	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
FR	Beurre Charentes-Poitou / Beurre des Charentes / Beurre des Deux-Sèvres	ბერ შარანტ-პუატუ / ბერ დე შარანტ / ბერ დე დე-სევე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
FR	Beurre d'Isigny	ბედ დ'ისინი	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
FR	Beurre de Bresse	ბოდე დე ბრესე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
FR	Huile d'olive d'Aix-en-Provence	უილ დ'ოლივ დ'ეჟს-ან-პროვანს	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
FR	Huile d'olive de Corse / Huile d'olive de Corse-Oliu di Corsica	უილ დ'ოლივ დე კოლს / უილ დ'ოლივ დე კოლს-ოლიუ დი კორსიკა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
FR	Huile d'olive de Haute-Provence	უილ დ'ოლივ დე ოტ-პროვანს	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
FR	Huile d'olive de la Vallée des Baux-de-Provence	უილ დ'ოლივ დე ლა ვალე დე ბო-დე-პროვანს	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
FR	Huile d'olive de Nice	უილ დ'ოლივ დე ნის	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
FR	Huile d'olive de Nîmes	უილ დ'ოლივ დე ნიმ	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)

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FR	Huile d'olive de Nyons	უილ დ'ოლივ დე ნიონ	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
FR	Abricots rouges du Roussillon	აბრიკოტ რუჟ დუ რუსილონ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Ail blanc de Lomagne	აი ბლან დე ლომან	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Ail de la Drôme	აი დე ლა დრომ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Ail fumé d'Arleux	აი ფუმე დ'ალლუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Ail rose de Lautrec	აი როზ დე ლოტრეკ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Ail violet de Cadours	ე ვიოლე დე კადურ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Artichaut du Roussillon	არტიშუ დუ რუსილონ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Asperge des sables des Landes	ასპერჟ დე საბლ დე ლანდ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Asperges du Blayais	ასპერჟუ დუ ბლაიე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Béa du Roussillon	ბეა დიუ რუსიონ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Chasselas de Moissac	შასელა დე მუასაკ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Châtaigne d'Ardèche	შატენე დ'არდეშ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Choucroute d'Alsace	შუკრუტ დალზას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Cidre cotentin / Cotentin	სიდრ კოტანტენ/კოტანტენ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Cidre de Bretagne / Cidre Breton	სიდლ დე ბრეტანე / სიდლე ბლეტონ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Cidre de Normandie / Cidre Normand	სიდლე დე ნორმანდიე / სიდლე ნორმანდ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Citron de Menton	სიტრონ დე მენტონ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Clémentine de Corse	კლემენტინ დე კოლს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Coco de Paimpol	კოკო დე პეიმპოლ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Echalote d'Anjou	ეშალოტ დ'ანჟუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Farine de blé noir de Bretagne / Farine de blé noir de Bretagne — Gwinizh du Breizh	ფარინ დე ბლე ნუარ დე ბრეტან / ფარინ დე ბლე ნუარ დე ბრეტან -გვინიზ დუ ბლეიზ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Farine de châtaigne corse / Farina castagnina corsa	ფარინ დე შატენ კორს / ფარინა კასტანინა კორსა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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FR	Farine de Petit Épeautre de Haute Provence	ფარინ დე პეტიტ ეპუტრე დე ოტ პლოვანს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Figue de Solliès	ფიგ დე სოლიეს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Fraise du Périgord	ფრეზ დიუ პერიგორ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Fraises de Nîmes	ფრეს დე ნიმ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Haricot tarbais	არიკო ტარბე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Kiwi de l'Adour	კივი დე ლ'ადურ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Lentille verte du Puy	ლანტი ვერტ დიუ პვი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Lentilles vertes du Berry	ლანტი ველტ დიუ ბელი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Lingot du Nord	ლინგო დიუ ნორ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Lucques du Languedoc	ლუკ დუ ლანგდოკ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Mâche nantaise	მაშ ნანტეზ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Melon de Guadeloupe	მელონ დე გვადელუპ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Melon du Haut-Poitou	მელონ დიუ ო-პუატუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Melon du Quercy	მელონ დიუ კელსი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Mirabelles de Lorraine	მილაბელ დე ლორენ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Mogette de Vendée	მოჟეტ დე ვანდე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Muscat du Ventoux	მუსკატ დიუ ვანტუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Noisette de Cervione — Nuciola di Cervioni	ნუაზეტ დე სეღვიონ - ნუსიოლა დი სეღვიონი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Noix de Grenoble	ნუა დე გლენობლ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Noix du Périgord	ნუა დიუ პერიგორ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Oignon de Roscoff	ონიონ დე როსკოფ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Oignon doux des Cévennes	ონიონ დუ დე სევენ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Olive de Nice	ოლივ დე ნის	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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FR	Olive de Nîmes	ოლივ დე ნიმ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Olives cassées de la Vallée des Baux de Provence	ოლივ კასე დე ლა ვალე დე ბო დე პროვანს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Olives noires de la Vallée des Baux de Provence	ოლივ ნუად დე ლა ვალე დე ბო დე პროვანს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Olives noires de Nyons	ოლივ ნუად დე ნიონ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Petit Épeautre de Haute Provence	პეტი ეპოტლ დე ოტ პროვანს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Poireaux de Créances	პუალო დე კრეანს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Pomelo de Corse	პომელო დე კოლს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Pomme de terre de l'Île de Ré	პომ დე ტელ დე ლ'ი დე რე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Pomme du Limousin	პომ დიუ ლიმუზენ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Pommes de terre de Merville	პომ დე ტელ დე მელვილ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Pommes des Alpes de Haute Durance	პომე დეს ალპე დე ოტ დურანს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Pommes et poires de Savoie/Pommes de Savoie/Poires de Savoie	პომ ე პუარ დე სავუა/პომ დე სავუა/პუარ დე სავუა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Pruneaux d'Agen / Pruneaux d'Agen mi-cuits	პლიუნო დ'აჟენ / პლიუნო დ'აჟენ მი-კუი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Riz de Camargue	დი დე კამადგ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Thym de Provence	ტიმ დე პროვანს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FR	Anchois de Collioure	ანშუა დე კოლიურ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
FR	Coquille Saint-Jacques des Côtes d'Armor	კოკი სენ-ჟაკ დე კოტ დ'ადმოდ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
FR	Huîtres Marennes Oléron	უიტრ მარენ ოლერონ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
FR	Moules de Bouchot de la Baie du Mont-Saint-Michel	მულ დე ბუშო დე ლა ბე დიუ მონ-სენ-მიშელ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
FR	Bergamote(s) de Nancy	ბერგამოტ დე ნანსი	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares

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FR	Brioche vendéenne	ბრიოშ ვანდეენ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
FR	Gâche Vendéenne	გაშ ვონდეენ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
FR	Moutarde de Bourgogne	მუტარდ დე ბურგონ	Mustard paste
FR	Pâtes d'Alsace	პატ დ'ალზას	Pasta
FR	Raviole du Dauphiné	რავიოლ დუ დოფინე	Pasta
FR	Foin de Crau	ფუნ დე კლო	Hay
FR	Huile essentielle de lavande de Haute-Provence / Essence de lavande de Haute-Provence	უილ ესანსიელ დე ლავანდ დე ოტ-პლოვანს / ესანს დე ლავანდ დე ოტ-პლოვანს	Essential oils
FR	Cornouaille	კორნუაი	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
FR	Domfront	დომფრონ	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
FR	Pays d'Auge / Pays d'Auge-Cambremer	პეი დ'ოჟ / პეი დ'ოჟ-კამბრემერ	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
FR	Piment d'Espelette / Piment d'Espelette - Ezpeletako Biperra	"პიმენდ'ესპელეტეტე / პიმენდ'ესპელეტეტე - ეზპელეტაკობიპერა"	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
FR	Sel de Guérande / Fleur de sel de Guérande	სელ დე გერანდ / ფლერ დე სელ დე გერანდ	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)
FR	Sel de Salies-de-Béarn	სელ დე სალიე დე ბეარნ	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)
HR	Lička janjetina	ლიჩკა იაეტინა	Fresh meat (and offal)
HR	Paška janjetina	პაშკა იაეტინა	Fresh meat (and offal)
HR	Zagorski puran	ზაგორსკი პურან	Fresh meat (and offal)
HR	Baranjski kulen	ბარანსკი კულენ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
HR	Dalmatinski pršut	დალმატინსკი პრშუტ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
HR	Drniški pršut	დრნისკი პრშუტ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)

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HR / SI	Istarski pršut / Istrski pršut	ისტარსკი პრშუტ / ისტრსკი პრშუტ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
HR	Krčki pršut	კრჩკი პრშუტ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
HR	Međimursko meso 'z tiblice	მეჯიმურსკო მესო ზ'ტიბლიცე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
HR	Slavonski kulen / Slavonski kulin	სლავონსკი კულენ/სლავონსკი კულინ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
HR	Slavonski Med	სლავონსკი მედ	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
HR	Ekstra djevičansko maslinovo ulje Cres	ექსტრა დიევიჩანსკო მასლინოვო ულიე კრეს	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
HR	Korčulansko maslinovo ulje	კორჩულანსკო მასლინოვო ულიე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
HR	Krčko maslinovo ulje	კრშკო მასლინოვო ულიე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
HR	Šoltansko maslinovo ulje	შოლტანსკო მასლინოვო ულიე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
HR	Lički krumpir	ლიჩკი კრუმპირ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals fresh or processed
HR	Neretvanska mandarina	ნერეტვანსკა მანდარინა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals fresh or processed
HR	Ogulinski kiseli kupus / Ogulinsko kiselo zelje	ოგულინსკი კისელი კუპუს / ოგულინსკო კისელო ზელიე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals fresh or processed
HR	Varaždinsko zelje	ვარაზდინსკო ზელიე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals fresh or processed
HR	Poljički soparnik / Poljički zeljanik / Poljički uljenjak	პოლიჩკი სოპარნიკ / პოლიჩკი ზალიანნიკ / პოლიჩკი ულიენიაკ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
IT	Abbacchio Romano	აბბაკიო რომანო	Fresh meat (and offal)
IT	Agnello del Centro Italia	ანიელო დელ ცენტრო იტალია	Fresh meat (and offal)
IT	Agnello di Sardegna	ანიელო დი სარდენია	Fresh meat (and offal)
IT	Cinta Senese	ჩინტა სენეზე	Fresh meat (and offal)
IT	Vitellone bianco dell'Appennino Centrale	ვიტელონე ბიანკო დელლ'აპენინო ჩენტრალე	Fresh meat (and offal)
IT	Vitelloni Piemontesi della coscia	ვიტელუნი პიმონტეზი დელა კოშა	Fresh meat (and offal)
IT	Bresaola della Valtellina	ბრეზაოლა დელა ვალტელინა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Capocollo di Calabria	კაპოკოლო დი კალაბრია	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)

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IT	Ciauscolo	ჩიაუსკოლო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Coppa di Parma	კოპა დი პარმა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Coppa Piacentina	კოპპა პიაჩენტინა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Cotechino Modena	კოტეკინო მოდენა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Crudo di Cuneo	კრუდო დი კუნეო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Culatello di Zibello	კულატელლო დი ძიბელლო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Finocchiona	ფინოკიონა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Lardo di Colonnata	ლარდო დი კოლონნატა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Lucanica di Picerno	ლუკანიკა დი პიჩერნო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Mortadella Bologna	მორტადელლა ბოლონია	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Mortadella di Prato	მორტადელა დი პრატო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Pancetta di Calabria	პანჩეტა დი კალაბრია	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Pancetta Piacentina	პანჩეტა პიაჩენტინა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Pitina	პიტინა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Porchetta di Ariccia	პორჩეტა დი არიჩა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Prosciutto Amatriciano	პროშუტო ამატრიჩიანო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Prosciutto di Carpegna	პროშუტო დი კარპენია	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Prosciutto di Modena	პროშუტო დი მოდენა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Prosciutto di Norcia	პროშუტო დი ნორჩია	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Prosciutto di Parma	პროშუტო დი პარმა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Prosciutto di San Daniele	პროშუტო დი სან დანიელე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Prosciutto di Sauris	პროშუტო დი საურის	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Prosciutto Toscano	პროშუტო ტოსკანო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)

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IT	Prosciutto Veneto Berico-Euganeo	პროშუტო ვენეტო ბერიკო-აუგანეო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Salama da sugo	სალიამა და სუგო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Salame Brianza	სალამე ბრიანცა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Salame Cremona	სალამე კრემონა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Salame di Varzi	სალამე დი ვარძი	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Salame d'oca di Mortara	სალამე დ'ოკა მორტარა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Salame Felino	სალიამე ფელინო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Salame Piacentino	სალამე პიაჩენტინო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Salame Piemonte	სალიამი პიემონტე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Salame S. Angelo	სალამე ს. ანჯელო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Salamini italiani alla cacciatora	სალამინი იტალიანი ალლა კაჩატორა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Salsiccia di Calabria	სალსიჩა დი კალაბრია	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Sopressa Vicentina	სოპრესა ვიჩენტინა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Soppresata di Calabria	სოპრესატა დი კალაბრია	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Speck Alto Adige / Südtiroler Markenspeck/ Südtiroler Speck	შპეკ'ალტო ადიჯე / ზუდტიროლერ მარკენშპეკ / ზუდტიროლერ შპეკ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Valle d'Aosta Jambon de Bosses	ვალლე დ'აოსტა ჟამბონ დე ბოსეს	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Valle d'Aosta Lard d'Arnad / Vallée d'Aoste Lard d'Arnad	ვალლე დ'აოსტა ლარდ დ'არნად / ვალლე დ'აოსტა ლარდ დ'არნად	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Zampone Modena	ძამპონე მოდენა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
IT	Asiago	აზიაგო	Cheeses
IT	Bitto	ბიტო	Cheeses
IT	Bra	ბრა	Cheeses
IT	Burrata di Andria	ბურრატა დი ანდრია	Cheeses
IT	Caciocavallo Silano	კაჩოკავალლო სილანო	Cheeses
IT	Canestrato di Moliterno	კანესტრატო დი მოლიტერნო	Cheeses
IT	Canestrato Pugliese	კანესტრატო პულიეზე	Cheeses
IT	Casatella Trevigiana	კასატელა ტრევიჯანა	Cheeses
IT	Casciotta d'Urbino	კაშოტა დ'ურბინო	Cheeses
IT	Castelmagno	კასტელმანო	Cheeses

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IT	Fiore Sardo	ფიორე სარდო	Cheeses
IT	Fontina	ფონტინა	Cheeses
IT	Formaggella del Luinese	ფორმაჯელა დელ ლუინეზე	Cheeses
IT	Formaggio di Fossa di Sogliano	ფორმაჯიო დი ფოსა დი სოლიანო	Cheeses
IT	Formai de Mut dell'Alta Valle Brembana	ფორმაი დე მუტ დელლ'ალტა ვალე ბრემბანა	Cheeses
IT	Gorgonzola	გორგონძოლა	Cheeses
IT	Grana Padano	გრანა პადანო	Cheeses
IT	Montasio	მონტასიო	Cheeses
IT	Monte Veronese	მონტე ვერონეზე	Cheeses
IT	Mozzarella di Bufala Campana	მოცარელა დი ბუფალა კამპანა	Cheeses
IT	Murazzano	მურაცანო	Cheeses
IT	Nostrano Valtrompia	ნოსტრანო ვალტრომპია	Cheeses
IT	Ossolano	ოსსოლანო	Cheeses
IT	Parmigiano Reggiano	პარმიჯანო რეჯანო	Cheeses
IT	Pecorino Crotonese	პეკორინო კროტონეზე	Cheeses
IT	Pecorino delle Balze Volterrane	პეკორინო დელე ბალზე ვოლტერანე	Cheeses
IT	Pecorino di Filiano	პეკორინო დი ფილიანო	Cheeses
IT	Pecorino di Picinisco	პეკორინო დი პიჩინისკო	Cheeses
IT	Pecorino Romano	პეკორინო რომანო	Cheeses
IT	Pecorino Sardo	პეკორინო სარდო	Cheeses
IT	Pecorino Siciliano	პეკორინო სიჩილიანო	Cheeses
IT	Pecorino Toscano	პეკორინო ტოსკანო	Cheeses
IT	Piacentinu Ennese	პიაჩენტინუ ენეზე	Cheeses
IT	Piave	პიავე	Cheeses
IT	Provolone del Monaco	პროვოლონე დელ მონაკო	Cheeses
IT	Provolone Valpadana	პროვოლონე ვალპადანა	Cheeses
IT	Puzzone di Moena / Spretz Tzaori	პუცონე დი მოენა/სპრეტ ცაორი	Cheeses
IT	Quartirolu Lombardo	კუარტიროლო ლომბარდო	Cheeses
IT	Ragusano	რაგუსანო	Cheeses
IT	Raschera	რასკერა	Cheeses
IT	Robiola di Roccaverano	რობიოლა დი როკავერანო	Cheeses

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IT	Salva Cremasco	სალვა კრემასკო	Cheeses
IT	Silter	სილტერ	Cheeses
IT	Spessa delle Giudicarie	სპრესსა დელლე ჯუდიკარიე	Cheeses
IT	Squacquerone di Romagna	სკვაკვერონე დი რომანია	Cheeses
IT	Stelvio / Stilfser	შტელვიო / სტილფსერ	Cheeses
IT	Strachitunt	სტრაკიტუნტ	Cheeses
IT	Taleggio	ტალეჯო	Cheeses
IT	Toma Piemontese	ტომა პიემონტეზე	Cheeses
IT	Valle d'Aosta Fromadzo	ვალლე დ'აოსტა ფრომადძო	Cheeses
IT	Valtellina Casera	ვალტელლინა კაზერა	Cheeses
IT	Vastedda della valle del Belice	ვასტედა დელა ვალე დელ ბელიჩე	Cheeses
IT	Miele della Lunigiana	მიელე დელლა ლუნიჯანა	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
IT	Miele delle Dolomiti Bellunesi	მიელე დელე დოლომიტი ბელუნეზი	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
IT	Miele Varesino	მიელე ვარესინო	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
IT	Ricotta di Bufala Campana	რიკოტა დი ბუფალა კამპანა	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
IT	Ricotta Romana	რიკოტა რომანა	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
IT	Alto Crotonese	ალტო კროტონეზე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Aprutino Pescarese	აპრუტინო პესკარეზე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Brisighella	ბრიზიგელლა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Bruzio	ბრუციო	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Canino	კანინო	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Cartoceto	კარტოჩეტო	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)

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IT	Chianti Classico	კიანტი კლასიკო	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Cilento	ჩილენტო	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Collina di Brindisi	კოლინა დი ბრინდიზი	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Colline di Romagna	კოლინე დი ლომანია	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Colline Pontine	კოლინე პონტინე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Colline Salernitane	კოლინე სალერნიტანე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Colline Teatine	კოლინე ტეატინე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Dauno	დაუნო	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Garda	გარდა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Irpinia - Colline dell'Ufita	ირპინია-კოლინე დელ'უფიტა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Laghi Lombardi	ლაგი ლომბარდი	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Lametia	ლამეტია	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Lucca	ლუკკა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Marche	მარკე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Molise	მოლისე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Monte Etna	მონტე ეტნა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Monti Iblei	მონტი იბლეი	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Olio di Calabria	ოლიო დი კალაბრია	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Penisola Sorrentina	პენისოლა სორენტინა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Pretuziano delle Colline Teramane	პრეტუციანო დელლე კოლინე ტერამანე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Riviera Ligure	რივიერა ლიგურე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Sabina	საბინა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)

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IT	Sardegna	სარდენია	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Seggiano	სეჯანო	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Sicilia	სიცილია	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Tergeste	ტერჯესტე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Terra di Bari	ტერა დი ბარი	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Terra d'Otranto	ტერა დ'ოტრანტო	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Terre Aurunche	ტერე აურუნკე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Terre di Siena	ტერე დი სიენა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Terre Tarentine	ტერე ტარენტინე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Toscano	ტოსკანო	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Tuscia	ტუშია	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Umbria	უმბრია	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Val di Mazara	ვალ დი მაძარა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Valdemone	ვალდემონე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Valle del Belice	ვალლე დელ ბელიჩე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Valli Trapanesi	ვალლი ტრაპანეზი	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Veneto Valpolicella, Veneto Euganei e Berici, Veneto del Grappa	ვენეტო ვალპოლიჩელა, ვენეტო ეუგანეი ე ბერიჩი, ვენეტო დელ გრაპა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Vulture	ვულტურე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
IT	Aglio Bianco Polesano	აგლიო ბიანკო პოლესანო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Aglio di Voghiera	ალიო დი ვოგიერა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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IT	Amarene Brusche di Modena	ამარენე ბრუსკე დი მოდენა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Anguria Reggiana	ანგურია რეჯანა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Arancia del Gargano	არანჩა დელ გარგანო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Arancia di Ribera	არანჩა დი რიბერა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Arancia Rossa di Sicilia	არანჩა როსსა დი სიჩილია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Asparago Bianco di Bassano	ასპარაგო ბიანკო დი ბასსანო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Asparago bianco di Cimadolmo	ასპარაგო ბიანკო დი ჩიმადოლმო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Asparago di Badoere	ასპარაგო დი ბადოერე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Asparago di Cantello	ასპარაგო დი კანტელო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Asparago verde di Altedo	ასპარაგო ვერდე დი ალტედო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Basilico Genovese	ბაზილიკო ჯენოვეზე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Brovada	ბროვადა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Cappero di Pantelleria	კაპერო დი პენტელერია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Carciofo Brindisino	კარჩოფო ბრინდიზინო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Carciofo di Paestum	კარჩოფო დი პაესტუმ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Carciofo Romanesco del Lazio	კარჩოფო რომანესკო დელ ლაციო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Carciofo Spinoso di Sardegna	კარჩოფო სპინოზო დი სარდენია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Carota dell'Altopiano del Fucino	კაროტა დელლ'ალტოპიანო ფუჩინო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Carota Novella di Ispica	კაროტა ნოველა დი ისპიკა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Castagna Cuneo	კასტანია კუნეო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Castagna del Monte Amiata	კასტანია დელ მონტე ამიატა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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IT	Castagna di Montella	კასტანია დი მონტელა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Castagna di Vallerano	კასტანია დი ვალერანო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Ciliegia dell'Etna	ჩილიეჯა დელ ეტნა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Ciliegia di Marostica	ჩილიეჯა დი მაროსტიკა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Ciliegia di Vignola	ჩილიეჯია დი ვინიოლა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Cioccolato di Modica	ჩოკოლატო დი მოდიკა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Cipolla bianca di Margherita	ჩიპოლა ბიანკა დი მარგერიტა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Cipolla Rossa di Tropea Calabria	ჩიპოლა როსა დი ტროპეა კალაბრია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Cipollotto Nocerino	ჩიპოლოტონოჩერინო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Clementine del Golfo di Taranto	კლემენტინე დელ გოლფო დი ტარანტო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Clementine di Calabria	კლემენტინე დი კალაბრია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Fagioli Bianchi di Rotonda	ფაჯოლი ბიანკი დი როტონდა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Fagiolo Cannellino di Atina	ფაჯოლო კანელინო დი ატინა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Fagiolo Cuneo	ფაჯოლო კუნეო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Fagiolo di Lamon della Vallata Bellunese	ფაჯოლო დი ლამონ დელა ვალატა ბელუნეზე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Fagiolo di Sarconi	ფაჯოლო დი სარკონი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Fagiolo di Sorana	ფაჯოლო დი სორანა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Farina di castagne della Lunigiana	ფარინა დი კასტანე დელა ლუნიჯიანა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Farina di Neccio della Garfagnana	ფარინა დი ნეჩო დელა გარფანიანა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Farro della Garfagnana	ფარო დელა გარფანიანა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Fichi di Cosenza	ფიკი დი კოზენცა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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IT	Farro di Monteleone di Spoleto	ფარო დი მონტელეონე დი სპოლეტო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Fico Bianco del Cilento	ფიკო ბიანკო დელ ჩილენტო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Ficodindia dell'Etna	ფიკოდინდია დელლ'ეტნა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Ficodindia di San Cono	ფიკოდინდია დი სანკონო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Fungo di Borgotaro	ფუნგო დი ბორგოტარო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Insalata di Lusìa	ინსალატა დი ლუსია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Kiwi Latina	კივი ლატინა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	La Bella della Daunia	ლა ბელლა დელა დაუნია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Lenticchia di Altamura	ლენტეცკია დი ალტამურა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Lenticchia di Castelluccio di Norcia	ლენტეცკია დი კასტელუჩჩიო დი ნორჩია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Limone Costa d'Amalfi	ლიმონე კოსტა დ'ამალფი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Limone di Rocca Imperiale	ლიმონე დი როკა იმპერიალე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Limone di Siracusa	ლიმონე დი სირაკუზა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Limone di Sorrento	ლიმონე დი სორრენტო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Limone Femminello del Gargano	ლიმონე ფემინელლო დელ გარგანო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Limone Interdonato Messina	ლიმონე ინტერდონატო მესსინა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Marrone del Mugello	მარონე დელ მუჯელლო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Marrone della Valle di Susa	მარონე დელა ვალე დი სუსა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Marrone di Caprese Michelangelo	მარონე დი კაპრეზე მიკელანჯელო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Marrone di Castel del Rio	მარონე დი კასტელ დელ რიო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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IT	Marrone di Combai	მარონე დი კომბაი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Marrone di Roccadaspide	მარონე დი როკადასპიდე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Marrone di San Zeno	მარონე დი სან ძენო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Marrone di Serino/ Castagna di Serino	მარონე დი სერინო / კასტანია დი სერინო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Marroni del Monfenera	მორნი დელ მონფენერა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Mela Alto Adige / Südtiroler Apfel	ნოჩიოლა დელ პიემონტე / ნოჩიოლა პიემონტე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Mela di Valtellina	მელა დი ვალტელინა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Mela Rossa Cuneo	მელა როსა კუნეო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Mela Val di Non	მელა ვალ დი ნონ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Melanzana Rossa di Rotonda	მელანძანა როსა დი როტონდა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Melannurca Campana	მელანურკა კამპანა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Melone Mantovano	მელონე მანტოვანო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Nocciola del Piemonte / Nocciola Piemonte	ნოჩიოლა დელ პიემონტე / ნოჩიოლა პიემონტე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Nocciola di Giffoni	ნოჩიოლა დი ჯიფონი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Nocciola Romana	ნოჩიოლა რომანა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Nocellara del Belice	ნოჯელარა დელ ბელიჩე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Oliva Ascolana del Piceno	ოლივე ასკოლანა დელ პიჩენო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Oliva di Gaeta	ოლივა დი გაეტა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Patata del Fucino	პატატა დელ ფუჩინო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Patata dell'Alto Viterbese	პატატა დელ ალტო ვიტერბეზე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Patata della Sila	პატატა დელა სილა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Patata di Bologna	პატატა დი ბოლონია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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IT	Patata novella di Galatina	პატატა ნოველა დი გალატინა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Patata Rossa di Colfiorito	პატატა როსა დი კოლფიორიტო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Peperone di Pontecorvo	პეპერონე დი პონტეკორვო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Peperone di Senise	პეპერონე დი სენიზე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Pera dell'Emilia Romagna	პერა დელლ'ემილია რომანია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Pera mantovana	პერა მანტოვანა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Pesca di Leonforte	პესკა დი ლეონფორტე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Pesca di Verona	პესკა დი ვერონა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Pesca e nettarina di Romagna	პესკა ე ნეტარინა დი რომანია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Pescabivona	პესკაბივონა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Pistacchio Verde di Bronte	პისტაკიო ვერდე დი ბრონტე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Pomodorino del Piennolo del Vesuvio	პომოდორინო დელ პიენოლო დელ ვეზუვიო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Pomodoro di Pachino	პომოდორო დი პაკინო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Pomodoro S. Marzano dell'Agro Sarnese-Nocerino	პომოდორო ს. მარცანო დელლ'აგრო სარნეზე-ნოჩერინო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Radicchio di Chioggia	რადიკიო დი კიოჯა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Radicchio di Verona	რადიკიო დი ვერონა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Radicchio Rosso di Treviso	რადიკიო როსო დი ტრევიზო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Radicchio Variegato di Castelfranco	რადიკიო ვარიეგატო დი კასტელფრანკო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Riso del Delta del Po	რისო დელ დელტა დელ პო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Riso di Baraggia Biellese e Vercellese	რიზო დი ბარაჯჯია ბიელეზე ე ვერჩელეზე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Riso Nano Vialone Veronese	რიზო ნანო ვიალონე ვერონეზე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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IT	Scalogni di Romagna	სკალონიო დი რომანია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Sedano Bianco di Sperlonga	სედანო ბიანკო დი სპერლონგა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Susina di Dro	სუსინა დი დრო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Uva da tavola di Canicatti	უვა და ტავოლა დი კანიკატი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Uva da tavola di Mazzarone	უვა და ტავოლა დი მაცარონე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Uva di Puglia	უვა დი პულია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
IT	Acciughe Sotto Sale del Mar Ligure	აჩუგე სოტო სალე დელ მარ ლიგურე	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
IT	Cozza di Scardovari	კოცა დი სკარდოვარი	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
IT	Salmerino del Trentino	სალმერინო დელ ტრენტინო	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
IT	Tinca Gobba Dorata del Pianalto di Poirino	ტინკა გობბა დორატა დელ პიანალტო დი პოირინო	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
IT	Trote del Trentino	ტროტე დელ ტრენტინო	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
IT	Cantuccini Toscani / Cantucci Toscani	კანტუჩინი ტოსკანი / კანტუჩი ტოსკანი	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
IT	Coppia Ferrarese	კოპპია ფერარარეზე	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
IT	Focaccia di Recco col formaggio	ფოკაჩა დი რეკო კოლ ფორმაჯო	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
IT	Pagnotta del Dittaino	პანოტა დელ დიტაინო	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
IT	Pampapato di Ferrara / Pampepato di Ferrara	პამპაპატო დი ფერარა / პამპეპატო დი ფერარა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
IT	Pane casareccio di Genzano	პანე კაზარეჩიო დი ჯენცანო	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares

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IT	Pane di Altamura	პანე დი ალტამურა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
IT	Pane di Matera	პანე დი მატერა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
IT	Pane Toscano	პანე ტოსკანო	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
IT	Panforte di Siena	პანფორტე დი სიენა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
IT	Piadina Romagnola / Piada Romagnola	პიადინა რომანიოლა / პიადა რომანიოლა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
IT	Ricciarelli di Siena	რიჩიარელი დი სიენა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
IT	Torrone di Bagnara	ტორონე დი ბანიარა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
IT	Cappellacci di zucca ferraresi	კაპელაჩი დი ზუკა ფერარეზი	Pasta
IT	Culurgionis d'Ogliastra	კულურჯონის დ'ოლიასტრა	Pasta
IT	Maccheroncini di Campofilone	მაკერონჩინი დი კამპოფილონე	Pasta
IT	Pasta di Gragnano	პასტა დი გრანანო	Pasta
IT	Pizzoccheri della Valtellina	პიცოკერი დელა ვალტელინა	Pasta
IT	Bergamotto di Reggio Calabria - Olio essenziale	ბერგამოტო დი რეჯიო კალაბრია – ოლიო ესენციალე	Essential oils
IT	Aceto Balsamico di Modena	აჩეტო ბალზამიკო დი მოდენა	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
IT	Aceto balsamico tradizionale di Modena	აჩეტო ბალზამიკო ტრადიციონალე დი მოდენა	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
IT	Aceto balsamico tradizionale di Reggio Emilia	აჩეტო ბალზამიკო ტრადიციონალე დი რეჯიო ემილია	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
IT	Liquirizia di Calabria	ლიკვირიცია დი კალაბრია	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)
IT	Sale Marino di Trapani	სალე მარინო დი ტრაპანი	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)

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IT	Zafferano dell'Aquila	ძაფფერანო დელლ'აკვილა	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
IT	Zafferano di San Gimignano	ძაფფერანო დი სან ჯიმიანიანო	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
IT	Zafferano di Sardegna	ძაფერანო დი სარდენია	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
CY	Παφίτικο Λουκάνικο Latin equivalent: Pafitiko Loukaniko	პაფიტკო ლუკავიკო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
CY	Κολοκάσι Σωτήρας / Κολοκάσι-Πούλλες Σωτήρας Latin equivalent: Kolokasi Sotiras / Kolokasi-Poules Sotiras	კალოკასი სოტირას / კალოკასი-პულეს სოტირას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals fresh or processed
CY	Γλυκό Τριαντάφυλλο Αγρού Latin equivalent: Glyko Triantafyllo Agrou	გლიკო ტრიანტაფილო აგრო	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
CY	Κουφέτα Αμυγδαλού Γεροσκίπου Latin equivalent: Koufeta Amygdalou Geroskipou	ქუპეტა ამიდდალუ ეროსკიფუ / ქუპეტა ამიდდალუ გეროსკიფუ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
CY	Λουκούμι Γεροσκίπου Latin equivalent: Loukoumi Geroskipou	ლუკუმი გეროსკიპუ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
LV	Latvijas lielie pelēkie zirņi	ლატვიას ლიელიე პელეკიე ზირნი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals fresh or processed
LV	Rucavas baltais sviests	რუთავას ბალტაის სვიესტს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals fresh or processed
LV	Carnikavas nēģi	ცარნიკავას ნეგი	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived there from
LT	Lietuviškas varškės sūris	ლიეტუვიშკას ვარშკეს სურის	Cheeses
LT	Liliputas	ლილიპუტას	Cheeses
LT/PL	Seinų / Lazdijų krašto medus / Miód z Sejneńszczyzny / Łódzkiej	სეინუ / ლაზდიუ კრაშტო მედუს / მიუდ ზ სეინენშჩიონი / ლოზდიეიშჩიონი	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
LT	Daujėnų naminė duona	დაუიენუ ნამინე დონა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
LT	Staklišės	სტაკლიშკეს	Other products of Annex I of the Treaty (spices etc.)

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LU	Viande de porc, marque nationale grand-duché de Luxembourg	ვიანდ დე პორ მარკ ნასიონალ დიუ გრან-დიუშე დე ლიუქსამბურ	Fresh meat (and offal)
LU	Salaisons fumées, marque nationale grand-duché de Luxembourg	სალეზონ ფიუმე, მარკ ნასიონალ დიუ გრან-დიუშე დე ლიუქსამბურ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
LU	Miel - Marque nationale du Grand-Duché de Luxembourg	მიელ-მარკ ნასიონალ დიუ გრან-დიუშე დე ლიუქსამბურ	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
LU	Beurre rose - Marque Nationale du Grand-Duché de Luxembourg	ბერ როზ - მარკ ნასიონალ დიუ გრან-დიუშე დე ლიუქსამბურ	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
HU	Magyar szürkemarha hús	მადიარ სიურკემარჰა ჰუს	Fresh meat (and offal)
HU	Budapesti téliszalámi	ბუდაპეშტი ტელისალიამი	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
HU	Csabai kolbász/Csabai vastagkolbász	ჩაბაი კოლბას / ჩაბაი ვაშტაგკოლბას	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
HU	Gyulai kolbász / Gyulai pároskolbász	დიული კოლბას / დიული პაროშკოლბას	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
HU	Szegedi szalámi / Szegedi téliszalámi	სეგედი სალიამი / სეგედი ტელისალიამი	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
HU	Gönci kajszibarack	გენცი კაისიბარაცკ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
HU	Hajdúsági torma	ხაიდუშაგი თორმა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
HU	Makói petrezselyemgyökér	ვარაზდინსკო ზეიე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
HU	Makói vöröshagyma / Makói hagyma	მაკოი ვოროშაგიმა / მაკოი ჰაგიმა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
HU	Szentesi paprika	სენტეში პაპრიკა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
HU	Szőregi rózsatő	სერეგი როჟატე	Flowers and ornamental plants
HU	Alföldi kamillavirágzat	ალფელდი კამილავირაგზათ	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)
HU	Kalocsai fűszerpaprika - örlemény	კალოჩაი ფიუსერპაპრიკა - იორლემენი	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)
HU	Szegedi fűszerpaprika-örlemény/Szegedi paprika	სეგედი ფიუსერპაპრიკა-ერლემენი /სეგედი პაპრიკა	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices etc.)
NL	Boeren-Leidse met sleutels	ბურენ-ლეიდსე მეტ სლეიტელს	Cheeses
NL	Edam Holland	ედამ ჰოლანდ	Cheeses

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NL	Gouda Holland	გაუდა ჰოლანდ	Cheeses
NL	Hollandse geitenkaas	ჰოლანდსე გეიტენკააშ	Cheeses
NL	Kanterkaas / Kanterkaas / Kanterkomijnkaas	"კანტერკაას / კანტერმახელკაას / კანტერკომეინეკაას"	Cheeses
NL	Noord-Hollandse Edammer	ნორდ-ჰოლანდს ედამერ	Cheeses
NL	Noord-Hollandse Gouda	ნორდ-ჰოლანდს ხაუდა	Cheeses
NL	Brabantse Wal asperges	ბრაბანტშე ვალ აშპერგეს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
NL	De Meerlander	დე მეერლანდერ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
NL	Oppehoezer Ronde	ოპერდოეზერ რონდე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
NL	Westlandse druif	ვესტლანდსე დრეიფ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
AT	Gailtaler Speck	გაილტალერ შპეკ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
AT	Tiroler Speck	ტიროლერშპეკ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
AT	Gailtaler Almkäse	გაილტალერ ალმკეზე	Cheeses
AT	Tiroler Almkäse / Tiroler Alpkäse	ტიროლერ ალმკეზე; ტიროლერ ალპკეზე	Cheeses
AT	Tiroler Bergkäse	ტიროლერ ბერგკეზე	Cheeses
AT	Tiroler Graukäse	ტიროლერ გრაუკეზე	Cheeses
AT	Vorarlberger Alpkäse	ფორარლბერგერ ალპკეზე	Cheeses
AT	Vorarlberger Bergkäse	ფორარლბერგერ ბერგკეზე	Cheeses
AT	Steirisches Kürbiskernöl	შტაირისეს კიურბისკერნოლ	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
AT	Marchfeldspargel	მარხფელდშპარგელ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
AT	Pöllauer Hirschbirne	პოლაუა ჰირშბირნე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
AT	Steirische Käferbohne	შტაირისე კაფარბონე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
AT	Steirischer Kren	შტაირისერ კრენ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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AT	Wachauer Marille	ვაჰაუერ მარილიე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
AT	Waldviertler Graumohn	ვალდვიერტლერ გრაუმოჰნ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
AT	Mostviertler Birnmost	მოსთვიერტლერ ბირნმოსთ	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
PL	Jagnięcina podhalańska	იაგნიეჩინა პოდჰალანსკა	Fresh meat (and offal)
PL	Kiełbasa biała parzona wielkopolska	ქეუბასა ვიაუა პაჟონა ვიელპოლსკა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PL	Kiełbasa lisecka	კიელბასა ლიშეცკა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PL	Kiełbasa piaszczańska	ქეუბასა პიასჩაინსკა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PL	Krupnioki śląskie	კრუპნიოკი შლანსკე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PL	Bryndza Podhalańska	ბრინდჟა პოდჰალანსკა	Cheeses
PL	Oscypek	ოსციპეკ	Cheeses
PL	Redykołka	რედიკოლკა	Cheeses
PL	Ser koryciński swojski	სერ კორიჩინსკი სვოისკი	Cheeses
PL	Wielkopolski ser smażony	ველკოპოლსკი სერ სმაჟონი	Cheeses
PL	Miód drahimski	მიუდ დრაჰიმსკი	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
PL	Miód kurpiowski	მიუდ კურპიოვსკი	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
PL	Miód wrzosowy z Borów Dolnośląskich	მიუდ ვჟოსოვი ზ ბორუე დოლნოშლანსკიხ	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
PL	Podkarpacki miód spadziowy	პოდკარპაკი მიუდ სპაჟიოვი	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)

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PL	Czosnek galicyjski	ჩოსნეკ გალიციისკი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PL	Fasola korczyńska	ფასოლა კორჩინსკა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PL	Fasola Piękny Jaś z Doliny Dunajca / Fasola z Doliny Dunajca	ფასოლა პიეკნი იაშ ზ დოლინი დუნაიცა / ფასოლა ზ დოლინი დუნაიცა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PL	Fasola Wrzawska	ფასოლა ვრავსკა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PL	Jabłka grójeckie	იაბლკა გროეცკე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PL	Jabłka łuckie	იაბლკა ლონცკე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PL	Suska sechłońska	სუსკა სეხლონსკა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PL	Śliwka szydlowska	შლივკა შიდლოვსკა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PL	Truskawka kaszubska / kaszëbskô malëna	ტრუსკავკა კასზუბსკა/ კასზებსკო მალენა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PL	Wiśnia nadwiślanka	ვიშნია ნადვიშლანკა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PL	Karp zatorski	კარპ ზატორსკი	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
PL	Andruty kaliskie	ანდრუტი კალისკიე	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
PL	Cebularz lubelski	ცებულარჟ ლუბელსკი	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
PL	Chleb prądnicki	ხლებ პრონდნიცკი	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
PL	Kołocz śląski/kołacz śląski	კოლოჩ შლასკი / კოლაც შლასკი	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
PL	Obwarzanek krakowski	ობვავანეკ კრაკოვსკი	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
PL	Rogal świętomarciński	როგალ შვენტომარჩინსკი	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares

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PT	Borrego da Beira	ბორეგო დე ბეირა	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Borrego de Montemor-o-Novo	ბორეგო დე მონტემორ-ო-ნოვო	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Borrego do Baixo Alentejo	ბორეგო დო ბაიშო ალენტეჟო	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Borrego do Nordeste Alentejano	ბორეგო დო ნორდესტე ალენტეჟანო	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Borrego Serra da Estrela	ბორეგო სერა დე ესტრელა	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Borrego Terrincho	ბორეგო ტერინჩო	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Cabrito da Beira	კაბრიტო და ბეირა	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Cabrito da Gralheira	კაბრიტო და გრალიეირა	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Cabrito das Terras Altas do Minho	კაბრიტო დას ტერას ალტას დო მინო	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Cabrito de Barroso	კაბრიტო დე ბაროზო	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Cabrito do Alentejo	კაბრიტო დო ალენტეჟო	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Cabrito Transmontano	კაბრიტო ტრანსმონტანო	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Capão de Freamunde	კაპაო დე ფრეამუნდე	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Carnalentejana	კარნალენტეჟანა	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Carne Arouquesa	კარნე აროუკეზა	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Carne Barrosã	კარნე ბაროზენ	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Carne Cachena da Peneda	კარნე კაკენა და პენედა	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Carne da Charneca	კარნე და კარნეკა	Fresh meat (and offal)

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PT	Carne de Bísaro Transmontano / Carne de Porco Transmontano	კარნე დე ბისარო ტრანზმონტანო / კარნე დე პორკო ტრანზმონტანო	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Carne de Bovino Cruzado dos Lameiros do Barroso	კარნე დე ბუვინო კრუზადო დოს ლამეიროს დო ბაროზო	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Carne de Bravo do Ribatejo	კარნე დე ბრავო დო რიბატეჟო	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Carne de Porco Alentejano	კარნე დე პორკო ალენტეჟანო	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Carne dos Açores	კარნე დოს ასორეს	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Carne Marinhosa	კარნე მარინიოზა	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Carne Maronesa	კარნე მარონეზა	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Carne Mertolenga	კარნე მერტოლენგა	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Carne Mirandesa	კარნე მირანდეზა	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Cordeiro Bragançano	კორდეირო ბრაგანსანო	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Cordeiro de Barroso / Anho de Barroso / Cordeiro de leite de Barroso	კორდეირო დე ბაროზო; ანჰო დე ბაროზო; კორდეირო დე ლეიტე დე ბაროზო	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Cordeiro mirandês / Canhão mirandês	კორდეირო მირანდეს / კანჰონო მირანდეს	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Vitela de Lafões	ვიტელა დე ლაფონშ	Fresh meat (and offal)
PT	Alheira de Barroso-Montalegre	ალიეირა დე ბაროზო-მონტალეგრე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)

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PT	Alheira de Mirandela	ალეირა დე მირანდელა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Alheira de Vinhais	ალეირა დე ვინაის	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Butelo de Vinhais / Bucho de Vinhais / Chouriço de Ossos de Vinhais	ბუტელო დე ვინაის / ბუჭო დე ვინაის / კოურისო დე ოსოს დე ვინაის	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Cacholeira Branca de Portalegre	კაკოლეირა ბრანკა დე პორტალეგრე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Chouriça de carne de Barroso-Montalegre	კორისა დე კარნე დე ბაროზო-მონტალეგრე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Chouriça de carne de Melgaço	შოურისა დე კარნე დე მელგასო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Chouriça de Carne de Vinhais / Linguiça de Vinhais	კოურისა დე კარნე დე ვინაის / ლინგუისა დე ვინაის	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Chouriça de sangue de Melgaço	შოურისა დე სანგე დე მელგასო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Chouriça doce de Vinhais	კორისა დოსე დე ვინაის	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Chouriço azedo de Vinhais / Azedo de Vinhais / Chouriço de Pão de Vinhais	კოურისო აზედო დე ვინაის / აზედო დე ვინაის / კოურისო დე პაო დე ვინაის	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Chouriço de Abóbora de Barroso-Montalegre	კორისო დე აბობორა დე ბაროზო-მონტალეგრე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Chouriço de Carne de Estremoz e Borba	კოურისო დე კარნე დე ესტრემოზ ე ბორბა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Chouriço de Portalegre	კოურისო დე პორტალეგრე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Chouriço grosso de Estremoz e Borba	კორისო გროსო დე ესტრემოზ ე ბორბა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Chouriço Mouro de Portalegre	კოურისო მორო დე პორტალეგრე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Farinheira de Estremoz e Borba	ფარინეირა დე ესტრემოზ ე ბორბა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Farinheira de Portalegre	ფარინეირა დე პორტალეგრე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Linguiça de Portalegre	ლინგუისა დე პორტალეგრე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Linguiça do Baixo Alentejo / Chouriço de carne do Baixo Alentejo	ლინგუიჩა დო ბაიშო ალენტეჟო / კურისო დე კარნე დო ბაიშო ალენტეჟო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Lombo Branco de Portalegre	ლომბო ბრანკო დე პორტალეგრე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Lombo Enguitado de Portalegre	ლომბო ენგუიტადო დე პორტალეგრე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)

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PT	Morcela de Assar de Portalegre	მორსელა დე ასარ დე პორტალეგრე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Morcela de Cozer de Portalegre	მორსელა დე კოზერ დე პორტალეგრე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Morcela de Estremoz e Borba	მორსელა დე ესტრემოზ ე ბორბა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Paia de Estremoz e Borba	პაია დე ესტრემოზ ე ბორბა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Paia de Lombo de Estremoz e Borba	პაია დე ლომბო დე ესტრემოზ ე ბორბა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Paia de Toucinho de Estremoz e Borba	პაია დე ტოუსინო დე ესტრემოზ ე ბორბა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Painho de Portalegre	პაინო დე პორტალეგრე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Paio de Beja	პაიო დე ბეჟა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Presunto de Barrancos / Paleta de Barrancos	პრესუნტო დე ბარანკოს / პალეტა დე ბარანკოს	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Presunto de Barroso	პრესუნტო დე ბაროზო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Presunto de Camp Maior e Elvas / Paleta de Campo Maior e Elvas	პრესუნტო დე კამპ მაიორ ე ელვას / პალეტა დე კამპო მაიორ ე ელვას	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Presunto de Melgaço	პრესუნტო დე მელგასო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Presunto de Santana da Serra / Paleta de Santana da Serra	პრესუნტო დე სანტანა და სერრა / პალეტა დე სანტანა და სერრა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Presunto de Vinhais / Presunto Bísaro de Vinhais	პრესუნტო დე ვინაის/პრესუნტო ბიზარო დე ვინაის	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Presunto do Alentejo / Paleta do Alentejo	პრესუნტო დუ ალენტეჟო / პალეტა დო ალენტეჟო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Salpicão de Barroso-Montalegre	სალპიკან დე ბაროზო-მონტალეგრე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Salpicão de Melgaço	სალპიკაო დე მელგასო	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Salpicão de Vinhais	სალპიკონ დე ვინაის	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)

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PT	Sangureira de Barroso-Montalegre	სანგუეირა დე ბაროზო-მონტალეგრე	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
PT	Queijo de Azeitão	კეიჟო დე აზეიტენ	Cheeses
PT	Queijo de cabra Transmontano / Queijo de Cabra Transmontano Velho	კეიჟო დე კაბრა ტრანსმონტანო / კეიჟო დე კაბრა ტრანსმონტანო ველოუ	Cheeses
PT	Queijo de Évora	კეიჟო დე ევორა	Cheeses
PT	Queijo de Nisa	კეიჟო დე ნიზა	Cheeses
PT	Queijo do Pico	კეიჟო დო პიკო	Cheeses
PT	Queijo mestiço de Tolosa	კეიჟო მესტიკო დე ტოლოზა	Cheeses
PT	Queijo Rabaçal	კეიჟო რაბასალ	Cheeses
PT	Queijo S. Jorge	კეიჟო ს. ჟორჟე	Cheeses
PT	Queijo Serpa	კეიჟო სერპა	Cheeses
PT	Queijo Serra da Estrela	კეიჟო სერა და ესტრელა	Cheeses
PT	Queijo Terrincho	კეიჟო ტერინჩო	Cheeses
PT	Queijos da Beira Baixa (Queijo de Castelo Branco, Queijo Amarelo da Beira Baixa, Queijo Picante da Beira Baixa)	კეიჟოს დე ბეირა ბაიშა (კეიჟო დე კასტელიო ბრანკო, კეიჟო ამარელი და ბეირა ბაიშა, კეიჟო პიკანტე და ბეირა ბაიშა)	Cheeses
PT	Mel da Serra da Lousã	მელ და სერა და ლოუსენ	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
PT	Mel da Serra de Monchique	მელ და სერა დე მონკიკე	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
PT	Mel da Terra Quente	მელ და ტერა კუნტე	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
PT	Mel das Terras Altas do Minho	მელ დას ტერას ალტას დო მინო	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
PT	Mel de Barroso	მელ დე ბაროზო	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
PT	Mel do Alentejo	მელ დო ალენტეჟო	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)

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PT	Mel do Parque de Montezinho	მელ დო პარკე დე მონტეზინიო	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
PT	Mel do Ribatejo Norte (Serra d'Aire, Albufeira de Castelo de Bode, Bairro, Alto Nabão)	მელ დო რიბატეჟო ნორტე (სერა დ'აირე, ალბუფეირა დე კასტელო დე ბოდე, ბაირო, ალტო ნაბენო)	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
PT	Mel dos Açores	მელ დოს ასორეს	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
PT	Requeijão da Beira Baixa	რეჟეიჟაო და ბეირა ბაიშა	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
PT	Requeijão Serra da Estrela	რეჟეიჟენ სერა და ესტრელა	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
PT	Travia da Beira Baixa	ტრავია და ბეირა ბაიშა	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
PT	Azeite de Moura	აზეიტე დე მორა	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
PT	Azeite de Trás-os-Montes	აზეიტე დე ტრას-ოს-მონტეს	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
PT	Azeites da Beira Interior (Azeite da Beira Alta, Azeite da Beira Baixa)	აზეიტეს და ბეირა ინტერიორ (აზეიტე და ბეირა ალტა, აზეიტე და ბეირა ბაიშა)	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
PT	Azeite do Alentejo Interior	აზეიტე დო ალენტეჟო ინტერიორ	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
PT	Azeites do Norte Alentejano	აზეიტეს დო ნორტე ალენტეჟანო	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
PT	Azeites do Ribatejo	აზეიტეს დო რიბატეჟო	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
PT	Ameixa d'Elvas	ამეიშა დ'ელვას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Amêndoa Coberta de Moncorvo	ამენდუა კობერტა ჯი მონკორვუ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Amêndoa Douro	ამენდოა დოურო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Ananás dos Açores/São Miguel	ანანას დოს ასორეს/სან მიგუელ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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PT	Anona da Madeira	ანონა და მადეირა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Arroz Carolino das Lezírias Ribatejanas	აროზ კაროლინო დას ლეზირიას რიბატეჟანას	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Arroz Carolino do Baixo Mondego	აროზ კაროლინო დო ბაიხო მონდეგო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Azeitona de conserva Negrinha de Freixo	აზეიტონა დე კონსერვა ნეგრინა დე ფრეიშო	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Azeitonas de Conserva de Elvas e Campo Maior	ასეიტონას დე კონსერვა დე ელვას ე კამპო მაიორ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Batata de Trás-os-montes	ბატატა დე ტრას-ოს-მონტეს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Batata doce de Aljezur	ბატატა დოჩე დე ალჟეზურ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Castanha da Terra Fria	კასტანია დე ტერა ფრია	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Castanha da Padrela	კასტანია და პადრელა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Castanha dos Soutos da Lapa	კასტანა დოს სოუტოს დე ლაპა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Castanha Marvão-Portalegre	კასტანია მარვეონ-პორტალეგრე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Cereja da Cova da Beira	ჩერეჟა და ჩოვა და ბეირა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Cereja de São Julião-Portalegre	სერეჟა დე სან ჟულიენო-პორტალეგრე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Cítrinos do Algarve	ჩიტრინოს დო ალგარვე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Ginja de Óbidos e Alcobaça	გინჯა დე ობიდოს ე ალკობასა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Maçã Bravo de Esmolfe	მასან ბრავო დე ესმოლფე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Maçã da Beira Alta	მასან და ბეირა ალტა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Maçã da Cova da Beira	მასან და კოვა და ბეირა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Maçã de Alcobaça	მასან დე ალკობასა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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PT	Maçã de Portalegre	მასან დე პორტალეგრე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Maçã Riscadinha de Palmela	მასა რისკაჯინია დე პალმელა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Maracujá dos Açores/S. Miguel	მარაკუჟა დოს ასორეს/ს.მიგუელ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Melo de Santa Maria — Açores	მელოა დე სანტა მარია - ასორეს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Pêra Rocha do Oeste	პერა როკა დო ოესტე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Pêssego da Cova da Beira	პესეგო და კოვა და ბეირა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
PT	Fogaça da Feira	ფოგასა და ფეირა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
PT	Folar de Valpaços	ფოლარ ჯი ვალპასუს	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
PT	Ovos moles de Aveiro	ოვუმ მოლეს დე ავეირო	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
PT	Pão de Ló de Ovar	პაო დე ლო დე ოვარ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
PT	Pastel de Chaves	პასტელ ჯი შავეს	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
PT	Pastel de Tentúgal	პასტელ დე ტენტუგალ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
PT	Sal de Tavira / Flor de Sal de Tavira	სალ დე ტავირა / ფლორ დე სალ დე ტავირა	Other products of Annex I of the Treaty (spices etc.)
RO	Salam de Sibiu	სალიამ დე სიბიუ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
RO	Telemea de Ibănești	ტელემეა დე იბანეშტი	Cheeses
RO	Magiun de prune Topoloveni	მაჯუმ დე პრუნე ტოპოლოვენი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
RO	Novac afumat din Țara Bârsei	ნოვაკ აფუმატ დინ ცარა ბერსეი	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
RO	Scrumbie de Dunăre afumată	სკრუმბიე დე დუნარე აფუმატა	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
SI	Kranjska klobasa	კრანისკა კლობასა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Type of product
SI	Kraška panceta	კრაშკა პანცეტა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
SI	Kraški pršut	კრაშკი პრშუტ / კრაშკი პერშუტ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
SI	Kraški zašink	კრაშკი ზაშინკ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
SI	Šebreljski želodec	შებრელსკი ჟელოდეც	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
SI	Zgornjesavinjski želodec	ზგორნიესავინისკი ჟელოდეც	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
SI	Prekmurska šunka	პრეკმურსკა შუნკა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
SI	Prleška tünka	პრლეშკა ტიუნკა / პერლეშკა ტიუნკა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
SI	Bovški sir	ბოუშკი სირ	Cheeses
SI	Mohant	მოხანტ	Cheeses
SI	Nanoški sir	ნანოშკი სირ	Cheeses
SI	Tolminc	ტოლმინც	Cheeses
SI	Ekstra deviško oljčno olje Slovenske Istre	ექსტრა დევიშკო ოლჩნო ოლე სლოვენსკტრ ლსტრე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
SI	Štajersko Prekmursko bučno olje	შტაერსკო პრეკმურსკო ბუჩნო ოლიე	Oils and fats (butter, margarine, oil, etc.)
SI	Jajca izpod Kamniških planin	იაიცა იზპოდ კამნიშკიჰ პლანინ	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
SI	Kočevski gozdni med	კოჩევსკი გოზდნი მედ	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
SI	Kraški med	კრაშკი მედ	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
SI	Slovenski med	სლოვენსკი მედ	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
SI	Ptujski lük	პტუისკი ლუკ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
SI	Štajerski hmelj	შტაერსკი ჰამეი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
SI	Piranska sol	პირანსკა სოლ	Other products of Annex I of the Treaty (spices etc.)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Type of product
SK	Klenovecký syrec	კლენოვეჩკი სირეც	Cheeses
SK	Oravský korbáčik	ორავსკი კორბაჩიკ	Cheeses
SK	Slovenská bryndza	სლოვენსკა ბრინდზა	Cheeses
SK	Slovenská parenica	სლოვენსკა პარენიკა	Cheeses
SK	Slovenský oštiepok	სლოვენსკი ოშტიეპოკ	Cheeses
SK	Tekovský salámový syr	თეკოვსკი სალამოვი სირ	Cheeses
SK	Zázrivské vojky	ზაზრივსკე ვოიკი	Cheeses
SK	Zázrivský korbáčik	ზაზრივსკი კორბაჩიკ	Cheeses
SK	Stupavské zelé	სტუპავსკე ზელე	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
SK	Skalický trdelník	სკალიკი ტრელნიკ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
SK	Paprika Žitava / Žitavská paprika	პაპრიკა ჟიტავა / ჟიტავსკა პაპრიკა	Other products of Annex I of the Treaty (spices etc.)
SK	Levický Slad	ლევიჩკი სალად	Other products of Annex I of the Treaty (spices etc.)
FI	Lapin Poron liha	ლაპინ პორო, ლიჰა	Fresh Meat (and offal)
FI	Lapin Poron kylmäsa-vuliha	ლაპინ პორონ კიულმესავულიჰა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FI	Lapin Poron kuivaliha	ლაპინ პორონ კუივალიჰა	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
FI	Lapin Puikula	ლაპენ პუიკულა	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
FI	Kitkan viisas	კიტკან ვიიშას	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived there from
FI	Puruveden Muikku	პურუვედენ მუიკუ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived there from
FI	Kainuun rönttönen	კენუნ რენტენენ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
SE	Hännlamb	ჰონლამბ	Fresh meat (and offal)
SE	Svecia	შვეცია	Cheeses
SE	Bruna bönor från Öland	ბრიუნა ბენურ ფრონ ელანდ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Type of product
SE	Kalix Ljörom	ქალიქს ლერუმ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
SE	Skånsk spettekaka	სკონსკ სვეთთქაქა	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
SE	Upplandskubb	უპლანდსკუბ	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
UK	Isle of Man Manx Loaghtan Lamb	აისლ ოვ მენ მანქს ლოუთან ლამბ	Fresh meat (and offal)
UK	Lakeland Herdwick	ლეიქლენდ ჰერდვიქ	Fresh meat (and offal)
UK	Orkney beef	ორკნი ბიფ	Fresh meat (and offal)
UK	Orkney lamb	ორკნი ლამბ	Fresh meat (and offal)
UK	Scotch Beef	სკოჩ ბიფ	Fresh meat (and offal)
UK	Scotch Lamb	სკოჩ ლამბ	Fresh meat (and offal)
UK	Shetland Lamb	შეტლანდ ლამბ	Fresh meat (and offal)
UK	Welsh Beef	უელშ ბიფ	Fresh meat (and offal)
UK	Welsh lamb	უელშ ლამბ	Fresh meat (and offal)
UK	West Country Beef	ვესტ კანთრი ბიფ	Fresh meat (and offal)
UK	West Country Lamb	ვესტ კანთრი ლემ	Fresh meat (and offal)
UK	Carmarthen Ham	კამარზენ ჰემ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
UK	Melton Mowbray Pork Pie	მელტონ მოუბრეი პორკ პაი	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
UK	Newmarket Sausage	ნიუმარკეტ სოსიჯ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
UK	Stornoway Black Pudding	სტორნოუევი ბლექ პუდინგ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Type of product
UK	Traditional Cumberland Sausage	თრადიშენელ ქაშბერლენდ სოსიჯ	Meat products (cooked, salted, smoked, etc.)
UK	Beacon Fell traditional Lancashire cheese	ბეკონ ფელ ტრადიშენალ ლანკაშირ ჩიზ	Cheeses
UK	Bonchester cheese	ბონჩესტერ ჩიზ	Cheeses
UK	Buxton blue	ბაქსტონ ბლიუ	Cheeses
UK	Dorset Blue Cheese	დორსეტ ბლიუ ჩიზ	Cheeses
UK	Dovedale cheese	დოვედეილ ჩიზ	Cheeses
UK	Exmoor Blue Cheese	ექსმურ ბლიუ ჩიზ	Cheeses
UK	Orkney Scottish Island Cheddar	ორკნეი სქოთიშ აილანდ ქედარ	Cheeses
UK	Single Gloucester	სინგლ გლუსტერ	Cheeses
UK	Staffordshire Cheese	სტაფორდშირ ჩიზ	Cheeses
UK	Swaledale cheese	სუელდეილ ჩიზ	Cheeses
UK	Swaledale ewes' cheese	სუელდეილ უეს' ჩიზ	Cheeses
UK	Teviotdale Cheese	ტევიოტდეილ ჩიზ	Cheeses
UK	Traditional Ayrshire Dunlop	თრადიშენალ აიშია დანლოპ	Cheeses
UK	Traditional Welsh Caerphilly/Traditional Welsh Caerffili	თრადიშენალ ველშ კარფილი	Cheeses
UK	West Country farmhouse Cheddar cheese	უესტ კანტრი ფერმჰაუს ჩედარ ჩიზ	Cheeses
UK	White Stilton cheese/Blue Stilton cheese	ვაით სტილტონ ჩიზ / ბლუ სტილტონ ჩიზ;	Cheeses
UK	Yorkshire Wensleydale	იორკშია ვენსლეიდეილ	Cheeses
UK	Cornish Clotted Cream	კორნიშ კლოტიდ ქრიმ	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
UK	Armagh Bramley Apples	არმა ბრემლი ევლზ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
UK	Fenland Celery	ფენლანდ ქელერი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
UK	Jersey Royal potatoes	ჯერსი როიალ პიტეიტოს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Type of product
UK	New Season Comber Potatoes/Comber Earlies	ნიუ სიზენ კომბერ ფოთეითოს / კომბერ ერლიზ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
UK	Pembrokeshire Earlies/Pembrokeshire Early Potatoes	პემბროკეშია ერლის/ პემბროკეშია ერლი ფოთეითოს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
UK	Traditional Welsh Cider	თრედიშენალ ველშ საიდერ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
UK	Traditional Welsh Perry	თრედიშენალ ველშ პერი	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
UK	Vale of Evesham Asparagus	ვეილ ოვ ივშემ ასპარაგუს	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
UK	Welsh Laverbread	ველშ ლეივარბრედ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
UK	Yorkshire Forced Rhubarb	იორქშია ფორსდ რუბარბ	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
UK	Arbroath Smokies	არბროუთ სმოკიზ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
UK	Conwy Mussels	კონვი მასელზ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
UK	Cornish Sardines	კორნიშ სარდინს	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
UK	Fal Oyster	ფალ ოისტერ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
UK	Isle of Man Queenies	აილ ოვ მენ ქეინის	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
UK	London Cure Smoked Salmon	ლონდონ ქიურ სმოუქდ სალმონ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
UK	Lough Neagh Eel	ლობ ნეი ილ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
UK	Lough Neagh Pollan	ლოგ ნიიგ პოლენ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
UK	Scottish Farmed Salmon	სკოტიშ ფარმდ სალმონ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
UK	Scottish Wild Salmon	სკოტიშ ვაილდ სელმონ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
UK	Traditional Grimsby Smoked Fish	თრედიშენალ გრიმსბი სმოუქდ ფიშ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
UK	West Wales Coracle Caught Salmon	ვესტ ვეილს კორაკლ ქოთ სალმონ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
UK	West Wales Coracle Caught Sewin	ვესტ ვეილს კორაკლ ქოთ სევინ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Type of product
UK	Whitstable oysters	უაიტსტეიბლ ოისტერზ	Fresh fish, molluscs, and crustaceans and products derived therefrom
UK	Kentish ale and Kentish strong ale	კენტიშ ეილ ანდ კენტიშ სტრონგ ეილ	Beers
UK	Rutland Bitter	რუტლანდ ბიტერ	Beers
UK	Cornish Pasty	ქორნიშ ფესთი	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
UK	Native Shetland Wool	ნეითივ შეთლანდ ვულ	Wool
UK	Anglesey Sea Salt/Halen Môn	ანგლესი სი სოლთ / ჰალენ მონ	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
UK	East Kent Goldings	ისთ კენტ გოლდინგს	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
UK	Gloucestershire cider/perry	გლუსტერშირი სიდერ/პერი	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
UK	Herefordshire cider/perry	ჰერფორდშირი სიდერ/პერი	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)
UK	Worcestershire cider/perry	უორსტერშირი სიდერ / პერი	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc.)

PART B

Agricultural products and foodstuffs other than wines, spirit drinks and aromatised wines of Georgia to be protected in the European Union

Name to be protected	Transcription in Latin characters	Type of product
აჭარული ჩლეჩილი	Acharuli Chlechili	Cheeses
ჩოგი	Chogi	Cheeses
დამბალხაჭო	Dambalkhacho	Cheeses
იმერული ყველი	Imeruli Kveli	Cheeses
ქართული ყველი	Kartuli Kveli	Cheeses
კობი	Kobi	Cheeses
მეგრული სულგუნი	Megruli Sulguni	Cheeses
მესხური ჩეჩილი	Meskhuri Chechili	Cheeses
სულგუნი	Sulguni	Cheeses
სვანური სულგუნი	Svanuri Sulguni	Cheeses
ტენილი	Tenili	Cheeses
თუშური გუდა	Tushuri Guda	Cheeses

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Name to be protected	Transcription in Latin characters	Type of product
მაჭახელას თაფლი	Machakhelas tapli	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
მაწონი	Matsoni	Other products of animal origin (eggs, honey, various dairy products except butter, etc.)
ახალქალაქის კარტოფილი	Akhalkalakis kartopili	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ქუთაისის მწვანილი	Kutaisis mtsvanili	Fruit, vegetables and cereals, fresh or processed
ჩურჩხელა	Churchkhela	Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares
ტყიბულის მთის ჩაი	Tqibulis mtischai	Other products of Annex I to the Treaty (spices, etc)

▼M7

ANNEX XVII-D

GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATIONS OF PRODUCTS AS REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE 170(3) AND (4)

PART A

Wines of the European Union to be protected in Georgia

Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
BE	Côtes de Sambre et Meuse	კოტ დე სამზრ ე მეზ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BE	Hagelandse wijn	ჰაგელანდსე ვინ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BE	Haspengouwse Wijn	ჰასპენგუუსე ვინ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BE	Heuvelandse Wijn	ჰეველანდსე ვინ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BE	Vlaamse mousserende kwaliteitswijn	ვლამსე მოუსერენდე კვალიტისვინ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BE	Crémant de Wallonie	კრემან დე ვალონი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BE	Vin mousseux de qualité de Wallonie	ვენ მუსო დე კალიტე დე ვალონი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BE NL	Maasvallei Limburg	მასვალე ლიმბურგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BE	Vin de pays des Jardins de Wallonie	ვენ დე პეი დე ჟარდენ დე ვალონი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
BE	Vlaamse landwijn	ვლამსე ლანდვინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
BG	Асеновград Equivalent term: Asenovgrad	ასენოვგრად	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Болярово Equivalent term: Bolyarovo	ბოლიაროვო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Брестник Equivalent term: Brestnik	ბრესტნიკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Варна Equivalent term: Varna	ვარნა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Велики Преслав Equivalent term: Veliki Preslav	ველიკი პრესლავ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Видин Equivalent term: Vidin	ვიდინ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Враца Equivalent term: Vratsa	ვრაცა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
BG	Върбица Equivalent term: Varbitsa	ვარბიცა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Долината на Струма Equivalent term: Struma valley	დოლინატა ნა სტრუმა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Драгоево Equivalent term: Dragoevo	დრაგოევო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Евксиноград Equivalent term: Evksinograd	ევქსინოგრად	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Ивайловград Equivalent term: Ivaylovgrad	ივაილოვგრად	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Карлово Equivalent term: Karlovo	კარლოვო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Карнобат Equivalent term: Karnobat	კარნობატ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Ловеч Equivalent term: Lovech	ლოვეჩ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Лозица Equivalent term: Lozitsa	ლოზიცა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Лом Equivalent term: Lom	ლომ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Любимец Equivalent term: Lyubimets	ლიუბიმეც	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Ляковец Equivalent term: Lyakovets	ლიასკოვეც	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Мелник Equivalent term: Melnik	მელნიკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Монтана Equivalent term: Montana	მონტანა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Нова Загора Equivalent term: Nova Zagora	ნოვა ზაგორა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Нови Пазар Equivalent term: Novi Pazar	ნოვი პაზარ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
BG	Ново село Equivalent term: Novo Selo	ნოვო სელო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Оряховица Equivalent term: Oryahovitsa	არიახავიცა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Павликени Equivalent term: Pavlikeni	პავლიკენი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Пазарджик Equivalent term: Pazardjik	პაზარჯიკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Перушица Equivalent term: Perushitsa	პერუშიცა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Плевен Equivalent term: Pleven	პლევენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Пловдив Equivalent term: Plovdiv	პლოვდივ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Поморие Equivalent term: Pomorie	პომორიე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Руса Equivalent term: Ruse	რუსე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Сакар Equivalent term: Sakar	საკარ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Сандански Equivalent term: Sandanski	სანდანსკი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Свищов Equivalent term: Svishtov	სვიშოვ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Септември Equivalent term: Septemvri	სეპტემვრი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Славянци Equivalent term: Slavyantsi	სლავიანცი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Сливен Equivalent term: Sliven	სლივენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Стамболово Equivalent term: Stambolovo	სტამბოლოვო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
BG	Стара Загора Equivalent term: Stara Zagora	სტარა ზაგორა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Сунгурларе Equivalent term: Sungurlare	სუნგურლარე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Сухиндол Equivalent term: Suhindol	სუხინდოლ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Търговище Equivalent term: Targovishte	ტირგოვიშე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Хан Крум Equivalent term: Khan Krum	ხან კრუმ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Хасково Equivalent term: Haskovo	ხასკოვო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Хисаря Equivalent term: Hisarya	ხისარია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Хърсово Equivalent term: Harsovo	ხერსოვო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Черноморски район Equivalent term: Black Sea Region	ჩერნომორსკი რაიონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Шивачево Equivalent term: Shivachevo	შივაჩევო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Шумен Equivalent term: Shumen	შუმენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Южно Черноморие Equivalent term: Southern Black Sea Coast	იუჟნო ჩერნომორიე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Ямбол Equivalent term: Yambol	იამბოლ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
BG	Дунавска равнина Equivalent term: Danube Plain	დუნავსკა რავნინა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
BG	Тракийска низина Equivalent term: Thracian Lowlands	ტრაკიისკა ნიზინა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
CZ	Čechy	ჩეხი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
CZ	Litoměřická	ლიტომიერიცკა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
CZ	Mělnická	მიელნიცკა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
CZ	Mikulovská	მიკულოვსკა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
CZ	Morava	მორავა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
CZ	Novosedelské Slámové vino	ნოვოსედელსკე სლამოვე ვინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
CZ	Slovácká	სლოვაცკა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
CZ	Šobes	შობს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
CZ	Šobeské vino	შობესკე ვინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
CZ	Velkopavlovická	ველკოპავლოვიცკა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
CZ	Znojemská	ზნოემსკა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
CZ	Znojmo	ზნოიმო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
CZ	České	ჩესკე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
CZ	Moravské	მორავსკე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DK	Dons	დანს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DK	Bornholm	ბორნჰოლმ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DK	Fyn	ფიუნ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DK	Jylland	იულენდ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DK	Sjælland	სიალანდ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Ahr	არ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DE	Baden	ბადენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DE	Bürgstadter Berg	ბურგშტადტერ ბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
DE	Franken	ფრანკენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DE	Hessische Bergstraße	ესიშე ბერგშტრასე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DE	Mittelrhein	მეტელრაიმ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DE	Monzinger Niederberg	მონცინგერ ნიდერბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DE	Mosel	მოზელ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DE	Nahe	ნაე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DE	Pfalz	ფალც	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DE	Rheingau	რაინგაუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DE	Rheinhessen	რაინჰესენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DE	Saale-Unstrut	ზაალე უნშტრუტ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DE	Sachsen	ზაქსენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DE	Uhlen Blaufüsser Lay/ Uhlen Blaufüßer Lay	ულენ ბლაუფუსერ ლაი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DE	Uhlen Laubach	ულენ ლაუბახ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DE	Uhlen Roth Lay	ულენ როთ ლაი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DE	Württemberg	ვურტენბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
DE	Ahrtaler Landwein	ართალერ ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Badischer Landwein	ბადიშერ ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Bayerischer Bodensee-Landwein	ბაერიშერ ბოდენზი ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Brandenburger Landwein	ბრანდენბურგერ ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
DE	Landwein der Mosel	ლანდვაინ დერ მოზელ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Landwein der Ruwer	ლანდვაინ დერ რუვა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Landwein der Saar	ლანდვაინ დერ საარ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Landwein Main	ლანდვაინ მაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Landwein Neckar	ლანდვაინ ნეკა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Landwein Oberrhein	ლანდვაინ ობერხაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Landwein Rhein	ლანდვაინ რაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Landwein Rhein-Neckar	ლანდვაინ რაინ -ნეკა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Mecklenburger Landwein	მეკლენბურგერ ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Mitteldeutscher Landwein	მიტერდოიჩერ ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Nahegauer Landwein	ნაგავერ ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Pfälzer Landwein	ფალცერ ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Regensburger Landwein	რეგენბურგერ ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Rheinburgen-Landwein	რაინბურგენ-ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Rheingauer Landwein	რაინგაუერ ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Rheinischer Landwein	რაინიშერ ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Saarländischer Landwein	საარლანდიშერ ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Sächsischer Landwein	ზექსიშერ ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
DE	Schleswig-Holsteinischer Landwein	შლისვიგ ხოლმტეინიშერ ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Schwäbischer Landwein	შვებიშერ ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Starkenburger Landwein	სტარკენბურგერ ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
DE	Taubertäler Landwein	ტაუბერტელერ ლანდვაინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Αγχιάλος Equivalent term: Anchialos	ანხიალოს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Αμύνταιο Equivalent term: Amyndeon	ამინდეო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Αρχάνες Equivalent term: Archanes	არხანეს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Γουμένισσα Equivalent term: Goumenissa	ღუმენისა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Δαφνές Equivalent term: Dafnes	დაფნეს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Ζίτσα Equivalent term: Zitsa	ზიცა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Λήμνος Equivalent term: Limnos	ლიმნოს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Malvasia Πάρος Equivalent term: Malvasia Paros	მალვასია პაროს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Malvasia Σητείας Equivalent term: Malvasia Sitia	მალვასია სიტეიას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Malvasia Χάνδακας - Candia Equivalent term: Malvasia Candia	მალვასია ხანდაკას - კანდია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Μαντινεία Equivalent term: Mantinia	მანდინია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Μαυροδάφνη Κεφαλληνίας Equivalent term: Mavrodaphne of Kefalonia	მავროდაფნი კეფალინიას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Μαυροδάφνη Πατρών Equivalent term: Mavrodaphni of Patra	მავროდაფნი პატრონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
EL	Μεσενικόλα Equivalent term: Mesenikola	მესენიკოლა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Μονεμβασία - Malvasia Equivalent term: Monemvasia - Malvasia	მონემვასია - მალვასია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Μοσχάτος Κεφαλληνίας Equivalent term: Muscat of Kefalonia / Muscat de Céphalonie	მოსხატოს კეფალინიას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Μοσχάτος Λήμνου Equivalent term: Muscat of Limnos	მოსხატოს ლიმნუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Μοσχάτο Πατρών Equivalent term: Muscat of Patra	მოსხატო პატრონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Μοσχάτος Ρίου Πάτρας Equivalent term: Muscat of Rio Patra	მოსხატოს რიუ პატრას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Μοσχάτος Ρόδου Equivalent term: Muscat of Rodos	მოსხატოს როდუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Νάουσα Equivalent term: Naoussa	ნაუსა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Νεμέα Equivalent term: Nemea	ნემეა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Πάρος Equivalent term: Paros	პაროს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Πάτρα Equivalent term: Patra	პატრა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Πεζά Equivalent term: Peza	პეზა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Πλαγιές Μελίτων Equivalent term: Slopes of Meliton	პლაგიეს მელიტონა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Ραψάνη Equivalent term: Rapsani	რაფსანი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Ρόδος Equivalent term: Rhodes	როდოს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Ρομπόλα Κεφαλληνίας Equivalent term: Robola of Kefalonia	რომბოლა კეფალინიას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Σάμος Equivalent term: Samos	სამოს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
EL	Σαντορίνη Equivalent term: Santorini	სანტორინი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Σητεία Equivalent term: Sitia	სიტია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Χάνδακας – Candia Equivalent term: Candia	ხანდაკას-კანდია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
EL	Αβδηρα Equivalent term: Avdira	აღვირა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Άγιο Όρος Equivalent term: Mount Athos / Holly Mount Athos / Holly Mountain Athos / Mont Athos / Άγιο Όρος Άθως	აგιο ორთს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Αγορά Equivalent term: Agora	აგორა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Αιγαίο Πέλαγος Equivalent term: Aegean Sea / Aigaio Pelagos	ეგეო პელაგოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ανάβυσσος Equivalent term: Anavyssos	ანავისოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Αργολίδα Equivalent term: Argolida	არგოლიდა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Αρκαδία Equivalent term: Arkadia	არკადია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Αττική Equivalent term: Attiki	ატიკი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Αχαΐα Equivalent term: Achaia	ახაია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Βελβεντό Equivalent term: Velvento	ველვენდო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Βερντέα Ζακύνθου Equivalent term: Verdean of Zakynthos	ვერდეა ზაკინთოუ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Γεράνεια Equivalent term: Gerania	გერანია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Γρεβενά Equivalent term: Grevena	გრევენა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
EL	Δράμα Equivalent term: Drama	დრამა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Δωδεκάνησος Equivalent term: Dodekanese	დოდეკანისოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Έβρος Equivalent term: Evros	ევროს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ελασσόνα Equivalent term: Elassona	ელასონა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Επανομή Equivalent term: Epanomi	ეპანომი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Εύβοια Equivalent term: Evia	ევია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ζάκυνθος Equivalent term: Zakynthos	ზაკინთოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ηλεία Equivalent term: Iliia	ილია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ημαθία Equivalent term: Imathia	იმათია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ήπειρος Equivalent term: Epirus	იპიროს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ηράκλειο Equivalent term: Heraklion	ირაკლიო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Θάσος Equivalent term: Thasos	თასოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Θαψανά Equivalent term: Thapsana	თაფსანა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Θεσσαλία Equivalent term: Thessalia	თესალია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Θεσσαλονίκη Equivalent term: Thessaloniki	თესლონიკი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Θήβα Equivalent term: Thiva	თივა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Θράκη Equivalent term: Thrace	თრაკი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ικαρία Equivalent term: Ikaria	იკარია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
EL	Ίλιον Equivalent term: Ilion	ილიონ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ίσμαρος Equivalent term: Ismaros	ისმაროს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ιωάννινα Equivalent term: Ioannina	იოანინა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Καβάλα Equivalent term: Kavala	კავალა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Καρδίτσα Equivalent term: Karditsa	კარდიცა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Κάρυστος Equivalent term: Karystos	კარისტოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Καστοριά Equivalent term: Kastoria	კასტორია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Κέρκυρα Equivalent term: Corfu	კერკირა ან კორფუ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Κίσσαμος Equivalent term: Kissamos	კისამოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Κλημέντι Equivalent term: Klimenti	კლიმენტი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Κοζάνη Equivalent term: Kozani	კოზანი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Κοιλάδα Αταλάντης Equivalent term: Atalanti Valley	კილადა ატალანდის	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Κόρινθος Equivalent term: Κορινθία / Korinthos / Korinthia	კორინთოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Κρανιά Equivalent term: Krania	კრანია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Κραννόνα Equivalent term: Krannona	კრანონა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Κρήτη Equivalent term: Crete	კრიტი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Κυκλάδες Equivalent term: Cyclades	კიკლაδες	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
EL	Κως Equivalent term: Kos	კოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Λακωνία Equivalent term: Lakonia	ლაკონია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Λασιθί Equivalent term: Lasithi	ლასითი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Λέσβος Equivalent term: Lesvos	ლესვოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Λετρίνοι Equivalent term: Letrini	ლეტრინი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Λευκάδα Equivalent term: Lefkada	ლევკადა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ληλάντιο Πεδίο Equivalent term: Lilantio Pedio / Lilantio Field	ლილანტიო პედიო / ლილანტიო ფილდ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Μαγνησία Equivalent term: Magnisia	მაგნისია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Μακεδονία Equivalent term: Macedonia	მაკედონია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Μαντζαβινάτα Equivalent term: Mantzavinata	მანძავინატა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Μαρκόπουλο Equivalent term: Markopoulo	მარკოპულო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Μαρτίνο Equivalent term: Martino	მარტინო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Μεσσηνία Equivalent term: Messinia	მესინია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Μεταξάτων Equivalent term: Metaxata	მეტაქსატონ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Μετέωρα Equivalent term: Meteora	მეტეორა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Μέτσοβο Equivalent term: Metsovo	მეტსოვო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
EL	Νέα Μεσημβρία Equivalent term: Nea Mesimvria	ნეა მესიმვრია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Οπούντια Λοκρίδας Equivalent term: Opountia Locris	ოპუნდია ლაკრივას	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Παγγαίο Equivalent term: Paggeo / Pangeon	პაგეო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Παλλήνη Equivalent term: Pallini	პალინი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Παρνασσός Equivalent term: Parnasos	პარნასოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Πέλλα Equivalent term: Pella	პელა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Πελοπόννησος Equivalent term: Peloponnese	პელოპონხოსოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Περία Equivalent term: Pieria	პიერია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Πισάτις Equivalent term: Pisatis	პისატის	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Πλαγιές Αιγιαλείας Equivalent term: Slopes of Aígalia	პლაგიეს ეგიალიას	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Πλαγιές Αίνου Equivalent term: Slopes of Aínos	პლაგიეს ენუ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Πλαγιές Αμπέλου Equivalent term: Slopes of ampelos	პლაგიეს აბელუ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Πλαγιές Βερτίσκου Equivalent term: Slopes of Vertiskos	პლაგიეს ვერტისკოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Πλαγιές Κιθαιρώνα Equivalent term: Slopes of Kithaironas	პლაგიეს კითერონა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Πλαγιές Κνημίδας Equivalent term: Slopes of Knimida	პლაგიეს კნიმიდას	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Πλαγιές Πάικου Equivalent term: Slopes of Paiko	პლაგიეს პაიკუ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Πλαγιές Πάρνηθας Equivalent term: Slopes of Parnitha	პლაგიეს პარნითას	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
EL	Πλαγιές Πεντελικού Equivalent term: Slopes of Pendeliko / Βόρειες Πλαγιές Πεντελικού	პლაგიეს პენდელიკუ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Πυλία Equivalent term: Pylia	პილია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ρέθιμνο Equivalent term: Rethimno	რეთიმნო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ρετσίνα Αττικής Equivalent term: Retsina of Attiki	რეცინა ატიკის	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ρετσίνα Βοιωτίας Equivalent term: Retsina of Viotia	რეცინა ვიოტიას	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ρετσίνα Γιάλτρων Equivalent term: Retsina of Gialtra	რეცინა იალტრონ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ρετσίνα Εύβοιας Equivalent term: Retsina of Evoia	რეცინა ევოიას	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ρετσίνα Θηβών (Βοιωτίας) Equivalent term: Retsina of Thebes (Voiotias)	რეტსინა თივონ (ვიოტიას)	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ρετσίνα Καρύστου Equivalent term: Retsina of Karystos	რეტსინა კარისტუ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ρετσίνα Κορωπίου / Ρετσίνα Κρωπίας Equivalent term: Ρετσίνα Κορωπίου Αττικής / Retsina of Koropi / Retsina of Koropi Attiki	რეცინა კოროპიუ / რეცინა კროპიას	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ρετσίνα Μαρκόπουλου (Αττικής) Equivalent term: Retsina of Markopoulo (Attiki)	რეცინა მარკოპულუ (ატიკის)	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ρετσίνα Μεγάρων Equivalent term: Retsina of Megara (Attiki)	რეცინა მეგარონ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ρετσίνα Μεσογείων (Αττικής) Equivalent term: Retsina of Mesogia (Attiki)	რეცინა მესოგიონ (ატიკის)	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
EL	Ρετσίνα Παιανίας / Ρετσίνα Λιοπεσίου Equivalent term: Ρετσίνα Παιανίας Αττικής / Retsina of Paiania / Retsina of Paiania Attiki	რეცინა პეანიას / რეცინა ლიოპესიუ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ρετσίνα Παλλήνης Equivalent term: Retsina of Pikermi (Attiki)	რეცინა პალინის	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ρετσίνα Πικερμίου Equivalent term: Ρετσίνα Πικερμίου (Αττικής) / Retsina of Pikermi (Attiki)	რეცინა პიკერმიუ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ρετσίνα Σπάτων Equivalent term: Ρετσίνα Σπάτων (Αττικής) / Retsina of Spata (Attiki)	რეცინა სპატონ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ρετσίνα Χαλκίδας (Ευβοίας) Equivalent term: Retsina of Halkida (Evoia)	რეცინა ხალკიდას (ევოიას)	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Ριτσώνα Equivalent term: Ritsona	რიცონა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Σέρρες Equivalent term: Serres	სერეს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Σιάτιστα Equivalent term: Siatista	სიატისტა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Σιθωνία Equivalent term: Sithonia	სითონია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Σπάτα Equivalent term: Spata	სპატა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Στερεά Ελλάδα Equivalent term: Sterea Ellada	სტერეა ელადა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Τεγέα Equivalent term: Tegea	ტეგეა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Τριφυλία Equivalent term: Trifilia	ტრიფილია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Τύρναβος Equivalent term: Tymavos	ტირნავოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
EL	Φθιώτιδα Equivalent term: Fthiotida / Phthiotis	ფთიოტიდა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Φλώρινα Equivalent term: Florina	ფლორინა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Χαλκίδα Equivalent term: Halkidiki	ჰალიკოუნა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Χανιά Equivalent term: Chania	ქანია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
EL	Χίος Equivalent term: Chios	ხიოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Abona	აბონა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Alella	ალელია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Alicante	ალიკანტე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Almansa	ალმანსა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Arabako Txakolina / Txakoli de Álava / Chacolí de Álava	არაბაკო ტსაკოლინა / ტსაკოლი დე ალავა / ჩაკოლი დე ალავა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Arlanza	არლანსა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Arribes	არიბეს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Aylés	აილეს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Bierzo	ბიერსო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Binissalem	ბინისალემ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Bizkaiko Txakolina / Chacolí de Bizkaia / Txakoli de Bizkaia	ბისკაიკო ტსაკოლინა / ჩაკოლი დე ბისკაია / ცაკოლი დე ბიზკაია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
ES	Bullas	ბულიას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Calatayud	კალატაიუდ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Calzadilla	კალცადილა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Campo de Borja	კამპო დე ბორხა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Campo de la Guardia	კამპო დე ლა გვარდია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Cangas	კანგას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Cariñena	კარინენა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Casa del Blanco	კასა დელ ბლანკო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Cataluña	კატალუნია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Cava	კავა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Chacolí de Getaria / Getariako Txakolina / Txakolí de Getaria	ჩაკოლი დე ხეტარია / ხეტარიაკო ტსაკოლინა / ტსაკოლი (ტსაკილი) დე გეტარია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Cigales	სეგალეს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Conca de Barberà	კონკა დე ბარბერა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Condado de Huelva	კონდადო დე უელვა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Costers del Segre	კოსტერს დელ სეგრე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Dehesa del Carrizal	დეესა დელ კარისალ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Dominio de Valdepusa	დომინიო დე ვალდეპუსა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	El Hierro	ელ იერო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	El Terrerazo	ელ ტერერასო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Empordà	ემპორდა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Finca Élez	ფინკა ელეს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
ES	Gran Canaria	გრან კანარია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Granada	გრანადა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Guijoso	გიხოსო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Islas Canarias	ისლას კანარიას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Jerez / Jerez-Xérès-Sherry / Sherry / Xérès	ხერეს / ხერეს-სერეს-სერი / სერი / სერეს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Jumilla	ხუმილია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	La Gomera	ლა გომერა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	La Mancha	ლა მანჩა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	La Palma	ლა პალმა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Lanzarote	ლანსაროტე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Lebrija	ლებრიხა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Los Balagueses	ლოს ბალაგესეს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Málaga	მალაგა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Manchuela	მანჩუელა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Manzanilla / Manzanilla-Sanlúcar de Barrameda	მანსანილია / მანსანილია-სანლუკარ დე ბარამედა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Méntrida	მენტრიდა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Mondéjar	მონდეხარ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Monterrei	მონტერეი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Montilla-Moriles	მონტილია-მორილეს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
ES	Montsant	მონტსანტ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Navarra	ნავარა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Pago de Arinzano	პაგო დე არინსანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Pago de Otazu	პაგო დე ოტასუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Pago Florentino	პაგო ფლორენტინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Penedès	პენედესი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Pla de Bages	პლა დე ბახეს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Pla i Llevant	პლა ი ლევანტ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Prado de Irache	პრადო დე ირაჩე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Priorat	პრიორატ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Rías Baixas	რიას ბაისას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Ribeira Sacra	რიბეირა საკრა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Ribeiro	რიბეირო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Ribera del Duero	რიბერა დელ დუერო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Ribera del Guadiana	რიბერა დელ გვადიანა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Ribera del Júcar	რიბერა დელ ხუკარ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Rioja	რიოხა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Rueda	რუედა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Sierra de Salamanca	სიერა დე სალამანკა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Sierras de Málaga	სიერას დე მალაგა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
ES	Somontano	სომონტანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Tacoronte-Acentejo	ტაკორონტე -ასენტეხო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Tarragona	ტარაგონა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Terra Alta	ტერა ალტა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Tierra de León	ტიერა დე ლეონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Tierra del Vino de Zamora	ტიერა დელ ვინო დე სამორა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Toro	ტორო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Uclés	უკლეს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Utiel-Requena	უტიელ-რეკენია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Valdeorras	ვალდეორას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Valdepeñas	ვალდეპენას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Valencia	ვალენსია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Valle de Güímar	ვალე დე გვიმარ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Valle de la Orotava	ვალე დე ლა ოროტავა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Valles de Benavente	ვალეს დე ბენავენტე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Valtiendas	ვალტიენდას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Vinos de Madrid	ვინოს დე მადრიდი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Ycoden-Daute-Isora	იკოდენ-დაუტ-ისორა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	Yecla	იეკლა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
ES	3 Riberas	3 რიბერას	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Altiplano de Sierra Nevada	ალტიპლანო დე სიერა ნევადა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
ES	Bailén	ბაილენ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Bajo Aragón	ბახო არაგონი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Barbanza e Iria	ბარბანსა ე ირია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Betanzos	ბეტანსოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Cádiz	კადის	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Campo de Cartagena	კამპო დე კარტახენა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Castelló	კასტელიო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Castilla	კასტილია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Castilla y León	კასტილია ი ლეონ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Córdoba	კორდობა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Costa de Cantabria	კოსტა დე კანტაბრია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Cumbres del Guadalfeo	კუმბრეს დელ გვადალფეო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Desierto de Almería	დესიერტო დე ალმერია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Extremadura	ეკსტრემადურა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Formentera	ფორმენტერა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Ibiza / Eivissa	იბისა / ეივისა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Illes Balears	ილეს ბალეარს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Isla de Menorca / Illa de Menorca	ისლა დე მენორკა / ილია დე მენორკა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Laderas del Genil	ლადერას დელ ხენილ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Laujar-Alpujarra	ლაუჯარ-ალპუჯარა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Liébana	ლიებანა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
ES	Los Palacios	ლოს პალსიოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Mallorca	მალიორკა (მაიორკა)	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Murcia	მურსია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Norte de Almería	ნორტე დე ალმერია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Ribeiras do Morrazo	რიბეირას დუ მორასუ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Ribera del Andarax	რიბერა დელ ანდარაკს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Ribera del Gállego-Cinco Villas	რიბერა დელ გალეგო-სინკო ვილიას	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Ribera del Jiloca	რიბერა დელ ხილოკა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Ribera del Queiles	რიბერა დელ კეილეს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Serra de Tramuntana-Costa Nord	სერა დე ტრამუნტანა კოსტა ნორდ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Sierra Norte de Sevilla	სიერა ნორტე დე სევილია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Sierra Sur de Jaén	სიერა სურ დე ხაენ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Sierras de Las Estancias y Los Filabres	სიერას დე ლას ესტანსიას ი ლოს ფილაბრეს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Torreperogil	ტორეპეროგილ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Valdejalón	ვალდეხალონი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Valle del Cinca	ვალე დელ სინკა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Valle del Miño-Ourense / Val do Miño-Ourense	ვალე დე მინიო-ოურენსე / ვალ დო მინიო-ოურენსე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Valles de Sadacia	ვალეს დე სადასია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
ES	Villaviciosa de Córdoba	ვილავიკოსიოსა დე კორდობა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Ajaccio	აჯასიო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Aloxe-Corton	ალოქს-კორტონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace / Vin d'Alsace	ალზას / ვენ დ'ალზას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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FR	Alsace Grand cru Altenberg de Bergbieten	ალზას გრან კრუ ალტენბერგ დე ბერბიტენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Altenberg de Bergheim	ალზას გრანდ კრუ ალტენბერგ დე ბერგაიმ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Altenberg de Wolxheim	ალზას გრან კრუ ალტენბერგ დე ვოლცჰეიმ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Brand	ალზას გრან კრუ ბრენდ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Bruderthal	ალზას გრან კრუ ბრუდენტალ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Eichberg	ალზას გრან კრუ იშბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Engelberg	ალზას გრან კრუ ენგელბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Florimont	ალზას გრან კრუ ფლორიმონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Frankstein	ალზას გრან კრუ ფრანკშტეინ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Froehn	ალზას გრან კრუ ფრო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Furstentum	ალზას გრან კრუ ფურსტენტუმ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Geisberg	ალზას გრან კრუ გისბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Gloeckelberg	ალზას გრან კრუ გლოკოლბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Goldert	ალზას გრან კრუ გოლბერტ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Hatschbourg	ალზას გრან კრუ ჰატსბურგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Hengst	ალზას გრან კრუ ენგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Kaefferkopf	ალზას გრანდ კრუ კეფერკოფ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Kanzlerberg	ალზას გრან კრუ კანზლერბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Kastelberg	ალზას გრან კრუ კასტელბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Kessler	ალზას გრან კრუ კესლერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Kirchberg de Barr	ალზას გრან კრუ კირხბერ დე ბარ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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FR	Alsace Grand cru Kirchberg de Ribeauvillé	ალზას გრან კრუ ქიშბერგ დე რიბუვილე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Kitterlé	ალზას გრან კრუ კიტერლე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Mambourg	ალზას გრან კრუ მამბურგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Mandelberg	ალზას გრან კრუ მანდელბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Marckrain	ალზას გრან კრუ მაკრენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Moenchberg	ალზას გრან კრუ მონჩბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Muenchberg	ალზას გრან კრუ მუნჩბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Ollwiller	ალზას გრან კრუ ოლვილერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Osterberg	ალზას გრან კრუ ოსტერბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Pfersigberg	ალზას გრან კრუ ფერსიგბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Pfingstberg	ალზას გრან კრუ ფინსბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Praelatenberg	ალზას გრან კრუ პრელატენბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Rangen	ალზას გრან კრუ რანგენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Rosacker	ალზას გრან კრუ როსაკერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Saering	ალზას გრან კრუ საერინგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Schlossberg	ალზას გრან კრუ შლოსბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Schoenenbourg	ალზას გრან კრუ შონენბურგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Sommerberg	ალზას გრან კრუ სომერბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Sonnenglanz	ალზას გრან კრუ სონენგლაზ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Spiegel	ალზას გრან კრუ სპიგელ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Sporen	ალზას გრან კრუ სპორენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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FR	Alsace Grand cru Steinert	ალზას გრან კრუ სტენერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Stein-grubler	ალზას გრან კრუ შტეინგრუბლერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Steinklotz	ალზას გრან კრუ სშეინკლოტზ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Vorbourg	ალზას გრან კრუ ვორბურგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Wiebelsberg	ალზას გრან კრუ ვიებელსბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Wineck-Schlossberg	ალზას გრან კრუ ვინეკ შლოზბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Winzenberg	ალზას გრან კრუ ვინზენბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Zinn-koepflé	ალზას გრან კრუ ზინკოეფლე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Alsace Grand cru Zotzenberg	ალზას გრანდ კრუ ზოტცენბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Anjou	ანჟუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Anjou-Coteaux de la Loire	ანჟუ კოტო დე ლა ლუარ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Anjou Villages	ანჟუ ვილაჟ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Anjou Villages Brissac	ანჟუ ვილაჟ ბრისაკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Arbois	არბუა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Auxey-Duresses	ოჟსე დურეს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Bandol	ბანდოლ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Banyuls	ბანიულს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Banyuls grand cru	ბანიულს გრან კრუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Barsac	ბარსაკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Bâtard-Montrachet	ბეტარ-მონტრაშე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Béarn	ბერნ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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FR	Beaujolais	ბოჟოლე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Beaumes de Venise	ბომ დე ვენის	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Beaune	ბონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Bellet / Vin de Bellet	ბელე / ვან დე ბელე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Bergerac	ბერჟერაკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Bienvenues-Bâtard-Montrachet	ბიენვენუეს-ბატარ-მონტრაშე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Blagny	ბლანი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Blanc Fumé de Pouilly / Pouilly-Fumé	ბლან ფუმე დე პუი / პუი ფუმე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Blaye	ბლეი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Bonnes-mares	ბონ მარ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Bonnezeaux	ბონეზო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Bordeaux	ბორდო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Bordeaux supérieur	ბორდო სუპერიორ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Bourg / Bourgeais / Côtes de Bourg	ბურ / ბურჟე / კოტ დე ბურ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Bourgogne	ბურგონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Bourgogne aligoté	ბურგონ ალიგოტე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Bourgogne grand ordinaire / Bourgogne ordinaire / Coteaux Bourguignons	ბურგონ გრანდ ორდინერ / ბურგონ ორდინერ / კოტო ბურგინონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Bourgogne mousseux	ბურგონ მუსე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Bourgogne Passe-tout-grains	ბურგონ პას-ტუ-გრენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Bourgueil	ბურგეი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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FR	Bouzeron	ბუზრონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Brouilly	ბრუიი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Brulhois	ბრულუა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Bugey	ბუჟე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Buzet	ბუზე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Cabardès	კაბარდე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Cabernet d'Anjou	კაბერნე დანჟუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Cabernet de Saumur	კაბერნე დე სამურ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Cadillac	კადილაკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Cahors	კაორ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Cairanne	კერან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Canon Fronsac	კანონ ფრონსაკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Cassis	კასის	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Cérons	სერონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Chablis	შაბლი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Chablis grand cru	შაბლი გრანდ კრუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Chambertin	შამბერტენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Chambertin-Clos de Bèze	შამბერტა კლო დე ბეზ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Chambolle-Musigny	შამბოლ მიუზინი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Champagne	შამპან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Chapelle-Chambertin	შაპელ-შამბერტენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Charlemagne	შარლემან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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FR	Charmes-Chambertin	შარმ-შამბერტენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Chassagne-Montrachet	შასან-მონტრამ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Château-Chalon	შატო-შალონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Château-Grillet	შატო გრილე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Châteaumeillant	შატომეიან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Châteauneuf-du-Pape	შატონეფ-დიუ-პაპ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Châtillon-en-Diois	შატიონ ან-დიუა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Chénas	შენა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Chevalier-Montrachet	მონტრამე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Cheverny	შვერნი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Chinon	შინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Chiroubles	შირუბლ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Chorey-lès-Beaune	შორე ლე ბონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Clairette de Bellegarde	კლერეტ დე ბელგარდ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Clairette de Die	კლერეტ დე დი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Clairette du Languedoc	კლერე დუ ლანგდოკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Clos de la Roche	კლო დე ლა როშ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Clos de Tart	კლო დე ტარ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Clos de Vougeot / Clos Vougeot	კლო დე ვუჟო / კლო ვუჟო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Clos des Lambrays	კლო დე ლამბრე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Clos Saint-Denis	კლო სენ-დენი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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FR	Collioure	კოლიურ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Condrieu	კონდრიე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Corbières	კორბიერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Corbières-Boutenac	კორბიერ ბუტენაკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Cornas	კორნა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Corse / Vin de Corse	კოდს / ვენ დე კოდს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Corton	კორტონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Corton-Charlemagne	კორტონ-შარლემან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Costières de Nîmes	კოსტიერ დე ნიმ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côte de Beaune	კოტ დე ბონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côte de Beaune-Villages	კოტ დე ბონ-ვილაჟ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côte de Brouilly	კოტ დე ბრუი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côte de Nuits-Villages / Vins fins de la Côte de Nuits	კოტ დე ნუი ვილაჟ / ვენ ფან დე ლა კოტ დე ნუი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côte Roannaise	კოტ როანეზ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côte Rôtie	კოტ როტი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Coteaux champenois	კოტო შამპენუა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Coteaux d'Aix-en-Provence	კოტო დ'ეჟს-ან-პროვანს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Coteaux d'Ancenis	კოტო დ'ანსენი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Coteaux de Die	კოტო დე დი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Coteaux de l'Aubance	კოტ დე ლობანს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Coteaux de Saumur	კოტო დო სომიურ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
FR	Coteaux du Giennois	კოტო დიუ ჟიენზუა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Coteaux du Languedoc / Languedoc	კოტო დუ ლანგედოკ / ლანგედოკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Coteaux du Layon	კოტო დუ ლეიონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Coteaux du Loir	კოტ დუ ლუარ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Coteaux du Lyonnais	კოტო დიუ ლიონე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Coteaux du Quercy	კოტო დიუ კერსი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Coteaux du Vendômois	კოტ დუ ვანდომუა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Coteaux Varois en Provence	კოტო ვარუა ან პროვანს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côtes d'Auvergne	კოტ დ'ოვერნ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côtes de Bergerac	კოტ დ'ოვერნ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côtes de Blaye	კოტ დე ბლე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côtes de Bordeaux	კოტ დე ბორდო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côtes de Bordeaux-Saint-Macaire	კოტ დე ბორდო სენ მაკერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côtes de Duras	კოტ დე დიურას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côtes de Millau	კოტ დე მიო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côtes de Montravel	კოტ დე მონრაველ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côtes de Provence	კოტ დე პროვანს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côtes de Toul	კოტ დე ტულ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côtes du Forez	კოტ დიუ ფორე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côtes du Jura	კოტ დუ ჟუდა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côtes du Marmandais	კოტ დიუ მარმანდე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
FR	Côtes du Rhône	კოტ დიუ რონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côtes du Rhône Villages	კოტ დუ რონ ვილაჟ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côtes du Roussillon	კოტ დიუ რუსიონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côtes du Roussillon Villages	კოტ დუ რუსიონ ვილაჟ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Côtes du Vivarais	კოტ დიუ ვივარე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Cour-Cheverny	კურ შევერნი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Crémant d'Alsace	კრემან დალზას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Crémant de Bordeaux	კრემან დე ბორდო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Crémant de Bourgogne	კრემან დე ბურგონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Crémant de Die	კრემან დე დი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Crémant de Limoux	კრემან დე ლიმუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Crémant de Loire	კრემან დე ლუარ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Crémant du Jura	კრემან დიუ ჟიურა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Criots-Bâtard-Montrachet	კრიო-ბატარ-მონტრაჟე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Crozes-Hermitage / Crozes-Ermitage	კროზ-ერმიტაჟ / კროს ერმიტაჟ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Echezeaux	ეშეზუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Entraygues - Le Fel	ანტრეგ ლე ფელ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Entre-Deux-Mers	ანტრ დე-მერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Estaing	ესტან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Faugères	ფოჟერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Fiefs Vendéens	ფიეფ ვანდენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
FR	Fitou	ფიტუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Fixin	ფიხენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Fleurie	ფლერი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Floc de Gascogne	ფლოკ დე გასკონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Fronsac	ფროსნაკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Frontignan / Vin de Frontignan / Muscat de Frontignan	ფრონტიანიან / ვინ დე ფრონტიანიან / მუსკა დე ფრონტიანიან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Fronton	ფრონტონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Gaillac	გაიაკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Gaillac premières côtes	გაიაკ პრემიერ კოტ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Gevrey-Chambertin	ჟევრი-შამბერტენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Gigondas	ჟიგონდა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Givry	ჟივრი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Grand Roussillon	გრან რუსიონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Grands-Echezeaux	გრან ეშეზო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Graves	გრავ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Graves de Vayres	გრავ დე ვერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Graves supérieures	გრავ სუპერიერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Grignan-les-Adhémar	გრინან-ლეზ-ადემარ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Griotte-Chambertin	გრიოტ- შამბერტენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Gros plant du Pays nantais	გრო პლან დიუ პეი ნანტე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Haut-Médoc	ო-მედოკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
FR	Haut-Montravel	ო მონტრაველ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Haut-Poitou	ო-პუატო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Hermitage / Ermitage / L'Ermitage / L'Hermitage	ერმიტაჟ / ერმიტაჟ / ლ'ერმიტაჟ / ლ'ერმიტაჟ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Irancy	ირანსი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Irouléguay	ირულეგო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Jasnières	ჟასნიერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Juliéna	ჟულიენა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Jurançon	ჟურანსონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	La Clape	ლა კლაპ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	La Grande Rue	ლა გრანდ რიუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	La Romanée	ლა რომანე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	La Tâche	ლა ტაშ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Ladoix	ლადუა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Lalande-de-Pomerol	ლალანდ დე პომელოლ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Latricières-Chambertin	ლატრისიერ-შამბერტენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Les Baux de Provence	ლე ბო დე პროვანს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	L'Etoile	ლ'ეტუალ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Limoux	ლიმუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Lirac	ლირაკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Lustrac-Médoc	ლისტრაკ-მედოკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Loupiac	ლუპიაკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Luberon	ლუბერონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
FR	Lussac Saint-Emilion	ლუსაკ სან ემილიონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Mâcon	მაკონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Macvin du Jura	მაკვენ დიუ ჟიურა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Madiran	მადირან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Malepère	მალპერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Maranges	მარანჟე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Marcillac	მარსიაკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Margaux	მარგო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Marsannay	მარსანე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Maury	მორი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Mazis-Chambertin	მაზი-შამბერტენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Mazoyères-Chambertin	მეზუაიერ შამბერტენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Médoc	მედოკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Menetou-Salon	მენტუ სალონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Mercurey	მერკური	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Meursault	მერსო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Minervois	მინერვუა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Minervois-la-Livinière	მინერვუა-ლა-ლივინიერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Monbazillac	მონბაზიაკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Montagne-Saint-Emilion	მონტან სან ემილიონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Montagny	მონტანი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
FR	Monthélie	მონტელიე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Montlouis-sur-Loire	მონ ლუი სულ ლუად	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Montrachet	მონრაშე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Montravel	მონრაველ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Morey-Saint-Denis	მორი-სენ-დენი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Morgon	მორგონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Moselle	მოზელ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Moulin-à-Vent	მულენ-ა-ვან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Moulis / Moulis-en-Médoc	მული / მული ენ მედოკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Muscadet	მუსკადე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Muscadet Coteaux de la Loire	მუსკადე კოტო დე ლა ლუარ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Muscadet Côtes de Grandlieu	მუსკადე კოტ დე გრანლუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Muscadet Sèvre et Maine	მუსკადე სევრ ე მენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Muscat de Beaumes-de-Venise	მუსკა დე ბომ-დე-ვენის	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Muscat de Lunel	მუსკა დე ლუნელ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Muscat de Mireval	მუსკა დე მირევალ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Muscat de Rivesaltes	მუსკა დე რივეზალტ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Muscat de Saint-Jean-de-Minervois	მუსკა დე სენ-ჟაკ დე მინერვუა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Muscat du Cap Corse	მუსკა დიუ კაპ კორს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Musigny	მუზინი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Nuits-Saint-Georges	ნუი სენ ჟორს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
FR	Orléans	ორლენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Orléans - Cléry	ორლენ კლერი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Pacherenc du Vic-Bilh	პაშრანკ დუ ვი-ბილ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Palette	პალეტ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Patrimonio	პატრიმონიო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Pauillac	პოიაკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Pécharmant	პეშარმან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Pernand-Vergelesses	პერნო ვერჟელეს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Pessac-Léognan	პესაკ-ლეონან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Petit Chablis	პეტი შაბლი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Picpoul de Pinet	პიკპულ დე პინე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Pierrevet	პიერევე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Pineau des Charentes	პინო დე შარანტ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Pomerol	პომეროლ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Pommard	პომარ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Pouilly-Fuissé	პუი-ფუისე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Pouilly-Loché	პუი-ლოშე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Pouilly-sur-Loire	პუი სურ ლუარ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Pouilly-Vinzelles	პუი-ვენზელ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Premières Côtes de Bordeaux	პრემიერ კოტ დე ბორდო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Puisseguin Saint-Emilion	პუისგენ სან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Puligny-Montrachet	პულინი მონტრაშე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
FR	Quarts de Chaume	კარ დე შომ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Quincy	კენსი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Rasteau	რასტო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Régnié	რენიე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Reuilly	როელი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Richebourg	რიშბურ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Rivesaltes	რივეზალტ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Romanée-Conti	რომანე კონტი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Romanée-Saint-Vivant	რომანე სენ ვივან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Rosé d'Anjou	როზე დანჟუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Rosé de Loire	ღოსე დე ლუალ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Rosé des Riceys	როზე დე რისი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Rosette	როზეტ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Roussette de Savoie	ღუსეტ დე სავუა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Roussette du Bugey	ღუსეტ დუ ბუჟე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Ruchottes-Chambertin	რუშოტ-შამბერტინ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Rully	რული	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saint-Amour	სენტ-ამურ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saint-Aubin	სენ ობენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saint-Bris	სენ-ბრი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saint-Chinian	სენ-შინიან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
FR	Saint-Emilion	სან ემილიონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saint-Emilion Grand Cru	სან ემილიონ გრანდ კრუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saint-Estèphe	სენტ-ესტეფ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saint-Georges-Saint-Emilion	სან-ჟორჟ-სან- ემილიონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saint-Joseph	სენ-ჟოზეფ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saint-Julien	სენ-ჟულიენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saint-Mont	სენ მონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saint-Nicolas-de-Bourgueil	სენ ნიკოლა დე ბურგეი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saint-Péray	სენ-პერე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saint-Pourçain	სენ-პურსენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saint-Romain	სენ ლომა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saint-Sardos	სენტ სარდო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saint-Véran	სენ-ვერან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Sainte-Croix-du-Mont	სენტ-კრუა დიუ მონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Sainte-Foy-Bordeaux	სენტ ფოი ბორდო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Sancerre	სანსერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Santenay	სანტენე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saumur	სომიურ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saumur-Champigny	სომულ შამპენი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Saussignac	სოსინიაკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Sauternes	სოტერნ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
FR	Savennières	სავანიედ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Savennières Coulée de Serrant	სავენიერ კულე დე სერან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Savennières Roche aux Moines	სავენიერ რომ ო მუან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Savigny-lès-Beaune	სავინი ლე ბეუნ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Savoie / Vin de Savoie	სავუა / ვენ დე სავუა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Seyssel	სეისელ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Tavel	ტაველ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Terrasses du Larzac	ტერას დუ ლარზაკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Touraine	ტურენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Touraine Noble Joué	ტურენ ნობლ ჟუე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Tursan	ტურსან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Vacqueyras	ვაკირა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Valençay	ვალანსი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Ventoux	ვანტუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Vinsobres	ვანსობრ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Viré-Clessé	ვირე-კლესე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Volnay	ვოლნე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Vosne - Romanée	ვოსნ რომანე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Vougeot	ვუჟო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Vouvray	ვუვლე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
FR	Agenais	აჟნე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Alpes-de-Haute-Provence	ალპ დე ოტ პროვანს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
FR	Alpes-Maritimes	ალპ მარიტიმ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Alpilles	ალპიი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Ardèche	არდეშ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Ariège	არიეჟ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Atlantique	ატლანტიკ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Aude	ოდ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Aveyron	ავერონ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Bouches-du-Rhône	ბუშ დიუ რონ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Calvados	კალვადოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Cévennes	სევენ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Charentais	შარანტე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Cité de Carcassonne	სიტე დე კარკასონ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Collines Rhodaniennes	კოლინ როდანიენ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Comté Tolosan	კონტე ტოლოზან	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Comtés Rhodaniens	კონტე როდანიენ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Côte Vermeille	კოტ ვერმეილ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Coteaux d'Ensérune	კოტო დ'ანსერუნ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Coteaux de Coiffy	კოტო კუაფი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Coteaux de Glanes	კოტო დე გლან	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Coteaux de l'Ain	კოტო დე აინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Coteaux de l'Auxois	კოტო დე აოქსუა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
FR	Coteaux de Narbonne	კოტო დე ნარბონ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Coteaux de Peyriac	კოტო დე პეირაკ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Coteaux de Tannay	კოტო დე ტანე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Coteaux des Baronnies	კოტო დე ბარონი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Coteaux du Cher et de l'Arnon	კოტო დიუ შერ ე დე ლ'არონ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Coteaux du Libron	კოტო დიუ ლიბრონ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Coteaux du Pont du Gard	კოტო დიუ პონ დიუ გარ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Côtes Catalanes	კოტ კატალან	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Côtes de Gascogne	კოტ დე გასკონ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Côtes de la Charité	კოტ დე ლა შარიტე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Côtes de Meuse	კოტ დე მეზ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Côtes de Thau	კოტ დე ტო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Côtes de Thongue	კოტ დე ტონგ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Côtes du Lot	კოტ დუ ლო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Côtes du Tarn	კოტ დიუ ტარნ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Drôme	დრომ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Duché d'Uzès	დიუშე დ'უზე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Franche-Comté	ფრანშ-კომტე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Gard	გარდ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Gers	ჟერ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Haute Vallée de l'Aude	ოტ ვალე დე ლ'ოდ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
FR	Haute Vallée de l'Orb	ოტ ვალე დე ლ'ორბ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Haute-Marne	ოტ მარნ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Haute-Vienne	ოტ-ვიენ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Hautes-Alpes	ოტ-ალპ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Île de Beauté	ილ დე ბოტე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Isère	იზერ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Landes	ლანდ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Lavilledieu	ლავიედუი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Le Pays Cathare	ლე პეი კატარ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Maures	მორ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Méditerranée	მედიტერანე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Mont Caume	მონ კომ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Pays d'Hérault	პაი დ'ეროლ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Pays d'Oc	პეი დ'ოკ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Périgord	პერიგორ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Puy-de-Dôme	პუი დე დომ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Sable de Camargue	საბლ დე კამარგ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Saint-Guilhem-le-Désert	სენ გილემ ლე დეზერ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Sainte-Marie-la-Blanche	სან მარი ლა ბლანშ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Saône-et-Loire	სონ-ე-ლუარ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Thézac-Perricard	პერიკარ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
FR	Urfé	ურფე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Val de Loire	ვალ დე ლუარ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Vallée du Paradis	ვალე დიუ პარადი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Vallée du Torgan	ვალე დუ ტორგან	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Var	ვარ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Vaucluse	ვოკლიუზ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Vicomté d'Aumelas	ვიკონტე დ'ომლა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Vin des Albobroges	ვენ დე ალობროჟ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Vins de la Corrèze	ვენ დე ლა კორეზ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
FR	Yonne	იონ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
HR	Dalmatinska zagora	დალმატინსკა ზაგორა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HR	Dingač	დინგაჩ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HR	Hrvatska Istra	ხრვატსკა ისტრა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HR	Hrvatsko Podunavlje	ხრვატსკო პოდუნავიე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HR	Hrvatsko primorje	ხრვატსკო პრიმორიე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HR	Istočna kontinentalna Hrvatska	ისტოჩნა კონტინენტალნა ხრვატსკა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HR	Moslavina	მოსლავინა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HR	Plešivica	პლეშევიცა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HR	Pokuplje	პოკუპლიე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HR	Prigorje-Bilogora	პრიგორიე - ბილოგორა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HR	Primorska Hrvatska	პრიმორსკა ხრვატსკა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
HR	Sjeverna Dalmacija	სიევერნა დალმაცია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HR	Slavonija	სლავონია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HR	Srednja i Južna Dalmacija	სრედნა ი იუჟნა დალმაცია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HR	Zagorje – Međimurje	ზაგორიე მედიმურე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HR	Zapadna kontinentalna Hrvatska	ზაპადნა კონტინენტალნა ხრვატსკა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Abruzzo	აბრუცო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Aglianico del Taburno	აღიანიკო დელ ტაბურნო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Aglianico del Vulture	აღიანიკო დელ ვულტურე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Aglianico del Vulture Superiore	აღიანიკო დელ ვულტურე სუპერიორე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Alba	ალბა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Albugnano	ალბუნანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Alcamo	ალკამო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Aleatico di Gradoli	ალეატიკო დი გრადოლი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Aleatico di Puglia	ალეატიკო დი პულაია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Aleatico Passito dell'Elba / Elba Aleatico Passito	ალეატიკო პასიტო დელ ელბა / ელბა ალეატიკო პასიტო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Alezio	ალეციო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Alghero	ალგერო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Alta Langa	ალტა ლანგა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Alto Adige / dell'Alto Adige / Südtirol / Südtiroler	ალტო ადიჯე / დელ'ალტო ადიჯე / სუდეტიორლა / სუდეტიორლერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Amarone della Valpolicella	ამარონე დელა ვალპოლიჩელა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Amelia	ამელია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
IT	Ansonica Costa dell'Argentario	ანსონიკა კოსტა დელ'არჯენტარიო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Aprilia	აპრილია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Arborea	არბორეა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Arcole	არკოლე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Assisi	ასიზი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Asti	ასტი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Atina	ატინა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Aversa	ავერსა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Bagnoli di Sopra / Bagnoli	ვანიოლი დი სოპრა / ვანიოლი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Bagnoli Friularo / Friularo di Bagnoli	ვანიოლი ფრიულარო / ფრიულარო დი ვანიოლი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Barbaresco	ბარბარესკო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Barbera d'Alba	ბარბერა დ'ალბა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Barbera d'Asti	ბარბერა დ'ასტი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Barbera del Monferrato	ბარბერა დელ მონფერატო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Barbera del Monferrato Superiore	ბარბერა დელ მონფერატო სუპერიორე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Barco Reale di Carmignano	ბარკო რეალე დი კარმინიანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Bardolino	ბარდოლინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Bardolino Superiore	ბარდოლინო სუპერიორე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Barletta	ბარლეტა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Barolo	ბაროლო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Bianchetto del Metauro	ბიანკელო დელ მეტაურო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Bianco Capena	ბიანკო კაპენა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Bianco dell'Empolese	ბიანკო დელ'ემპოლესე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
IT	Bianco di Custoza / Custoza	ბიანკო დი კუსტოცა / კუსტოცა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Bianco di Pitigliano	ბიანკო დი პიტილიანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Biferno	ბიფერნო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Bivongi	ბივონჯი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Boca	ბოკა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Bolgheri	ბოლგერი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Bolgheri Sassicaia	ბოლგერი სასიკაია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Bonarda dell'Oltrepò Pavese	ბონარდა დელ ოლტრეპო პავესე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Bosco Eliceo	ბოსკო ელიჩეო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Botticino	ბოტიჩინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Brachetto d'Acqui / Acqui	ბრაკეტო დ'აკვი / აკუი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Bramaterra	ბრამატერა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Breganze	ბრეგანცე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Brindisi	ბრინდიზი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Brunello di Montalcino	ბრუნელო დი მონტალჩინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Buttafuoco / Buttafuoco dell'Oltrepò Pavese	ბუტაფუოკო / ბუტაფუოკო დელ ოლტრეპო პავესე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cacc'e mmitte di Lucera	კაჩე მიტე დე ლუჩერა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cagliari	კალიარი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Calosso	კალოსო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Campi Flegrei	კამპი ფლეგრეი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
IT	Campidano di Terralba / Terralba	კამპიდანო დი ტერალბა / ტერალბა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Canavese	კანავეზე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Candia dei Colli Apuani	კანდია დეი კოლი აპუანი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cannellino di Frascati	კანელინო დი ფრასკატი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cannonau di Sardegna	კანონაუ დი სარდენია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Capalbio	კაპალბიო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Capri	კაპრი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Capriano del Colle	კაპრიანო დელ კოლე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Carema	კარემა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Carignano del Sulcis	კარინიანო დელ სულჩის	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Carmignano	კარმინიანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Carso / Carso - Kras	კარსო / კარსო - კრას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Casavecchia di Pontelatone	კაზავეკია დი პონტელატონე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Casteggio	კასტეჯო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Castel del Monte	კასტელ დელ მონტე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Castel del Monte Bombino Nero	კასტელ დელ მონტე ბომბინო ნერო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Castel del Monte Nero di Troia Riserva	კასტელ დელ მონტე ნერო დი ტროია რიზერვა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Castel del Monte Rosso Riserva	კასტელ დელ მონტე როსო რიზერვა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Castel San Lorenzo	კასტელ სან ლორენცო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Casteller	კასტელერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Castelli di Jesi Verdicchio Riserva	კასტელი დე იესი ვერდიჩიო რიზერვა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Castelli Romani	კასტელი რომანი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
IT	Cellatica	ჩელატიკა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cerasuolo d'Abruzzo	კერასუოლო დაბრუცო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cerasuolo di Vittoria	კარასუოლო დი ვიტორია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cerveteri	ჩერვეტერი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cesanese del Piglio / Piglio	ჩეზანეზე დელ პილიო / პილიო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cesanese di Affile / Affile	ჩეზანეზე დი აფილე / აფილე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cesanese di Olevano Romano / Olevano Romano	ჩეზანეზე დი ოლევანო რომანო / ოლევანო რომანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Chianti	ჩიანტი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Chianti Classico	ჩიანტი კლასიკო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cilento	ჩილენტო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cinque Terre / Cinque Terre Sciacchetrà	ჩინკუე ტერე / ჩინკუე ტერე შაკეტრა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Circeo	ჩირჩეო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cirò	ჩირო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cisterna d'Asti	ჩიზერნა დ'ასტი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colleoni / Terre del Colleoni	კოლეონი / ტერე დელ კოლეონი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Albani	კოლი ალბანი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Altotiberini	კოლი ალტოტიბერინი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Asolani - Prosecco / Asolo - Prosecco	კოლი ასოლანი-პროსეკო / აზოლო პროსეკო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Berici	კოლი ბერიჩი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Bolognesi	კოლი ბოლონიესი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Bolognesi Classico Pignoletto	კოლი ბოლონიესი კლასიკო პინიოლეტო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli d'Imola	კოლი დ'იმოლა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
IT	Colli del Trasimeno / Trasimeno	კოლი დელ ტრაზიმენო / ტრაზიმენო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli dell'Etruria Centrale	კოლი დელ'ეტრურია ჩენტრალე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli della Sabina	კოლი დელა საბინა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli di Conegliano	კოლი დი კონელიანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli di Faenza	კოლი დი ფაენცა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli di Luni	კოლი დი ლუნი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli di Parma	კოლი დი პარმა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli di Rimini	კოლი დი რიმინი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli di Scandiano e di Canossa	კოლი დი სკანდიანო ე დი კანოსა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Etruschi Viterbesi / Tuscia	კოლი ეტრუსკი ვიტებრესი / ტუშა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Euganei	კოლი ეუგანეი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Euganei Fior d'Arancio / Fior d'Arancio Colli Euganei	კოლი ეუგანეი ფიორ დი არანცო / ფიორ დი არანცო კოლი ეუგანეი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Lanuvini	კოლი ლანუვინი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Maceratesi	კოლი მაჩერატესი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Martani	კოლი მარტანი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Orientali del Friuli Picolit	კოლი ორიენტალი დელ ფრიული პიკოლიტი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Perugini	კოლი პერუჯინი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Pesaresi	კოლი პესარესი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Piacentini	კოლი პიაჩენტინი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Romagna centrale	კოლი რომანია ჩენტრალე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colli Tortonesi	კოლი ტორტონესი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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IT	Collina Torinese	კოლინა ტორინეზე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colline di Levanto	კოლინე დი ლევანტო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colline Joniche Tarantine	კოლინე იონიკე ტარანტინე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colline Lucchesi	კოლინე ლუკეზი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colline Novaresi	კოლინე ნოვარეზი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Colline Saluzzesi	კოლინე სალუჯეზი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Collio Goriziano / Collio	კოლიო / კოლიო გორიციანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Conegliano Valdobbiadene - Prosecco / Conegliano - Prosecco / Valdobbiadene - Prosecco	კონელიანო ვალდობიადენე-პროსეკო / კონელიანო პროსეკო / ვალდობიადენე პროსეკო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cònero	კონერო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Contea di Sclafani	კონტეა დი სკლაფანი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Contessa Entellina	კონტესა ენტელინა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Controguerra	კონტრო გუერა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Copertino	კოპერტინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cori	კორი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cortese dell'Alto Monferrato	კორტეზე დელ'ალტო მონფერატო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Corti Benedettine del Padovano	კორტი ბენედეტინე დელ პადოვანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Cortona	კორტონა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Costa d'Amalfi	კოსტა დ'ამალფი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Coste della Sesia	კოსტე დე ლა სეზია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Curtefranca	კურტეფრანკა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Delia Nivolelli	დელია ნივოლელი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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IT	Dogliani	დოლიანი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Dolcetto d'Acqui	დოლჩეტო დ'აკვი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Dolcetto d'Alba	დოლჩეტო დ'ალბა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Dolcetto d'Asti	დოლჩეტო დ'ასტი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Dolcetto di Diano d'Alba / Diano d'Alba	დოლჩეტო დი დიანო დ'ალბა / დიანო დ'ალბა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Dolcetto di Ovada	დოლჩეტო დი ოვადა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Dolcetto di Ovada Superiore / Ovada	დოლჩეტო დი ოვადა სუპერიორე / ოვადა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Durello Lessini / Lessini Durello	დურელო ლესინი / ლესინი დურელო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Elba	ელბა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Eloro	ელორო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Erbaluce di Caluso / Caluso	ერბალუჩე დი კალუზო / კალუზო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Erice	ერიჩე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Esino	ეზინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Est! Est!! Est!!! di Montefiascone	ესტ! ესტ!! ესტ!!! დი მონტეფიასკონე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Etna	ეტნა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Etschtaler / Valdadige	ეტშიტალერ / ვალდადიჯე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Falanghina del Sannio	ფალანჯინა დელ სანიო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Falerio	ფალერიო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Falerno del Massico	ფალერნო დელ მასიკო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Fara	ფარა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Faro	ფარო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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IT	Fiano di Avellino	ფიანო დი აველინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Franciacorta	ფრანჩაკორტა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Frascati	ფრასკატი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Frascati Superiore	ფრასკატი სუპერიორე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Freisa d'Asti	ფრეიზა დ'ასტი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Freisa di Chieri	ფრეიზა დი კიერი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Friuli Annia	ფრიული ანია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Friuli Aquileia	ფრიული აკვილეია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Friuli Colli Orientali	ფრიული კოლი ორიენტალი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Friuli Grave	ფრიული გრავე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Friuli Isonzo / Isonzo del Friuli	ფრიული იზონცო / ისონცო დელ ფრიული	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Friuli Latisana	ფრიული ლატიზანა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Gabiano	გაბიანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Galatina	გალატინა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Galluccio	გალუჯო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Gambellara	გამბელარა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Garda	გარდა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Garda Colli Mantovani	გარდა კოლი მანტოვანი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Gattinara	გატინარა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Gavi / Cortese di Gavi	გავი / კორტეზე დი გავი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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IT	Genazzano	ჯენაჯანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Ghemme	გემე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Gioia del Colle	ჯოია დელ კოლე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Girò di Cagliari	ჯირო დი კალიარი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Golfo del Tigullio - Portofino / Portofino	გოლფო დელ ტიგულიო-პორტოფინო / პორტოფინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Grance Senesi	გრანჩე სენეზი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Gravina	გრავინა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Greco di Bianco	გრეკო დი ბიანკო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Greco di Tufo	გრეკო დი ტუფო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Grignolino d'Asti	გრინოლინო დ'ასტი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Grignolino del Monferrato Casalese	გრინოლინო დელ მონტეფერატო კაზალეზე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Grottino di Roccanova	გროტინო დი როკანოვა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Gutturnio	გუტურნიო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	I Terreni di Sanseverino	ი ტერენი დი სანსევერინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Irpinia	ირპინია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Ischia	ისკია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Lacrima di Morro / Lacrima di Morro d'Alba	ლაკრიმა დი მორო / ლაკრიმა დი მორო დე'ალბა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Lago di Caldaro / Caldaro / Kalterer / Kalterersee	ლაგო დი კალდარო / კალდარო / კალტერერ / კალტერერსეე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Lago di Corbara	ლაგო დი კორბარა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Lambrusco di Sorbara	ლამბრუსკო დი სორბარა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Lambrusco Grasparossa di Castelvetro	ლამბრუსკო გრასპაროსა დი კასტელვეტრო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Lambrusco Mantovano	ლამბრუსკო მონტოვანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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IT	Lambrusco Salamino di Santa Croce	ლამბრუსკო სალამინო დი სანტა კროჩე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Lamezia	ლამეცია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Langhe	ლანგე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Lessona	ლესონა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Leverano	ლევერანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Lison	ლიზონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Lison-Pramaggiore	ლიზონ-პრამაჯორე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Lizzano	ლიცანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Loazzolo	ლოაცოლო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Locorotondo	ლოკოროტონდო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Lugana	ლუგანა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Malanotte del Piave / Piave Malanotte	მალანოტე დელ პიავე / პიავე მალანოტე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Malvasia delle Lipari	მალვაზია დელე ლიპარი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Malvasia di Bosa	მალვაზია დი ბოზა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Malvasia di Casorzo d'Asti / Casorzo / Malvasia di Casorzo	მალვაზია დი კაზორცო დ'ასტი / კაზორცო / მალვაზია დი კაზორცო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Malvasia di Castelnuovo Don Bosco	მალვაზია დი კასტელნუოვო დონ ბოსკო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Mamertino di Milazzo / Mamertino	მამერტინო დი მილაჯო / მამერტინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Mandrolisai	მანდროლიზაი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Maremma toscana	მარემა ტოსკანა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Marino	მარინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Marsala	მარსალა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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IT	Martina / Martina Franca	მარტინა / მარტინა ფრანკა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Matera	მატერა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Matino	მატინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Melissa	მელისა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Menfi	მენფი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Merlara	მერლანა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Modena / di Modena	მონტეკასტელი / დი მოდენა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Molise / del Molise	მოლიზე / დელ მოლიზე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Monferrato	მონფერატო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Monica di Sardegna	მონიკა დი სარდენია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Monreale	მონრეალე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Montecarlo	მონტეკარლო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Montecompati Colonna / Colonna / Montecompati	მონტეკომპატრი კოლონა / კოლონა / მონტეკომპატრი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Montecucco	მონტეკუკო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Montecucco Sangiovese	მონტეკუკო სანჯიოვეზე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Montefalco	მონტეფალკო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Montefalco Sagrantino	მონტეფალკო საგრანტინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Montello / Montello Rosso	მონტელო / მონტელო როსო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Montello - Colli Asolani	მონტელო-კოლი აზოლანი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Montepulciano d'Abruzzo	მონტეპულცანო დაბრუცო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Montepulciano d'Abruzzo Colline Teramane	მონტეპულჩანო დაბრუზო კოლინე ტერამენე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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IT	Monteregio di Massa Marittima	მონტერეჯო დი მასა მარიტიმა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Montescudaio	მონტესკუდაიო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Monti Lessini	მონტი ლესინი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Morellino di Scansano	მორელინო დი სკანსანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Moscadello di Montalcino	მოსკადელო დი მონტალჩინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Moscato di Pantelleria / Pantelleria / Passito di Pantelleria	მოსკატო დი პანტელერია / პანტელერია / პასიტო დი პანტელერია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Moscato di Sardegna	მოსკატო დი სარდენია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Moscato di Sennori / Moscato di Sorso / Moscato di Sorso - Sennori	მოსკატო დი სენორი / მოსკატო დი სორსო / მოსკატო დი სორსო სენორი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Moscato di Trani	მოსკატო დი ტრანი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Nardò	ნარდო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Nasco di Cagliari	ნასკო დი კალიარი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Nebbiolo d'Alba	ნებიოლო დ'ალბა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Negroamaro di Terra d'Otranto	ნეგროამარო დი ტერა დ'ონტრანტო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Nettuno	ნეტუნო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Noto	ნოტო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Nuragus di Cagliari	ნურაგუს დი კალიარი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Offida	ოფიდა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Olevano Romano	ოლევანო რომანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Oltrepò Pavese	ოლტრეპო პავეზე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Oltrepò Pavese metodo classico	ოლტრეპო პავეზე მეტოდო კლასიკო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
IT	Oltrepò Pavese Pinot grigio	ოლტრეპო პავესე პინო გრიჯო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Orcia	ორჩა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Orta Nova	ორტა ნოვა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Ortona	ორტონა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Ortrugo	ორტუგო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Orvieto	ორვიეტო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Ostuni	ოსტუნი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Parrina	პარინა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Penisola Sorrentina	პენისოლა სორენტინა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Pentro di Isernia / Pentro	პენტრო დი იზერნია / პენტრო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Pergola	პერგოლა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Piave	პიავე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Piemonte	პიემონტე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Pinerolese	პინეროლეზე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Pinot nero dell'Oltrepò Pavese	პინო ნერო დელ ოლტრეპო პავესე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Pomino	პომინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Pornassio / Ormeasco di Pornassio	პორნასიო / ორნეასკო დი პორნასიო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Primitivo di Manduria	პრიმიტივო დი მანდურია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Primitivo di Manduria Dolce Naturale	პრიმიტივო დი მანდურია დოლჩე ნატურალე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Prosecco	პროსეკო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Ramandolo	რამანდოლო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Recioto della Valpolicella	რეჩოტო დელა ვალპოლიჩელა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
IT	Recioto di Gambellara	რეჩოტო დი გამბელარა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Recioto di Soave	რეჩოტო დი სოავე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Reggiano	რეჯანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Reno	რენო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Riesi	რიეზი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Riviera del Brenta	რივიერა დელ ბრენტა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Riviera del Garda Bresciano / Garda Bresciano	რივიერა დელ გარდა ბრემზანო / გარდა ბრემზანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Riviera ligure di Ponente	რივიერა ლიგურე დი პონენტე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Roero	როერო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Roma	რომა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Romagna	რომანა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Romagna Albana	რომანია ალბანა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Rosazzo	როზაცო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Rossese di Dolceacqua / Dolceacqua	როსესე დი დოლჩეაკვა / დოლჩეაკვა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Rosso Cònero	როსო კონერო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Rosso della Val di Cornia / Val di Cornia Rosso	როსო დელა ვალ დი კორნია / ვალ დი კორნია როსო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Rosso di Cerignola	როსო დი ჩერინიოლა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Rosso di Montalcino	როსო დი მონტალჩინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Rosso di Montepulciano	როსო დი მონტეპულჩანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Rosso di Valtellina / Valtellina rosso	როსო დი ვალტელინა / ვალტელინა როსო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Rosso Orvietano / Orvietano Rosso	როსო ორვიეტანო / ორვიეტანო როსო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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IT	Rosso Piceno / Piceno	როსო პიჩენო / პიჩენო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Rubino di Cantavenna	რუბინო დი კანტავენა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Ruchè di Castagnole Monferrato	რუჩე დი კასტანოლე მონფერატო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	S. Anna di Isola Capo Rizzuto	სანტ ანა დი იზოლა კაპო რიჯუტო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Salaparuta	სალაპარუტა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Salice Salentino	სალიჩე სალენტინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Sambuca di Sicilia	სამბუკა დი სიჩილია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	San Colombano al Lambro / San Colombano	სან კოლომბანო ალ ლამბრო / სან კოლომბანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	San Gimignano	სან ჯიმინიანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	San Ginesio	სან ჯინეზიო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	San Martino della Battaglia	სან მარტინო დელა ბატალია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	San Severo	სან სევერო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	San Torpè	სან ტორპე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Sangue di Giuda / Sangue di Giuda dell'Oltrepò Pavese	ანგუე დი ჯიუდა / სანგუე დი ჯუდა დელ ოლტრეპო პავესე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Sannio	სანიო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Sant'Antimo	სანტანტიმო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Santa Margherita di Belice	სანტა მარგერიტა დი ბელიჩე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Sardegna Semidano	სარდენია სემიდანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Savuto	სავუტო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Scanzo / Moscato di Scanzo	სკანცო / მოსკატო დი სკანცო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
IT	Scavigna	სკავინია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Sciacca	შაკა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Serenissima / Vigneti della Serenissima	სერენისიმა / ვინეტი დელა სერენისიმა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Serrapetrona	სერაპეტრონა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Sforzato di Valtellina / Sfursat di Valtellina	სფორცატო დი ვალტელინა / სფურსატ დი ვალტელინა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Sicilia	სიჩილია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Siracusa	სიცანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Sizzano	სირაკუზა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Soave	სოავე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Soave Superiore	სოავე სუპერიორე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Sovana	სოვანა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Spoletto	სპოლეტო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Squinzano	სკვინცანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Strevi	სტრევი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Suvereto	სუვერეტო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Tarquinoa	ტარკვინია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Taurasi	ტაურაზი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Tavoliere / Tavoliere delle Puglie	ტავოლიერე / ტავოლიერე დელე პულიე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Teroldego Rotaliano	ტეროლდეგო როტალიანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Terra d'Otranto	ტერა დ'ონტრანტო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Terracina / Moscato di Terracina	ტერაჩინა / მოსკატო დი ტერაჩინა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Terratico di Bibbona	ტერატიკო დი ბიბონა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
IT	Terre Alfieri	ტერე ალფიერი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Terre dell'Alta Val d'Agri	ტერე დელ'ალტა ვალ დ'აგრი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Terre di Casole	ტერე დი კაზოლე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Terre di Cosenza	ტერე დი კოზენცა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Terre di Offida	ტერე დი ოფიდა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Terre di Pisa	ტერე დი პიზა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Terre Tollesi / Tullum	ტერე ტოლესი / ტულუმ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Tintilia del Molise	ტინტილია დელ მოლიზე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Todi	ტოდი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Torgiano	ტორჯანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Torgiano rosso riserva	ტორჯანო როსო რიზერვა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Trebbiano d'Abruzzo	ტრეზიანო დაბრუცო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Trentino	ტრენტინო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Trento	ტრენტო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Val d'Arbia	ვალ დ'არბია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Val d'Arno di Sopra / Valdarno di Sopra	ვალ დ'არნო დი სოპრა / ვალდარნო დი სოპრა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Val di Cornia	ვალ დი კორნია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Val Polcèvera	ვალ პოლჩევერა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Valcalepio	ვალკალეპიო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Valdadige Terradeiforti / Terradeiforti	ვალდადიჯე ტერადეიფორტი / ტერადეიფორტი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Valdichiana toscana	ვალდიჩიანა ტოსკანა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
IT	Valdinievole	ვალდინიევილე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Valle d'Aosta / Vallée d'Aoste	ვალე დ'ოსტა / ვალე დ'ოსტ / ვალე დ'ოსტ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Valli Ossolane	ვალი ოსოლანე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Valpolicella	ვალპოლიჩელა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Valpolicella Ripasso	ვალპოლიჩელა რიპასო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Valsusa	ვალსუზა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Valtellina Superiore	ვალტელინა სუპერიორე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Valtènesi	ვალტენესი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Velletri	ველეტრი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Venezia	ვენეცია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Verdicchio dei Castelli di Jesi	ვერდიჩიო დეი კასტელი დი იეზი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Verdicchio di Matelica	ვერდიჩიო დი მატელიკა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Verdicchio di Matelica Riserva	ვერდიჩიო დი მატელიკა რიზერვა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Verduno Pelaverga / Verduno	ვერდუნო პელავერგა / ვერდუნო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Vermentino di Gallura	ვერმენტინო დი გალურა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Vermentino di Sardegna	ვერმენტინო დი სარდენია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Vernaccia di Oristano	ვერნაჩა დი ორისტანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Vernaccia di San Gimignano	ვერნაჩა დი სან ჯიმინიანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Vernaccia di Serrapetrona	ვერნაჩა დი სერაპეტრონა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Vesuvio	ვეზუვიო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Vicenza	ვიჩენცა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
IT	Vignanello	ვინანელი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Villamagna	ვილამანია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Vin Santo del Chianti	ვინ სანტო დელ კიანტი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Vin Santo del Chianti Classico	ვინ სანტო დელ კიანტი კლასიკო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Vin Santo di Carmignano	ვინ სანტო დი კარმინანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Vin Santo di Montepulciano	ვინ სანტო დი მონტეპულჩანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Vino Nobile di Montepulciano	ვინ სანტო დი მონტეპულჩანო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Vittoria	ვიტორია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Zagarolo	ძაგაროლო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
IT	Allerona	ალერონა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Alta Valle della Greve	ალტა ვალე დელა გრევე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Alto Livenza	ალტო ლივენჯა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Alto Mincio	ალტო მინჯო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Anagni	ანანი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Arghillà	არგილა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Avola	ავოლა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Barbagia	ბარბაჯა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Basilicata	ბაზილიკატა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Benaco bresciano	ბენაკო ბრეშანო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Beneventano / Benevento	ბენევენტანო / ბენევენტო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Bergamasca	ბერგამასკა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Bettona	ბეტონა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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IT	Bianco del Sillaro / Sillaro	ზიანკო დელ სილარო / სილარო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Bianco di Castelfranco Emilia	ზიანკო დი კასტელფრანკო ემილია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Calabria	კალაბრია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Camarro	კამარო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Campania	კამპანია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Cannara	კანარა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Catalanesca del Monte Somma	კატალანესკა დელ მონტე სომა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Civitella d'Agliano	ჩივიტელა დალიანო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Colli Aprutini	კოლი აპრუტინი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Colli Cimini	კოლი ჩიმიანი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Colli del Limbara	კოლი ლიმბარა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Colli del Sangro	კოლი დელ სანგრო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Colli della Toscana centrale	კოლი დელა ტოსკანა ცენტრალე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Colli di Salerno	კოლი დი სალერნო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Colli Trevigiani	კოლი ტრევიჯანი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Collina del Milanese	კოლინა დელ მილანეზე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Colline del Genovesato	კოლინე დელ ჯენოვეზატო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Colline Frentane	კოლინე ფრენტანე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Colline Pescaresi	კოლინე პესკარეზი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Colline Savonesi	კოლინე სავონეზი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Colline Teatine	კოლინე ტეატინე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Conselvano	კონსელვანო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
IT	Costa Etrusco Romana	კოსტა ეტრუსკო რომანა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Costa Toscana	კოსტა ტოსკანა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Costa Viola	კოსტა ვიოლა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Daunia	დაუნია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	del Vastese / Histonium	დელ ვასტეზე / ისტონიუმ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	delle Venezie	დელე ვენეციე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Dugenta	დუჯენტა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Emilia / dell'Emilia	ემილია / დელ ემილია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Epomeo	ეპომეო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Fontanarossa di Cerda	ფონტანაროსა დი ჩერდა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Forlì	ფორლი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Fortana del Taro	ფორტანა დელ ტარო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Frusinate / del Frusinate	ფრუზინატე / დელ ფრუზინატე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Isola dei Nuraghi	იზოლა დეი ნურაგი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Lazio	ლაციო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Liguria di Levante	ლიგურია დი ლევენტე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Lipuda	ლიპუდა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Locride	ლოკრიდე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Marca Trevigiana	მარკა ტრევიჯანა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Marche	მარკე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Marmilla	მარმილა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Mitterberg	მიტერბერგ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
IT	Montecastelli	მონტეკასტელი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Montenetto di Brescia	მონტენეტო დი ბრეშა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Murgia	მურჯა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Narni	ნარნი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Nurra	ნურა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Ogliastra	ოლიასტრა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Osco / Terre degli Osci	ოსკო / ტერე დელი ოში	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Paestum	პაესტუმ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Palizzi	პალიცი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Parteolla	პარტელა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Pellaro	პელარო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Planargia	პლანარჯა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Pompeiano	პომპეიანო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Provincia di Mantova	პროვინზა დი მანტოვა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Provincia di Nuoro	პროვინზა დი ნუორო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Provincia di Pavia	პროვინზა დი პავია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Provincia di Verona / Verona / Veronese	პროვინზა დი ვერონა / ვერონა / ვერონეზე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Puglia	პულია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Quistello	კვისტელო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Ravenna	რავენა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Roccamonfina	როკამონფინა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Romangia	რომანჯა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
IT	Ronchi di Brescia	რონკი დი ბრეშა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Ronchi Varesini	რონკი ვარეზინი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Rotae	როტაე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Rubicone	რუბიკონე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Sabbioneta	საბიონეტა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Salemi	სალემი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Salento	სალენტო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Salina	სალინა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Scilla	შილა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Sebino	სებინო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Sibiola	სიბიოლა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Spello	სპელო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Tarantino	ტარანტინო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Terrazze dell'Imperiese	ტერაცე დელ იმპერიეზე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Terrazze Retiche di Sondrio	ტერაცე რეტიკე დი სონდრიო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Terre Aquilane / Terre de L'Aquila	ტერე აკვილანე / ტერე დე ლ'აჟილა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Terre del Volturno	ტერე დელ ვოლტურნო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Terre di Chieti	ტერე დი კიეტო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Terre di Veleja	ტერე დი ველეია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Terre Lariane	ტერე ლარიანე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Terre Siciliane	ტერე სიჩილიანე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Tharros	ტაროს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
IT	Toscana / Toscana	ტოსკანო / ტოსკანა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Trexenta	ტრექსენტა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Umbria	უმბრია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Val di Magra	ვალ დი მაგრა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Val di Neto	ვალ დი ნეტო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Val Tidone	ვალ ტიდონე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Valcamonica	ვალკამონიკა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Valdamato	ვალდამატო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Vallagarina	ვალაგარინა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Valle Belice	ვალე ბელიჩე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Valle d'Itria	ვალე დ'იტრია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Valle del Tirso	ვალე დელ ტირსო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Valli di Porto Pino	ვალი დი პორტო პინო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Veneto	ვენეტო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Veneto Orientale	ვენეტო ორიენტალე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Venezia Giulia	ვენეცია ჯულია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
IT	Vigneti delle Dolomiti / Weinberg Dolomiten	ვინეტი დელე დოლომიტენ / ვეინბერგ დოლომიტენ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
CY	Βουνί Παναγιάς – Αμπελίτης Equivalent term: Vouni Panayias - Ampelitis	ვუნი პანაგიას ამპელიტის	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
CY	Κομμανδάρια Equivalent term: Commandaria	კუმანდარია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
CY	Κρασοχώρια Λεμεσού Equivalent term: Krasohoria Lemesou	კრასოხოროა ლემესუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
CY	Κρασοχώρια Λεμεσού - Αφάμης Equivalent term: Krasohoria Lemesou - Afames	კრასოხოროია ლემესუ აფამის	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
CY	Κρασοχώρια Λεμεσού - Λαόνα Equivalent term: Krasohoria Lemesou - Laona	კრასოხოროია ლემესუ ლაონა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
CY	Λαόνα Ακάμα Equivalent term: Laona Akama	ლაუნა აკამა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
CY	Πιτσιλιά Equivalent term: Pitsilia	პიტსილია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
CY	Λάρνακα Equivalent term: Larnaka	ლარნაკა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
CY	Λεμεσός Equivalent term: Lemesos	ლემესოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
CY	Λευκωσία Equivalent term: Lefkosia	ლევკოსია	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
CY	Πάφος Equivalent term: Pafos	პაფოს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
LU	Moselle Luxembourgeoise	მოსელ ლუქსემბურჟუაზ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Badacsony / Badacsonyi	ბადაჩონი / ბადაჩონიი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Balaton / Balatoni	ბალატონ / ბალატონი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Balaton-felvidék / Balaton-felvidéki	ბალატონ-ფელვიდეკ / ბალატონ -ფელვიდეკი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Balatonboglár / Balatonboglári	ბალატონბოღლარ / ბალატონბოღლარი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Balatonfüred-Csopak / Balatonfüred-Csopaki	ბალატონფიურედ -ჩოპაკ / ბალატონფიურედ -ჩოპაკი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Bükk / Bükki	ბუკ / ბუკი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Csongrád / Csongrádi	ჩონგრად / ჩონგრადი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Debrői Hárslevelű	დებროი-ჰარშლეველიუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
HU	Duna / Dunai	დუნა / დუნაი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Eger / Egri	ეგერ / ეგრი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Etyek-Buda / Etyek-Budai	ეტეკ-ბუდა / ეტიეკ-ბუდაი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Hajós-Baja	ჰაიოს-ბაია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Izsáki Arany Sárfehér	იჟაკი არან შარფეჰერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Káli	კალი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Kunság / Kunsági	კუნშაგ / კუნშაგი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Mátra / Mátrai	მატრა / მატრაი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Monor / Monori	მონორ / მონორი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Mór / Móri	მორ / მორი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Nagy-Somló / Nagy-Somló	ნად-შომლო / ნად-შომლო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Neszmély / Neszmélyi	ნესმეი / ნესზმელი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Pannon	პანონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Pannonhalma / Pannon-halmi	პანონხალმა / პანონხალმი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Pécs	პეჩ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Somló / Somló	შომლო / შომლო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Sopron / Soproni	შოპრონ / შოპრონი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Szekszárd / Szekszárdi	სეკსზარდ / სეკსზარდი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Tihany / Tihanyi	ტიჰან / ტიჰანი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Tokaj / Tokaji	ტოკაი / ტოკაი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Tolna / Tolnai	ტოლნა / ტოლნაი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
HU	Villány / Villányi	ვილან / ვილანი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Zala / Zalai	ზალა / ზალაი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
HU	Balatonmelléki	ბალატონმელეკი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
HU	Duna-Tisza-közi	დუნა-ტისზა-კოზი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
HU	Dunántúli / Dunántúl	დუნანტული / დუნანტულ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
HU	Felső-Magyarországi / Felső-Magyarország	ფელშო-მადიარორსაგი / ფელსო-მაგიარორსაგ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
HU	Zempléni / Zemplén	ზემპლენი / ზემპლინ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
MT	Gozo / Ghawdex	გოზო / გადექს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
MT	Malta	მალტა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
MT	Maltese Islands	მალტიზ აილენდზ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
NL	Mergelland	მერხელანდ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
NL	Oolde	ოოლდე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
NL	Vijlen	ვეილენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
NL	Drenthe	დრენტე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
NL	Flevoland	ფლევოლანდ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
NL	Friesland	ფრისლანდ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
NL	Gelderland	გელდერლანდ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
NL	Groningen	გრონინგენ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
NL	Limburg	ლიმბურგ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
NL	Noord-Brabant	ნორდ-ბრაბანტ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
NL	Noord-Holland	ნორდ-ჰოლანდ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
NL	Overijssel	ოვერაისელ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
NL	Utrecht	უტრეხტ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
NL	Zeeland	ზელანდ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
NL	Zuid-Holland	ზად-ჰოლანდ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
AT	Burgenland	ბურგენლენდ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Carnuntum	კარნუნტუმ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Eisenberg	აიზენბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Kamptal	კამფთალ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Kärnten	კერნტენ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Kremstal	კრემშტალ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Leithaberg	ლაითაბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Mittelburgenland	მითელბურგენლენდ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Neusiedlersee	ნოიზიდლერზეე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Neusiedlersee-Hügelland	ნოიზიდლერზეე ჰუგელანდ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Niederösterreich	ნიდეროსთერაიხ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Oberösterreich	ობეროსთერაიხ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Salzburg	ზალცბურგი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Steiermark	შთაიერმარკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Süd-Oststeiermark	ზუდ-ობსთაიერმარკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Südburgenland	ზუდ-ობსთაიერმარკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Südsteiermark	ზუდშთაიერმარკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Thermenregion	თერმენრეგიონ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Tirol	ტიროლ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
AT	Traisental	თლაიზენტალ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Vorarlberg	ვორარლბერგ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Wachau	ვახაუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Wagram	ვაგრამ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Weinviertel	ვაინვირტელ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Weststeiermark	ვესტაიერმარკ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Wien	ვინ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
AT	Bergland	ბერგლანდ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
AT	Steierland	შთაიერერლანდ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
AT	Weinland	ვაინლანდ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
PT	Alenquer	ალენკერ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Alentejo	ალენტეჟო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Arruda	არუდა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Bairrada	ბაირადა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Beira Interior	ბეირა ინტერიორ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Biscoitos	ბისკოიტომ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Bucelas	ბუსელაშ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Carcavelos	კარკაველოშ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Colares	კოლარემ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Dão	დაო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	DoTejo	დოტეჟო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Douro	დოურო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
PT	Encostas d'Aire	ენკოსტას დ'აირე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Graciosa	გრასიოზა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Lafões	ლაფონემ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Lagoa	ლაგოა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Lagos	ლაგომ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Madeira / Madeira Wein / Madeira Wijn / Madeira Wine / Madera / Madère / Vin de Madère / Vinho da Madeira / Vino di Madera	მადეირა / მადეირა ვეინ / მადეირა ვაინ / მადეირა ვაინ / მადერა / მადერე / ვინ დე მადერე / ვინო და მადეირა / ვინო დი მადერა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Madeirense	მადეირენში	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Óbidos	ობიდუმ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Palmela	პალმელა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Pico	პიკო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Portimão	პორტიმან	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Porto / Oporto / Port / Port Wine / Portvin / Portwijn / vin de Porto / vinho do Porto	პორტო / ოპორტუ / პორტ / პორტ ვაინ / პორტვინ / პორტვინ / ვინ დე პორტო / ვინო დო პორტო	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Setúbal	სეტუბალ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Tavira	ტავირა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Távora-Varosa	ტავორა-ვაროზა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Torres Vedras	ტორეს ვედრას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Trás-os-Montes	ტრას-ოს-მონტეს	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Vinho Verde	ვინო ვერდე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
PT	Açores	ასორის	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
PT	Alentejano	ალენტეჟანო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
PT	Algarve	ალგარვე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
PT	Duriense	დურიენსე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
PT	Lisboa	ლიზბოა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
PT	Minho	მინო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
PT	Península de Setúbal	პენინსულა დე სეტუბალ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
PT	Tejo	ტეჟუ	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
PT	Terras Madeirenses	ტერას მადეირენსეს	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
PT	Transmontano	ტრანსმონტანო	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
RO	Aiud	აიუდი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Alba Iulia	ალბა იულია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Babadag	ბაბადაგი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Banat	ბანატ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Banu Mărăcine	ბანუ მარაჩინე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Bohotin	ბოჰოტინი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Cotești	კოტეშტი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Cotnari	კოტნარი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Crișana	კრიშანა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Dealu Bujorului	დეალუ ბუჟორულუი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Dealu Mare	დეალუ მარე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Drăgășani	დრაგაშანი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Huși	ჰუში	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Iana	იანა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Iași	იაში	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
RO	Însurăței	ინსურაცვი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Lechința	ლეკინცა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Mehedinți	მეჰედინცი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Miniș	მინიშ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Murfatlar	მურფატლარი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Nicorești	ნიკორეშტი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Odobești	ოდობეშტი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Oltina	ოლტინა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Panciu	პანჩუ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Pietroasa	პიეტროასა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Recaș	რეკაშ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Sâmburești	სამბურეშტი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Sarica Niculițel	სარიკა ნიკულიცელი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Sebeș-Apold	სებეშ - აპოლდი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Segarcea	სეგარჩა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Ștefănești	შტეფანეშტი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Târnave	ტარნავე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
RO	Colinele Dobrogei	კოლინელე დობროჯეი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
RO	Dealurile Crișanei	დეალურილე კრიშანეი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
RO	Dealurile Moldovei	დეალურილე მოლდოვეი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
RO	Dealurile Munteniei	დეალურილე მუნტენიეი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
RO	Dealurile Olteniei	დეალურილე ოლტენიეი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
RO	Dealurile Sătmăruului	დეალურილე სეტმარულუი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
RO	Dealurile Transilvaniei	დეალურილე ტრანსილვანიეი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
RO	Dealurile Vrancei	დეალურილე ვრანჩეი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
RO	Dealurile Zarandului	დეალურილე ზარანდულუი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
RO	Terasele Dunării	ტერასელე დუნერი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
RO	Viile Carasului	ვილე კარაშულუი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
RO	Viile Timișului	ვილე ტიმიშულუი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
SI	Bela krajina	ბელა კრაინა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SI	Belokranjec	ბელოკრანეც	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SI	Bizeljsčan	ბიზელჩანი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SI	Bizeljsko Sremič	ბიზელისკო სრემიჩ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SI	Cviček	ცვიჩეკი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SI	Dolenjska	დოლენსკა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SI	Goriška Brda	გორიშკა ბრდა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SI	Kras	კრას	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SI	Metliška črnina	მეტლიშკა ჩრნინა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SI	Prekmurje	პრეკმურიე	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SI	Slovenska Istra	სლოვენსკა ისტრა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	
SI	Štajerska Slovenija	შტაიერსკა სლოვენია	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SI	Teran	ტერანი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SI	Vipavska dolina	ვიპავსკა დოლინა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SI	Podravje	პოდრავიე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
SI	Posavje	პოსავიე	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
SI	Primorska	პრიმორსკა	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
SK	Južnoslovenská / Južnoslovenské / Južnoslovenský	იუჟნოსლოვენსკა / იუჟნოსლოვენსკე / იუჟნოსლოვენსკი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SK	Karpatská perla	კარპატსკა პერლა	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SK	Malokarpatská / Malokarpatské / Malokarpatský	მალოკარპატსკა / მალოკარპატსკე / მალოკარპატსკი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SK	Nitrianska / Nitrianske / Nitriansky	ნიტრიანსკა / ნიტრიანსკე / ნიტრიანსკი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SK	Skalický rubín	სკალიცი რუბინ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SK	Stredoslovenská / Stredoslovenské / Stredoslovenský	სტრედოსლოვენსკა / სტრედოსლოვენსკე / სტრედოსლოვენსკი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SK	Vinohradnícka oblasť Tokaj	ვინობრადნიცკა ობლასტ ტოკაი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SK	Východoslovenská / Východoslovenské / Východoslovenský	ვიხოდოსლოვენსკა / ვიხოდოსლოვენსკე / ვიხოდოსლოვენსკი	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
SK	Slovenská / Slovenské / Slovenský	სლოვენსკა / სლოვენსკე / სლოვენსკი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
UK	Darnibole	დარნიბოლ	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
UK	English	ინგლიში (ინგლისური)	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
UK	Welsh	ველში	Wine with a protected designation of origin (PDO)
UK	English Regional	ინგლიშ რეგიონალი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)
UK	Welsh Regional	ველშ რეგიონალი	Wine with a protected geographical indication (PGI)

▼ **M7****Wines of Georgia to be protected in the European Union**

Name to be protected	Transcription in Latin characters
ახაშენი	Akhasheni
ატენური	Atenuri
გურჯაანი	Gurjaani
კახეთი (კახური)	Kakheti (Kakhuri)
კარდენახი	Kardenakhi
ხვანჭკარა	Khvanchkara
კოტეხი	Kotekhi
ქინძმარაული	Kindzmarauli
ყვარელი	Kvareli
მანავი	Manavi
მუკუზანი	Mukuzani
ნაფარეული	Napareuli
ხაშმის საფერავი	Saperavi Khashmi
სვირი	Sviri
თელიანი	Teliani
ტიბაანი	Tibaani
წინანდალი	Tsinandali
ტვიში	Tvishi
ვაზისუბანი	Vazisubani

PART B

Spirit drinks of the European Union to be protected in Georgia

Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Product type
BE	Balegemse jenever	ბალეგემსე ჟენევე	Juniper-flavoured spirit drinks
BE	Hasseltse jenever / Hasselt	ჰასელტსე ჟენევე / ჰასელტ	Juniper-flavoured spirit drinks
BE	O' de Flander-Oost-Vlaamse Graanjenever	ო'დე ფლანდერ-ოსტ-ვლამსე გრანჟენევე	Juniper-flavoured spirit drinks
BE	Peket-Pekêt / Pêket-Pêkêt de Wallonie	პეკეტ-პეკეტ / პეკეტ-პეკეტ დე ვალონი	Juniper-flavoured spirit drinks
BE NL	Jonge jenever/ jonge genever	ჟონჯე ჟენევე / ჟონჯე ჯენევე	Juniper-flavoured spirit drinks
BE NL	Oude jenever / oude genever	უდე ჟენევე / უდე ჯენევე	Juniper-flavoured spirit drinks
BE NL FR Nord (59) and Pas-de-Calais (62)	Genièvre de grains / Graanjenever / Graan-genever	ჟენიევრ დე გრენ / გრანჟენევე / გრანჟენევე	Juniper-flavoured spirit drinks

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Product type
BE NL FR DE	Genièvre / Jenever / Genever	ჟენიევრ/ჟენევე/ჟენევე	Juniper-flavoured spirit drinks
BE NL FR DE	Genièvre aux fruits / Vruchtenjenever / Jenever met vruchten / Frucht-genever	ჟენიევრ ო ფრუი / ფრუხტენჟენევერ / ჟენევერ მეტ ფრუხტენ / ფრუხტჯენევერ	Other Spirit Drinks
BG	Бургаска Мускатова ракия / Мускатова ракия от Бургас / Bourgaska Muscatova rakya / Muscatova rakya from Bourgas	ბურგასკა მუსკატოვა რაკია / მუსკატოვა რაკია ოტ ბურგას / ბურგასკა მუსკატოვა რაკია/ მუსკატოვა რაკია ბურგასიდან	Wine spirit
BG	Карловска гроздова ракия / Гроздова Ракия от Карлово / Karlovska grozdova rakya / Grozdova Rakya from Karlovo	კარლოვსკა გროზდოვა რაკია / გროზდოვა რაკია ოტ კარლოვო / კარლოვსკა გროზდოვა რაკია / გროზდოვა რაკია კარლოვოდან	Wine spirit
BG	Поморийска гроздова ракия / Гроздова ракия от Поморие / Pomoriyska grozdova rakya / Grozdova rakya from Pomorie	პომორიისკა გროზდოვა რაკია / გროზდოვა რაკია ოტ პომორიე/ პომორიისკა გროზდოვა რაკია/ გროზდოვა რაკია პომორიედან	Wine spirit
BG	Сливенска перла (Сливенска гроздова ракия / Гроздова ракия от Сливен) /Slivenska perla (Slivenska grozdova rakya / Grozdova rakya from Sliven)	სლივენსკა პერლა (სლივენსკა გროზდოვა რაკია / გროზდოვა რაკია ოტ სლივენ) / სლივენსკა პერლა (სლივენსკა გროზდოვა რაკია / გროზდოვა რაკია სლივენიდან	Wine spirit
BG	Стралджанска Мускатова ракия / Мускатова ракия от Стралджа / Straldjanska Muscatova rakya / Muscatova rakya from Straldja	სტრალჯანსკა მუსკატოვა რაკია / მუსკატოვა რაკია ოტ სტრალჯა/ სტრალჯანსკა მუსკატოვა რაკია / მუსკატოვა რაკია სტრალჯადან	Wine spirit
BG	Сунгурларска гроздова ракия / Гроздова ракия от Сунгурларе / Sungurlarska grozdova rakya / Grozdova rakya from Sungurlare	სუნგურლარსკა გროზდოვა რაკია / გროზდოვა რაკია ოტ სუნგურლარე / სუნგურლარსკა გროზდოვა რაკია / გროზდოვა რაკია სუნგურლარიდან	Wine spirit
BG	Сухиндолска гроздова ракия / Гроздова ракия от Сухиндол / Suhindolska grozdova rakya / Grozdova rakya from Suhindol	სუხინდოლსკა გროზ-დოვა რაკია / გროზ-დოვა რაკია ოტ სუხინდოლ/ სუჰინდოლსკა გროზდოვა რაკია/ გროზდოვა რაკია სუჰინდოლიდან	Wine spirit

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Product type
BG	Гроздова ракия от Търговище / Grozdova rakiya ot Targovishte	გროზდოვა რაკია ოტ ტერგოვიშტე / გროზდოვა რაკია ოტ ტერგოვიშტე	Wine spirit
BG	Карнобатска гроздова ракия / Гроздова ракия от Карнобат / Karnobatska grozdova rakiya / Grozdova rakiya ot Karnobat	კარნობატსკა გროზდოვა რაკია / გროზდოვა რაკია ოტ კარნობატ / კარნობატსკა გროზდოვა რაკია / გროზდოვა რაკია ოტ კარნობატ	Wine spirit
BG	Ловешка сливова ракия / Сливова ракия от Ловеч / Loveshka slivova rakiya / Slivova rakiya from Lovech	ლოვეშკა სლივოვა რაკია / სლივოვა რაკია ოტ ლოვეშ / ლოვეშკა სლივოვა რაკია / სლივოვა რაკია ლოვეჩიდან	Fruit spirit
BG	Троянска сливова ракия / Сливова ракия от Троян / Troyanska slivova rakiya / Slivova rakiya from Troyan	ტროიანსკა სლივოვა რაკია / სლივოვა რაკია ოტ ტროიან / ტროიანსკა სლივოვა რაკია / სლივოვა რაკია ტროიანიდან	Fruit spirit
CZ	Karlovarská Hořká	კარლოვარსკა ჰორჟკა	Liqueur
DE	Emsländer Korn / Kornbrand	ემსლენდერ კორნ/კორნბრანდ	Grain spirit
DE	Haselünner Korn / Kornbrand	ჰაზელიუნერ კორნ/კორნბრანდ	Grain spirit
DE	Hasetaler Korn / Kornbrand	ჰაზეტალერ კორნ /კორნბრანდ	Grain spirit
DE	Münsterländer Korn / Kornbrand	მიუნსტერლენდერ კორნ/კორნბრანდ	Grain spirit
DE	Sendenhorster Korn / Kornbrand	ზენდენჰორსტერ კორნ/კორნბრანდ	Grain spirit
DE	Deutscher Weinbrand	დოიჩერ ვაინბრანდ	Brandy- Weinbrand
DE	Pfälzer Weinbrand	პფელცერ ვაინბრანდ	Brandy- Weinbrand
DE	Fränkischer Obstler	ფრენკიშერ ობსტლერ	Fruit spirit
DE	Fränkisches Kirschwasser	ფრენკიშეს კირშვასერ	Fruit spirit
DE	Fränkisches Zwetschgenwasser	ფრენკიშეს ცვეჩგენვასერ	Fruit spirit
DE	Schwarzwälder Kirschwasser	შვარცველდერ კირშვასერ	Fruit spirit
DE	Schwarzwälder Mirabellenwasser	შვარცველდერ მირაბელენვასერ	Fruit spirit
DE	Schwarzwälder Williamsbirne	შვარცველდერ უილიამსბირნე	Fruit spirit
DE	Schwarzwälder Zwetschgenwasser	შვარცველდერ ცვეჩგენვასერ	Fruit spirit

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DE	Schwarzwälder Himbeer-geist	შვარცველდერ ჰიმბერგაისთ	Geist
DE	Bayerischer Gebirgsenzian	ბაიერიშერ გებირგსენციან	Gentian
DE	Ostfriesischer Korn-genever	ოსტფრიზიშერ კორნგენვეერ	Juniper-flavoured spirit drinks
DE	Steinhäger	შტაინჰეგერ	Juniper-flavoured spirit drinks
DE	Rheinberger Kräuter	რაინბერგერ კროიტერ	Bitter-tasting spirit drinks-bitter
DE	Bayerischer Kräuterlikör	ბაიერიშერ კროითერლიქიორ	Liqueur
DE	Benediktbeurer Klosterlikör	ბენდიქტბოირერ კლოსტერლიქიორ	Liqueur
DE	Berliner Kümmel	ბერლინერ ქიუმელ	Liqueur
DE	Blutwurz	ბლუთვურც	Liqueur
DE	Chiemseer Klosterlikör	ქიმზეერ კლოსტერლიქიორ	Liqueur
DE	Ettaler Klosterlikör	ეტალერ კლოსტერლიქიორ	Liqueur
DE	Hamburger Kümmel	ჰამბურგერ ქიუმელ	Liqueur
DE	Hüttentee	ჰიუტენთეე	Liqueur
DE	Münchener Kümmel	მიუნხენერ ქიუმელ	Liqueur
DE	Bärwurz	ბერვურც	Other Spirit Drinks
DE	Königsberger Bärenfang	კონიგსბერგერ ბერენფანგ	Other Spirit Drinks
DE	Ostpreußischer Bärenfang	ოსტპროისიშერ ბერენფანგ	Other Spirit Drinks
DE AT BE	Korn / Kornbrand	კორნ/კორნბრანდ	Grain spirit
EE	Estonian vodka	ესტონიან ვოდკა	Vodka
IE	Irish Whiskey/ Uisce Beatha Eireannach/ Irish Whisky (!)	აირიშ ვისკი /ვისკე ბითე აირინაჰ /აირიშ ვისკი	Whisky /Whiskey
IE	Irish Cream	აირიშ კრემ	Liqueur
IE	Irish Poteen / Irish Poitín	აირიშ პოტინ / აირიშ პოიტინ	Other Spirit Drinks
EL	Τσικουδιά / Tsikoudia	ციკუდია / ციკუდია	Grape marc spirit
EL	Τσικουδιά Κρήτης / Tsikoudia of Crete	ციკუდია კრეტის / კრეტის ციკუდია	Grape marc spirit
EL	Τσίπουρο / Tsipouro	ციპურო / ციპურო	Grape marc spirit
EL	Τσίπουρο Θεσσαλίας / Tsipouro of Thessaly	ციპურო თესალიას / თესალიას ციპურო	Grape marc spirit

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EL	Τσίπουρο Μακεδονίας / Tsipouro of Macedonia	ციპურო მაკედონიას / მაკედონიის ციპურო	Grape marc spirit
EL	Τσίπουρο Τυρνάβου / Tsipouro of Tyrnavos	ციპურო ტირნავუ / ტირნავოს ციპურო	Grape marc spirit
EL	Ούζο Θράκης / Ouzo of Thrace	უსო ტრაკის / ტრაკიას უსო	Distilled Anis
EL	Ούζο Κалаμάτας / Ouzo of Kalamata	უსო კალამატას / კალამატას უსო	Distilled Anis
EL	Ούζο Μακεδονίας / Ouzo of Macedonia	უსო მაკედონიას / მაკედონიას უსო	Distilled Anis
EL	Ούζο Μυτιλήνης / Ouzo of Mitilene	უსო მიტილინის / მიტილინის უსო	Distilled Anis
EL	Ούζο Πλωμαρίου / Ouzo of Plomari	უსო პლომარიუ / პლომარის უსო	Distilled Anis
EL	Κίτρο Νάξου / Kitro of Naxos	კიტრო ნაქსუ / ნაქსოს კიტრო	Liqueur
EL	Κουμκουάτ Κέρκυρας / Koum Kouat of Corfu	კუმკუატ კერკირას / კორფუს კუმ კუატ	Liqueur
EL	Μαστίχα Χίου / Masticha of Chios	მაცხა ხიუ / კიოს მაცხა	Liqueur
EL	Τεντούρα / Tentoura	ტენდურა / ტენტურა	Liqueur
EL CY	Ouzo / Ούζο	უსო / უსო	Distilled Anis
ES	Brandy de Jerez	ბრენდი დე ხერეს	Brandy- Weinbrand
ES	Brandy del Penedés	ბრენდი დელ პენედეს	Brandy- Weinbrand
ES	Orujo de Galicia	ორუხო დე გალისია	Grape marc spirit
ES	Aguardiente de sidra de Asturias	აგუარდენტე დე სიდრა დე ასტურიას	Cider spirit, perry spirit and cider and perry spirit
ES	Gin de Mahón	ხინ დე მაონ	Juniper-flavoured spirit drinks
ES	Anís Paloma Monforte del Cid	ანის პალომა მონფორტე დელ სიდ	Aniseed-flavoured spirit drinks
ES	Chinchón	ჩინჩონ	Aniseed-flavoured spirit drinks
ES	Hierbas de Mallorca	იერბას დე მალიორკა	Aniseed-flavoured spirit drinks
ES	Hierbas Ibicencas	იერბას იბისენკას	Aniseed-flavoured spirit drinks
ES	Cantueso Alicantino	კანტუესო ალიკანტინო	Liqueur
ES	Licor café de Galicia	ლიკორ კაფე დე გალისია	Liqueur
ES	Licor de hierbas de Galicia	ლოკორ დე იერბას დე გალისია	Liqueur
ES	Palo de Mallorca	პალო დე მალიორკა	Liqueur
ES	Ratafia catalana	რატაფია კატალანა	Liqueur

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ES	Aguardiente de hierbas de Galicia	აგუარდიენტე დე იერბას დე გალისია	Other Spirit Drinks
ES	Aperitivo Café de Alcoy	აპერიტივო კაფე დე ალკოი	Other Spirit Drinks
ES	Herbero de la Sierra de Mariola	ერბერო დე ლა სიერა დე მარიოლა	Other Spirit Drinks
ES	Pacharán Navarro	პაჩარან ნავარო	Other Spirit Drinks
ES	Ronmiel de Canarias	რონმიელ დეკანარიას	Other Spirit Drinks
FR	Rhum de la Guadeloupe	რომ დე ლა გვადელუპ	Rum
FR	Rhum de la Guyane	რომ დე ლა გუიან	Rum
FR	Rhum de la Martinique	რომ დე ლა მარტინიკ	Rum
FR	Rhum de la Réunion	რომ დე ლა რეუნიონ	Rum
FR	Rhum de sucrerie de la Baie du Galion	რომ დე სიუკრერი დე ლა ბე დიუ გალიონ	Rum
FR	Rhum des Antilles françaises	რომ დეზ ანტიი ფრანცეზ	Rum
FR	Rhum des départements français d'outre-mer	რომ დე დეპარტემან ფრანცე დ'უტრ-მერ	Rum
FR	Whisky alsacien / Whisky d'Alsace	ვისკი ალზასიენ/ვისკი დ'ალზას	Whisky /Whiskey
FR	Whisky breton / Whisky de Bretagne	ვისკი ბრეტონ/ვისკი დე ბრეტან	Whisky /Whiskey
FR	Armagnac (The denomination 'Armagnac' may be supplemented by the following terms: — Bas-Armagnac — Haut-Armagnac — Armagnac-Ténarèze — Blanche Armagnac)	არმანიაკ — ბა-არმანიაკ — ო-არმანიაკ — არმანიაკ-ტენარეზ — ბლანშ არმანიაკ	Wine spirit
FR	Cognac (The denomination 'Cognac' may be supplemented by the following terms: — Fine — Grande Fine Champagne — Grande Champagne — Petite Fine Champagne — Petite Champagne — Fine Champagne — Borderies — Fins Bois — Bons Bois)	კონიაკ (სახელი 'კონიაკი' შეიძლება გავრცობილ იქნას შემდეგი ტერმინებით: — ფინ — გრანდ ფინ შამპან — გრანდ შამპან — პეტიტ ფინ შამპან — პეტიტ შამპან — ფინ შამპან — ბორდერი — ფენ ბუა — ბონ ბუა)	Wine spirit

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FR	Eau-de-vie de Cognac	ო-დე-ვი დე კონიაკ	Wine spirit
FR	Eau-de-vie de Faugères	ო-დე-ვი დე ფოჟერ	Wine spirit
FR	Eau-de-vie de vin de la Marne	ო-დე-ვი დე ვენ დე ლა მარნ	Wine spirit
FR	Eau-de-vie de vin des Côtes-du-Rhône	ო-დე-ვი დე ვენ დე კოტ-დიუ-რონ	Wine spirit
FR	Eau-de-vie de vin originaire du Bugey	ო-დე-ვი დე ვენ ორიჟინერ დიუ ბიუჟეი	Wine spirit
FR	Eau-de-vie de vin originaire du Languedoc	ო-დე-ვი დე ვენ ორიჟინერ დიუ ლანგედოკ	Wine spirit
FR	Eau-de-vie des Charentes	ო-დე-ვი დე შარანტ	Wine spirit
FR	Fine Bordeaux	ფინ ბორდო	Wine spirit
FR	Fine de Bourgogne	ფინ დე ბურგონ	Wine spirit
FR	Marc d'Alsace Gewürztraminer	მარკ დ'ალზას გვეიურცტრამინერ	Grape marc spirit
FR	Marc d'Auvergne	მარკ დ'ოვერნ	Grape marc spirit
FR	Marc de Bourgogne / Eau-de-vie de marc de Bourgogne	მარკ დე ბურგონ / ო-დე-ვი დე მარკ დე ბურგონ	Grape marc spirit
FR	Marc de Champagne / Eau-de-vie de marc de Champagne	მარკ დე შამპან / ო-დე-ვი დე მარკ დე შამპან	Grape marc spirit
FR	Marc de Provence	მარკ დე პროვანს	Grape marc spirit
FR	Marc de Savoie	მარკ დე სავუა	Grape marc spirit
FR	Marc des Côtes-du-Rhône / Eau-de-vie de marc des Côtes du Rhône	მარკ დე კოტ-დიუ-რონ / ო-დე-ვი დე მარკ დე კოტ დიუ რონ	Grape marc spirit
FR	Marc du Bugey	მარკ დუ ბიუჟეი	Grape marc spirit
FR	Marc du Jura	მარკ დიუ ჟი ურა	Grape marc spirit
FR	Marc du Languedoc	მარკ დუ ლანგედოკ	Grape marc spirit
FR	Framboise d'Alsace	ფრამბუზა დ'ალზას	Fruit spirit
FR	Kirsch d'Alsace	კირშ დ'ალზას	Fruit spirit
FR	Kirsch de Fougerolles	კირშ დე ფოჟეროლ	Fruit spirit
FR	Mirabelle d'Alsace	მირაბელ დ'ალზას	Fruit spirit
FR	Mirabelle de Lorraine	მირაბელ დე ლორენ	Fruit spirit
FR	Quetsch d'Alsace	კეტჩ დ'ალზას	Fruit spirit

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FR	Calvados	კალვადოს	Cider spirit, perry spirit and cider and perry spirit
FR	Calvados Domfrontais	კალვადოს დომფრონტე	Cider spirit, perry spirit and cider and perry spirit
FR	Calvados Pays d'Auge	კალვადოს პეი დ'ოჟ	Cider spirit, perry spirit and cider and perry spirit
FR	Eau-de-vie de cidre de Bretagne	ო-დე-ვი დე სიდრ დე ბრეტან	Cider spirit, perry spirit and cider and perry spirit
FR	Eau-de-vie de cidre de Normandie	ო-დ-ვი დე სიდრ დე ნორმანდი	Cider spirit, perry spirit and cider and perry spirit
FR	Eau-de-vie de cidre du Maine	ო-დე-ვი დე სიდრ დიუ მენ	Cider spirit, perry spirit and cider and perry spirit
FR	Eau-de-vie de poiré de Normandie	ო-დე-ვი დე პუარე დე ნორმანდი	Cider spirit, perry spirit and cider and perry spirit
FR	Ratafia de Champagne	რატაფია დე შამპან	Liqueur
FR	Cassis de Bourgogne	კასის დე ბურგონ	Crème de cassis
FR	Cassis de Dijon	კასის დე დიჟონ	Crème de cassis
FR	Cassis de Saintonge	კასის სენტონჟე	Crème de cassis
FR	Pommeau de Bretagne	პომო დე ბრეტან	Other Spirit Drinks
FR	Pommeau de Normandie	პომო დე ნორმანდი)	Other Spirit Drinks
FR	Pommeau du Maine	პომო დიუ მენ	Other Spirit Drinks
FR	Genièvre Flandres Artois	ჟენიევრ ფლანდრ არტუა	Juniper-flavoured spirit drinks
FR IT	Génépi des Alpes / Genepi degli Alpi	ჟენეპი დეზ ალპ / ჯენეპი დელი ალპი	Liqueur
HR	Hrvatska loza	ხრვატსკა ლოზა	Fruit spirit
HR	Hrvatska stara šljivovica	ხრვატსკა სტარა შლივოვიცა	Fruit spirit
HR	Slavonska šljivovica	სლოვონსკა შლივოვიცა	Fruit spirit
HR	Újfehértói meggypálinka	უიფეჰერტოი მეჯპალინკა	Fruit spirit
HR	Zadarski maraschino	ზადარსკი მარასკინო	Maraschino / Marrasquino / Maraskino
HR	Hrvatska travarica	ხრვატსკა ტრავარიცა	Other spirit drinks
HR	Hrvatski pelinkovac	ხარვატსკი პელინკოვაც	Liqueur

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IT	Brandy italiano	ბრენდი იტალიანო	Brandy- Weinbrand
IT	Grappa	გრაპა	Grape marc spirit
IT	Grappa di Barolo	გრაპა დი ბაროლო	Grape marc spirit
IT	Grappa di Marsala	გრაპა დი მარსალა	Grape marc spirit
IT	Grappa friulana / Grappa del Friuli	გრაპა ფრიულანა/ გრაპა ელ ფრიული	Grape marc spirit
IT	Grappa lombarda / Grappa di Lombardia	გრაპა ლომბარდა/ გრაპა დი ლომბარდია	Grape marc spirit
IT	Grappa piemontese / Grappa del Piemonte	გრაპა პიემონტეზე/ გრაპა დელ პიემონტე	Grape marc spirit
IT	Grappa Siciliana / Grappa di Sicilia	გრაპა სიჩილიანა/გრაპა დი სიჩილია	Grape marc spirit
IT	Grappa trentina / Grappa del Trentino	გრაპა ტრენტინა/ გრაპა დელ ტრენტინო	Grape marc spirit
IT	Grappa veneta / Grappa del Veneto	გრაპა ვენეტა/გრაპა დელ ვენეტო	Grape marc spirit
IT	Südtiroler Grappa / Grappa dell'Alto Adige	ზიუდტიროლერ გრაპა/ გრაპა დელ'ალტო ადიჯე	Grape marc spirit
IT	Aprikot trentino / Aprikot del Trentino	აპრიკოტ ტრენტინო/ აპრიკოტ დელ ტრენტინო	Fruit spirit
IT	Distillato di mele trentino / Distillato di mele del Trentino	დისტილატო დი მელე ტრენტინო/ დისტილატო დი მელე დელ ტრენტინო	Fruit spirit
IT	Kirsch Friulano / Kirschwasser Friulano	კირშ ფრიულანო/ კირშვასერ ფრიულანო	Fruit spirit
IT	Kirsch Trentino / Kirschwasser Trentino	კირშ ტრენტინო/ კირშვასერ ტრენტინო	Fruit spirit
IT	Kirsch Veneto / Kirschwasser Veneto	კირშ ვენეტო/კირშვასერ ვენეტო	Fruit spirit
IT	Sliwovitz del Friuli-Venezia Giulia	სლივოვიც დელ ფრი-ული-ვენეცია ჯულია	Fruit spirit
IT	Sliwovitz del Veneto	სლივოვიც დელ ვენეტო	Fruit spirit
IT	Sliwovitz trentino / Sliwovitz del Trentino	სლივოვიც ტრენტინო/ სლივოვიც დელ ტრენტინო	Fruit spirit
IT	Südtiroler Golden Delicious / Golden Delicious dell'Alto Adige	ზიუდტიროლერ გოლდენ დილიშეზ/ გოლდენ დილიშეზ დელ'ალტო ადიჯე	Fruit spirit
IT	Südtiroler Gravensteiner / Gravensteiner dell'Alto Adige	ზიუდტიროლერ გრავენ-შტაინერ/ გრავენშტაინერ დელ'ალტო ადიჯე	Fruit spirit

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Product type
IT	Südtiroler Kirsch / Kirsch dell'Alto Adige	ზიუდტიროლერ კირშ/ კირშ დელ/ ალტო ადიჯე	Fruit spirit
IT	Südtiroler Marille / Marille dell'Alto Adige	ზიუდტიროლერ მარილე/ მარილე დელ'ალტო ადიჯე	Fruit spirit
IT	Südtiroler Obstler / Obstler dell'Alto Adige	ზიუდტიროლერ ობსტლერ/ ობსტლერ დელ'ალტო ადიჯე	Fruit spirit
IT	Südtiroler Williams / Williams dell'Alto Adige	ზიუდტიროლერ უილიამს/ უილიამს დელ'ალტო ადიჯე	Fruit spirit
IT	Südtiroler Zwetschgeler / Zwetschgeler dell'Alto Adige	ზიუდტიროლერ ცვეჩგელერ/ ცვეჩგელერ დელ'ალტო ადიჯე	Fruit spirit
IT	Williams friulano / Williams del Friuli	უილიამს ფრიულანო/ უილიამს დელ ფრიული	Fruit spirit
IT	Williams trentino / Williams del Trentino	უილიამს ტრენტინო/ უილიამს დელ ტრენტინო	Fruit spirit
IT	Genziana trentina / Genziana del Trentino	ჯენციანა ტრენტინა/ჯენციანა დელ ტრენტინო	Gentian
IT	Südtiroler Enzian / Genziana dell'Alto Adige	ზიუდტიროლერ ენციან/ჯენციანა დელ'ალტო ადიჯე	Gentian
IT	Genepi del Piemonte	ჯენეპი დელ პიემონტე	Liqueur
IT	Genepi della Valle d'Aosta	ჯენეპი დელა ვალე დ'აოსტა	Liqueur
IT	Liquore di limone della Costa d'Amalfi	ლიკვორე დი ლიმონე დელა კოსტა დ'ამალფი	Liqueur
IT	Liquore di limone di Sorrento	ლიკვორე დი ლიმონე დი სორენტო	Liqueur
IT	Mirto di Sardegna	მირტო დი სარდენა	Liqueur
IT	Nocino di Modena	ნოჩინო დი მოდენა	Nocino
CY	Ζιβανία / Τζιβανία / Ζιβάνα / Zivania	ზიბანია / ძიბანია / ზიბანა / ზიბანია	Grape marc spirit
LT	Samanė	სამანე	Grain spirit
LT	Originali lietuviška degtinė / Original Lithuanian vodka	ორიჯინალი ლიეტუ-ვიშკა დეგტინე /ორიჯინალ ლითუანიან ვოდკა	Vodka
LT	Vilniaus džinas / Vilnius Gin	ვილნიაუს ჯინას / ვილნიუს ჯინ	Juniper-flavoured spirit drinks
LT	Trejos devynerios	ტრეჟოს დევინერიოს	Bitter-tasting spirit drinks-bitter
LT	Trauktinė	ტრაუკტინე	Other Spirit Drinks

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Product type
LT	Trauktinė Palanga	ტრაუკტინე პალანგა	Other Spirit Drinks
LT	Trauktinė Dainava	ტრაუკტინე დაინავა	Other Spirit Drinks
HU	Törkölypálinka	ტერკეიპალინკა	Grape marc spirit
HU	Békési szilvapálinka	ბეკეში სილვაპალინკა	Fruit spirit
HU	Gönci barackpálinka	გენსი ბარაკპალინკა	Fruit spirit
HU	Kecskeméti barackpálinka	კეჩკემეტი ბარაკპალინკა	Fruit spirit
HU	Szabolcsi almapálinka	საბოლჩი ალმაპალინკა	Fruit spirit
HU	Szalmári szilvapálinka	სატმარი სილვაპალინკა	Fruit spirit
HU	Újfehértói meggypálinka	უიფეჰერტოი მეჯპალინკა	Fruit spirit
HU AT	Pálinka	პალინკა	Fruit spirit
AT	Wachauer Weinbrand	ვახაუერ ვაინბრანდ	Brandy- Weinbrand
AT	Wachauer Marillenbrand	ვახაუერ მარილენბრანდ	Fruit spirit
AT	Jägertee / Jagertee / Jagatee	იეგერტეე/ იაგერტეე/იაგათეე	Liqueur
AT	Mariazeller Magenlikör	მარიაცელერ მაგენლიკიორ	Liqueur
AT	Steinfelder Magenbitter	შტაინფელდერ მაგენბითერ	Liqueur
AT	Wachauer Marillenlikör	ვახაუერ მარილენლიკიორ	Liqueur
AT	Inländerrum	ინლენდერუმ	Other Spirit Drinks
PL	Herbal vodka from the North Podlasie Lowland aromatised with an extract of bison grass / Wódka ziołowa z Niziny Północnopodlaskiej aromatyzowana ekstraktem z trawy żubrowej	მცენარეული არაყი ჩრდილოეთ პოდლეზიეს დბლოზიდან, არომატი-ზებული ბიზონის ბალახის ექსტრაქტით / ზიოლოვა ზ ნიზინი პოლნოცნოპოლასკიეჟ	Vodka
PL	Polska Wódka / Polish Vodka	პოლსკა ვოდკა / პოლონური ვოდკა ან ფოლიშ ვოდკა	Vodka
PL	Polish Cherry	ფოლიშ ჩერი	Liqueur
PT	Rum da Madeira	რომ დე მადეირა	Rum
PT	Aguardente de Vinho Alentejo	აგუარდენტე დე ვინო ალენტეჟუ	Wine spirit
PT	Aguardente de Vinho da Região dos Vinhos Verdes	აგუარდენტე დე ვინო და რეჟიო დომ ვინოს ვერდემ	Wine spirit
PT	Aguardente de Vinho Douro	აგუარდენტე დე ვინო დოურუ	Wine spirit
PT	Aguardente de Vinho Lourinhã	აგუარდენტე დე ვინო ლურინან	Wine spirit

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Product type
PT	Aguardente de Vinho Ribatejo	აგუარდენტე დე ვინო რიბატეჟუ	Wine spirit
PT	Aguardente Bagaceira Alentejo	აგუარდენტე ბაგასეირა ალენტეჟუ	Grape marc spirit
PT	Aguardente Bagaceira Bairrada	აგუარდენტე ბაგასეირა ბაირადა	Grape marc spirit
PT	Aguardente Bagaceira da Região dos Vinhos Verdes	აგუარდენტე ბაგასეირა და რეჟიანო დომ ვინოს ვერდემ	Grape marc spirit
PT	Medronho do Algarve	მედრონუ დუ ალგარვე	Fruit spirit
PT	Poncha da Madeira	პონკა და მადეირა	Liqueur
RO	Vinars Murfatlar	ვინარს მურფატლარ	Wine spirit
RO	Vinars Segarcea	ვინარს სეგარჩა	Wine spirit
RO	Vinars Târnave	ვინარს ტერნავე	Wine spirit
RO	Vinars Vaslui	ვინარს ვასლუი	Wine spirit
RO	Vinars Vrancea	ვინარს ვრანჩა	Wine spirit
RO	Horincă de Cămârzana	ჰორინკე დე კემერზანა	Fruit spirit
RO	Pălincă	პელიკე	Fruit spirit
RO	Țuică de Argeș	ტუიკე დე არგეშ	Fruit spirit
RO	Țuică Zetea de Medieșu Aurit	ტუიკე ზეტა დე მედიეშუ აურიტ	Fruit spirit
SI	Brinjevec	ბრინჟევეც	Fruit spirit
SI	Dolenjski sadjevec	დოლენსკი სადჟევეც	Fruit spirit
SI	Janeževc	ჯანეჟევეც	Aniseed-flavoured spirit drinks
SI	Slovenska travarica	სლოვენსკა ტრავარიცა	Bitter-tasting spirit drinks-bitter
SI	Pelinkovec	პელინკოვეც	Liqueur
SI	Orehovec	ორეჰოვეც	Nocino
SI	Domači rum	დომაჩი რუმ	Other Spirit Drinks
SK	Spišská borovička	სპიშსკა ბოროვიჩკა	Juniper-flavoured spirit drinks
FI	Suomalainen Vodka / Finsk Vodka / Vodka of Finland	სუომალეინენ ვოდკა / ფინსკ ვოდკა / ვოდკა ოფ ფინლენდ ან ფინური ვოდკა	Vodka
FI	Suomalainen Marjalikööri / Suomalainen Hedelmälikööri / Finsk Bärlikör / Finsk Fruklikör / Finnish berry liqueur / Finnish fruit liqueur	სუომალენენ მარჯა-ლიკეერი / სუომალენენ ჰედელმელიკეერი / ფინსკ ბერლიკეერი / ფინსკ ფრუკტიკეერი / ფინიშ ბერი ლიკეერი / ფინიშ ფრუთ ლიკეერი	Liqueur

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Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters	Product type
SE	Svensk Vodka / Swedish Vodka	სვენშ ვოდკა / სვედიშ ვოდკა ან შვედური ვოდკა	Vodka
SE	Svensk Aquavit / Svensk Akvavit / Swedish Aquavit	სვენშ აკვავიტ/ სვენშ აკვავიტ/ სვედიშ აკვავიტ	Akvavit-aquavit
SE	Svensk Punsch / Swedish Punch	სვენშ პუნს / სვედიშ ფანრ	Other Spirit Drinks
UK	Scotch Whisky	სქოზ ვისკი	Whisky /Whiskey
UK	Somerset Cider Brandy	სომერსეთ საიდერ ბრენდი	Cider spirit, perry spirit and cider and perry spirit

(¹) The geographical indication Irish Whiskey / Uisce Beatha Eireannach / Irish Whisky covers whisky/whiskey produced in Ireland and Northern Ireland.

Spirit drinks of Georgia to be protected in the European Union

Name to be protected	Transcription in Latin characters	Type of product
ჭაჭა	Chacha	Other Spirit Drinks

PART C

Aromatised wines of the European Union to be protected in Georgia

Member State of the European Union	Name to be protected	Transcription in Georgian characters
DE	Nürnberger Glühwein	ნიურნბერგერ გლიუჰვაინ
DE	Thüringer Glühwein	თიურინგერ გლიუჰვაინ
FR	Vermouth de Chambéry	ვერმუტ დე შამბერი
HR	Samoborski bermet	სამობორსკი ბერმეტ
IT	Vermouth di Torino	ვერმუტ დი ტორინო

Aromatised wines of Georgia to be protected in the European Union

[...]

*ANNEX XVIII***EARLY WARNING MECHANISM**

1. The Union and Georgia hereby establish an Early Warning Mechanism with the objective to set out practical measures aimed at preventing and rapidly reacting to an emergency situation or to a threat of an emergency situation. It foresees an early evaluation of potential risks and problems related to the supply and demand of natural gas, oil or electricity and the prevention and rapid reaction in case of an emergency situation or a threat of an emergency situation.
2. For the purposes of this Annex, an emergency situation is a situation causing a significant disruption or a physical interruption of supply of energy goods between Georgia and the Union.
3. For the purposes of this Annex the Coordinators are the relevant Minister of the Government of Georgia and the Member of the European Commission in charge of energy.
4. Regular evaluations of potential risks and problems related to the supply and demand of energy materials and products should be undertaken jointly by the Parties to this Agreement and should be reported to the Coordinators.
5. Should one of the Parties to this Agreement become aware of an emergency situation or of a situation which, in its opinion, could lead to an emergency situation, that Party shall inform without delay the other Party.
6. Under the circumstances set out in paragraph 5, the Coordinators shall notify each other, within the shortest possible time, of the necessity to initiate the Early Warning Mechanism. The notification shall indicate, inter alia, designated persons that are authorised by the Coordinators to maintain permanent contact with each other.
7. Upon notification in accordance with paragraph 6, each Party shall provide the other Party with its own assessment. Such an assessment shall include an estimate of the timeframe within which the threat of an emergency situation or the emergency situation could be eliminated. The Parties shall react promptly to the assessment provided by the other Party and complement it with available additional information.
8. If one Party is unable to adequately assess or accept the other Party's assessment of the situation, or the estimated timeframe within which a threat of an emergency situation or an emergency situation may be eliminated, the corresponding Coordinator may request consultations, which shall commence within a time period not exceeding three days from the moment of forwarding the notification foreseen in paragraph 6. Such consultations shall take place through an Experts Group consisting of representatives authorised by the Coordinators. The consultations shall aim at:
 - (a) elaborating a common evaluation of the situation and of possible further developments;

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- (b) elaborating recommendations to prevent or eliminate the threat of an emergency situation or to overcome the emergency situation and
 - (c) elaborating recommendations on a joint action plan with regard to the actions provided in points(a) and (b) of paragraph 8 of this Annex in order to minimise the impact of an emergency situation and, if possible, to overcome the emergency situation, including the possibility of establishing a Special Monitoring Group.
9. The consultations, common evaluations and proposed recommendations shall be based on the principles of transparency, non-discrimination and proportionality.
10. The Coordinators, within their competencies, shall work to eliminate the threat of an emergency situation or to overcome the emergency situation taking into account the recommendations that have been elaborated as the result of the consultations.
11. The Experts Group referred to in paragraph 8 shall report on its activities to the Coordinators promptly after the implementation of any agreed plan of action.
12. If an emergency situation occurs, the Coordinators may establish a Special Monitoring Group with the task of examining the on-going circumstances and further developments and keeping an objective record of them. The Group may consist of:
- (a) representatives of the Parties;
 - (b) representatives of energy companies of the Parties;
 - (c) representatives of international energy organisations, proposed and mutually approved by the Parties, and
 - (d) independent experts proposed and mutually approved by the Parties.
13. The Special Monitoring Group shall start its work without delay and shall operate, as necessary, until the emergency situation has been solved. A decision on the termination of the work of the Special Monitoring Group shall be taken jointly by the Coordinators.
14. From the time at which a Party informs the other Party of the circumstances described in paragraph 5, and until the completion of the procedures set out in this Annex and the prevention or elimination of the threat of an emergency situation or the resolution of the emergency situation, each Party shall do its utmost within the scope of its competence to minimise any negative consequences for the other Party. The Parties shall cooperate with the aim to reach an immediate solution in a spirit of transparency. The Parties shall refrain from any actions unrelated to the on-going emergency situation that could create or deepen the negative consequences for the supply of natural gas, oil or electricity between Georgia and the Union.
15. Each Party independently carries the costs relating to the actions in the framework of this Annex.

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16. The Parties shall maintain in confidence all information exchanged between them that is designated as being of a confidential nature. The Parties shall take any necessary measures to protect confidential information on the basis of the relevant legal and normative acts of Georgia, or of the Union, as well as in accordance with applicable international agreements and conventions.
17. The Parties may, by mutual agreement, invite representatives of third parties to take part in the consultations or monitoring referred to in paragraphs 8 and 12.
18. The Parties may agree to adapt the provisions of this Annex in view of establishing an early warning mechanism between them and other Parties.
19. A violation of the provisions in this Annex cannot serve as a basis for dispute settlement procedures under Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement or any other agreement applicable to disputes between the Parties. Moreover, a Party shall not rely on or introduce as evidence in such dispute settlement procedures:
 - (a) positions taken or proposals made by the other Party in the course of the procedure set out in this Annex, or
 - (b) the fact that the other Party has indicated its willingness to accept a solution to the emergency situation subject to this mechanism.

*ANNEX XIX***MEDIATION MECHANISM***Article 1***Objective**

The objective of this Annex is to facilitate the finding of a mutually agreed solution through a comprehensive and expeditious procedure with the assistance of a mediator.

SECTION 1

PROCEDURE UNDER THE MEDIATION MECHANISM*Article 2***Request for information**

1. Before the initiation of the mediation procedure, a Party may request at any time in writing information regarding a measure adversely affecting its trade interests. The Party to which such request is made shall provide, within 20 days, a written response containing its comments on the information contained in the request.
2. Where the responding Party considers that a response within 20 days is not practicable, it shall inform the requesting Party of the reasons for the delay, together with an estimate of the shortest period within which it will be able to provide its response.

*Article 3***Initiation of the procedure**

1. A Party may request, at any time, that the Parties enter into a mediation procedure. Such request shall be addressed to the other Party in writing. The request shall be sufficiently detailed to present clearly the concerns of the requesting Party and shall:
 - (a) identify the specific measure at issue;
 - (b) provide a statement of the alleged adverse effects that the requesting Party believes the measure has, or will have, on its trade interests, and
 - (c) explain how the requesting Party considers that those effects are linked to the measure.
2. The mediation procedure may only be initiated by mutual agreement of the Parties. The Party to which a request pursuant to paragraph 1 is addressed shall give sympathetic consideration to the request and reply by accepting or rejecting it in writing within ten days of its receipt.

*Article 4***Selection of the mediator**

1. Upon launch of the mediation procedure, the Parties shall endeavour to agree on a mediator no later than 15 days after the receipt of the reply to the request referred to in Article 3 of this Annex.

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2. In the event that the Parties are unable to agree on the mediator within the time frame laid down in paragraph 1, either Party may request the chair or co-chairs of the Association Committee in Trade configuration, as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, or their delegates, to select the mediator by lot from the list established under Article 268 of this Agreement. Representatives of both Parties shall be invited, with sufficient advance notice, to be present when lots are drawn. In any event, the lot shall be carried out with the Party/Parties that are present.

3. The chair or co-chairs of the Association Committee in Trade configuration, or their delegates, shall select the mediator within five working days of the request made by either Party under paragraph 2 of this Article.

4. Should the list provided for in Article 268 of this Agreement not be established at the time a request is made pursuant to Article 3 of this Annex, the mediator shall be drawn by lot from the individuals which have been formally proposed by one or both of the Parties.

5. A mediator shall not be a citizen of either Party, unless the Parties agree otherwise.

6. The mediator shall assist, in an impartial and transparent manner, the Parties in bringing clarity to the measure and its possible trade effects, and in reaching a mutually agreed solution. The Code of Conduct for Arbitrators and Mediators set out in Annex XXI to this Agreement shall apply to mediators, *mutatis mutandis*. Rules 3 through 7 (notifications) and 41 through 45 (translation and interpretation) of the Rules of Procedure of Annex XX to this Agreement shall also apply, *mutatis mutandis*.

*Article 5***Rules of the mediation procedure**

1. Within ten days after the appointment of the mediator, the Party having invoked the mediation procedure shall present, in writing, a detailed description of the problem to the mediator and to the other Party, in particular of the operation of the measure at issue and its trade effects. Within 20 days after the date of delivery of this submission, the other Party may provide, in writing, its comments to the description of the problem. Either Party may include in its description or comments any information that it deems relevant.

2. The mediator may decide on the most appropriate way of bringing clarity to the measure concerned and its possible trade effects. In particular, the mediator may organise meetings between the Parties, consult the Parties jointly or individually, seek the assistance of, or consult with, relevant experts and stakeholders and provide any additional support requested by the Parties. However, before seeking the assistance of or consulting with relevant experts and stakeholders, the mediator shall consult with the Parties.

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3. The mediator may offer advice and propose a solution for the consideration of the Parties which may accept or reject the proposed solution or may agree on a different solution. However, the mediator shall not advise or give comments on the consistency of the measure at issue with this Agreement.
4. The procedure shall take place in the territory of the Party to which the request was addressed, or by mutual agreement in any other location or by any other means.
5. The Parties shall endeavour to reach a mutually agreed solution within 60 days from the appointment of the mediator. Pending a final agreement, the Parties may consider possible interim solutions, especially if the measure relates to perishable goods.
6. The solution may be adopted by means of a decision of the Association Committee in Trade configuration as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement. Either Party may make such solution subject to the completion of any necessary internal procedures. Mutually agreed solutions shall be made publicly available. The version disclosed to the public may not contain any information that a Party has designated as confidential.
7. On request of the Parties, the mediator shall notify to the Parties, in writing, a draft factual report, providing a brief summary of (a) the measure at issue in these procedures; (b) the procedures followed; and (c) any mutually agreed solution reached as the final outcome of these procedures, including possible interim solutions. The mediator shall provide the Parties 15 days to comment on the draft report. After considering the comments of the Parties submitted within the period, the mediator shall submit, in writing, a final factual report to the Parties within 15 days. The factual report shall not include any interpretation of this Agreement.
8. The procedure shall be terminated:
 - (a) by the adoption of a mutually agreed solution by the Parties, on the date of the adoption thereof;
 - (b) by a mutual agreement of the Parties at any stage of the procedure, on the date of that agreement;
 - (c) by a written declaration of the mediator, after consultation with the Parties, that further efforts at mediation would be to no avail, on the date of that declaration, or
 - (d) by a written declaration of a Party after exploring mutually agreed solutions under the mediation procedure and after having considered any advice and proposed solutions by the mediator, on the date of that declaration.

▼B**SECTION 2
IMPLEMENTATION***Article 6***Implementation of a mutually agreed solution**

1. Where the Parties have agreed to a solution, each Party shall take the measures necessary to implement the mutually agreed solution within the agreed timeframe.
2. The implementing Party shall inform the other Party in writing of any steps or measures taken to implement the mutually agreed solution.

**SECTION 3
GENERAL PROVISIONS***Article 7***Confidentiality and relationship to dispute settlement**

1. Unless the Parties agree otherwise, and without prejudice to Article 5(6) of this Annex, all steps of the procedure, including any advice or proposed solution, are confidential. However, any Party may disclose to the public that mediation is taking place.
2. The mediation procedure is without prejudice to the Parties' rights and obligations under the provisions on Dispute Settlement of Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement or any other agreement.
3. Consultations under Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement are not required before initiating the mediation procedure. However, a Party should normally avail itself of the other available cooperation or consultation provisions in this Agreement before initiating the mediation procedure.
4. A Party shall not rely on or introduce as evidence in other dispute settlement procedures under this Agreement or any other agreement, nor shall a panel take into consideration:
 - (a) positions taken by the other Party in the course of the mediation procedure or information gathered under Article 5(1) and (2) of this Annex;
 - (b) the fact that the other Party has indicated its willingness to accept a solution to the measure subject to mediation or
 - (c) advice given or proposals made by the mediator.

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5. A mediator may not serve as a panellist in a dispute settlement proceeding under this Agreement or under the WTO Agreement involving the same matter for which he/she has been a mediator.

*Article 8***Time-limits**

Any time-limit referred to in this Annex may be modified by mutual agreement between the Parties involved in these procedures.

*Article 9***Costs**

1. Each Party shall bear its own expenses derived from its participation in the mediation procedure.

2. The Parties shall share jointly and equally the expenses derived from organisational matters, including the remuneration and expenses of the mediator. The remuneration of the mediator shall be in accordance with that foreseen for the chairperson of an arbitration panel in accordance with Rule 8(e) of the Rules of Procedure.

▼B*ANNEX XX***RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR DISPUTE SETTLEMENT****General provisions**

1. In Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement and under these Rules:
 - (a) ‘adviser’ means a person retained by a Party to the dispute to advise or assist that Party in connection with the arbitration panel proceeding;
 - (b) ‘arbitrator’ means a member of an arbitration panel established under Article 249 of this Agreement;
 - (c) ‘assistant’ means a person who, under the terms of appointment of an arbitrator, conducts research or provides assistance to that arbitrator⁽¹⁾;
 - (d) ‘complaining Party’ means any Party that requests the establishment of an arbitration panel under Article 248 of this Agreement;
 - (e) ‘party complained against’ means the Party that is alleged to be in violation of the provisions referred to in Article 245 of this Agreement;
 - (f) ‘arbitration panel’ means a panel established under Article 249 of this Agreement;
 - (g) ‘representative of a Party’ means an employee or any person appointed by a government department or agency or any other public entity of a Party who represents the Party for the purposes of a dispute under this Agreement;
 - (h) ‘day’ means a calendar day.
2. The Party complained against shall be in charge of the logistical administration of dispute settlement proceedings, in particular the organisation of hearings, unless otherwise agreed. The Parties shall share the expenses derived from organisational matters, including the remuneration and the expenses of the arbitrators.

Notifications

3. Each Party to the dispute and the arbitration panel shall transmit any request, notice, written submission or other document by e-mail to the other Party, and as regards written submissions and requests in the context of arbitration to each of the arbitrators. The arbitration panel shall circulate documents to the Parties also by e-mail. Unless proven otherwise, an e-mail message shall

⁽¹⁾ Each arbitrator shall not appoint more than one assistant.

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- be deemed to be received on the date of its sending. If any of the supporting documents are above ten megabytes, they shall be provided in another electronic format to the other Party and where relevant to each of the arbitrators within two days from the sending of the e-mail.
4. A copy of the documents transmitted in accordance with rule 3 above shall be submitted to the other Party and where relevant to each of the arbitrators on the day of sending the e-mail by either facsimile transmission, registered post, courier, delivery against receipt or any other means of telecommunication that provides a record of the sending thereof.
 5. All notifications shall be addressed to the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development of Georgia and to the Directorate-General for Trade of the Commission of the European Union, respectively.
 6. Minor errors of a clerical nature in any request, notice, written submission or other document related to the arbitration panel proceeding may be corrected by delivery of a new document clearly indicating the changes.
 7. If the last day for delivery of a document falls on an official legal holiday of Georgia or of the EU, the document shall be deemed delivered within the deadline on the next business day.

Commencing the arbitration

8. (a) If pursuant to Article 249 of this Agreement or to rules 19, 20 or 46 of these Rules, an arbitrator is selected by lot, the lot shall be carried out at a time and place decided by the complaining Party to be promptly communicated to the Party complained against. The Party complained against may, if it so chooses, be present during the lot. In any event, the lot shall be carried out with the Party/Parties that are present.
- (b) If pursuant to Article 249 of this Agreement or to rules 19, 20 or 46 of these Rules an arbitrator is to be selected by lot and there are two chairpersons of the Association Committee in Trade configuration as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement, the lot shall be performed by both chairpersons, or their delegates. However, in cases where one chairperson or his delegate does not accept to participate in the lot, the selection by lot shall be performed by the other chairperson alone.
- (c) The Parties shall notify the selected arbitrators regarding their appointment.
- (d) An arbitrator who has been appointed according to the procedure established in Article 249 of this Agreement shall confirm his/her availability to serve as member of the arbitration panel to the Association Committee in Trade configuration within five days of the date in which he/she was informed of his/her appointment.
- (e) Unless the Parties to the dispute agree otherwise, they shall meet the arbitration panel within seven days of its establishment in order to determine such matters that the Parties or the arbitration panel deem appropriate, including the remuneration and expenses to be paid to the arbitrators, which will be in accordance with WTO standards. The remuneration for each arbitrator's assistant shall not exceed 50 % of the remuneration of that arbitrator. Arbitrators and representatives of the Parties to the dispute may take part in this meeting via telephone or video conference.

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9. (a) Unless the Parties agree otherwise within five days from the date of the selection of the arbitrators, the terms of reference of the arbitration panel shall be: ‘To examine, in the light of the relevant provisions of the Agreement invoked by the parties to the dispute, the matter referred to in the request for establishment of the arbitration panel, to rule on the compatibility of the measure in question with the provisions referred to in Article 245 of the Association Agreement and to make a ruling in accordance with Article 251 of that Agreement’.
- (b) The Parties shall notify the agreed terms of reference to the arbitration panel within three days of their agreement.

Initial submissions

10. The complaining Party shall deliver its initial written submission no later than 20 days after the date of establishment of the arbitration panel. The Party complained against shall deliver its written counter-submission no later than 20 days after the date of receipt of the initial written submission.

Working of arbitration panels

11. The chairperson of the arbitration panel shall preside at all its meetings. An arbitration panel may delegate to the chairperson authority to make administrative and procedural decisions.
12. Unless otherwise provided in Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement, the arbitration panel may conduct its activities by any means, including telephone, facsimile transmissions or computer links.
13. Only arbitrators may take part in the deliberations of the arbitration panel, but the arbitration panel may permit its assistants to be present at its deliberations.
14. The drafting of any ruling shall remain the exclusive responsibility of the arbitration panel and shall not be delegated.
15. Where a procedural question arises that is not addressed by Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement and its annexes, the arbitration panel, after consulting the Parties, may adopt an appropriate procedure that is compatible with those provisions.
16. When the arbitration panel considers that there is a need to modify any of the time-limits for its proceedings other than the time-limits set out in Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement or to make any other procedural or administrative adjustment, it shall inform the Parties to the dispute in writing of the reasons for the change or the adjustment and of the period of time or adjustment needed.

Replacement

17. If in an arbitration proceeding an arbitrator is unable to participate, withdraws, or must be replaced because of non-compliance with the requirements of the Code of Conduct, a replacement shall be selected in accordance with Article 249 of this Agreement and Rule 8 of these Rules.

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18. Where a Party to the dispute considers that an arbitrator does not comply with the requirements of the Code of Conduct and for this reason should be replaced, that Party shall notify the other Party to the dispute within 15 days from the time at which it obtained evidence of the circumstances underlying the arbitrator's material violation of the Code of Conduct.

19. Where a Party to the dispute considers that an arbitrator other than the chairperson does not comply with the requirements of the Code of Conduct, the Parties to the dispute shall consult and, if they so agree, select a new arbitrator in accordance with Article 249 of this Agreement and Rule 8 of these Rules.

If the Parties to the dispute fail to agree on the need to replace an arbitrator, any Party to the dispute may request that such matter be referred to the chairperson of the arbitration panel, whose decision shall be final.

If, pursuant to such a request, the chairperson finds that an arbitrator does not comply with the requirements of the Code of Conduct, the new arbitrator shall be selected in accordance with Article 249 of this Agreement and Rule 8 of these Rules.

20. Where a Party considers that the chairperson of the arbitration panel does not comply with the requirements of the Code of Conduct, the Parties shall consult and, if they so agree, select a new chairperson in accordance with Article 249 of this Agreement and Rule 8 of these Rules.

If the Parties fail to agree on the need to replace the chairperson, any Party may request that such matter be referred to one of the remaining members of the pool of individuals from the sub-list of chairpersons established under paragraph 1 of Article 268 of this Agreement. Within five days from the request, his/her name shall be drawn by lot in accordance with Rule 8 of these Rules. The decision by the selected person on the need to replace the chairperson shall be final.

If the selected person decides that the original chairperson does not comply with the requirements of the Code of Conduct, he/she shall select a new chairperson by lot among the remaining pool of individuals from the sub-list of chairpersons referred to under paragraph 1 of Article 268 of this Agreement. The selection of the new chairperson shall be carried out within five days of the date of the decision by the selected person that the original chairperson does not comply with the requirements of the Code of Conduct.

21. The arbitration panel proceedings shall be suspended for the period taken to carry out the procedures provided for in rules 18, 19 and 20 of these Rules.

Hearings

22. The chairperson of the arbitration panel shall fix the date and the time of the hearing in consultation with the Parties to the dispute and the other arbitrators, and shall confirm this in writing to the Parties to the dispute. This information shall also be made publicly available by the Party in charge of the logistical administration of the proceedings, unless the hearing is closed to the public. Unless a Party disagrees, the arbitration panel may decide not to convene a hearing.

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The hearing shall be open to the public, unless it must be partially or fully closed in order to ensure the confidentiality of confidential information. In addition, the Parties may, by mutual agreement, decide that the hearing be partially or fully closed to the public on the basis of other objective considerations.

23. Unless the Parties agree otherwise, the hearing shall be held in Brussels, if the complaining Party is Georgia and in Tbilisi, if the complaining Party is the EU.
24. The arbitration panel may convene additional hearings, if the Parties so agree.
25. All arbitrators shall be present during the entirety of any hearings.
26. The following persons may attend the hearing, irrespective of whether the proceedings are open to the public or not:
 - (a) representatives of the Parties to the dispute;
 - (b) advisers to the Parties to the dispute;
 - (c) administrative staff, interpreters, translators and court reporters and
 - (d) arbitrators' assistants.

Only the representatives and advisers of the Parties to the dispute may address the arbitration panel.
27. No later than five days before the date of a hearing, each Party to the dispute shall deliver to the arbitration panel a list of the names of individuals who will make oral arguments or presentations at the hearing on behalf of that Party and of other representatives or advisers who will be attending the hearing.
28. The arbitration panel shall conduct the hearing in the following manner, ensuring that the complaining Party and the Party complained against are afforded equal time:

Argument

- (a) argument of the complaining Party
- (b) counter-argument of the Party complained against

Rebuttal Argument

- (a) argument of the complaining Party
- (b) counter-argument of the Party complained against

29. The arbitration panel may direct questions to either Party to the dispute at any time during the hearing.
30. The arbitration panel shall arrange for a transcript of each hearing to be prepared and delivered as soon as possible to the Parties to the dispute. The Parties to the dispute may comment on the transcript and the arbitration panel may consider those comments.

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31. Each Party to the dispute may deliver a supplementary written submission concerning any matter that arose during the hearing within ten days of the date of the hearing.

Questions in writing

32. The arbitration panel may at any time during the proceedings address questions in writing to one or both Parties to the dispute. Each of the Parties to the dispute shall receive a copy of any questions put by the arbitration panel.
33. A Party to the dispute shall also provide a copy of its written response to the arbitration panel's questions to the other Party to the dispute. Each Party to the dispute shall be given the opportunity to provide written comments on the other Party's reply within five days of the date of receipt of such reply.

Confidentiality

34. Each Party to the dispute and its advisers shall treat as confidential any information submitted by the other Party to the dispute to the arbitration panel which that Party has designated as confidential. Where a Party to the dispute submits a confidential version of its written submissions to the arbitration panel, it shall also, upon request of the other Party, provide a non-confidential summary of the information contained in its submissions that could be disclosed to the public. That Party shall provide the non-confidential summary no later than 15 days after the date of either the request or the submission, whichever is later and an explanation why the non-disclosed information is confidential. Nothing in these Rules shall preclude a Party to the dispute from disclosing statements of its own positions to the public to the extent that, when making reference to information submitted by the other Party, it does not disclose any information designated by the other Party as confidential. The arbitration panel shall meet in closed session when the submission and the arguments of a Party contain confidential information. The Parties to the dispute and their advisers shall maintain the confidentiality of the arbitration panel hearings where the hearings are held in closed session.

Ex parte contacts

35. The arbitration panel shall not meet or communicate with a Party in the absence of the other Party.
36. No arbitrator may discuss any aspect of the subject matter of the proceedings with one Party or both Parties to the dispute in the absence of the other arbitrators.

Amicus curiae submissions

37. Unless the Parties agree otherwise within three days of the date of the establishment of the arbitration panel, the arbitration panel may receive unsolicited written submissions from natural or legal persons established in the territory of a Party to the dispute who are independent from the governments of the Parties to the dispute, provided that they are made within ten days of the date of the establishment of the arbitration panel, that they are concise and in no case longer than 15 pages typed at double space and that they are directly relevant to a factual or a legal issue under consideration by the arbitration panel.
38. The submission shall contain a description of the person making the submission, whether natural or legal, including its nationality or place of establishment, the nature of its activities, its legal status, general objectives and the source of its financing, and specify the nature of the interest that the

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person has in the arbitration proceeding. It shall be drafted in the languages chosen by the Parties to the dispute in accordance with rules 41 and 42 of these Rules.

39. The arbitration panel shall list in its ruling all the submissions it has received that conform to Rules 37 and 38 of these Rules. The arbitration panel shall not be obliged to address in its ruling the arguments made in such submissions. Any such submission shall be notified by the arbitration panel to the Parties to the dispute for their comments. The comments of the Parties to the dispute shall be submitted within ten days from the notification of the arbitration panel and any such comments shall be taken into consideration by the arbitration panel.

Urgent cases

40. In cases of urgency referred to in Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement, the arbitration panel, after consulting the Parties, shall adjust the time-limits referred to in these Rules as appropriate and shall notify the Parties of such adjustments.

Translation and interpretation

41. During the consultations referred to in Article 246 of this Agreement, and no later than the meeting referred to in Rule 8(e) of these Rules, the Parties to the dispute shall endeavour to agree on a common working language for the proceedings before the arbitration panel.
42. If the Parties to the dispute are unable to agree on a common working language, each Party shall make its written submissions in its chosen language. Such Party shall provide at the same time a translation in the language chosen by the other Party, unless its submissions are written in one of the working languages of the WTO. The Party complained against shall arrange for the interpretation of oral submissions into the languages chosen by the Parties to the dispute.
43. Arbitration panel rulings shall be notified in the language or languages chosen by the Parties to the dispute.
44. Any Party to the dispute may provide comments on the accuracy of the translation of any translated version of a document drawn up in accordance with these Rules.
45. Each Party shall bear the costs of the translation of its written submissions. Any costs incurred for translation of an arbitration ruling shall be borne equally by the Parties to the dispute.

Other procedures

46. These Rules are also applicable to procedures established under Article 246, Article 255(2), Article 256(2), Article 257(2), and Article 259(2) of this Agreement. However, the time-limits laid down in these Rules shall be adjusted by the arbitration panel in line with the special time-limits provided for the adoption of a ruling by the arbitration panel in those other procedures.

▼B*ANNEX XXI***CODE OF CONDUCT FOR ARBITRATORS AND MEDIATORS****Definitions**

1. In this Code of Conduct:
 - (a) ‘arbitrator’ means a member of an arbitration panel established under Article 249 of this Agreement;
 - (b) ‘candidate’ means an individual whose name is on the list of arbitrators referred to in Article 268 of this Agreement and who is under consideration for selection as an arbitrator under Article 249 of this Agreement;
 - (c) ‘assistant’ means a person who, under the terms of appointment of an arbitrator, conducts, researches or provides assistance to the arbitrator;
 - (d) ‘proceeding’, unless otherwise specified, means an arbitration panel proceeding under Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement;
 - (e) ‘staff’, in respect of an arbitrator, means persons under the direction and control of the member, other than assistants;
 - (f) ‘mediator’ means a person who conducts a mediation procedure in accordance with Annex XIX to this Agreement.

Responsibilities to the process

2. Throughout the proceedings, every candidate and arbitrator shall avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety, shall be independent and impartial, shall avoid direct and indirect conflicts of interests and shall observe high standards of conduct so that the integrity and impartiality of the dispute settlement mechanism is preserved. Former arbitrators must comply with the obligations established in Rules 15, 16, 17 and 18 of this Code of Conduct.

Disclosure obligations

3. Prior to confirmation of his/her selection as an arbitrator under Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement, a candidate shall disclose any interest, relationship or matter that is likely to affect his/her independence or impartiality or that might reasonably create an appearance of impropriety or bias in the proceeding. To this end, a candidate shall make all reasonable efforts to become aware of any such interests, relationships and matters.
4. A candidate or an arbitrator shall communicate matters concerning actual or potential violations of this Code of Conduct only to the Association Committee in Trade configuration as set out in Article 408(4) of this Agreement for consideration by the Parties.
5. Once selected, an arbitrator shall continue to make all reasonable efforts to become aware of any interests, relationships or matters referred to in rule 3 of this Code of Conduct and shall disclose them. The disclosure obligation is

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a continuing duty which requires an arbitrator to disclose any such interests, relationships or matters that may arise during any stage of the proceeding. The arbitrator shall disclose such interests, relationships or matters by informing the Association Committee in Trade configuration in writing, for consideration by the Parties.

Duties of arbitrators

6. Upon confirmation of his/her selection, an arbitrator shall be available to perform and shall perform his/her duties thoroughly and expeditiously throughout the proceeding, and with fairness and diligence.
7. An arbitrator shall consider only those issues raised in the proceeding and necessary for a ruling and shall not delegate that duty to any other person.
8. An arbitrator shall take all appropriate steps to ensure that his/her assistant and staff are aware of, and comply with, Rules 2, 3, 4, 5, 16, 17 and 18 of this Code of Conduct.
9. An arbitrator shall not engage in ex parte contacts concerning the proceeding.

Independence and impartiality of arbitrators

10. An arbitrator shall be independent and impartial, and avoid creating an appearance of impropriety or bias and shall not be influenced by self-interest, outside pressure, political considerations, public clamour and loyalty to a Party or fear of criticism.
11. An arbitrator shall not, directly or indirectly, incur any obligation or accept any benefit that would in any way interfere, or appear to interfere, with the proper performance of his/her duties.
12. An arbitrator shall not use his/her position on the arbitration panel to advance any personal or private interests and shall avoid actions that may create the impression that others are in a special position to influence him/her.
13. An arbitrator shall not allow financial, business, professional, personal, or social relationships or responsibilities to influence his/her conduct or judgement.
14. An arbitrator shall avoid entering into any relationship or acquiring any financial interest that is likely to affect his/her impartiality or that might reasonably create an appearance of impropriety or bias.

Obligations of former arbitrators

15. All former arbitrators shall avoid actions that may create the appearance that they were biased in carrying out their duties or derived advantage from the decision or ruling of the arbitration panel.

Confidentiality

16. No arbitrator or former arbitrator shall at any time disclose or use any non-public information concerning a proceeding or acquired during a proceeding except for the purposes of that proceeding and shall not, in any case, disclose or use any such information to gain personal advantage or advantage for others or to adversely affect the interest of others.

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17. An arbitrator shall not disclose an arbitration panel ruling or parts thereof prior to its publication in accordance with Chapter 14 (Dispute Settlement) of Title IV (Trade and Trade-related Matters) of this Agreement.

18. An arbitrator or a former arbitrator shall not disclose the deliberations of an arbitration panel, or any arbitrator's view at any time.

Expenses

19. Each arbitrator shall keep a record and render a final account of the time devoted to the procedure and of his/her expenses, as well as the time and expenses of his/her assistant and staff.

Mediators

20. The disciplines described in this Code of Conduct as applying to arbitrators or former arbitrators shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to mediators.

▼B*ANNEX XXII***TAXATION**

Georgia undertakes to gradually approximate its legislation to the following EU legislation and international instruments within the stipulated timeframes.

Indirect taxation

Council Directive 2006/112/EC of 28 November 2006 on the common system of value added tax.

The provisions of that Directive shall apply, with the exception of:

- VAT scope: Article 2(1)(b) and (2), Articles 3 and 4;
- Territorial scope: all the Title: Articles 5 to 8;
- Taxable persons: Article 9(2);
- Taxable transactions: Article 17 and Articles 20 to 23;
- Place of taxation: Articles 33, 34, 35, 36(2), 37, 40, 41, 42, 43(2), 50, 51, 52 and 57;
- Chargeable event and chargeability of VAT: Articles 67, 68 and 69;
- Taxable amount: intra-community acquisition of goods: Articles 83 and 84;
- Rates: Articles 100, 101 and derogations for certain Member States: Articles 104 to 129;
- Exemptions: Intra-Community transactions: Articles 138 to 142; importations: Article 143(1)(d), 145; exportations: Article 146(1)(b); international transport: Article 149, 150(1); international trade: Articles 162, 164, 165 and 166;
- Deductions: Article 171(1) and Article 172;
- Obligations: Articles 195, 196, 197, 200, 209, 210, 213(2), 214(1) except Article 214(1)(a) and Article 216;
- Invoicing: Article 237;
- Accounting: Articles 243, 245 and 249;
- Returns: Articles 253, 254, 257, 258 and 259;
- Recapitulative statements: Articles 262 to 270;
- Obligations relating to certain importations and exportations: Articles 274 to 280;
- Special schemes: Articles 293, 294 and 344 to 356; special scheme for e-commerce: Articles 357 to 369;
- Derogations for certain Member States: Articles 370 to 396;
- Miscellaneous: Articles 397 to 400;
- Final provisions: Articles 402 to 414.

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Timetable: that Directive's provisions, with the exception of the list above, shall be implemented within five years of entry into force of this Agreement.

Georgia retains the right to exempt supply of goods and services that are exempted under Georgian Tax Code at the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 2011/64/EU of 21 June 2011 on the structure and rates of excise duty applied on manufactured tobacco

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement with the exception of Articles 7(2), 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 14(1), 14(2), 14(4), 18 and 19 of that Directive for which a proposal for a decision of the Association Council on a timetable will be submitted within one year from the entry into force of this Agreement, taking into account the need of Georgia to fight against smuggling and defend its tax revenue.

Council Directive 2007/74/EC of 20 December 2007 on the exemption from value added tax and excise duty of goods imported by persons travelling from third countries

The following section of that Directive shall apply:

— Section 3 on quantitative limits

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within three years of entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 92/83/EEC of 19 October 1992 on the harmonization of the structures of excise duties on alcohol and alcoholic beverages

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within three years of entry into force of this Agreement.

Georgia will retain the right to exempt from excise duties spirits produced by individuals in small quantities for home consumption and not intended for marketing.

Council Directive 2003/96/EC of 27 October 2003 restructuring the Community framework for the taxation of energy products and electricity

Timetable: that Directive's provisions, with the exception of Annex 1 thereto, shall be implemented within five years of entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 2008/118/EC of 16 December 2008 concerning the general arrangements for excise duty

The following Article of that Directive shall apply:

— Article 1

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within two years of entry into force of this Agreement.

Thirteenth Council Directive 86/560/EEC of 17 November 1986 on the harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating to turnover taxes-Arrangements for the refund of value added tax to taxable persons not established in Community territory

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within three years of entry into force of this Agreement.

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ANNEX XXIII

STATISTICS

The EU *acquis* in statistics as mentioned in Article 291 of Chapter 4 (Statistics), Title V (Economic Cooperation) of this Agreement is set out in the annually updated Statistical Requirements Compendium, which is considered by the Parties as annexed to this Agreement.

The latest available version of the Statistical Requirements Compendium can be found on the website of the Statistical Office of the European Union (Eurostat) in an electronic form at <http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu>

▼B*ANNEX XXIV***TRANSPORT**

Georgia undertakes to gradually approximate its legislation to the following EU legislation and international instruments within the stipulated timeframes.

Road transport

Technical conditions

Council Directive 92/6/EEC of 10 February 1992 on the installation and use of speed limitation devices for certain categories of motor vehicles in the Community

Timetable:

For all vehicles engaged in international transport, that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

For all vehicles engaged in national transport already registered at the moment of entry into force of this Agreement, that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

For all vehicles which are registered for the first time, that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within two years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 96/53/EC of 25 July 1996 laying down for certain road vehicles circulating within the Community the maximum authorized dimensions in national and international traffic and the maximum authorized weights in international traffic

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2009/40/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 May 2009 on roadworthiness tests for motor vehicles and their trailers

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement for buses and trucks and within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement for other categories of vehicles.

Safety conditions

Directive 2006/126/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 December 2006 on driving licences

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- Introduction of the driving license categories (Article 4);
- Conditions for issuing the driving licence (Article 5, 6 and 7);
- Requirements for driving tests (Annexes II and III)

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Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2008/68/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 September 2008 on the inland transport of dangerous goods

Timetable:

For all vehicles engaged in international transport, that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

For all vehicles engaged in national transport, that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Social conditions

Regulation (EC) No 561/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2006 on the harmonisation of certain social legislation relating to road transport

Timetable:

For all vehicles engaged in international transport, that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented upon entry into force of this Agreement.

For all vehicles engaged in national transport already registered at the moment of the entry into force of this Agreement, that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Regulation (EEC) No 3821/85 of 20 December 1985 on recording equipment in road transport

Timetable:

For all vehicles engaged in international transport, that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented upon entry into force of this Agreement.

For all vehicles engaged in national transport already registered at the moment of the entry into force of this Agreement, that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2006/22/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2006 on minimum conditions for the implementation of Council Regulations (EEC) No 3820/85 and (EEC) No 3821/85 concerning social legislation relating to road transport activities

Timetable: For all vehicles engaged in international transport, that Directive's provisions shall be implemented upon entry into force of this Agreement.

For all vehicles engaged in national transport that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Regulation (EC) No 1071/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing common rules concerning the conditions to be complied with to pursue the occupation of road transport operator

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The following provisions of that Regulation shall apply:

- Articles 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 (without the monetary value of the financial standing), 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 and Annex I to that Regulation

Timetable:

For all vehicles engaged in international transport, that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within one year of the entry into force of this Agreement.

For all vehicles engaged in national transport that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2002/15/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2002 on the organisation of the working time of persons performing mobile road transport activities

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2003/59/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 July 2003 on the initial qualification and periodic training of drivers of certain road vehicles for the carriage of goods or passengers

Timetable:

For all vehicles engaged in international transport, that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

For all vehicles engaged in national transport that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Fiscal conditions

Directive 1999/62/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 June 1999 on the charging of heavy goods vehicles for the use of certain infrastructures

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented once Georgia decides to introduce tolls or charges for the use of certain infrastructure.

Railway transport

Market and infrastructure access

►C1 Directive 2012/34/EU of ◀ the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 November 2012 establishing a single European rail area

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- Articles 1 to 9;
- Articles 16 to 25;
- Articles 26 to 57.

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented by August 2022.

Regulation (EU) No 913/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2010 concerning a European rail network for competitive freight

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Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Technical and safety conditions, interoperability

Directive 2004/49/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on safety on the Community's railways

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2007/59/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2007 on the certification of train drivers operating locomotives and trains on the railway system in the Community

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2008/57/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 June 2008 on the interoperability of the rail system within the Community

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2008/68/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 September 2008 on the inland transport of dangerous goods

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Other aspects

Regulation (EC) No 1370/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2007 on public passenger transport services by rail and by road

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions regarding public passenger transport services by rail shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

The proposal regarding the implementation of that Regulation's provisions regarding public passenger transport services by road shall be submitted to the Association Council within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2007 on rail passengers' rights and obligations

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions (except for Articles 9, 11, 12, 19, 20(1), 26) shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement. Articles 9, 11, 12, 19, 20(1), 26 of that Regulation shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement. Georgia retains the right to apply Annex I to that Regulation, only on the section from the station Gardabani to the station Kartsakhi, to the state border (244 km), after that line is put into operation.

Air transport

Gradual approximation in the air transport sector takes place under the Common Aviation Area Agreement between the European Union and its Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part, signed on 2 December 2010 in Brussels which contains the list and timetable for implementation of EU *acquis* in the area of aviation in an annex.

▼ B*ANNEX XXV***ENERGY**

Georgia undertakes to gradually approximate its legislation to the following EU legislation and international instruments within the stipulated timeframes.

Electricity

Directive 2009/72/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 concerning common rules for the internal market in electricity

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented in accordance with the timeline agreed by Georgia in the framework of the Energy Community Treaty. Should Georgia's accession to the Energy Community Treaty not become effective within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement, a proposal for a timeline will be submitted to the Association Council no later than three years after the entry into force of the this Agreement.

Regulation (EC) No 714/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on conditions for access to the network for cross-border exchanges in electricity

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented in accordance with the timeline agreed by Georgia in the framework of the Energy Community Treaty. Should Georgia's accession to the Energy Community Treaty not become effective within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement, a proposal for a timeline will be submitted to the Association Council no later than three years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2005/89/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 January 2006 concerning measures to safeguard security of electricity supply and infrastructure investment

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented in accordance with the timeline agreed by Georgia in the framework of the Energy Community Treaty. Should Georgia's accession to the Energy Community Treaty not become effective within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement, a proposal for a timeline will be submitted to the Association Council no later than three years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2008/92/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2008 concerning a Community procedure to improve the transparency of gas and electricity prices charged to industrial end-users

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented in accordance with the timeline agreed by Georgia in the framework of the Energy Community Treaty. Should Georgia's accession to the Energy Community Treaty not become effective within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement, a proposal for a timeline will be submitted to the Association Council no later than three years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Gas

Directive 2009/73/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 concerning common rules for the internal market in natural gas

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Timetable: provisions of Directive 2009/73/EC shall be implemented in accordance with the timeline agreed by Georgia in the framework of the Energy Community Treaty. Should Georgia's accession to the Energy Community Treaty not become effective within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement, a proposal for a timeline will be submitted to the Association Council no later than three years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Regulation (EC) No 715/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on conditions of access to the natural gas transmission networks, as amended by Commission Decision 2010/685/EU of 10 November 2010

Timetable: the provisions of Regulation (EC) No 715/2009 shall be implemented in accordance with the timeline agreed by Georgia in the framework of the Energy Community Treaty. Should Georgia's accession to the Energy Community Treaty not become effective within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement, a proposal for a timeline will be submitted to the Association Council no later than three years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2008/92/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2008 concerning a Community procedure to improve the transparency of gas and electricity prices charged to industrial end-users

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented in accordance with the timeline agreed by Georgia in the framework of the Energy Community Treaty. Should Georgia's accession to the Energy Community Treaty not become effective within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement, a proposal for a timeline will be submitted to the Association Council no later than three years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

► **C1** Regulation (EU) No 994/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 October 2010 concerning ◀ measures to safeguard security of gas supply

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented in accordance with the timeline agreed by Georgia in the framework of the Energy Community Treaty. Should Georgia's accession to the Energy Community Treaty not become effective within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement, a proposal for a timeline will be submitted to the Association Council no later than three years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Renewable energy

Directive 2009/28/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 on the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented in accordance with the timeline agreed by Georgia in the framework of the Energy Community Treaty. Should Georgia's accession to the Energy Community Treaty not become effective within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement, a proposal for a timeline will be submitted to the Association Council no later than three years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Oil

Council Directive 2009/119/EC of 14 September 2009 imposing an obligation on Member States to maintain minimum stocks of crude oil and/or petroleum products

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Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented in accordance with the timeline agreed by Georgia in the framework of the Energy Community Treaty. Should Georgia's accession to the Energy Community Treaty not become effective within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement, a proposal for a timeline will be submitted to the Association Council no later than three years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Energy efficiency

Directive 2006/32/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 April 2006 on energy end-use efficiency and energy services

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented in accordance with the timeline agreed by Georgia in the framework of the Energy Community Treaty. Should Georgia's accession to the Energy Community Treaty not become effective within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement, a proposal for a timeline will be submitted to the Association Council no later than three years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2010/31/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 May 2010 on the energy performance of buildings

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented in accordance with the timeline agreed by Georgia in the framework of the Energy Community Treaty. Should Georgia's accession to the Energy Community Treaty not become effective within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement, a proposal for a timeline will be submitted to the Association Council no later than three years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

►C1 Directive 2010/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 May 2010 on the indication by labelling ◀ and standard product information of the consumption of energy and other resources by energy-related products

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented in accordance with the timeline agreed by Georgia in the framework of the Energy Community Treaty. Should Georgia's accession to the Energy Community Treaty not become effective within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement, a proposal for a timeline will be submitted to the Association Council no later than three years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Implementing Directives/Regulations:

- Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1059/2010 of 28 September 2010 supplementing Directive 2010/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to energy labelling of household dishwashers
- Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1060/2010 of 28 September 2010 supplementing Directive 2010/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to energy labelling of household refrigerating appliances
- Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1061/2010 of 28 September 2010 supplementing Directive 2010/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to energy labelling of household washing machines
- Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1062/2010 of 28 September 2010 supplementing Directive 2010/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to energy labelling of televisions

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- Council Directive 92/75/EEC of 22 September 1992 on the indication by labelling and standard product information of the consumption of energy and other resources by household appliances

- Commission Directive 2003/66/EC of 3 July 2003 amending Directive 94/2/EC implementing Council Directive 92/75/EEC with regard to energy labelling of household electric refrigerators, freezers and their combinations

- Commission Directive 2002/40/EC of 8 May 2002 implementing Council Directive 92/75/EEC with regard to energy labelling of household electric ovens

- Commission Directive 2002/31/EC of 22 March 2002 implementing Council Directive 92/75/EEC with regard to energy labelling of household air-conditioners

- Commission Directive 1999/9/EC of 26 February 1999 amending Directive 97/17/EC implementing Council Directive 92/75/EEC with regard to energy labelling of household dishwashers

- Commission Directive 98/11/EC of 27 January 1998 implementing Council Directive 92/75/EEC with regard to energy labelling of household lamps

- Commission Directive 97/17/EC of 16 April 1997 implementing Council Directive 92/75/EEC with regard to energy labelling of household dishwashers

- Commission Directive 96/89/EC of 17 December 1996 amending Directive 95/12/EC implementing Council Directive 92/75/EEC with regard to energy labelling of household washing machines

- Commission Directive 96/60/EC of 19 September 1996 implementing Council Directive 92/75/EEC with regard to energy labelling of household combined washer-driers

- Commission Directive 95/13/EC of 23 May 1995 implementing Council Directive 92/75/EEC with regard to energy labelling of household electric tumble driers

- Commission Directive 95/12/EC of 23 May 1995 implementing Council Directive 92/75/EEC with regard to energy labelling of household washing machines

- Commission Directive 94/2/EC of 21 January 1994 implementing Council Directive 92/75/EEC with regard to energy labelling of household electric refrigerators, freezers and their combinations

Timetable: the provisions of the above mentioned implementing Directives/Regulations shall be implemented in accordance with the timeline agreed by Georgia in the framework of the Energy Community Treaty. Should Georgia's accession to the Energy Community Treaty not become effective within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement, a proposal for a timeline will be submitted to the Association Council no later than three years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

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Prospection and exploration of hydrocarbons

Directive 94/22/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 May 1994 on the conditions for granting and using authorisations for the prospection, exploration and production of hydrocarbons

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Energy efficiency

Directive 2012/27/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on energy efficiency

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented in accordance with the timeline to be agreed in the framework of the Energy Community Treaty. Should Georgia's accession to the Energy Community Treaty not become effective within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement, a proposal for a timeline will be submitted to the Association Council no later than three years after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2009/33/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 on the promotion of clean and energy-efficient road transport vehicles

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Regulation (EC) No 859/2009 of 18 September 2009 amending Regulation (EC) No 244/2009 as regards the ecodesign requirements on ultra-violet radiation of non-directional household lamps

Timetable: the provisions of Regulation (EC) No 859/2009 shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Regulation (EC) No 107/2009 of 4 February 2009 implementing Directive 2005/32/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to eco-design requirements for simple set-top boxes

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 of 17 December 2008 implementing Directive 2005/32/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to eco-design requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Regulation (EC) No 641/2009 of 22 July 2009 implementing Directive 2005/32/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to ecodesign requirements for glandless standalone circulators and glandless circulators integrated in products

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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Commission Regulation (EC) No 640/2009 of 22 July 2009 implementing Directive 2005/32/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to ecodesign requirements for electric motors

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Regulation (EC) No 643/2009 of 22 July 2009 implementing Directive 2005/32/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to ecodesign requirements for household refrigerating appliances

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Regulation (EC) No 642/2009 of 22 July 2009 implementing Directive 2005/32/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to ecodesign requirements for televisions

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within 6 years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 92/42/EEC of 21 May 1992 on efficiency requirements for new hot-water boilers fired with liquid or gaseous fuels

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Regulation (EC) No 106/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 January 2008 on a Community energy-efficiency labelling programme for office equipment

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Regulation (EC) No 1222/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2009 on the labelling of tyres with respect to fuel efficiency and other essential parameters

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Regulation (EU) No 1015/2010 of 10 November 2010 implementing Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to ecodesign requirements for household washing machines

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Regulation (EU) No 1016/2010 of 10 November 2010 implementing Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to ecodesign requirements for household dishwashers

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

▼B*ANNEX XXVI***ENVIRONMENT**

Georgia undertakes to gradually approximate its legislation to the following EU legislation and international instruments within the stipulated timeframes.

Environmental governance and integration of environment into other policy areas

Directive 2011/92/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 December 2011 on the assessment of the effects of certain public and private projects on the environment

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies (Articles 2 and 3);
- establishment of requirements that Annex I projects to be subject to environmental impact assessment and of a procedure to decide which Annex II projects require EIA (Article 4). Provisions related to certain areas that are separately covered in this Chapter shall be implemented within the same timeframe as indicated in the respective Directives;
- determination of the scope of the information to be provided by the developer (Article 5);
- establishment of a procedure for consultation with environmental authorities and a public consultation procedure (Article 6);
- establishment of arrangements for exchange of information and consultation with EU Member States whose environment is likely to be significantly affected by a project (Article 7);
- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;
- establishment of measures for notifying the public of the outcome of decisions on applications for development consent (Article 9);
- establishment of effective, not prohibitively expensive and timely review procedures at administrative and judicial level involving the public and NGOs (Article 11).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2001/42/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 June 2001 on the assessment of the effects of certain plans and programmes on the environment

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of a procedure to decide which plans or programmes require strategic environmental assessment and of requirements that plans or programmes for which strategic environmental assessment is mandatory are subject to such an assessment (Article 3);

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- establishment of a procedure for consultation with environmental authorities and a public consultation procedure (Article 6);
- establishment of arrangements with EU Member States whose environment is likely to be significantly affected by a project for exchange of information and consultation (Article 7).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2003/4/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2003 on public access to environmental information

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;
- setting up of practical arrangements under which environmental information is made available to the public and the applicable exceptions (Articles 3 and 4);
- ensuring that public authorities make environmental information available to the public (Article 3(1));
- establishment of procedures to review of decisions not to supply environmental information or to supply only partial information (Article 6);
- establishment of a system for disseminating environmental information to the public (Article 7).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2003/35/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 May 2003 providing for public participation in respect of the drawing up of certain plans and programmes relating to the environment

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

To be read in conjunction with Directives 2008/50/EC, 91/676/EEC, 2008/98/EC, 2010/75/EU and 2011/92/EU

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of Directive 2003/35/EC shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of a mechanism for providing the public with information (Article 2(2)(a) and 2(2)(d));
- establishment of a mechanism for public consultation (Article 2(2)(b) and 2(3));
- establishment of a mechanism for public comments and opinions to be taken into account in the decision-making process (Article 2(2)(c));
- guaranteeing effective, timely and not prohibitively expensive access to justice at administrative and judicial level in these procedures for the public (including NGOs) (Articles 3(7) and 4(4), EIA and IPPC).

Timetable: those provisions of Directive 2003/35/EC shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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Directive 2004/35/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on environmental liability with regard to the prevention and remedying of environmental damage

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authorities (Article 11);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of rules and procedures aimed at preventing and remedying of damage to the environment (water, land, protected species and natural habitats) based on the polluter-pays principle (Articles 5, 6, 7, Annex II) Provisions related to the evaluation of remedial options by using BAT shall be implemented within the same timeframe as indicated in the respective directives;
- establishment of strict liability for dangerous occupational activities (Article 3(1)(a) and Annex III). To read in conjunction with respective directives indicated in this Chapter;
- establishment of obligations for operators to take the necessary prevention and remediation measures including liability for costs (Articles 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10);
- establishment of mechanisms for affected persons including environmental NGOs to request action by competent authorities in case of environmental damage including independent review (Articles 12 and 13).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Air quality

Directive 2008/50/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 May 2008 on ambient air quality and cleaner air for Europe

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment and classification of zones and agglomerations (Article 4);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of an assessment regime with appropriate criteria for assessing ambient air quality in relation to air pollutants (Articles 5, 6 and 9);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of air quality plans for zones and agglomerations where levels of pollutants exceed limit value/target value (Article 23);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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- establishment of short-term action plans for zones and agglomerations in which there is a risk that alert thresholds will be exceeded (Article 24);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of a system to provide information to the public (Article 26).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement, except for Article 26(1)(d), which shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2004/107/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 December 2004 relating to arsenic, cadmium, mercury, nickel and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons in ambient air

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment and classification of zones and agglomerations (Article 3(2));

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of an assessment regime with appropriate criteria for assessing ambient air quality in relation to air pollutants (Article 4);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- taking measures in order to maintain/improve air quality in respect of the relevant pollutants (Article 3(1) and 3(3)).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within nine years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 1999/32/EC of 26 April 1999 relating to a reduction of sulphur content of certain liquid fuels as amended by Regulation (EC) No 1882/2003 and Directive 2005/33/EC

The following provisions of Directive 1999/32/EC shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of an effective sampling system and appropriate analytical methods of analysis (Article 6);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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- prohibition of use of heavy fuel oil and gas oil with a sulphur content greater than established limit values (Articles 3(1) and 4(1));

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- application of limit values for the sulphur content of marine fuels (Articles 4a and 4b).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 94/63/EC of 20 December 1994 on the control of volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions resulting from the storage of petrol and its distribution from terminals to service stations, as amended by Regulation (EC) No 1882/2003

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- identifying all terminals for storing and loading petrol (Article 2);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of technical measures to reduce loss of petrol from storage installations at terminals and service stations and during loading/unloading mobile containers at terminals (Articles 3, 4 and 6 and Annex III);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- requiring all road tanker loading gantries and mobile containers to meet the requirements (Articles 4 and 5).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2004/42/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on the limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain paints and varnishes and vehicle refinishing products

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- setting up maximum VOC content limit values for paints and varnishes (Article 3 and Annex II);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within nine years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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- establishment of requirements ensuring labelling of products placed on the market and placing on the market of products complying with relevant requirements (Articles 3 and 4).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within nine years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Water quality and resource management including marine environment

Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2000 establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy as amended by Decision No 2455/2001/EC

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- identification of river basin districts and establishment of administrative arrangements for international rivers, lakes and coastal waters (Article 3(1) to 3(7));

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- analysis of the characteristics of river basin districts (Article 5);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of programmes for monitoring water quality (Article 8);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive (related to ground water) shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive (related to surface water) shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- preparation of river basin management plans, consultations with the public and publication of these plans (Articles 13 and 14).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within ten years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2007/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2007 on the assessment and management of flood risks

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- undertaking preliminary flood assessment (Articles 4 and 5);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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- preparation of flood hazards maps and flood risks maps (Article 6);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of flood risk management plans (Article 7).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within nine years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

► **C1** Council Directive 91/271/EEC of ◀ 21 May 1991 concerning urban waste water treatment as amended by Directive 98/15/EC and Regulation (EC) No 1882/2003

The following provisions of Directive 91/271/EEC shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- assessment of the status of urban waste water collection and treatment;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- identification of sensitive areas and agglomerations (Article 5 and Annex II);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- preparation of technical and investment programme for the urban waste water collection and treatment.

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

► **C1** Council Directive 98/83/EC of 3 November 1998 on the quality ◀ of water intended for human consumption as amended by Regulation (EC) No 1882/2003

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of standards for drinking water (Articles 4 and 5);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of a monitoring system (Articles 6 and 7);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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- establishment of a mechanism to provide information to consumers (Article 13).

Timetable: those provisions of this Directive shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- **CI** Council Directive 91/676/EEC of ◀ 12 December 1991 concerning the protection of waters against pollution caused by nitrates from agricultural sources as amended by Regulation (EC) No 1882/2003

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of monitoring programmes (Article 6);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive (related to ground water) shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive (related to surface water) shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- identification of polluted waters or waters at risk and designation of nitrate vulnerable zones (Article 3);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive (related to ground water) shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive (related to surface water) shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of action plans and codes of good agricultural practices for nitrate vulnerable zones (Articles 4 and 5).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2008/56/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 June 2008 establishing a framework for Community action in the field of marine environmental policy

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- development of a marine strategy in cooperation with relevant EU MS (Articles 5 and 6) (in the case of cooperation with non-EU MS, the commitments of Georgia under the Article 6(2) will be aligned on those provided for by the Black Sea Convention);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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- initial assessment of marine waters, determination of good environmental status and establishment of environmental targets and indicators (Article 5 and Articles 8 to 10);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of a monitoring programme for ongoing assessment and regular updating of targets (Articles 5 and 11);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- preparation of a programme of measures to achieve good environmental status (Articles 5 and 13).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Waste management

Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste:

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- preparation of waste management plans in line with the five-step waste hierarchy and of waste prevention programmes (Chapter V, except for Article 29(4));

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of cost recovery mechanism in accordance with the polluter pays principle (Article 14);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of a permitting system for establishments/undertakings carrying out disposal or recovery operations, with specific obligations for the management of hazardous wastes (Chapter IV);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of a register of waste collection and transport establishments and undertakings (Chapter IV).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 1999/31/EC of 26 April 1999 on the landfill of waste as amended by Regulation (EC) No 1882/2003

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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- classification of landfill sites (Article 4);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- preparation of a national strategy reducing the amount of biodegradable municipal waste going to landfill (Article 5);

Timetable: those provisions of Article 5(1) of that Directive shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement. Within this timeline, the Association Council shall make a decision on the dates and percentages of reduction of biodegradable municipal waste going to landfill as well as selection of reference year. The provisions of Article 5(3) and 5(4) of that Directive shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of an application and permit system and of waste acceptance procedures (Articles 5, 6, 7, 11, 12 and 14, except for the part of Article 7(i) that refers to requirements under Article 8(a)(iv));

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of control and monitoring procedures in the operation phase of landfills and of closure and after-care procedures for landfills to be disaffected (Articles 12 and 13);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of conditioning plans for existing landfill sites (Article 14);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of a costing mechanism covering setting-up and operation of a landfill, and as far as possible closure and after-care (Article 10, except for the part that refers to requirements under Article 8(a)(iv));

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- ensuring the relevant waste is subject to treatment before landfilling (Article 6).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2006/21/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2006 on the management of waste from extractive industries

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of a system to ensure that operators draw up waste management plans; identification and classification of waste facilities (Articles 4 and 9 and Annex III, first indent);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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- establishment of a permit system, of financial guarantees and of an inspection system (Articles 7 and 17);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of procedures for the management and monitoring of excavation voids (Article 10);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of closure and after-closure procedures for mining waste facilities (Article 12);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- drawing up an inventory of closed mining waste facilities (Article 20).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Nature protection

Directive 2009/147/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 November 2009 on the conservation of wild birds

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- assessment of bird species requiring special conservation measures and regularly occurring migratory species;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- identification and designation of special protection areas for bird species (Article 4(1));

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of special conservation measures to protect regularly occurring migratory species (Article 4(2));

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of a general system of protection for all wild bird species of which the hunted species are a special subset and prohibition of certain types of capture/killing (Articles 5, 6, 7 and 8 and Article 9(1) and 9(2)).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement. The prohibition of semi-automatic or automatic weapons with a magazine capable of holding more than two rounds of ammunition shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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Council Directive 92/43/EC of 21 May 1992 on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora as amended by Directive 97/62/EC, 2006/105/EC and Regulation (EC) No 1882/2003

The following provisions of Directive 92/43/EC shall apply:

— adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

— completion of inventory of Emerald sites, designation of these sites and establish priorities for their management (Article 4);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

— establishment of measures required for the conservation of such sites (Article 6);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

— establishment of a system to monitor conservation status of pertinent habitats and protected species as relevant for Georgia (Article 11);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

— establishment of a strict species protection regime for species listed in Annex IV of this Directive as relevant for Georgia and in line with reservations made by Georgia for some species in the Council of Europe Convention on the Conservation of European Wildlife and Natural Habitats (Article 12);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

— establishment of a mechanism to promote education and general information to the public (Article 22(c)).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Industrial pollution and industrial hazards

Directive 2010/75/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions

The following provisions of that Directive shall apply:

— adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

— identification of installations that require a permit;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement. For installations of points 6(3), 6(4), and 6(6) of Annex I of that Directive the different thresholds will be agreed upon by the Association Council. A proposal for such a decision will be submitted to the Association Council within four years from the entry into force of the Agreement.

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- implementation of an integrated permit system (Articles 4 to 6, 12, 17(2), 21 and 24 and Annex IV);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement; for installations of points 6(3), 6(4), and 6(6) of Annex I of that Directive within maximum six years after/from the Association Council decision.

- establishment of a compliance monitoring mechanism (Articles 8, 14(1)(d) and 23(1));

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- implementation of BAT taking into account the BAT conclusions of the BREFs (Article 14(3) to (6) and Article 15(2) to (4));

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within 12 years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of emission limit values for combustion plants (Article 30 and Annex V);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement for new installations and within 12 years of the entry into force of this Agreement for existing installations.

- preparation of transitional national plans to reduce total annual emissions from existing plants (optional to setting emission limit values for existing plants) (Article 32).

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within 12 years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 96/82/EC of 9 December 1996 on the control of major accident hazards involving dangerous substances as amended by Directive 2003/105/EC and Regulation (EC) No 1882/2003

The following provisions of Directive 96/82/EC shall apply:

- adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;
- establishment of effective coordination mechanisms between relevant authorities;

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of systems for recording information about relevant installations and for reporting on major accidents (Articles 13 and 14);

Timetable: those provisions of that Directive shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Chemicals management

Regulation (EC) No 689/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 June 2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

The following provisions of that Regulation shall apply:

- implementation of the export notification procedure (Article 7);

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- implementation of procedures for handling of export notifications received from other countries (Article 8);
- setting up of procedures for drafting and submission of notifications of final regulatory action (Article 10);
- setting up of procedures for drafting and submission of import decisions (Article 12);
- implementation of the PIC procedure for the export of certain chemicals, in particular those listed in Annex III to the Rotterdam Convention (Article 13);
- implementation of the labelling and packaging requirements for exported chemicals (Article 16);
- designation of national authorities that control the import and export of chemicals (Article 17).

Timetable: those provisions of that Regulation shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures,

The following provisions of that Regulation shall apply:

- designation of competent authority/ies (Article 43);
- implementation of classification, labelling and packaging of substances (Article 4);

Timetable: those provisions of that Regulation shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- implementation of classification, labelling and packaging of mixtures (Article 4).

Timetable: those provisions of that Regulation shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

▼B*ANNEX XXVII***CLIMATE ACTION**

Georgia undertakes to gradually approximate its legislation to the following EU legislation and international instruments within the stipulated timeframes.

Regulation (EC) No 842/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 on certain fluorinated greenhouse gases.

The following provisions of that Regulation shall apply:

— adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Regulation shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

— establishment/adaptation of national training and certification requirements for relevant personnel and companies (Article 5);

Timetable: those provisions of that Regulation shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

— establishment of (internal) reporting systems for acquiring emission data from the relevant sectors (Article 6);

Timetable: those provisions of that Regulation shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

— establishment of enforcement system (Article 13).

Timetable: those provisions of that Regulation shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

The following provisions of that Regulation shall apply:

— adoption of national legislation and designation of competent authority/ies;

Timetable: those provisions of that Regulation shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

— establishment of a ban on the production of controlled substances, except for specific uses (Article 4);

Timetable: those provisions of that Regulation shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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- establishment of a ban on the placing on the market and use of controlled substances and for reclaimed HCFCs which might be used as refrigerants, according to the obligations of Georgia taken under the Montreal Protocol (Articles 5 and 11). Georgia will freeze the consumption of HCFCs at baseline level by 2013, decrease the consumption by 10 % in 2015, by 35 % in 2020, by 67,5 % in 2025 and Phase out by 2030 (except 2,5 % for servicing use up to 2040);

Timetable: those provisions of that Regulation shall be implemented within 15 years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- definition of the conditions for the production, placing on the market and use of controlled substances for exempted uses as feedstock, process agents, for essential laboratory and analytical uses, critical uses of halons (Chapter III). The use of Methyl Bromide will be only allowed for critical uses and Quarantine and Pre-shipment applications in Georgia;

Timetable: those provisions of that Regulation shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of a licensing system for the import and export of controlled substances for exempted uses (Chapter IV) and reporting obligations for undertakings (Article 27);

Timetable: those provisions of that Regulation shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of obligations to recover, recycle, reclaim and destruct used controlled substances (Article 22);

Timetable: those provisions of that Regulation for Ozone Depleting Substances shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

- establishment of procedures for monitoring and inspecting leakages of controlled substances (Article 23).

Timetable: those provisions of that Regulation for Ozone Depleting Substances shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.



ANNEX XXVIII

COMPANY LAW, ACCOUNTING AND AUDITING AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Georgia undertakes to gradually approximate its legislation to the following EU legislation and international instruments within the stipulated timeframes.

For the purposes of this Annex the term Public Limited Liability Company (PLLC) designates in Georgia any company where liability of shareholders is limited by their shares, and offer its shares to the public and/or the shares are publicly tradable (listed) in a stock exchange. The different designations for such companies under Georgian law, corresponding to those of the list of national designations included in Directive 77/91/EEC, will be agreed upon by the Association Council, and will replace the aforementioned definition of a PLLC. A proposal to the Association Council shall be made for such a decision no later than one year after the entry into force of this Agreement. This approach applies to all Directives referring to PLLC under this Annex.

Company law

Directive 2009/101/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on coordination of safeguards which, for the protection of the interests of members and third parties, are required by Member States of companies within the meaning of the second paragraph of Article 48 of the Treaty, with a view to making such safeguards equivalent

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

The proposal on the types of companies that will be exempt from Article 2(f) of that Directive, shall be proposed to the Association Council no later than one year after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Second Council Directive 77/91/EEC of 13 December 1976 on coordination of safeguards which, for the protection of the interests of members and others, are required by Member States of companies within the meaning of the second paragraph of Article 58 of the Treaty, in respect of the formation of public limited liability companies and the maintenance and alteration of their capital, with a view to making such safeguards equivalent, as amended by Directives 92/101/EEC, 2006/68/EC and 2009/109/EC

Timeline: the provisions of Directive 77/91/EEC shall be implemented within three years of entry into force of this Agreement.

Minimum capital requirement shall be clarified and a final decision will be submitted to the Association Council no later than three years from the entry into force.

Third Council Directive 78/855/EEC of 9 October 1978 based on Article 54(3)(g) of the Treaty concerning mergers of public limited liability companies, as amended by Directives 2007/63/EC and 2009/109/EC

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 78/855/EEC shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Sixth Council Directive 82/891/EEC of 17 December 1982 based on Article 54(3)(g) of the Treaty, concerning the division of public limited liability companies, as amended by Directives 2007/63/EC and 2009/109/EC

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 82/891/EEC shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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Eleventh Council Directive 89/666/EEC of 21 December 1989 concerning disclosure requirements in respect of branches opened in a Member State by certain types of company governed by the law of another State

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2009/102/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 in the area of company law on single-member private limited liability companies

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented for single-member private limited companies with turnover above 1 million EUR within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Scheduled application of that Directive to other single-member private limited companies will be clarified and a final decision will be submitted to the Association Council within one year from the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2004/25/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on takeover bids

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2007/36/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 July 2007 on the exercise of certain rights of shareholders in listed companies

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Accounting and auditing

Fourth Council Directive 78/660/EEC of 25 July 1978 based on Article 54(3)(g) of the Treaty on the annual accounts of certain types of companies

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented for public limited companies within three years of entry into force of this Agreement.

Scheduled application of this directive to other types of companies will be clarified and a final decision will be submitted to the Association Council within one year from the entry into force of the Agreement.

Seventh Council Directive 83/349/EEC of 13 June 1983 based on the Article 54(3)(g) of the Treaty on consolidated accounts

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented for public limited companies within three years of entry into force of this Agreement.

Scheduled application of this directive to other types of companies will be clarified and a final decision will be submitted to the Association Council within one year from the entry into force of the Agreement.

Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 July 2002 on the application of international accounting standards

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented for public limited companies within three years of entry into force of this Agreement.

Scheduled application of that Regulation to other types of companies will be clarified and a final decision will be submitted to the Association Council within one year from the entry into force of the Agreement.

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Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 on statutory audits of annual accounts and consolidated accounts

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented for public limited companies within three years of entry into force of this Agreement.

Scheduled application of this directive to other types of companies will be clarified and a final decision will be submitted to the Association Council within one year from the entry into force of the Agreement.

Commission Recommendation of 6 May 2008 on external quality assurance for statutory auditors and audit firms auditing public interest entities (2008/362/EC)

Timetable: not applicable

Commission Recommendation of 5 June 2008 concerning the limitation of the civil liability of statutory auditors and audit firms (2008/473/EC)

Timetable: not applicable

Corporate governance

OECD principles on corporate governance

Timetable: not applicable

Commission Recommendation of 14 December 2004 fostering an appropriate regime for the remuneration of directors of listed companies (2004/913/EC)

Timetable: not applicable

Commission Recommendation of 15 February 2005 on the role of non-executive or supervisory directors of listed companies and on the committees of the (supervisory) board (2005/162/EC)

Timetable: not applicable

Commission Recommendation of 30 April 2009 on remuneration in the financial services sector (2009/384/EC)

Timetable: not applicable

Commission Recommendation of 30 April 2009 complementing Recommendations No 2004/913/EC and No 2005/162/EC as regards the regime for the remuneration of directors of listed companies (2009/385/EC)

Timetable: not applicable

▼ **C1***ANNEX XXIX***CONSUMER POLICY**

Georgia undertakes to gradually approximate its legislation to the following EU legislation and international instruments within the stipulated timeframes.

Product Safety

Directive 2001/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 December 2001 on general product safety

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented upon the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 87/357/EEC of 25 June 1987 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States concerning products which, appearing to be other than they are, endanger the health or safety of consumers

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Decision 2009/251/EC of 17 March 2009 requiring Member States to ensure that products containing the biocide dimethylfumarate are not placed or made available on the market

The proposal on the timeline for that Decision shall be proposed to the Association Council no later than one year after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Decision 2006/502/EC of 11 May 2006 requiring Member States to take measures to ensure that only lighters which are child-resistant are placed on the market and to prohibit the placing on the market of novelty lighters

Timetable: that Decision's provisions shall be implemented within two years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Marketing

Directive 98/6/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 1998 on consumer protection in the indication of the prices of products offered to consumers

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2005/29/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 May 2005 concerning unfair business-to-consumer commercial practices in the internal market ('Unfair Commercial Practices Directive')

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2006/114/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 concerning misleading and comparative advertising

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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Contract Law

Directive 1999/44/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 May 1999 on certain aspects of the sale of consumer goods and associated guarantees

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 93/13/EEC of 5 April 1993 on unfair terms in consumer contracts

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 97/7/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 1997 on the protection of consumers in respect of distance contracts

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 85/577/EEC of 20 December 1985 to protect the consumer in respect of contracts negotiated away from business premises

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 90/314/EEC of 13 June 1990 on package travel, package holidays and package tours

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2008/122/EC of the European Parliament and of Council of 14 January 2009 on the protection of consumers in respect of certain aspects of timeshare, long-term holiday product, resale and exchange contracts

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Financial Services

Directive 2002/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 September 2002 concerning the distance marketing of consumer financial services

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Consumer credit

Directive 2008/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2008 on credit agreements for consumers

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Redress

Commission Recommendation of 30 March 1998 on the principles applicable to the bodies responsible for out-of-court settlement of consumer disputes (98/257/EC)

Timetable: not applicable

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Commission Recommendation of 4 April 2001 on the principles for out-of-court bodies involved in the consensual resolution of consumer disputes (2001/310/EC)

Timetable: not applicable

Enforcement

Directive 98/27/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 May 1998 on injunctions for the protection of consumers' interests

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Consumer protection cooperation

Regulation (EC) No 2006/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 October 2004 on cooperation between national authorities responsible for the enforcement of consumer protection laws (the Regulation on consumer protection cooperation)

The approximation of Georgia's legislation should be limited to the following provisions of that Regulation:

— Article 3(c); Article 4(3) to 4(7); Article 13(3) and 13(4)

Timetable: that Regulation's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.



ANNEX XXX

EMPLOYMENT, SOCIAL POLICY AND EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES

Georgia undertakes to gradually approximate its legislation to the following EU legislation and international instruments within the stipulated timeframes.

Labour Law

Council Directive 91/533/EEC of 14 October 1991 on an employer's obligation to inform employees of the conditions applicable to the contract or employment relationship

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 1999/70/EC of 28 June 1999 concerning the framework agreement on fixed-term work concluded by ETUC, UNICE and CEEP

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 97/81/EC of 15 December 1997 concerning the Framework Agreement on part-time work concluded by UNICE, CEEP and the ETUC - Annex: Framework agreement on part-time work

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 91/383/EEC of 25 June 1991 supplementing the measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of workers with a fixed- duration employment relationship or a temporary employment relationship

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 98/59/EC of 20 July 1998 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to collective redundancies

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 2001/23/EC of 12 March 2001 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to the safeguarding of employees' rights in the event of transfers of undertakings, businesses or parts of undertakings or businesses

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2002/14/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2002 establishing a general framework for informing and consulting employees in the European Community - Joint declaration of the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission on employee representation

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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Directive 2003/88/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 November 2003 concerning certain aspects of the organisation of working time

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Anti-discrimination and gender equality

Council Directive 2000/43/EC of 29 June 2000 implementing the principle of equal treatment between persons irrespective of racial or ethnic origin

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 2000/78/EC of 27 November 2000 establishing a general framework for equal treatment in employment and occupation

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2006/54/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2006 on the implementation of the principle of equal opportunities and equal treatment of men and women in matters of employment and occupation

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 2004/113/EC of 13 December 2004 implementing the principle of equal treatment between men and women in the access to and supply of goods and services

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 92/85/EEC of 19 October 1992 on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding (tenth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 92/85/EEC shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 79/7/EEC of 19 December 1978 on the progressive implementation of the principle of equal treatment for men and women in matters of social security

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Health and Safety at Work

Council Directive 89/391/EEC of 12 June 1989 on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health of workers at work

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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Council Directive 89/654/EEC of 30 November 1989 concerning the minimum safety and health requirements for the workplace (first individual directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: for new workplaces, the provisions of Directive 89/654/EEC shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement, including minimum safety and health requirements laid down in Annex II to that Directive.

For workplaces already in use at the moment of entry into force of this Agreement, that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement, including minimum safety and health requirements laid down in Annex II to that Directive.

Directive 2009/104/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 concerning the minimum safety and health requirements for the use of work equipment by workers at work (second individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC – Codification of Directive 89/655/EEC, as amended by Directives 95/63/EC and 2001/45/EC)

Timetable: for new workplaces, the provisions of Directive 2009/104/EC shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement, including minimum safety and health requirements laid down in Annex II to that Directive.

For workplaces already in use at the moment of entry into force of this Agreement, that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement, including minimum safety and health requirements laid down in Annex I to that Directive.

Council Directive 89/656/EEC of 30 November 1989 on the minimum health and safety requirements for the use by workers of personal protective equipment at the workplace (third individual directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 89/656/EEC shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 92/57/EEC of 24 June 1992 on the implementation of minimum safety and health requirements at temporary or mobile construction sites (eight individual directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 92/57/EC shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2009/148/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 November 2009 on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to asbestos at work

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2004/37/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens or mutagens at work (sixth individual directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2004/37/EC shall be implemented within nine years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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Directive 2000/54/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 September 2000 on the protection of workers from risks related to exposure to biological agents at work (seventh individual directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2000/54/EC shall be implemented within nine years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 90/270/EEC of 29 May 1990 on the minimum safety and health requirements for work with display screen equipment (fifth individual directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 90/270/EEC shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 92/58/EEC of 24 June 1992 on the minimum requirements for the provision of safety and/or health signs at work (ninth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 92/58/EEC shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 92/91/EEC of 3 November 1992 concerning the minimum requirements for improving the safety and health protection of workers in the mineral-extracting industries through drilling (eleventh individual directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: for new workplaces, the provisions of Directive 92/91/EEC shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement. For workplaces already in use at the moment of entry into force of this Agreement, that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement, including minimum safety and health requirements laid down in the Annex to that Directive.

Council Directive 92/104/EEC of 3 December 1992 on the minimum requirements for improving the safety and health protection of workers in surface and underground mineral-extracting industries (twelfth individual directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: for new workplaces, the provisions of Directive 92/104/EEC shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

For workplaces already in use at the moment of entry into force of this Agreement, that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within nine years of the entry into force of this Agreement, including minimum safety and health requirements laid down in the Annex to that Directive.

Council Directive 98/24/EC of 7 April 1998 on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work (fourteenth individual directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 98/24/EC shall be implemented within nine years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 1999/92/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 1999 on minimum requirements for improving the safety and health protection of workers potentially at risk from explosive atmospheres

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(fifteenth individual directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 1999/92/EC shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2002/44/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 June 2002 on the minimum health and safety requirements regarding the exposure of workers to the risk arising from physical agents (vibration) (sixteenth individual directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2002/44/EC shall be implemented within seven years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2003/10/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 February 2003 on the minimum health and safety requirements regarding the exposure of workers to the risk arising from physical agents (noise) (seventeenth individual directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2003/10/EC shall be implemented within nine years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2004/40/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on the minimum health and safety requirements regarding the exposure of workers to the risks arising from physical agents (electromagnetic fields) (eighteenth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2004/40/EC shall be implemented within nine years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2006/25/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 April 2006 on the minimum health and safety requirements regarding the exposure of workers to risks arising from physical agents (artificial optical radiation) (nineteenth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2006/25/EC shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 93/103/EC of 23 November 1993 concerning the minimum safety and health requirements for work on board fishing vessels (thirteenth individual directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 93/103/EC shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 92/29/EEC of 31 March 1992 on the minimum safety and health requirements for improved medical treatment on board vessels

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 90/269/EEC of 29 May 1990 on the minimum health and safety requirements for the manual handling of loads where there is a risk particularly of back injury to workers (fourth individual directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 90/269/EEC shall be implemented within eight years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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Commission Directive 91/322/EEC of 29 May 1991 on establishing indicative limit values by implementing Council Directive 80/1107/EEC on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical, physical and biological agents at work

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 91/322/EEC shall be implemented within nine years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Directive 2000/39/EC of 8 June 2000 establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2000/39/EC shall be implemented within nine years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Directive 2006/15/EC of 7 February 2006 establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2006/15/EC shall be implemented within nine years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Directive 2009/161/EU of 17 December 2009 establishing a third list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC

Timetable: the provisions Directive 2009/161/EU shall be implemented within nine years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Directive 2010/32/EU of 10 May 2010 implementing the Framework Agreement on prevention from sharp injuries in the hospital and healthcare sector concluded by HOSPEEM and EPSU

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within nine years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

▼B*ANNEX XXXI***PUBLIC HEALTH**

Georgia undertakes to gradually approximate its legislation to the following EU legislation and international instruments within the stipulated timeframes.

Tobacco

Directive 2001/37/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 June 2001 on the approximation of the laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States concerning the manufacture, presentation and sale of tobacco products

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within six years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2003/33/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 May 2003 on the approximation of the laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States relating to the advertising and sponsorship of tobacco products

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Council Recommendation of 2 December 2002 on the prevention of smoking and on initiatives to improve tobacco control (2003/54/EC)

Timetable: not applicable

Council Recommendation of 30 November 2009 on smoke-free environments (2009/C 296/02)

Timetable: not applicable

Communicable diseases

Decision No 2119/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 September 1998 setting up a network for the epidemiological surveillance and control of communicable diseases in the Community

Timetable: that Decision's provisions shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Decision 2000/96/EC of 22 December 1999 on the communicable diseases to be progressively covered by the Community network under Decision No 2119/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council

Timetable: the provisions of Decision 2000/96/EC shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Decision 2002/253/EC of 19 March 2002 laying down case definitions for reporting communicable diseases to the Community network under Decision No 2119/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council

Timetable: the provisions of Decision 2002/253/EC shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

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Commission Decision 2000/57/EC of 22 December 1999 on the early warning and response system for the prevention and control of communicable diseases under Decision No 2119/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council

Timetable: the provisions of Decision 2000/57/EC shall be implemented within one year of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Blood

Directive 2002/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 setting standards of quality and safety for the collection, testing, processing, storage and distribution of human blood and blood components

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2002/98/EC shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Directive 2004/33/EC of 22 March 2004 implementing Directive 2002/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards certain technical requirements for blood and blood components

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2004/33/EC shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Directive 2005/62/EC of 30 September 2005 implementing Directive 2002/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards Community standards and specifications relating to a quality system for blood establishments

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2005/62/EC shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Directive 2005/61/EC of 30 September 2005 implementing Directive 2002/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards traceability requirements and notification of serious adverse reactions and events

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2005/61/EC shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Organs, tissues and cells

Directive 2004/23/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 on setting standards of quality and safety for the donation, procurement, testing, processing, preservation, storage and distribution of human tissues and cells

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Directive 2006/17/EC of 8 February 2006 implementing Directive 2004/23/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards certain technical requirements for the donation, procurement and testing of human tissues and cells

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2006/17/EC shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Commission Directive 2006/86/EC of 24 October 2006 implementing Directive 2004/23/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards traceability requirements, notification of serious adverse reactions and events and certain

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technical requirements for the coding, processing, preservation, storage and distribution of human tissues and cells

Timetable: the provisions of Directive 2006/86/EC shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Directive 2010/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 July 2010 on standards of quality and safety of human organs intended for transplantation

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within five years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Mental health - Drug dependence

Council Recommendation of 18 June 2003 on the prevention and reduction of health-related harm associated with drug dependence (2003/488/EC)

Timetable: not applicable

Alcohol

Council Recommendation of 5 June 2001 on the drinking of alcohol by young people, in particular children and adolescents (2001/458/EC)

Timetable: not applicable

Cancer

Council Recommendation of 2 December 2003 on cancer screening (2003/878/EC)

Timetable: not applicable

Prevention of injury and promotion of safety

Council Recommendation of 31 May 2007 on the prevention of injury and the promotion of safety (2007/C 164/01)

Timetable: not applicable

*ANNEX XXXII***EDUCATION, TRAINING AND YOUTH**

Decision No 2241/2004/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 December 2004 on a single Community framework for the transparency of qualifications and competences (Europass)

Council Recommendation of 24 September 1998 on European cooperation in quality assurance in higher education (98/561/EC)

Recommendation of European Parliament and of the Council of 15 February 2006 on further European cooperation on quality assurance in higher education (2006/143/EC)

Recommendation of European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 on key competences for lifelong learning (2006/962/EEC)

Recommendation of European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2008 on the establishment of the European Qualifications Framework for lifelong learning (2008/C 111/01)

Recommendation of European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2009 on the establishment of a European Credit System for Vocational Education and Training (ECVET) (2009/C 155/02)

Recommendation of European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2009 on the establishment of a European Quality Assurance Reference Framework for Vocational Education and Training (2009/C 155/01)

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ANNEX XXXIII

COOPERATION IN THE AUDIO-VISUAL AND MEDIA FIELDS

Georgia undertakes to gradually approximate its legislation to the following EU legislation and international instruments within the stipulated timeframes.

Directive 2010/13/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 10 March 2010 on the coordination of certain provisions laid down by law, regulation or administrative action in Member States concerning the provision of audiovisual media services (Audiovisual Media Services Directive)

Timetable: that Directive's provisions shall be implemented within three years of the entry into force of this Agreement, except for Article 23 of this Directive which shall be implemented within five years.



ANNEX XXXIV

ANTI-FRAUD AND CONTROL PROVISIONS

Georgia undertakes to gradually approximate its legislation to the following EU legislation and international instruments within the stipulated timeframes.

EU Convention of 26 July 1995 on the protection of the European Communities' financial interests; the following provisions of that Convention shall apply:

- Article 1 – General provisions, definitions;
- Article 2(1) by taking the necessary measures to ensure that the conduct referred to in Article 1, and participating in, instigating, or attempting the conduct referred to in Article 1(1), are punishable by effective, proportionate and dissuasive criminal penalties;
- Article 3 – Criminal liability of heads of businesses

Timetable: those provisions of that Convention shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Protocol to the Convention on the protection of the European Communities' financial interests; the following provisions of that Protocol shall apply:

- Article 1(1)(c) and 1(2) – Relevant definitions;
- Article 2 – Passive corruption;
- Article 3 – Active corruption;
- Article 5(1) by taking the necessary measures to ensure that the conduct referred to in Articles 2 and 3, and participating in and instigating the conduct in question, are punishable by effective, proportionate and dissuasive criminal penalties;
- Article 7 as far as it refers to Article 3 of that Convention

Timetable: those provisions of that Protocol shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

Second Protocol to the Convention on the protection of the European Communities' financial interests; the following provisions of that Protocol shall apply:

- Article 1 – Definition;
- Article 2 – Money laundering;
- Article 3 – Liability of legal persons;
- Article 4 – Sanctions for legal persons;
- Article 12 as far as it refers to Article 3 of that Convention

Timetable: those provisions of that Protocol shall be implemented within four years of the entry into force of this Agreement.

▼ M9**PROTOCOL I****concerning the definition of the concept of ‘originating products’
and methods of administrative cooperation***Article 1***Applicable rules of origin**

1. For the purpose of implementing the Agreement, Appendix I and the relevant provisions of Appendix II to the Regional Convention on pan-Euro-Mediterranean preferential rules of origin⁽¹⁾ (‘the Convention’), as last amended and published in the *Official Journal of the European Union*, shall apply.
2. All references to the ‘relevant agreement’ in Appendix I and in the relevant provisions of Appendix II to the Convention shall be construed so as to mean the Agreement.
3. Notwithstanding Articles 16(5) and 21(3) of Appendix I to the Convention, where cumulation involves only EFTA States, the Faroe Islands, the European Union, the Republic of Turkey, the participants in the Stabilisation and Association Process, the Republic of Moldova, Georgia and Ukraine, the proof of origin may be a movement certificate EUR.1 or an origin declaration.

*Article 2***Alternative applicable rules of origin**

1. Notwithstanding Article 1 of this Protocol, for the purpose of implementing the Agreement, products which acquire preferential origin in accordance with the alternative applicable rules of origin set out in Appendix A to this Protocol (‘Transitional rules’) shall also be considered as originating in the European Union or in Georgia.
2. The Transitional rules shall apply until the amendment of the Convention on which the Transitional rules are based enters into force.

*Article 3***Dispute settlement**

1. Where disputes arise in relation to the verification procedures set out in Article 32 of Appendix I to the Convention or in Article 34 of Appendix A to this Protocol that cannot be settled between the customs authorities requesting the verification and the customs authorities responsible for carrying out that verification, they shall be submitted to the Customs Sub-Committee.
2. In all cases, the settlement of disputes between the importer and the customs authorities of the importing country shall take place under the legislation of that country.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 54, 26.2.2013, p. 4.

▼ M9*Article 4***Amendments to the Protocol**

The Customs Sub-Committee may decide to amend the provisions of this Protocol.

*Article 5***Withdrawal from the Convention**

1. Should either the European Union or Georgia give notice in writing to the depositary of the Convention of their intention to withdraw from the Convention according to Article 9 thereof, the European Union and Georgia shall immediately enter into negotiations on rules of origin for the purpose of implementing the Agreement.
2. Until the entry into force of such newly negotiated rules of origin, the rules of origin contained in Appendix I and, where appropriate, the relevant provisions of Appendix II to the Convention, applicable at the moment of withdrawal, shall continue to apply to the Agreement. However, from the moment of withdrawal, the rules of origin contained in Appendix I and, where appropriate, the relevant provisions of Appendix II to the Convention shall be construed so as to allow bilateral cumulation only between the European Union and Georgia.

▼ **M9***Appendix A***ALTERNATIVE APPLICABLE RULES OF ORIGIN****Rules for optional application among Contracting Parties to the Regional Convention on pan-Euro-Mediterranean preferential rules of origin, pending the conclusion and entry into force of the amendment of the Convention ('the Rules' or 'the Transitional rules')****DEFINITION OF THE CONCEPT OF 'ORIGINATING PRODUCTS' AND METHODS OF ADMINISTRATIVE COOPERATION****OBJECTIVES**

These Rules are optional. They are intended to apply on a provisional basis, pending the conclusion and entry into force of the amendment of the Regional Convention on pan-Euro-Mediterranean preferential rules of origin ('PEM Convention' or 'Convention'). These Rules will apply bilaterally to trade between those Contracting Parties that agree to refer to them or include them in their bilateral preferential trade agreements. These Rules are intended to apply as an alternative to the rules of the Convention, which, as provided by the Convention, are without prejudice to the principles laid down in the relevant agreements and other related bilateral agreements among Contracting Parties. Accordingly, these Rules will not be mandatory, but optional. They may be applied by economic operators that desire to claim preferences based on these Rules instead of on the basis of the rules of the Convention.

These Rules are not intended to modify the Convention. The Convention continues to apply in full between the Contracting Parties to the Convention. These Rules will not alter the rights and obligations of the Contracting Parties under the Convention.

TITLE I**GENERAL PROVISIONS***Article 1***Definitions**

For the purposes of these Rules:

- (a) 'applying Contracting Party' means a Contracting Party to the PEM Convention that incorporates these Rules in its bilateral preferential trade agreements with another Contracting Party to the PEM Convention and includes the Parties to the Agreement;
- (b) 'chapters', 'headings' and 'subheadings' mean the chapters, the headings and the subheadings (four- or six-digit codes) used in the nomenclature which makes up the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System ('Harmonised System') with the changes pursuant to the Recommendation of 26 June 2004 of the Customs Cooperation Council;
- (c) 'classified' means the classification of a good under a particular heading or subheading of the Harmonised System;
- (d) 'consignment' means products which are either:
 - (i) sent simultaneously from one exporter to one consignee; or
 - (ii) covered by a single transport document covering their shipment from the exporter to the consignee or, in the absence of such a document, by a single invoice;

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- (e) ‘customs authorities of the Party or applying Contracting Party’ for the European Union means any of the customs authorities of the Member States of the European Union;
- (f) ‘customs value’ means the value as determined in accordance with the Agreement on implementation of Article VII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade 1994 (WTO Agreement on Customs Valuation);
- (g) ‘ex-works price’ means the price paid for the product ex works to the manufacturer in the Party in whose undertaking the last working or processing is carried out, provided that the price includes the value of all the materials used and all other costs related to its production, minus any internal taxes which are, or may be, repaid when the product obtained is exported. Where the last working or processing has been subcontracted to a manufacturer, the term ‘manufacturer’ refers to the enterprise that has employed the subcontractor.

Where the actual price paid does not reflect all costs related to the manufacturing of the product which are actually incurred in the Party, the ex-works price means the sum of all those costs, minus any internal taxes which are, or may be, repaid when the product obtained is exported;

- (h) ‘fungible material’ or ‘fungible product’ means material or product that is of the same kind and commercial quality, with the same technical and physical characteristics, and which cannot be distinguished from one another;
- (i) ‘goods’ means both material and product;
- (j) ‘manufacture’ means any kind of working or processing, including assembly;
- (k) ‘material’ means any ingredient, raw material, component or part, etc., used in the manufacture of the product;
- (l) ‘maximum content of non-originating materials’ means the maximum content of non-originating materials which is permitted in order to consider a manufacture to be working or processing sufficient to confer originating status on the product. It may be expressed as a percentage of the ex-works price of the product or as a percentage of the net weight of these materials used falling under a specified group of chapters, chapter, heading or subheading;
- (m) ‘product’ means the product being manufactured, even if it is intended for later use in another manufacturing operation;
- (n) ‘territory’ includes the land territory, internal waters and the territorial sea of a Party;
- (o) ‘value added’ shall be taken to be the ex-works price of the product minus the customs value of each of the materials incorporated which originate in the other applying Contracting Parties with which cumulation is applicable or, where the customs value is not known or cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in the exporting Party;
- (p) ‘value of materials’ means the customs value at the time of importation of the non-originating materials used, or, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in the exporting Party. Where the value of the originating materials used needs to be established, this point shall be applied *mutatis mutandis*.

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TITLE II

DEFINITION OF THE CONCEPT OF 'ORIGINATING PRODUCTS'*Article 2***General requirements**

For the purpose of implementing the Agreement, the following products shall be considered as originating in a Party when exported to the other Party:

- (a) products wholly obtained in a Party, within the meaning of Article 3;
- (b) products obtained in a Party incorporating materials which have not been wholly obtained there, provided that such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing in that Party within the meaning of Article 4.

*Article 3***Wholly obtained products**

1. The following shall be considered as wholly obtained in a Party when exported to the other Party:

- (a) mineral products and natural water extracted from its soil or from its seabed;
- (b) plants, including aquatic plants, and vegetable products grown or harvested there;
- (c) live animals born and raised there;
- (d) products from live animals raised there;
- (e) products from slaughtered animals born and raised there;
- (f) products obtained by hunting or fishing conducted there;
- (g) products of aquaculture where the fish, crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates are born or raised there from eggs, larvae, fry or fingerlings;
- (h) products of sea fishing and other products taken from the sea outside any territorial sea by its vessels;
- (i) products made on board its factory ships exclusively from products referred to in point (h);
- (j) used articles collected there fit only for the recovery of raw materials;
- (k) waste and scrap resulting from manufacturing operations conducted there;
- (l) products extracted from the seabed or below the seabed which is situated outside its territorial sea but where it has exclusive exploitation rights;
- (m) goods produced there exclusively from the products specified in points (a) to (l).

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2. The terms ‘its vessels’ and ‘its factory ships’ in points (h) and (i) of paragraph 1 respectively shall apply only to vessels and factory ships which meet each of the following requirements:

- (a) they are registered in the exporting or the importing Party;
- (b) they sail under the flag of the exporting or the importing Party;
- (c) they meet one of the following conditions:
 - (i) they are at least 50 % owned by nationals of the exporting or the importing Party; or
 - (ii) they are owned by companies which:
 - have their head office and their main place of business in the exporting or the importing Party; and
 - are at least 50 % owned by the exporting or the importing Party or public entities or nationals of these Parties.

3. For the purpose of paragraph 2, when the exporting or the importing Party is the European Union, it means the Member States of the European Union.

4. For the purpose of paragraph 2, the EFTA States are to be considered as one applying Contracting Party.

Article 4

Sufficient working or processing

1. Without prejudice to paragraph 3 of this Article and to Article 6, products which are not wholly obtained in a Party shall be considered to be sufficiently worked or processed when the conditions laid down in the list in Annex II for the goods concerned are fulfilled.

2. If a product which has obtained originating status in a Party in accordance with paragraph 1 is used as a material in the manufacture of another product, no account shall be taken of the non-originating materials which may have been used in its manufacture.

3. The determination of whether the requirements of paragraph 1 are met, shall be carried out for each product.

However, where the relevant rule is based on compliance with a maximum content of non-originating materials, the customs authorities of the Parties may authorise exporters to calculate the ex-works price of the product and the value of the non-originating materials on an average basis as set out in paragraph 4, in order to take into account the fluctuations in costs and currency rates.

4. Where the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 applies, an average ex-works price of the product and average value of non-originating materials used shall be calculated respectively on the basis of the sum of the ex-works prices charged for all sales of the same products carried out during the preceding fiscal year and the sum of the value of all the non-originating materials used in the manufacture of the same products over the preceding fiscal year as defined in the exporting Party, or, where figures for a complete fiscal year are not available, a shorter period which should not be less than three months.

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5. Exporters having opted for calculation on an average basis shall consistently apply such a method during the year following the fiscal year of reference, or, where appropriate, during the year following the shorter period used as a reference. They may cease to apply such a method where during a given fiscal year, or a shorter representative period of no less than three months, they record that the fluctuations in costs or currency rates which justified the use of such a method have ceased.

6. The averages referred to in paragraph 4 shall be used as the ex-works price and the value of non-originating materials, respectively, for the purpose of establishing compliance with the maximum content of non-originating materials.

*Article 5***Tolerance rule**

1. By way of derogation from Article 4 and subject to paragraphs 2 and 3 of this Article, non-originating materials which, according to the conditions set out in the list in Annex II, are not to be used in the manufacture of a given product may nevertheless be used, provided that their total net weight or value assessed for the product does not exceed:

- (a) 15 % of the net weight of the product falling within Chapters 2 and 4 to 24, other than processed fishery products of Chapter 16;
- (b) 15 % of the ex-works price of the product for products other than those covered by point (a).

This paragraph shall not apply to products falling within Chapters 50 to 63 of the Harmonised System, for which the tolerances mentioned in Notes 6 and 7 of Annex I shall apply.

2. Paragraph 1 of this Article shall not allow to exceed any of the percentages for the maximum content of non-originating materials as specified in the rules laid down in the list in Annex II.

3. Paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article shall not apply to products wholly obtained in a Party within the meaning of Article 3. However, without prejudice to Article 6 and Article 9(1), the tolerance provided for in those provisions shall nevertheless apply to products for which the rule laid down in the list in Annex II requires that the materials which are used in the manufacture of that product are wholly obtained.

*Article 6***Insufficient working or processing**

1. Without prejudice to paragraph 2 of this Article, the following operations shall be considered to be insufficient working or processing to confer the status of an originating product, whether or not the requirements of Article 4 are satisfied:

- (a) preserving operations to ensure that the products remain in good condition during transport and storage;
- (b) breaking-up and assembly of packages;
- (c) washing, cleaning; removal of dust, oxide, oil, paint or other coverings;
- (d) ironing or pressing of textiles;
- (e) simple painting and polishing operations;

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- (f) husking and partial or total milling of rice; polishing, and glazing of cereals and rice;
- (g) operations to colour or flavour sugar or form sugar lumps; partial or total milling of crystal sugar;
- (h) peeling, stoning and shelling, of fruits, nuts and vegetables;
- (i) sharpening, simple grinding or simple cutting;
- (j) sifting, screening, sorting, classifying, grading, matching; (including the making-up of sets of articles);
- (k) simple placing in bottles, cans, flasks, bags, cases, boxes, fixing on cards or boards and all other simple packaging operations;
- (l) affixing or printing marks, labels, logos and other like distinguishing signs on products or their packaging;
- (m) simple mixing of products, whether or not of different kinds;
- (n) mixing of sugar with any material;
- (o) simple addition of water or dilution or dehydration or denaturation of products;
- (p) simple assembly of parts of articles to constitute a complete article or disassembly of products into parts;
- (q) slaughter of animals;
- (r) a combination of two or more operations specified in points (a) to (q).

2. All the operations carried out in the exporting Party on a given product shall be taken into account when determining whether the working or processing undergone by that product is to be regarded as insufficient within the meaning of paragraph 1.

*Article 7***Cumulation of origin**

1. Without prejudice to Article 2, products shall be considered as originating in the exporting Party when exported to the other Party if they are obtained there, incorporating materials originating in any applying Contracting Party other than the exporting Party provided that the working or processing carried out in the exporting Party goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6. It shall not be necessary for such materials to have undergone sufficient working or processing.

2. Where the working or processing carried out in the exporting Party does not go beyond the operations referred to in Article 6, the product obtained by incorporating materials originating in any other applying Contracting Party, shall be considered as originating in the exporting Party only where the value added there is greater than the value of the materials used originating in any of the other applying Contracting Parties. If this is not so, the product obtained shall be considered as originating in the applying Contracting Party which accounts for the highest value of originating materials used in the manufacture in the exporting Party.

3. Without prejudice to Article 2, and with the exclusion of products falling within Chapters 50 to 63, working or processing carried out in an applying Contracting Party other than the exporting Party shall be considered as having been carried out in the exporting Party when the products obtained undergo subsequent working or processing in this exporting Party.

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4. Without prejudice to Article 2, for products falling within Chapters 50 to 63 and only for the purpose of bilateral trade between the Parties, working or processing carried out in the importing Party shall be considered as having been carried out in the exporting Party when the products undergo subsequent working or processing in this exporting Party.

For the purpose of this paragraph, the participants in the European Union's Stabilisation and Association process and the Republic of Moldova are to be considered as one applying Contracting Party.

5. The Parties may opt to extend the application of paragraph 3 of this Article on importation of products falling within Chapters 50 to 63 unilaterally. A Party that opts for such extension shall notify the other Party and inform the European Commission in accordance with Article 8(2).

6. For the purpose of cumulation within the meaning of paragraphs 3 to 5 of this Article, the originating products shall be considered as originating in the exporting Party only if the working or processing undergone there goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6.

7. Products originating in one of the applying Contracting Parties referred to in paragraph 1 which do not undergo any working or processing in the exporting Party shall retain their origin if exported into one of the other applying Contracting Parties.

Article 8

Conditions for the application of cumulation of origin

1. The cumulation provided for in Article 7 may be applied only provided that:

- (a) a preferential trade agreement in accordance with Article XXIV of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade 1994 (GATT) is applicable between the applying Contracting Parties involved in the acquisition of the originating status and the applying Contracting Party of destination; and
- (b) goods have obtained originating status by the application of rules of origin identical to those given in these Rules.

2. Notices indicating the fulfilment of the necessary requirements to apply cumulation shall be published in the *Official Journal of the European Union* (C series) and in an official publication in Georgia, in accordance with its own procedures.

The cumulation provided for in Article 7 shall apply from the date indicated in those notices.

The Parties shall provide the European Commission with details of the relevant agreements concluded with other applying Contracting Parties, including the dates of entry into force of these Rules.

3. The proof of origin should include the statement in English 'CUMULATION APPLIED WITH (name of the relevant applying Contracting Party/ Parties in English)' when products obtained the originating status by application of cumulation of origin in accordance with Article 7.

In cases where a movement certificate EUR.1 is used as a proof of origin, that statement shall be made in Box 7 of the movement certificate EUR.1.

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4. The Parties may decide, for the products exported to them that obtained the originating status in the exporting Party by application of cumulation of origin in accordance with Article 7, to waive the obligation of including on the proof of origin the statement referred to in paragraph 3 of this Article ⁽¹⁾.

The Parties shall notify the waiver to the European Commission in accordance with Article 8(2).

*Article 9***Unit of qualification**

1. The unit of qualification for the application of these Rules shall be the particular product which is considered to be the basic unit when determining classification using the nomenclature of the Harmonised System. It follows that:

- (a) when a product composed of a group or assembly of articles is classified under the terms of the Harmonised System in a single heading, the whole constitutes the unit of qualification;
- (b) when a consignment consists of a number of identical products classified under the same heading of the Harmonised System, each individual item shall be taken into account when applying these Rules.

2. Where under General Rule 5 of the Harmonised System packaging is included with the product for classification purposes, it shall be included for the purposes of determining origin.

3. Accessories, spare parts and tools dispatched with a piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle which are part of the normal equipment and included in the ex-works price thereof shall be regarded as one with the piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle in question.

*Article 10***Sets**

Sets, as defined in General Rule 3 of the Harmonised System, shall be regarded as originating when all the component products are originating.

When a set is composed of originating and non-originating products, the set as a whole shall however be regarded as originating, provided that the value of the non-originating products does not exceed 15 % of the ex-works price of the set.

*Article 11***Neutral elements**

In order to determine whether a product is an originating product, no account shall be taken of the origin of the following which might be used in its manufacture:

- (a) energy and fuel;
- (b) plant and equipment;
- (c) machines and tools;
- (d) any other goods which do not enter, and which are not intended to enter, into the final composition of the product.

⁽¹⁾ The parties agree to waive the obligation to include in the proof of origin the statement referred to in Article 8(3).

▼ **M9***Article 12***Accounting segregation**

1. If originating and non-originating fungible materials are used in the working or processing of a product, economic operators may ensure the management of materials using the accounting segregation method, without keeping the materials on separate stocks.
2. Economic operators may ensure the management of originating and non-originating fungible products of heading 1701 using the accounting segregation method, without keeping the products on separate stocks.
3. The Parties may require that the application of accounting segregation is subject to prior authorisation by the Customs authorities. The Customs authorities may grant the authorisation subject to any conditions they deem appropriate and shall monitor the use made of the authorisation. The Customs authorities may withdraw the authorisation whenever the beneficiary makes improper use of the authorisation in any manner whatsoever or fails to fulfil any of the other conditions laid down in these Rules.

Through the use of accounting segregation it must be ensured that, at any time, no more products can be considered as 'originating in the exporting Party' than would have been the case if a method of physical segregation of the stocks had been used.

The method shall be applied and the application thereof shall be recorded on the basis of the general accounting principles applicable in the exporting Party.

4. The beneficiary of the method referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall make out or apply for proofs of origin for the quantity of products which may be considered as originating in the exporting Party. At the request of the customs authorities, the beneficiary shall provide a statement of how the quantities have been managed.

TITLE III

TERRITORIAL REQUIREMENTS*Article 13***Principle of territoriality**

1. The conditions set out in Title II shall be fulfilled without any interruption in the Party concerned.
2. If originating products exported from a Party to another country are returned, they shall be considered to be non-originating, unless it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:
 - (a) the products returned are the same as those which were exported; and
 - (b) they have not undergone any operations beyond that necessary to preserve them in good condition while in that country or while being exported.
3. The obtention of originating status in accordance with the conditions set out in Title II shall not be affected by working or processing done outside the exporting Party on materials exported from this Party and subsequently re-imported there, provided:
 - (a) those materials are wholly obtained in the exporting Party or have undergone working or processing beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 prior to being exported; and

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(b) it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:

- (i) the re-imported products have been obtained by working or processing the exported materials; and
- (ii) the total added value acquired outside the exporting Party by applying this Article does not exceed 10 % of the ex-works price of the end product for which originating status is claimed.

4. For the purposes of paragraph 3 of this Article, the conditions for obtaining originating status set out in Title II shall not apply to working or processing done outside the exporting Party. However, where, in the list in Annex II, a rule setting a maximum value for all the non-originating materials incorporated is applied in determining the originating status of the end product, the total value of the non-originating materials incorporated in the territory of the exporting Party, taken together with the total added value acquired outside this Party by applying this Article, shall not exceed the stated percentage.

5. For the purposes of applying paragraphs 3 and 4, 'total added value' shall be taken to mean all costs arising outside the exporting Party, including the value of the materials incorporated there.

6. Paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Article shall not apply to products which do not fulfil the conditions set out in the list in Annex II or which can be considered sufficiently worked or processed only if the general tolerance fixed in Article 5 is applied.

7. Any working or processing of the kind covered by this Article and done outside the exporting Party shall be done under the outward processing arrangements, or similar arrangements.

Article 14

Non-alteration

1. The preferential treatment provided for under the Agreement shall apply only to products satisfying the requirements of these Rules and declared for importation in a Party provided that those products are the same as those exported from the exporting Party. They shall not have been altered, transformed in any way or subjected to operations other than to preserve them in good condition or than adding or affixing marks, labels, seals or any documentation to ensure compliance with specific domestic requirements of the importing Party carried out under customs supervision in the third country(ies) of transit or splitting prior to being declared for home use.

2. Storage of products or consignments may take place provided they remain under customs supervision in the third country(ies) of transit.

3. Without prejudice to Title V of this Appendix, the splitting of consignments may take place, provided they remain under customs supervision in the third country(ies) of splitting.

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4. In the case of doubt, the importing Party may request the importer or its representative to submit at any time all appropriate documents to provide evidence of compliance with this Article, which may be given by any documentary evidence, and notably by:

- (a) contractual transport documents such as bills of lading;
- (b) factual or concrete evidence based on marking or numbering of packages;
- (c) a certificate of non-manipulation provided by the customs authorities of the country(ies) of transit or splitting or any other documents demonstrating that the goods remained under customs supervision in the country(ies) of transit or splitting; or
- (d) any evidence related to the goods themselves.

*Article 15***Exhibitions**

1. Originating products, sent for exhibition in a country other than with which cumulation is applicable in accordance with Articles 7 and 8 and sold after the exhibition for importation in a Party, shall benefit on importation from the relevant agreement provided it is shown to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:

- (a) an exporter has consigned the products from a Party to the country in which the exhibition is held and has exhibited them there;
- (b) the products have been sold or otherwise disposed of by that exporter to a person in another Party;
- (c) the products have been consigned during the exhibition or immediately thereafter in the state in which they were sent for exhibition; and
- (d) the products have not, since they were consigned for exhibition, been used for any purpose other than demonstration at the exhibition.

2. A proof of origin shall be issued or made out in accordance with Title V of this Appendix and submitted to the customs authorities of the importing Party in the normal manner. The name and address of the exhibition shall be indicated thereon. Where necessary, additional documentary evidence of the conditions under which they have been exhibited may be required.

3. Paragraph 1 shall apply to any trade, industrial, agricultural or crafts exhibition, fair or similar public show or display which is not organised for private purposes in shops or business premises with a view to the sale of foreign products, and during which the products remain under customs control.

TITLE IV

DRAWBACK OR EXEMPTION*Article 16***Drawback of or exemption from customs duties**

1. Non-originating materials used in the manufacture of products falling within Chapters 50 to 63 of the Harmonised System originating in a Party for which a proof of origin is issued or made out in accordance with Title V of this Appendix shall not be subject in the exporting Party to drawback of or exemption from customs duties of whatever kind.

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2. The prohibition in paragraph 1 shall apply to any arrangement for refund, remission or non-payment, partial or complete, of customs duties or charges having an equivalent effect, applicable in the exporting Party to materials used in the manufacture, where such refund, remission or non-payment applies, expressly or in effect, when products obtained from the said materials are exported and not when they are retained for home use there.

3. The exporter of products covered by a proof of origin shall be prepared to submit at any time, upon request from the customs authorities, all appropriate documents proving that no drawback has been obtained in respect of the non-originating materials used in the manufacture of the products concerned and that all customs duties or charges having equivalent effect applicable to such materials have actually been paid.

4. The prohibition in paragraph 1 of this Article shall not apply to trade between the Parties for products that obtained originating status by application of cumulation of origin covered by Article 7(4) or (5).

TITLE V

PROOF OF ORIGIN*Article 17***General requirements**

1. Products originating in one of the Parties shall, on importation into the other Party, benefit from the provisions of the Agreement upon submission of one of the following proofs of origin:

- (a) a movement certificate EUR.1, a specimen of which appears in Annex IV to this Appendix;
- (b) in the cases specified in Article 18(1), a declaration, subsequently referred to as the 'origin declaration' given by the exporter on an invoice, a delivery note or any other commercial document which describes the products concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified; the text of the origin declaration appears in Annex III to this Appendix.

2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1 of this Article, originating products within the meaning of these Rules shall, in the cases specified in Article 27, benefit from the provisions of the Agreement without it being necessary to submit any of the proofs of origin referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article.

3. Without prejudice to paragraph 1, the Parties may agree that, for the preferential trade between them, proofs of origin listed in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 1 are replaced by statements on origin made out by exporters registered in an electronic database in accordance with the internal legislation of the Parties.

The use of a statement on origin made out by the exporters registered in an electronic database agreed by two or more applying Contracting Parties shall not impede the use of diagonal cumulation with other applying Contracting Parties.

4. For the purposes of paragraph 1, the Parties may agree to establish a system that allows proofs of origin listed in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 1 to be issued electronically and/or submitted electronically.

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5. For the purpose of Article 7, if Article 8(4) applies, the exporter established in an applying Contracting Party who issues, or applies for, a proof of origin on the basis of another proof of origin which benefits from a waiver from the obligation to include the statement as otherwise required by Article 8(3) shall take all necessary steps to ensure that the conditions for applying cumulation are fulfilled and shall be prepared to submit all relevant documents to the customs authorities.

*Article 18***Conditions for making out an origin declaration**

1. An origin declaration as referred to in point (b) of Article 17(1) may be made out:

- (a) by an approved exporter within the meaning of Article 19; or
- (b) by any exporter for any consignment consisting of one or more packages containing originating products the total value of which does not exceed EUR 6 000.

2. An origin declaration may be made out if the products can be considered as originating in an applying Contracting Party and fulfil the other requirements of these Rules.

3. The exporter making out an origin declaration shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the exporting Party, all appropriate documents proving the originating status of the products concerned as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of these Rules.

4. An origin declaration shall be made out by the exporter by typing, stamping or printing on the invoice, the delivery note or another commercial document, the declaration, the text of which appears in Annex III to this Appendix, using one of the linguistic versions set out in that Annex and in accordance with the provisions of the national law of the exporting country. If the declaration is handwritten, it shall be written in ink in printed characters.

5. Origin declarations shall bear the original signature of the exporter in manuscript. However, an approved exporter within the meaning of Article 19 shall not be required to sign such declarations provided that he gives the customs authorities of the exporting Party a written undertaking that he accepts full responsibility for any origin declaration which identifies him as if it had been signed in manuscript by him.

6. An origin declaration may be made out by the exporter when the products to which it relates are exported, or after exportation (the 'retrospective origin declaration') on condition that it is presented in the importing country within two years after the importation of the products to which it relates.

Where the splitting of a consignment takes place in accordance with Article 14(3) and provided that the same two-year deadline is respected, the retrospective origin declaration shall be made out by the approved exporter of the exporting Party of the products.

*Article 19***Approved exporter**

1. The customs authorities of the exporting Party may, subject to national requirements, authorise any exporter established in that Party (the 'approved exporter'), to make out origin declarations irrespective of the value of the products concerned.

2. An exporter who requests such authorisation must offer, to the satisfaction of the customs authorities, all guarantees necessary to verify the originating status of the products as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of these Rules.

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3. The customs authorities shall grant to the approved exporter a customs authorisation number which shall appear on the origin declaration.

4. The customs authorities shall verify the proper use of an authorisation. They may withdraw the authorisation if the approved exporter makes improper use of it and shall do so if the approved exporter no longer offers the guarantees referred to in paragraph 2.

*Article 20***Procedure for issuing of a movement certificate EUR.1**

1. A movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting Party on application having been made in writing by the exporter or, under the exporter's responsibility, by his authorised representative.

2. For that purpose, the exporter or his authorised representative shall fill in both the movement certificate EUR.1 and the application form, specimens of which appear in Annex IV to this Appendix. Those forms shall be completed in one of the languages in which the Agreement is drawn up and in accordance with the provisions of the national law of the exporting country. If the completion of the forms is done in handwriting, they shall be completed in ink in printed characters. The description of the products shall be given in the box reserved for this purpose without leaving any blank lines. Where the box is not completely filled, a horizontal line shall be drawn below the last line of the description, the empty space being crossed through.

3. The movement certificate EUR.1 shall include the statement in English 'TRANSITIONAL RULES' in box 7.

4. The exporter applying for the issue of a movement certificate EUR.1 shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the exporting Party where the movement certificate EUR.1 is issued, all appropriate documents proving the originating status of the products concerned as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of these Rules.

5. A movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting Party if the products concerned can be considered as products originating and fulfil the other requirements of these Rules.

6. The customs authorities issuing movement certificates EUR.1 shall take any steps necessary to verify the originating status of the products and the fulfilment of the other requirements of these Rules. For that purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and to carry out any inspection of the exporter's accounts or any other check considered appropriate. They shall also ensure that the forms referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article are duly completed. In particular, they shall check whether the space reserved for the description of the products has been completed in such a manner as to exclude all possibility of fraudulent additions.

7. The date of issue of the movement certificate EUR.1 shall be indicated in Box 11 of the movement certificate EUR.1.

8. A movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities and made available to the exporter as soon as actual exportation has been effected or ensured.

▼ M9*Article 21***Movement certificates EUR.1 issued retrospectively**

1. Notwithstanding Article 20(8), a movement certificate EUR.1 may be issued after exportation of the products to which it relates if:
 - (a) it was not issued at the time of exportation because of errors or involuntary omissions or special circumstances;
 - (b) it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that a movement certificate EUR.1 was issued but was not accepted at importation for technical reasons;
 - (c) the final destination of the products concerned was not known at the time of exportation and was determined during their transportation or storage and after possible splitting of consignments in accordance with Article 14(3);
 - (d) a movement certificate EUR.1 or EUR.MED was issued in accordance with the rules of the PEM Convention for products that are also originating in accordance with these Rules; the exporter shall take all necessary steps to ensure that the conditions to apply cumulation are fulfilled and be prepared to submit to the customs authorities all relevant documents proving that the product is originating in accordance with these Rules; or
 - (e) a movement certificate EUR.1 was issued on the basis of Article 8(4) and the application of Article 8(3) is required at importation in another applying Contracting Party.
2. For the implementation of paragraph 1, the exporter shall indicate in his application the place and date of exportation of the products to which the movement certificate EUR.1 relates, and state the reasons for his request.
3. The customs authorities may issue a movement certificate EUR.1 retrospectively within two years from the date of exportation and only after verifying that the information supplied in the exporter's application complies with that in the corresponding file.
4. In addition to the requirement under Article 20(3), movement certificates EUR.1 issued retrospectively shall be endorsed with the following phrase in English: 'ISSUED RETROSPECTIVELY'.
5. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 4 shall be inserted in Box 7 of the movement certificate EUR.1.

*Article 22***Issue of a duplicate movement certificate EUR.1**

1. In the event of theft, loss or destruction of a movement certificate EUR.1, the exporter may apply to the customs authorities which issued it for a duplicate made out on the basis of the export documents in their possession.
2. In addition to the requirement under Article 20(3), the duplicate issued in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article shall be endorsed with the following word in English: 'DUPLICATE'.

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3. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 2 shall be inserted in Box 7 of the duplicate movement certificate EUR.1.
4. The duplicate, which shall bear the date of issue of the original movement certificate EUR.1, shall take effect as from that date.

*Article 23***Validity of proof of origin**

1. A proof of origin shall be valid for ten months from the date of issue or making out in the exporting Party, and shall be submitted within that period to the customs authorities of the importing Party.
2. Proofs of origin which are submitted to the customs authorities of the importing Party after the period of validity referred to in paragraph 1 may be accepted for the purpose of applying the tariff preferences, where failure to submit those documents by the final date set is due to exceptional circumstances.
3. In other cases of belated presentation, the customs authorities of the importing Party may accept the proofs of origin where the products have been presented to customs before the said final date.

*Article 24***Free zones**

1. The Parties shall take all necessary steps to ensure that products traded under cover of a proof of origin which in the course of transport use a free zone situated in their territory are not substituted by other goods and do not undergo handling other than normal operations designed to prevent their deterioration.
2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, when products originating in an applying Contracting Party are imported into a free zone under cover of a proof of origin and undergo treatment or processing, a new proof of origin may be issued or made out, if the treatment or processing undergone complies with these Rules.

*Article 25***Importation requirements**

Proofs of origin shall be submitted to the customs authorities of the importing Party in accordance with the procedures applicable in that Party.

*Article 26***Importation by instalments**

Where, at the request of the importer and subject to the conditions laid down by the customs authorities of the importing Party, dismantled or non-assembled products within the meaning of General Rule 2(a) for the interpretation of the Harmonised System falling within Sections XVI and XVII or headings 7308 and 9406 are imported by instalments, a single proof of origin for such products shall be submitted to the customs authorities on importation of the first instalment.

▼ M9*Article 27***Exemptions from proof of origin**

1. Products sent as small packages from private persons to private persons or forming part of travellers' personal luggage shall be admitted as originating products without requiring the submission of a proof of origin, provided that such products are not imported by way of trade and have been declared as meeting the requirements of these Rules and where there is no doubt as to the veracity of such a declaration.
2. Imports shall not be considered as imports by way of trade if all the following conditions are met:
 - (a) the imports are occasional;
 - (b) the imports consist solely of products for the personal use of the recipients or travellers or their families;
 - (c) it is evident from the nature and quantity of the products that no commercial purpose is in view.
3. The total value of those products shall not exceed EUR 500 in the case of small packages or EUR 1 200 in the case of products forming part of travellers' personal luggage.

*Article 28***Discrepancies and formal errors**

1. The discovery of slight discrepancies between the statements made in the proof of origin and those made in the documents submitted to the customs office for the purpose of carrying out the formalities for importing the products shall not ipso facto render the proof of origin null and void if it is duly established that that document does correspond to the products submitted.
2. Obvious formal errors such as typing errors on a proof of origin shall not cause the documents referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article to be rejected if those errors are not such as to create doubts concerning the correctness of the statements made in those documents.

*Article 29***Supplier's declarations**

1. When a movement certificate EUR.1 is issued or an origin declaration is made out in a Party for originating products, in the manufacture of which goods coming from another applying Contracting Party which have undergone working or processing there without having obtained preferential originating status have been used in accordance with Article 7(3) or Article 7(4) account shall be taken of the supplier's declaration given for those goods in accordance with this Article.
2. The supplier's declaration referred to in paragraph 1 shall serve as evidence of the working or processing undergone in an applying Contracting Party by the goods concerned for the purpose of determining whether the products in the manufacture of which those goods are used, may be considered as products originating in the exporting Party and fulfil the other requirements of these Rules.
3. A separate supplier's declaration shall, except in the cases referred to in paragraph 4, be made out by the supplier for each consignment of goods in the form prescribed in Annex VI on a sheet of paper annexed to the invoice, the delivery note or any other commercial document describing the goods concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.

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4. Where a supplier regularly supplies a particular customer with goods for which the working or processing undergone in an applying Contracting Party is expected to remain constant for a period of time, he may provide a single supplier's declaration to cover subsequent consignments of those goods (the 'long-term supplier's declaration'). A long-term supplier's declaration may normally be valid for a period of up to two years from the date of making out the declaration. The customs authorities of the applying Contracting Party where the declaration is made out lay down the conditions under which longer periods may be used. The long-term supplier's declaration shall be made out by the supplier in the form prescribed in Annex VII and shall describe the goods concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified. It shall be provided to the customer concerned before he is supplied with the first consignment of goods covered by that declaration or together with his first consignment. The supplier shall inform his customer immediately if the long-term supplier's declaration is no longer applicable to the goods supplied.

5. The supplier's declarations referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 shall be typed or printed using one of the languages of the Agreement, in accordance with the national law of the applying Contracting Party where the declaration is made out, and shall bear the original signature of the supplier in manuscript. The declaration may also be handwritten; in such a case, it shall be written in ink in printed characters.

6. The supplier making out a declaration shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the applying Contracting Party where the declaration is made out, all appropriate documents proving that the information given on that declaration is correct.

*Article 30***Amounts expressed in euro**

1. For the purposes of application of the point (b) of Article 18(1) and Article 27(3) in cases where products are invoiced in a currency other than euro, amounts in the national currencies of the Parties equivalent to the amounts expressed in euro shall be fixed annually by each of the countries concerned.

2. A consignment shall benefit from the point (b) of Article 18(1) or Article 27(3) by reference to the currency in which the invoice is drawn up, according to the amount fixed by the country concerned.

3. The amounts to be used in any given national currency shall be the equivalent in that currency of the amounts expressed in euro as at the first working day of October. The amounts shall be communicated to the European Commission by 15 October and shall apply from 1 January the following year. The European Commission shall notify all countries concerned of the relevant amounts.

4. A Party may round up or down the amount resulting from the conversion into its national currency of an amount expressed in euro. The rounded-off amount may not differ from the amount resulting from the conversion by more than 5 %. A Party may retain unchanged its national currency equivalent of an amount expressed in euro if, at the time of the annual adjustment provided for in paragraph 3, the conversion of that amount, prior to any rounding-off, results in an increase of less than 15 % in the national currency equivalent. The national currency equivalent may be retained unchanged if the conversion were to result in a decrease in that equivalent value.

5. The amounts expressed in euro shall be reviewed by the Customs Sub-Committee at the request of a Party. When carrying out that review, the Customs Sub-Committee shall consider the desirability of preserving the effects of the limits concerned in real terms. For that purpose, it may decide to modify the amounts expressed in euro.

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TITLE VI

PRINCIPLES OF COOPERATION AND DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

*Article 31***Documentary evidence, preservation of proofs of origin and supporting documents**

1. An exporter who has made out an origin declaration or has applied for a movement certificate EUR.1 shall keep a hard copy or an electronic version of those proofs of origin and all documents supporting the originating status of the product, for at least three years from the date of issuance or making out of the origin declaration.

2. The supplier making out a supplier's declaration shall keep copies of the declaration and of all the invoices, delivery notes or other commercial documents to which that declaration is annexed as well as the documents referred to in Article 29(6) for at least three years.

The supplier making out a long-term supplier's declaration shall keep copies of the declaration and of all the invoices, delivery notes or other commercial documents concerning goods covered by that declaration sent to the customer concerned, as well as the documents referred to in Article 29(6) for at least three years. That period shall begin from the date of expiry of validity of the long-term supplier's declaration.

3. For the purposes of paragraph 1 of this Article, the documents supporting the originating status, *inter alia*, are the following:

- (a) direct evidence of the processes carried out by the exporter or supplier to obtain the product, contained, for example, in his accounts or internal book-keeping;
- (b) documents proving the originating status of materials used, issued or made out in the relevant applying Contracting Party in accordance with its national legislation;
- (c) documents proving the working or processing of materials in the relevant Party, made out or issued in that Party in accordance with its national legislation;
- (d) origin declarations or movement certificates EUR.1 proving the originating status of materials used, made out or issued in the Parties in accordance with these Rules;
- (e) appropriate evidence concerning working or processing undergone outside the Parties by application of Articles 13 and 14, proving the fulfilment of the requirements of those Articles.

4. The customs authorities of the exporting Party issuing movement certificates EUR.1 shall keep the application form referred to in Article 20(2) for at least three years.

5. The customs authorities of the importing Party shall keep the origin declarations and the movement certificates EUR.1 submitted to them for at least three years.

6. Supplier's declarations proving the working or processing undergone in an applying Contracting Party by materials used, made out in that applying Contracting Party, shall be treated as a document referred to in Articles 18(3), 20(4) and 29(6) used for the purpose of proving that products covered by a movement certificate EUR.1 or an origin declaration may be considered as products originating in that applying Contracting Party and fulfil the other requirements of these Rules.

▼ M9*Article 32***Dispute settlement**

Where disputes arise in relation to the verification procedures under Articles 34 and 35, or in relation to the interpretation of this Appendix, which cannot be settled between the customs authorities requesting a verification and the customs authorities responsible for carrying out the verification, they shall be submitted to the Customs Sub-Committee.

In all cases the settlement of disputes between the importer and the customs authorities of the importing Party shall take place in accordance with the legislation of that country.

TITLE VII

ADMINISTRATIVE COOPERATION*Article 33***Notification and cooperation**

1. The customs authorities of the Parties shall provide each other with specimen impressions of stamps used in their customs offices for the issue of movement certificates EUR.1, with the models of the authorisation numbers granted to approved exporters and with the addresses of the customs authorities responsible for verifying those certificates and origin declarations.

2. In order to ensure the proper application of these Rules, the Parties shall assist each other, through the competent customs authorities, in checking the authenticity of the movement certificates EUR.1, the origin declarations, the supplier's declarations and the correctness of the information given in those documents.

*Article 34***Verification of proofs of origin**

1. Subsequent verifications of proofs of origin shall be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the importing Party have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of such documents, the originating status of the products concerned or the fulfilment of the other requirements of these Rules.

2. When they make a request for subsequent verification, the customs authorities of the importing Party shall return the movement certificate EUR.1 and the invoice, if it has been submitted, the origin declaration, or a copy of those documents, to the customs authorities of the exporting Party giving, where appropriate, the reasons for the request for verification. Any documents and information obtained suggesting that the information given on the proof of origin is incorrect shall be forwarded in support of the request for verification.

3. The verification shall be carried out by the customs authorities of the exporting Party. For that purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and to carry out any inspection of the exporter's accounts or any other check considered appropriate.

4. If the customs authorities of the importing Party decide to suspend the granting of preferential treatment to the products concerned while awaiting the results of the verification, release of the products shall be offered to the importer subject to any precautionary measures judged necessary.

5. The customs authorities requesting the verification shall be informed of the results thereof as soon as possible. Those results shall indicate clearly whether the documents are authentic and whether the products concerned may be considered as products originating in one of the Parties and fulfil the other requirements of these Rules.

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6. If in cases of reasonable doubt there is no reply within ten months of the date of the verification request or if the reply does not contain sufficient information to determine the authenticity of the document in question or the real origin of the products, the requesting customs authorities shall, except in exceptional circumstances, refuse entitlement to the preferences.

*Article 35***Verification of supplier's declarations**

1. Subsequent verifications of supplier's declarations or long-term supplier's declarations may be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of a Party where such declarations have been taken into account to issue a movement certificate EUR.1 or to make out an origin declaration, have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of the document or the correctness of the information given in that document.

2. For the purposes of implementing the provisions of paragraph 1, the customs authorities of the Party referred to in paragraph 1 shall return the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration and invoice(s), delivery note(s) or other commercial document(s) concerning goods covered by such declaration, to the customs authorities of the applying Contracting Party where the declaration was made out, giving, where appropriate, the reasons of substance or form of the request for verification.

They shall forward, in support of the request for subsequent verification, any documents and information that have been obtained suggesting that the information given in the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration is incorrect.

3. The verification shall be carried out by the customs authorities of the applying Contracting Party where the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration was made out. For that purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and carry out any inspection of the supplier's accounts or any other check which they consider appropriate.

4. The customs authorities requesting the verification shall be informed of the results thereof as soon as possible. Those results shall indicate clearly whether the information given in the supplier's declaration or the long-term supplier's declaration is correct and make it possible for them to determine whether and to what extent such declaration could be taken into account for issuing a movement certificate EUR.1 or for making out an origin declaration.

*Article 36***Penalties**

Each Party shall provide for the imposition of criminal, civil or administrative penalties for violations of its national legislation related to these Rules.

TITLE VIII

APPLICATION OF APPENDIX A*Article 37***European Economic Area**

Goods originating in the European Economic Area (EEA) within the meaning of Protocol 4 to the Agreement on the European Economic Area shall be considered as originating in the European Union, Iceland, Liechtenstein or Norway (the 'EEA Parties') when exported respectively from the European Union, Iceland, Liechtenstein or Norway to Georgia, provided that free trade agreements using these Rules are applicable between Georgia and the EEA Parties.

▼ M9*Article 38***Liechtenstein**

Without prejudice to Article 2, a product originating in Liechtenstein shall, due to the customs union between Switzerland and Liechtenstein, be considered as originating in Switzerland.

*Article 39***Republic of San Marino**

Without prejudice to Article 2, a product originating in the Republic of San Marino shall, due to the customs union between the European Union and the Republic of San Marino, be considered as originating in the European Union.

*Article 40***Principality of Andorra**

Without prejudice to Article 2, a product originating in the Principality of Andorra classified under Chapters 25 to 97 of the Harmonised System shall, due to the customs union between the European Union and the Principality of Andorra, be considered as originating in the European Union.

*Article 41***Ceuta and Melilla**

1. For the purposes of these Rules, the term 'European Union' shall not cover Ceuta and Melilla.
2. Products originating in Georgia, when imported into Ceuta or Melilla, shall enjoy in all respects the same customs regime as that which is applied to products originating in the customs territory of the European Union under Protocol 2 of the Act concerning the conditions of accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic and the adjustments to the Treaties⁽¹⁾. Georgia shall grant to imports of products covered by the relevant agreement and originating in Ceuta and Melilla the same customs regime as that which is granted to products imported from and originating in the European Union.
3. For the purposes of paragraph 2 of this Article concerning products originating in Ceuta and Melilla, these Rules shall apply *mutatis mutandis* subject to the special conditions set out in Annex V.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 302, 15.11.1985, p. 23.

▼M9*ANNEX I***INTRODUCTORY NOTES TO THE LIST IN ANNEX II****Note 1 – General introduction**

The list sets out the conditions required for all products to be considered as sufficiently worked or processed within the meaning of Article 4 of Title II of this Appendix. There are four different types of rules, which vary according to the product:

- (a) through working or processing a maximum content of non-originating materials is not exceeded;
- (b) through working or processing the 4-digit Harmonised System heading or 6-digit Harmonised System subheading of the manufactured products becomes different from the 4-digit Harmonised System heading or 6-digit subheading respectively of the materials used;
- (c) a specific working or processing operation is carried out;
- (d) working or processing is carried out on certain wholly obtained materials.

Note 2 – The structure of the list

- 2.1. The first two columns in the list describe the product obtained. The column (1) gives the heading number or chapter number used in the Harmonised System and the column (2) gives the description of goods used in that system for that heading or chapter. For each entry in the first two columns, a rule is specified in column (3). Where, in some cases, the entry in the column (1) is preceded by an 'ex', this signifies that the rules in column (3) apply only to the part of that heading as described in column (2).
- 2.2. Where several heading numbers are grouped together in column (1) or a chapter number is given and the description of products in column (2) is therefore given in general terms, the adjacent rules in column (3) apply to all products which, under the Harmonised System, are classified in headings of the chapter or in any of the headings grouped together in column (1).
- 2.3. Where there are different rules in the list applying to different products within a heading, each indent contains the description of that part of the heading covered by the adjacent rules in column (3).
- 2.4. Where two alternative rules are set out in column (3), separated by 'or', it is at the choice of the exporter which one to use.

Note 3 – Examples of how to apply the rules

- 3.1. Article 4 of Title II of this Appendix, concerning products having obtained originating status which are used in the manufacture of other products, shall apply, regardless of whether that status has been obtained inside the factory where those products are used or in another factory in a Party.

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- 3.2. Pursuant to Article 6 of Title II of this Appendix, the working or processing carried out must go beyond the list of operations mentioned in that Article. If it does not, the goods shall not qualify for the granting of the benefit of preferential tariff treatment, even if the conditions set out in the list below are met.

Subject to Article 6 of Title II of this Appendix, the rules in the list represent the minimum amount of working or processing required, and the carrying-out of more working or processing also confers originating status; conversely, the carrying-out of less working or processing cannot confer originating status.

Thus, if a rule provides that non-originating material, at a certain level of manufacture, may be used, the use of such material at an earlier stage of manufacture is allowed, and the use of such material at a later stage is not.

If a rule provides that non-originating material, at a certain level of manufacture, may not be used, the use of materials at an earlier stage of manufacture is allowed, and the use of materials at a later stage is not.

Example: when the list-rule for Chapter 19 requires that ‘non-originating materials of headings 1101 to 1108 cannot exceed 20 % weight’, the use (i.e. importation) of cereals of Chapter 10 (materials at an earlier stage of manufacture) is not limited.

- 3.3. Without prejudice to Note 3.2, where a rule uses the expression ‘Manufacture from materials of any heading’, then materials of any heading(s) (even materials of the same description and heading as the product) may be used, subject, however, to any specific limitations which may also be contained in the rule.

However, the expression ‘Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading ...’ or ‘Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of the same heading as the product’ means that materials of any heading(s) may be used, except those of the same description as the product as given in column (2) of the list.

- 3.4. When a rule in the list specifies that a product may be manufactured from more than one material, this means that one or more materials may be used. It does not require that all be used.

- 3.5. Where a rule in the list specifies that a product must be manufactured from a particular material, the condition does not prevent the use of other materials which, because of their inherent nature, cannot satisfy this.

- 3.6. Where, in a rule in the list, two percentages are given for the maximum value of non-originating materials that can be used, then those percentages may not be added together. In other words, the maximum value of all the non-originating materials used may never exceed the higher of the percentages given. Furthermore, the individual percentages shall not be exceeded, in relation to the particular materials to which they apply.

▼ M9**Note 4 – General provisions concerning certain agricultural goods**

- 4.1. Agricultural goods falling within Chapters 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12 and heading 2401 which are grown or harvested in the territory of a Party shall be treated as originating in the territory of that Party, even if grown from imported seeds, bulbs, rootstock, cuttings, grafts, shoots, buds, or other live parts of plants.

- 4.2. In cases where the content of non-originating sugar in a given product is subject to limitations, the weight of sugars of headings 1701 (sucrose) and 1702 (e.g., fructose, glucose, lactose, maltose, isoglucose or invert sugar) used in the manufacture of the final product and used in the manufacture of the non-originating products incorporated in the final product is taken into account for the calculation of such limitations.

Note 5 – Terminology used in respect of certain textile products

- 5.1. The term 'natural fibres' is used in the list to refer to fibres other than artificial or synthetic fibres. It is restricted to the stages before spinning takes place, including waste, and, unless otherwise specified, includes fibres which have been carded, combed or otherwise processed, but not spun.

- 5.2. The term 'natural fibres' includes horsehair of heading 0511, silk of headings 5002 and 5003, as well as wool-fibres and fine or coarse animal hair of headings 5101 to 5105, cotton fibres of headings 5201 to 5203, and other vegetable fibres of headings 5301 to 5305.

- 5.3. The terms 'textile pulp', 'chemical materials' and 'paper-making materials' are used in the list to describe the materials, not classified in Chapters 50 to 63, which can be used to manufacture artificial, synthetic or paper fibres or yarns.

- 5.4. The term 'man-made staple fibres' is used in the list to refer to synthetic or artificial filament tow, staple fibres or waste, of headings 5501 to 5507.

- 5.5. Printing (when combined with Weaving, Knitting/Crocheting, Tufting or Flocking) is defined as a technique by which an objectively assessed function, like colour, design, technical performance, is given to a textile substrate with a permanent character, using screen, roller, digital or transfer techniques.

- 5.6. Printing (as standalone operation) is defined as a technique by which an objectively assessed function, like colour, design, technical performance, is given to a textile substrate with a permanent character, using screen, roller, digital or transfer techniques combined with at least two preparatory/finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerizing, heat setting, raising, calendaring, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatizing, impregnating, mending and burling), provided that the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product.

▼ M9**Note 6 – Tolerances applicable to products made of a mixture of textile materials**

- 6.1. Where, for a given product in the list, reference is made to this Note, the conditions set out in column (3) shall not be applied to any basic textile materials used in the manufacture of that product and which, taken together, represent 15 % or less of the total weight of all the basic textile materials used (See also Notes 6.3 and 6.4).
- 6.2. However, the tolerance mentioned in Note 6.1 may be applied only to mixed products which have been made from two or more basic textile materials.

The following are the basic textile materials:

- silk;
- wool;
- coarse animal hair;
- fine animal hair;
- horsehair;
- cotton;
- paper-making materials and paper;
- flax;
- true hemp;
- jute and other textile bast fibres;
- sisal and other textile fibres of the genus Agave;
- coconut, abaca, ramie and other vegetable textile fibres;
- synthetic man-made filament fibres of polypropylene;
- synthetic man-made filament fibres of polyester;
- synthetic man-made filament fibres of polyamide;
- synthetic man-made filament fibres of polyacrylonitrile;
- synthetic man-made filament fibres of polyimide;
- synthetic man-made filament fibres of polytetrafluoroethylene;
- synthetic man-made filament fibres of poly(phenylene sulphide);
- synthetic man-made filament fibres of poly(vinyl chloride);
- other synthetic man-made filament fibres;
- artificial man-made filament fibres of viscose;
- other artificial man-made filament fibres;
- current-conducting filaments;
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polypropylene;
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyester;

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- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyamide;
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyacrylonitrile;
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyimide;
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polytetrafluoroethylene;
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of poly(phenylene sulphide);
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of poly(vinyl chloride);
- other synthetic man-made staple fibres;
- artificial man-made staple fibres of viscose;
- other artificial man-made staple fibres;
- yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped;
- products of heading 5605 (metallised yarn) incorporating strip consisting of a core of aluminium foil or of a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminium powder, of a width not exceeding 5 mm, sandwiched by means of a transparent or coloured adhesive between two layers of plastic film;
- other products of heading 5605;
- glass fibres;
- metal fibres;
- mineral fibres.

6.3. In the case of products incorporating ‘yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped’, this tolerance is 20 % in respect of this yarn.

6.4. In the case of products incorporating ‘strip consisting of a core of aluminium foil or of a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminium powder, of a width not exceeding 5 mm, sandwiched by means of a transparent or coloured adhesive between two layers of plastic film’, this tolerance is 30 % in respect of this strip.

Note 7 – Other tolerances applicable to certain textile products

7.1. Where, in the list, reference is made to this Note, textile materials (with the exception of linings and interlinings) which do not satisfy the rule set out in the list in column (3) for the made-up product concerned may be used, provided that they are classified in a heading other than that of the product and that their value does not exceed 15 % of the ex-works price of the product.

7.2. Without prejudice to Note 7.3, materials which are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63 may be used freely in the manufacture of textile products, whether or not they contain textiles.

7.3. Where a percentage rule applies, the value of non-originating materials which are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63 must be taken into account when calculating the value of the non-originating materials incorporated.

▼ M9**Note 8 – Definition of specific processes and simple operations carried out in respect of certain products of Chapter 27**

8.1. For the purposes of headings ex 2707 and 2713, the ‘specific processes’ are the following:

- (a) vacuum-distillation;
- (b) redistillation by a very thorough fractionation process;
- (c) cracking;
- (d) reforming;
- (e) extraction by means of selective solvents;
- (f) the process comprising all of the following operations: processing with concentrated sulphuric acid, oleum or sulphuric anhydride; neutralisation with alkaline agents; decolourisation and purification with naturally active earth, activated earth, activated charcoal or bauxite;
- (g) polymerisation;
- (h) alkylation;
- (i) isomerisation.

8.2. For the purposes of headings 2710, 2711 and 2712, the ‘specific processes’ are the following:

- (a) vacuum-distillation;
- (b) redistillation by a very thorough fractionation process;
- (c) cracking;
- (d) reforming;
- (e) extraction by means of selective solvents;
- (f) the process comprising all of the following operations: processing with concentrated sulphuric acid, oleum or sulphuric anhydride; neutralisation with alkaline agents; decolourisation and purification with naturally active earth, activated earth, activated charcoal or bauxite;
- (g) polymerisation;
- (h) alkylation;
- (i) isomerisation;
- (j) in respect of heavy oils of heading ex 2710 only, desulphurisation with hydrogen, resulting in a reduction of at least 85 % of the sulphur content of the products processed (ASTM D 1266-59 T method);
- (k) in respect of products of heading 2710 only, deparaffining by a process other than filtering;

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- (l) in respect of heavy oils of heading ex 2710 only, treatment with hydrogen, at a pressure of more than 20 bar and a temperature of more than 250 °C, with the use of a catalyst, other than to effect desulphurisation, when the hydrogen constitutes an active element in a chemical reaction. The further treatment, with hydrogen, of lubricating oils of heading ex 2710 (e.g. hydrofinishing or decolourisation), in order, more especially, to improve colour or stability shall not, however, be deemed to be a specific process;
- (m) in respect of fuel oils of heading ex 2710 only, atmospheric distillation, on condition that less than 30 % of these products distils, by volume, including losses, at 300 °C, by the ASTM D 86 method;
- (n) in respect of heavy oils other than gas oils and fuel oils of heading ex 2710 only, treatment by means of a high-frequency electrical brush discharge;
- (o) in respect of crude products (other than petroleum jelly, ozokerite, lignite wax or peat wax, paraffin wax containing by weight less than 0.75 % of oil) of heading ex 2712 only, deoiling by fractional crystallisation.

8.3. For the purposes of headings ex 2707 and 2713, simple operations, such as cleaning, decanting, desalting, water separation, filtering, colouring, marking, obtaining a sulphur content as a result of mixing products with different sulphur contents, or any combination of those operations or like operations, do not confer origin.

Note 9 – Definition of specific processes and operations carried out in respect of certain products

- 9.1. Products falling within Chapter 30 obtained in a Party by using cell cultures, shall be considered as originating in that Party. ‘Cell culture’ is defined as the cultivation of human, animal and plant cells under controlled conditions (such as defined temperatures, growth medium, gas mixture, pH) outside a living organism.
- 9.2. Products falling within Chapters 29 (except for: 2905.43-2905.44), 30, 32, 33 (except for: 3302.10, 3301), 34, 35 (except for: 35.01, 3502.11-3502.19, 3502.20, 35.05), 36, 37, 38 (except for: 3809.10, 38.23, 3824.60, 38.26) and 39 (except for: 39.16-39.26) obtained in a Party by fermentation shall be considered as originating in that Party. ‘Fermentation’ is a biotechnological process in which human, animal, plant cells, bacteria, yeasts, fungi or enzymes are used to produce products falling within Chapters 29 to 39.
- 9.3. The following processing operations are considered sufficient according to paragraph 1 of Article 4 for products falling within Chapters 28, 29 (except for: 2905.43-2905.44), 30, 32, 33 (except for: 3302.10, 3301), 34, 35 (except for: 35.01, 3502.11-3502.19, 3502.20, 35.05), 36, 37, 38 (except for: 3809.10, 38.23, 3824.60, 38.26) and 39 (except for: 39.16-39.26):

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- Chemical reaction: A ‘chemical reaction’ is a process (including a biochemical process) which results in a molecule with a new structure by breaking intramolecular bonds and by forming new intramolecular bonds, or by altering the spatial arrangement of atoms in a molecule. A chemical reaction may be expressed by a change of the ‘CAS number’.

The following processes should not be considered for purposes of origin: (a) dissolving in water or other solvents; (b) the elimination of solvents, including solvent water; or (c) the addition or elimination of water of crystallization. A chemical reaction as defined above is to be considered as origin conferring.

- Mixtures and Blends: The deliberate and proportionally controlled mixing or blending (including dispersing) of materials, other than the addition of diluents, to conform to predetermined specifications which results in the production of a good having physical or chemical characteristics which are relevant to the purposes or uses of the good and are different from the input materials is to be considered to be as origin conferring.

- Purification: Purification is to be considered as origin conferring provided that purification occurring in the territory of one or both of the Parties results in one of the following criteria being satisfied:

- (a) purification of a good resulting in the elimination of at least 80 % of the content of existing impurities; or

- (b) the reduction or elimination of impurities resulting in a good suitable for one or more of the following applications:

- (i) pharmaceutical, medicinal, cosmetic, veterinary, or food grade substances;

- (ii) chemical products and reagents for analytical, diagnostic or laboratory uses;

- (iii) elements and components for use in micro-electronics;

- (iv) specialised optical uses;

- (v) biotechnical use (e.g., in cell culturing, in genetic technology, or as a catalyst);

- (vi) carriers used in a separation process; or

- (vii) nuclear grade uses.

- Change in particle size: The deliberate and controlled modification in particle size of a good, other than by merely crushing or pressing, resulting in a good having a defined particle size, defined particle size distribution or defined surface area which is relevant to the purposes of the resulting good and having different physical or chemical characteristics from the input materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

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- Standard materials: Standard materials (including standard solutions) are preparations suitable for analytical, calibrating or referencing uses having precise degrees of purity or proportions which are certified by the manufacturer. The production of standard materials is to be considered as origin conferring.
- Isomer separation: The isolation or separation of isomers from a mixture of isomers is to be considered as origin conferring.

LIST OF WORKING OR PROCESSING REQUIRED TO BE CARRIED OUT ON NON-ORIGINATING MATERIALS IN ORDER FOR THE PRODUCT MANUFACTURED TO OBTAIN ORIGINATING STATUS

Heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)
Chapter 1	Live animals	All the animals of Chapter 1 shall be wholly obtained
Chapter 2	Meat and edible meat offal	Manufacture in which all the meat and edible meat offal in the products of this Chapter is wholly obtained
Chapter 3	Fish and crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 3 used are wholly obtained
Chapter 4	Dairy produce; birds' eggs; natural honey; edible products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained
ex Chapter 5	Products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading
ex 0511 91	Inedible fish eggs and roes	All the eggs and roes are wholly obtained
Chapter 6	Live trees and other plants; bulbs, roots and the like; cut flowers and ornamental foliage	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 6 used are wholly obtained
Chapter 7	Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 7 used are wholly obtained
Chapter 8	Edible fruit and nuts; peel of citrus fruits or melons	Manufacture in which all the fruit, nuts and peels of citrus fruits or melons of Chapter 8 used are wholly obtained
Chapter 9	Coffee, tea, maté and spices	Manufacture from materials of any heading

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(1)	(2)	(3)
Chapter 10	Cereals	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 10 used are wholly obtained
Chapter 11	Products of the milling industry; malt; starches; inulin; wheat gluten	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 8, 10 and 11, headings 0701, 0714, 2302 and 2303, and subheading 0710 10 used are wholly obtained
Chapter 12	Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits; miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit; industrial or medicinal plants; straw and fodder	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
ex Chapter 13	Lac; gums, resins and other vegetable saps and extracts; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading
ex 1302	Pectic substances, pectinates and pectates	Manufacture from materials of any heading and in which the weight of sugar used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the final product
Chapter 14	Vegetable plaiting materials; vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture from materials of any heading
ex Chapter 15	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their cleavage products; prepared edible fats; animal or vegetable waxes; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
1504 to 1506	Fats and oils and their fractions, of fish or marine mammals; wool grease and fatty substances derived therefrom (including lanolin); other animal fats and oils and their fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified	Manufacture from materials of any heading
1508	Groundnut oil and its fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified	Manufacture from materials of any subheading, except that of the product
1509 and 1510	Olive oil and its fractions	Manufacture in which all the vegetable materials used are wholly obtained

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(1)	(2)	(3)
1511	Palm oil and its fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified	Manufacture from materials of any subheading, except that of the product
ex 1512	Sunflower seed oils and their fractions:	
	— for technical or industrial uses other than the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
	— other	Manufacture in which all the vegetable materials used are wholly obtained
1515	Other fixed vegetable fats and oils (including jojoba oil) and their fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified	Manufacture from materials of any subheading, except that of the product
ex 1516	Fats and oils and their fractions, of fish	Manufacture from materials of any heading
1520	Glycerol, crude; glycerol waters and glycerol lyes	Manufacture from materials of any heading
Chapter 16	Preparations of meat, of fish or of crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 2, 3 and 16 used are wholly obtained
ex Chapter 17	Sugars and sugar confectionery; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
1702	Other sugars, including chemically pure lactose, maltose, glucose and fructose, in solid form; sugar syrups not containing added flavouring or colouring matter; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey; caramel:	
	— Chemically-pure maltose and fructose	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 1702
	— Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which the weight of the materials of heading 1101 to 1108, 1701 and 1703 used does not exceed 30 % of the weight of the final product

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(1)	(2)	(3)
1704	Sugar confectionery (including white chocolate), not containing cocoa	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — the weight of sugar used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the final product or <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — the value of sugar used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 18	Cocoa and cocoa preparations; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which the weight of sugar used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the final product
ex 1806	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — the weight of sugar used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the final product or <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — the value of sugar used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
1806 10	Cocoa powder, containing added sugar or other sweetening matters	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which the weight of sugar used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the final product
1901	Malt extract; food preparations of flour, groats, meal, starch or malt extract, not containing cocoa or containing less than 40 % by weight of cocoa calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or included; food preparations of goods of headings 0401 to 0404, not containing cocoa or containing less than 5 % by weight of cocoa calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or included: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Malt extract — Other 	Manufacture from cereals of Chapter 10 Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which the individual weight of sugar and of the materials of Chapter 4 used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the final product

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
1902	Pasta, whether or not cooked or stuffed (with meat or other substances) or otherwise prepared, such as spaghetti, macaroni, noodles, lasagne, gnocchi, ravioli, cannelloni; couscous, whether or not prepared	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which: — the weight of the materials of headings 1006 and 1101 to 1108 used does not exceed 20 % of the weight of the final product, and — the weight of the materials of Chapters 2, 3 and 16 used does not exceed 20 % of the weight of the final product
1903	Tapioca and substitutes therefor prepared from starch, in the form of flakes, grains, pearls, siftings or similar forms	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except potato starch of heading 1108
1904	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (for example, corn flakes); cereals (other than maize (corn)) in grain form or in the form of flakes or other worked grains (except flour, groats and meal), pre-cooked or otherwise prepared, not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which: — the weight of the materials of headings 1006 and 1101 to 1108 used does not exceed 20 % of the weight of the final product, and — the weight of sugar used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the final product
1905	Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa; communion wafers, empty cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which the weight of the materials of headings 1006 and 1101 to 1108 used does not exceed 20 % of the weight of the final product
ex Chapter 20	Preparations of vegetables, fruit, nuts or other parts of plants; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
2002 and 2003	Tomatoes, mushrooms and truffles prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which all the materials of Chapter 7 used are wholly obtained
2006	Vegetables, fruit, nuts, fruit-peel and other parts of plants, preserved by sugar (drained, glacé or crystallized)	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which the weight of sugar used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the final product

▼ **M9**

(1)	(2)	(3)
2007	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit or nut purée and fruit or nut pastes, obtained by cooking, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which the weight of sugar used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the final product
ex 2008	Products, other than: — Nuts, not containing added sugar or spirits — Peanut butter; mixtures based on cereals; palm hearts; maize (corn) — Fruit and nuts cooked otherwise than by steaming or boiling in water, not containing added sugar, frozen	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which the weight of sugar used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the final product
2009	Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices, unfermented and not containing added spirit, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which the weight of sugar used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the final product
ex Chapter 21	Miscellaneous edible preparations; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
2103	— Sauces and preparations therefor; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, mustard flour or meal or prepared mustard may be used
	— Mustard flour and meal and prepared mustard	Manufacture from materials of any heading
2105	Ice cream and other edible ice, whether or not containing cocoa	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which: — the individual weight of sugar and of the materials of Chapter 4 used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the final product and — the total combined weight of sugar and of the materials of Chapter 4 used does not exceed 60 % of the weight of the final product
2106	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which the weight of sugar used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the final product

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
ex Chapter 22	Beverages, spirits and vinegar; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which all the materials of subheadings 0806 10, 2009 61, 2009 69 used are wholly obtained
2202	Waters, including mineral waters and aerated waters, containing added sugar or other sweetening matter or flavoured, and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit or vegetable juices of heading 2009	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
2207 and 2208	Undenatured ethyl alcohol of an alcoholic strength by volume of higher or less than 80 % vol; spirits, liqueurs and other spirituous beverages	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except heading 2207 or 2208, in which all the materials of subheadings 0806 10, 2009 61, 2009 69 used are wholly obtained
ex Chapter 23	Residues and waste from the food industries; prepared animal fodder; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
2309	Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding	Manufacture in which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — all the materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used are wholly obtained, — the weight of materials of Chapters 10 and 11 and headings 2302 and 2303 used does not exceed 20 % of the weight of the final product, — the individual weight of sugar and the materials of Chapter 4 used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the final product, and — the total combined weight of sugar and the materials of Chapter 4 used does not exceed 50 % of the weight of the final product
ex Chapter 24	Tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading in which the weight of materials of heading 2401 does not exceed 30 % of the total weight of materials of Chapter 24 used
2401	Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse	Manufacture in which all materials of heading 2401 are wholly obtained

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
ex 2402	Cigarettes, of tobacco or of tobacco substitutes	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and of smoking tobacco of subheading 2403 19, in which at least 10 % by weight of all materials of heading 2401 used is wholly obtained
ex 2403	Products intended for inhalation through heated delivery or other means, without combustion	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, in which at least 10 % by weight of all materials of heading 2401 used is wholly obtained
ex Chapter 25	Salt; sulphur; earths and stone; plastering materials, lime and cement; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 70 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 2519	Crushed natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite), in hermetically-sealed containers, and magnesium oxide, whether or not pure, other than fused magnesia or dead-burned (sintered) magnesia	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite) may be used
Chapter 26	Ores, slag and ash	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
ex Chapter 27	Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 2707	Oils in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the non-aromatic constituents, being oils similar to mineral oils obtained by distillation of high temperature coal tar, of which more than 65 % by volume distils at a temperature of up to 250 °C (including mixtures of petroleum spirit and benzole), for use as power or heating fuels	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) ⁽¹⁾ or Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product

▼ **M9**

(1)	(2)	(3)
2710	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing by weight 70 % or more of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations; waste oils	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) ⁽¹⁾ or Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
2711	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) ⁽¹⁾ or Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
2712	Petroleum jelly; paraffin wax, microcrystalline petroleum wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax, other mineral waxes, and similar products obtained by synthesis or by other processes, whether or not coloured	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) ⁽¹⁾ or Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
2713	Petroleum coke, petroleum bitumen and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) ⁽¹⁾ or Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
Chapter 28	Inorganic chemicals; organic or inorganic compounds of precious metals, of rare-earth metals, of radioactive elements or of isotopes	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>
ex Chapter 29	Organic chemicals; except for:	<p>Specific process(es) ⁽⁴⁾</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>
ex 2901	Acyclic hydrocarbons for use as power or heating fuels	<p>Specific process(es) ⁽⁴⁾</p> <p>or</p> <p>Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) ⁽¹⁾</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>
ex 2902	Cyclanes and cyclenes (other than azulenes), benzene, toluene, xylenes, for use as power or heating fuels	<p>Specific process(es) ⁽⁴⁾</p> <p>or</p> <p>Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) ⁽¹⁾</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
ex 2905	Metal alcoholates of alcohols of this heading and of ethanol	<p>Specific process(es) ⁽⁴⁾</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 2905. However, metal alcoholates of this heading may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>
Chapter 30	Pharmaceutical products	<p>Specific process(es) ⁽⁴⁾</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading</p>
Chapter 31	Fertilizers	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>
Chapter 32	Tanning or dyeing extracts; tannins and their derivatives; dyes, pigments and other colouring matter; paints and varnishes; putty and other mastics; inks	<p>Specific process(es) ⁽⁴⁾</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
Chapter 33	Essential oils and resinoids; perfumery, cosmetic or toilet preparations	<p>Specific process(es) ⁽⁴⁾</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>
Chapter 34	Soap, organic surface-active agents, washing preparations, lubricating preparations, artificial waxes, prepared waxes, polishing or scouring preparations, candles and similar articles, modelling pastes, 'dental waxes' and dental preparations with a basis of plaster	<p>Specific process(es) ⁽⁴⁾</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>
Chapter 35	Albuminoidal substances; modified starches; glues; enzymes	<p>Specific process(es) ⁽⁴⁾</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
Chapter 36	Explosives; pyrotechnic products; matches; pyrophoric alloys; certain combustible preparations	<p>Specific process(es) ⁽⁴⁾</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>
Chapter 37	Photographic or cinematographic goods	<p>Specific process(es) ⁽⁴⁾</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>
ex Chapter 38	Miscellaneous chemical products; except for:	<p>Specific process(es) ⁽⁴⁾</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
ex 3811	Anti-knock preparations, oxidation inhibitors, gum inhibitors, viscosity improvers, anti-corrosive preparations and other prepared additives, for mineral oils (including gasoline) or for other liquids used for the same purposes as mineral oils: — Prepared additives for lubricating oil, containing petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	Specific process(es) ⁽⁴⁾ or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading 3811 used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3824 99 ex 3826 00	and Biodiesel	Manufacture in which biodiesel is obtained through transesterification and/or esterification or through hydro-treatment
Chapter 39	Plastics and articles thereof	Specific process(es) ⁽⁴⁾ or Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same subheading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 40	Rubber and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 4012	Retreaded pneumatic, solid or cushion tyres, of rubber	Retreading of used tyres
ex Chapter 41	Raw hides and skins (other than furskins) and leather; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
4104 to 4106	Tanned or crust hides and skins, without wool or hair on, whether or not split, but not further prepared	Re-tanning of tanned leather or Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
Chapter 42	Articles of leather; saddlery and harness; travel goods, handbags and similar containers; articles of animal gut (other than silk worm gut)	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 43	Furskins and artificial fur; manufactures thereof; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
ex 4302	Tanned or dressed furskins, assembled: — Plates, crosses and similar forms. — Other	Bleaching or dyeing, in addition to cutting and assembly of non-assembled tanned or dressed furskins Manufacture from non-assembled, tanned or dressed furskins
4303	Articles of apparel, clothing accessories and other articles of furskin	Manufacture from non-assembled tanned or dressed furskins of heading 4302
ex Chapter 44	Wood and articles of wood; wood charcoal; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 4407	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm, planed, sanded or end-jointed	Planing, sanding or end-jointing
ex 4408	Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood) and for plywood, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm, spliced, and other wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm, planed, sanded or end-jointed	Splicing, planing, sanding or end-jointing
ex 4410 to ex 4413	Beadings and mouldings, including moulded skirting and other moulded boards	Beading or moulding

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
ex 4415	Packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, of wood	Manufacture from boards not cut to size
ex 4418	— Builders' joinery and carpentry of wood	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, cellular wood panels, shingles and shakes may be used
	— Beadings and mouldings	Beading or moulding
ex 4421	Match splints; wooden pegs or pins for footwear	Manufacture from wood of any heading, except drawn wood of heading 4409
Chapter 45	Cork and articles of cork	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 46	Manufactures of straw, of esparto or of other plaiting materials; basketware and wickerwork	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 47	Pulp of wood or of other fibrous cellulosic material; recovered (waste and scrap) paper or paperboard	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 48	Paper and paperboard; articles of paper pulp, of paper or of paperboard	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 49	Printed books, newspapers, pictures and other products of the printing industry; manuscripts, typescripts and plans	Manufacture from materials of any heading except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
ex Chapter 50	Silk; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
ex 5003	Silk waste (including cocoons unsuitable for reeling, yarn waste and garnetted stock), carded or combed	Carding or combing of silk waste
5004 to ex 5006	Silk yarn and yarn spun from silk waste	⁽²⁾ Spinning of natural fibres or Extrusion of man-made continuous filament combined with spinning or Extrusion of man-made continuous filament combined with twisting or Twisting combined with any mechanical operation
5007	Woven fabrics of silk or of silk waste	⁽²⁾ Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving or Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving or Twisting or any mechanical operation combined with weaving or Weaving combined with dyeing or Yarn dyeing combined with weaving or Weaving combined with printing or Printing (as standalone operation)

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
ex Chapter 51	Wool, fine or coarse animal hair; horsehair yarn and woven fabric; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
5106 to 5110	Yarn of wool, of fine or coarse animal hair or of horsehair	⁽²⁾ Spinning of natural fibres or Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning or Twisting combined with any mechanical operation
5111 to 5113	Woven fabrics of wool, of fine or coarse animal hair or of horsehair:	⁽²⁾ Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving or Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving or Weaving combined with dyeing or Yarn dyeing combined with weaving or Weaving combined with printing or Printing (as standalone operation)
ex Chapter 52	Cotton; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
5204 to 5207	Yarn and thread of cotton	⁽²⁾ Spinning of natural fibres or Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning or Twisting combined with any mechanical operation

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
5208 to 5212	Woven fabrics of cotton	⁽²⁾ Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving or Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving or Twisting or any mechanical operation combined with weaving or Weaving combined with dyeing or with coating or with laminating or Yarn dyeing combined with weaving or Weaving combined with printing or Printing (as standalone operation)
ex Chapter 53	Other vegetable textile fibres; paper yarn and woven fabrics of paper yarn; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
5306 to 5308	Yarn of other vegetable textile fibres; paper yarn	⁽²⁾ Spinning of natural fibres or Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning or Twisting combined with any mechanical operation
5309 to 5311	Woven fabrics of other vegetable textile fibres; woven fabrics of paper yarn:	⁽²⁾ Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving or Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving or

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
		Weaving combined with dyeing or with coating or with laminating or Yarn dyeing combined with weaving or Weaving combined with printing or Printing (as standalone operation)
5401 to 5406	Yarn, monofilament and thread of man-made filaments	⁽²⁾ Spinning of natural fibres or Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning or Twisting combined with any mechanical operation
5407 and 5408	Woven fabrics of man-made filament yarn	⁽²⁾ Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving or Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving or Twisting or any mechanical operation combined with weaving or Yarn dyeing combined with weaving or Weaving combined with dyeing or with coating or with laminating or Weaving combined with printing or Printing (as standalone operation)
5501 to 5507	Man-made staple fibres	Extrusion of man-made fibres

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
5508 to 5511	Yarn and sewing thread of man-made staple fibres	⁽²⁾ Spinning of natural fibres or Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning or Twisting combined with any mechanical operation
5512 to 5516	Woven fabrics of man-made staple fibres:	⁽²⁾ Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving or Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving or Twisting or any mechanical operation combined with weaving or Weaving combined with dyeing or with coating or with laminating or Yarn dyeing combined with weaving or Weaving combined with printing or Printing (as standalone operation)
ex Chapter 56	Wadding, felt and non-wovens; special yarns; twine, cordage, ropes and cables and articles thereof; except for:	⁽²⁾ Spinning of natural fibres or Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
5603	Nonwovens whether or not impregnated, coated, covered or laminated	
5603 11 to 5603 14	Nonwovens whether or not impregnated, coated, covered or laminated of man-made filaments	Manufacture from — directionally or randomly oriented filaments or — substances or polymers of natural or man-made origin, followed in both cases by bonding into a nonwoven
5603 91 to 5603 94	Nonwovens whether or not impregnated, coated, covered or laminated, other than of man-made filaments	Manufacture from — directionally or randomly oriented staple fibres and/or — chopped yarns, of natural or man-made origin, followed in both by bonding into a nonwoven
5604	Rubber thread and cord, textile covered; textile yarn, and strip and the like of heading 5404 or 5405, impregnated, coated, covered or sheathed with rubber or plastics: — Rubber thread and cord, textile covered — Other	Manufacture from rubber thread or cord, not textile covered (2) Spinning of natural fibres or Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning or Twisting combined with any mechanical operation

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
5605	Metallised yarn, whether or not gimped, being textile yarn, or strip or the like of heading 5404 or 5405, combined with metal in the form of thread, strip or powder or covered with metal	<p>(²)</p> <p>Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres or Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning or Twisting combined with any mechanical operation</p>
5606	Gimped yarn, and strip and the like of heading 5404 or 5405, gimped (other than those of heading 5605 and gimped horsehair yarn); chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn); loop wale-yarn	<p>(²)</p> <p>Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning or Twisting combined with gimping or Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres or Flocking combined with dyeing</p>
Chapter 57	Carpets and other textile floor coverings:	<p>(²)</p> <p>Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving or with tufting or Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving or with tufting or Manufacture from coir yarn or sisal yarn or jute yarn or classical ring spun viscose yarn or Tufting combined with dyeing or with printing or Flocking combined with dyeing or with printing or</p>

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
		Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with non-woven techniques including needle punching Jute fabric may be used as a backing
ex Chapter 58	Special woven fabrics; tufted textile fabrics; lace; tapestries; trimmings; embroidery; except for:	⁽²⁾ Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving or tufting or Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving or with tufting or Weaving combined with dyeing or with flocking or with coating or with laminating or with metalizing or Tufting combined with dyeing or with printing or Flocking combined with dyeing or with printing or Yarn dyeing combined with weaving or Weaving combined with printing or Printing (as standalone operation)
5805	Hand-woven tapestries of the types Gobelins, Flanders, Aubusson, Beauvais and the like, and needle-worked tapestries (for example, petit point, cross stitch), whether or not made up	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
5810	Embroidery in the piece, in strips or in motifs	Embroidering in which the value of all the materials of any heading, except that of the product, used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
5901	Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances, of a kind used for the outer covers of books or the like; tracing cloth; prepared painting canvas; buckram and similar stiffened textile fabrics of a kind used for hat foundations	Weaving combined with dyeing or with flocking or with coating or with laminating or with metalizing or Flocking combined with dyeing or with printing
5902	Tyre cord fabric of high tenacity yarn of nylon or other polyamides, polyesters or viscose rayon:	
	— Containing not more than 90 % by weight of textile materials	Weaving
	— Other	Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with weaving
5903	Textile fabrics impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with plastics, other than those of heading 5902	Weaving combined with impregnating or with coating or with covering or with laminating or with metalizing or Weaving combined with printing or Printing (as standalone operation)
5904	Linoleum, whether or not cut to shape; floor coverings consisting of a coating or covering applied on a textile backing, whether or not cut to shape	(2) Weaving combined with dyeing or with coating or with laminating or with metalizing Jute fabric may be used as a backing.

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
	— Other	Weaving, knitting or non-woven process combined with dyeing or with coating/ rubberising or Yarn dyeing combined with weaving, knitting or non-woven process or Rubberising combined with at least two other main preparatory or finishing operations (such as calendering, shrink-resistance processes, heat setting, permanent finishing) provided that the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
5907	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated, coated or covered; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio back-cloths or the like	Weaving or knitting or non-woven fabric formation combined with dyeing or with printing or with coating or with impregnating or with covering or Flocking combined with dyeing or with printing or Printing (as standalone operation)
5908	Textile wicks, woven, plaited or knitted, for lamps, stoves, lighters, candles or the like; incandescent gas mantles and tubular knitted gas mantle fabric therefore, whether or not impregnated: — Incandescent gas mantles, impregnated — Other	Manufacture from tubular knitted/crocheted gas mantle fabric Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
5909 to 5911	Textile articles of a kind suitable for industrial use:	⁽²⁾ Spinning of natural and/or of man-made staple fibres combined with weaving

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
		<p>or Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with weaving or Weaving combined with dyeing or with coating or with laminating or Coating, flocking, laminating or metalizing combined with at least two other main preparatory or finishing operations (such as calendering, shrink-resistance processes, heat setting, permanent finishing) provided that the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>
Chapter 60	Knitted or crocheted fabrics	<p>(2) Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres combined with knitting/crocheting or Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with knitting/crocheting or Knitting/crocheting combined with dyeing or with flocking or with coating or with laminating or with printing or Flocking combined with dyeing or with printing or Yarn dyeing combined with knitting/crocheting or Twisting or texturing combined with knitting/crocheting provided that the value of the non-twisted/non-textured yarns used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
Chapter 61	<p>Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, knitted or crocheted:</p> <p>— Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form</p> <p>— Other</p>	<p>(²) (³) Knitting or crocheting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric</p> <p>(²) Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres combined with knitting or crocheting or Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with knitting or crocheting or Knitting and making-up in one operation</p>
ex Chapter 62	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, not knitted or crocheted; except for:	<p>(²) (³) Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric or Making-up including cutting of fabric preceded by printing (as standalone operation)</p>
ex 6202, ex 6204, ex 6206, ex 6209 and ex 6211	Women's, girls' and babies' clothing and clothing accessories for babies, embroidered	<p>(³) Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric or Manufacture from unembroidered fabric, provided that the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
ex 6210 and ex 6216	Fire-resistant equipment of fabric covered with foil of aluminised polyester	<p>(2) (3)</p> <p>Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric</p> <p>or</p> <p>Coating or laminating provided that the value of the uncoated or unlaminated fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product, combined with making-up including cutting of fabric</p>
ex 6212	Brassieres, girdles, corsets, braces, suspenders, garters and similar articles and parts thereof, knitted or crocheted, obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form	<p>(2) (3)</p> <p>Knitting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric</p> <p>or</p> <p>Making-up including cutting of fabric preceded by printing (as standalone operation)</p>
6213 and 6214	<p>Handkerchiefs, shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like:</p> <p>— Embroidered</p> <p>— Other</p>	<p>(2) (3)</p> <p>Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from unembroidered fabric, provided that the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>or</p> <p>Making-up including cutting of fabric preceded by printing (as standalone operation)</p> <p>(2) (3)</p> <p>Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric</p> <p>or</p> <p>Making-up preceded by printing (as standalone operation)</p>

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
6217	<p>Other made up clothing accessories; parts of garments or of clothing accessories, other than those of heading 6212:</p> <p>— Embroidered</p> <p>— Fire-resistant equipment of fabric covered with foil of aluminised polyester</p> <p>— Interlinings for collars and cuffs, cut out</p> <p>— Other</p>	<p>(³) Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric or Manufacture from unembroidered fabric, provided that the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product or Making-up preceded by printing (as standalone operation)</p> <p>(³) Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric or Coating or laminating provided that the value of the uncoated or unlaminated fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product combined with making-up including cutting of fabric</p> <p>Manufacture: — from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and — in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>(³) Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric</p>
ex Chapter 63	Other made-up textile articles; sets; worn clothing and worn textile articles; rags; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
6301 to 6304	Blankets, travelling rugs, bed linen etc.; curtains etc.; other furnishing articles: — Of felt, of nonwovens — Other: — Embroidered — Other	(2) Non-woven fabric formation combined with making-up including cutting of fabric (2) (3) Weaving or knitting/crocheting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric or Manufacture from unembroidered fabric (other than knitted or crocheted), provided that the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product (2) (3) Weaving or knitting/crocheting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric
6305	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods	(2) Extrusion of man-made fibres or spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres, combined with weaving or with knitting and making-up including cutting of fabric
6306	Tarpaulins, awnings and sunblinds; tents; sails for boats, sailboards or landcraft; camping goods: — Of nonwovens — Other	(2) (3) Non-woven fabric formation combined with making-up including cutting of fabric (2) (3) Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric
6307	Other made-up articles, including dress patterns	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
6308	Sets consisting of woven fabric and yarn, whether or not with accessories, for making up into rugs, tapestries, embroidered table cloths or serviettes, or similar textile articles, put up in packings for retail sale	Each item in the set must satisfy the rule which would apply to it if it were not included in the set. However, non-originating articles may be incorporated, provided that their total value does not exceed 15 % of the ex-works price of the set
ex Chapter 64	Footwear, gaiters and the like; parts of such articles; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components of heading 6406
6406	Parts of footwear (including uppers whether or not attached to soles other than outer soles); removable in-soles, heel cushions and similar articles; gaiters, leggings and similar articles, and parts thereof	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
Chapter 65	Headgear and parts thereof	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
Chapter 66	Umbrellas, sun umbrellas, walking-sticks, seat-sticks, whips, riding-crops, and parts thereof:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 67	Prepared feathers and down and articles made of feathers or of down; artificial flowers; articles of human hair	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 68	Articles of stone, plaster, cement, asbestos, mica or similar materials	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 70 % of the ex-works price of the product

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
Chapter 69	Ceramic products	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
ex Chapter 70	Glass and glassware	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
7010	Carboys, bottles, flasks, jars, pots, phials, ampoules and other containers, of glass, of a kind used for the conveyance or packing of goods; preserving jars of glass; stoppers, lids and other closures, of glass	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Cutting of glassware, provided that the total value of the uncut glassware used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
7013	Glassware of a kind used for table, kitchen, toilet, office, indoor decoration or similar purposes (other than that of heading 7010 or 7018)	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
ex Chapter 71	Natural or cultured pearls, precious or semi-precious stones, precious metals, metals clad with precious metal, and articles thereof; imitation jewellery; coin; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 70 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 7102, ex 7103 and ex 7104	Worked precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed)	Manufacture of materials of any subheading except that of the product

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
7106, 7108 and 7110	Precious metals: — Unwrought — Semi-manufactured or in powder form	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 7106, 7108 and 7110, or electrolytic, thermal or chemical separation of precious metals of heading 7106, 7108 or 7110, or fusion and/or alloying of precious metals of heading 7106, 7108 or 7110 with each other or with base metals or purification Manufacture from unwrought precious metals
ex 7107, ex 7109 and ex 7111	Metals clad with precious metals, semi-manufactured	Manufacture from metals clad with precious metals, unwrought
ex Chapter 72	Iron and steel; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
7207	Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel	Manufacture from materials of heading 7201, 7202, 7203, 7204 or 7205
7208 to 7212	Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	Manufacture from semi-finished materials of heading 7207
7213 to 7216	Bars and sections bars and rods, angles, shapes and sections of iron or non-alloy steel	Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of heading 7206
7217	Wire of iron or non-alloy steel	Manufacture from semi-finished materials of heading 7207
7218 91 and 7218 99	Semi-finished products	Manufacture from materials of heading 7201, 7202, 7203, 7204 or 7205
7219 to 7222	Flat-rolled products, bars and rods, angles, shapes and sections of stainless steel	Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of heading 7218
7223	Wire of stainless steel	Manufacture from semi-finished materials of heading 7218
7224 90	Semi-finished products	Manufacture from materials of heading 7201, 7202, 7203, 7204 or 7205

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(1)	(2)	(3)
7225 to 7228	Flat-rolled products, hot-rolled bars and rods, in irregularly wound coils; angles, shapes and sections, of other alloy steel; hollow drill bars and rods, of alloy or non-alloy steel	Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of heading 7206, 7218 or 7224
7229	Wire of other alloy steel	Manufacture from semi-finished materials of heading 7224
ex Chapter 73	Articles of iron or steel; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
ex 7301	Sheet piling	Manufacture from materials of heading 7207
7302	Railway or tramway track construction material of iron or steel, the following: rails, check-rails and rack rails, switch blades, crossing frogs, point rods and other crossing pieces, sleepers (cross-ties), fish-plates, chairs, chair wedges, sole plates (base plates), rail clips, bedplates, ties and other material specialised for jointing or fixing rails	Manufacture from materials of heading 7206
7304, 7305 and 7306	Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, of iron or steel	Manufacture from materials of heading 7206 to 7212 and 7218 or 7224
ex 7307	Tube or pipe fittings of stainless steel (ISO No X5CrNiMo 1712), consisting of several parts	Turning, drilling, reaming, threading, deburring and sandblasting of forged blanks, provided that the total value of the forged blanks used does not exceed 35 % of the ex-works price of the product
7308	Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 9406) and parts of structures (for example, bridges and bridge-sections, lock-gates, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, doors and windows and their frames and thresholds for doors, shutters, balustrades, pillars and columns), of iron or steel; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of iron or steel	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, welded angles, shapes and sections of heading 7301 may not be used

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(1)	(2)	(3)
ex 7315	Skid chain	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading 7315 used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 74	Copper and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
7403	Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought	Manufacture from materials of any heading
7408	Copper wire	Manufacture: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — From materials of any heading, except that of the product, and — In which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 75	Nickel and articles thereof	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
ex Chapter 76	Aluminium and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — From materials of any heading, except that of the product, and — In which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
7601	Unwrought aluminium	Manufacture: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — From materials of any heading, except that of the product, and — In which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product or Manufacture by thermal or electrolytic treatment from unalloyed aluminium or waste and scrap of aluminium
7602	Aluminium waste or scrap	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
ex 7616	Aluminium articles other than gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands) of aluminium wire, and expanded metal of aluminium	Manufacture: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — From materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands) of aluminium wire, or expanded metal of aluminium may be used; and — In which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 78	Lead and articles thereof	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
Chapter 79	Zinc and articles thereof	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
Chapter 80	Tin and articles thereof	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
Chapter 81	Other base metals; cermets; articles thereof	Manufacture from materials of any heading
ex Chapter 82	Tools, implements, cutlery, spoons and forks, of base metal; parts thereof of base metal; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
8206	Tools of two or more of the headings 8202 to 8205, put up in sets for retail sale	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 8202 to 8205. However, tools of headings 8202 to 8205 may be incorporated into the set, provided that their total value does not exceed 15 % of the ex-works price of the set
Chapter 83	Miscellaneous articles of base metal	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
ex Chapter 84	Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
8407	Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
8408	Compression-ignition internal combustion piston engines (diesel or semi-diesel engines)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
8425 to 8430	Pulley tackle and hoists other than skip hoists; winches and capstans; jacks: Ships' derricks; cranes, including cable cranes; mobile lifting frames, straddle carriers and works trucks fitted with a crane Fork-lift trucks; other works trucks fitted with lifting or handling equipment Other lifting, handling, loading or unloading machinery (for example, lifts, escalators, conveyors, teleferics) Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers, mechanical shovels, excavators, shovel loaders, tamping machines and roadrollers Other moving, grading, levelling, scraping, excavating, tamping, compacting, extracting or boring machinery, for earth, minerals or ores; piledrivers and pile extractors; snowploughs and snowblowers	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and heading 8431 or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
8444 to 8447	<p>Machines for extruding, drawing, texturing or cutting man-made textile materials:</p> <p>Machines for preparing textile fibres; spinning, doubling or twisting machines and other machinery for producing textile yarns; textile reeling or winding (including weft-winding) machines and machines for preparing textile yarns for use on the machines of heading 8446 or 8447</p> <p>Weaving machines (looms):</p> <p>Knitting machines, stitch-bonding machines and machines for making gimped yarn, tulle, lace, embroidery, trimmings, braid or net and machines for tufting</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and heading 8448</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>
8456 to 8465	<p>Machine tools for working any material by removal of material</p> <p>Machining centres, unit construction machines (single station) and multi-station transfer machines, for working metal</p> <p>Lathes for removing metal</p> <p>Machine tools</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and heading 8466</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>
8470 to 8472	<p>Calculating machines and pocket-size data-recording, reproducing and displaying machines with calculating functions; accounting machines, postage- franking machines, ticket-issuing machines and similar machines, incorporating a calculating device; cash registers</p> <p>Automatic data-processing machines and units thereof; magnetic or optical readers, machines for transcribing data onto data media in coded form and machines for processing such data</p> <p>Other office machines</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and heading 8473</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product</p>

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
ex Chapter 85	Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof; sound recorders and reproducers, television image and sound recorders and reproducers, and parts and accessories of such articles; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
8501 to 8502	Electric motors and generators Electric generating sets and rotary converters	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and heading 8503 or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
8519, 8521	Sound recording or sound reproducing apparatus Video recording or reproducing apparatus, whether or not incorporating a video tuner	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and heading 8522 or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
8525 to 8528	Transmission apparatus for radio-broadcasting or television, television cameras, digital cameras and video camera recorders Radar apparatus, radio navigational aid apparatus and radio remote control apparatus Reception apparatus for radio-broadcasting Monitors and projectors, not incorporating television reception apparatus; reception apparatus for television, or video recording or reproducing apparatus	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and heading 8529 or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
8535 to 8537	Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits; connectors for optical fibres, optical fibre bundles or cables; boards, panels, consoles, desks, cabinets and other bases, for electric control or the distribution of electricity:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and heading 8538 or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
8542 31 to 8542 39	Monolithic integrated circuits	Diffusion in which integrated circuits are formed on a semi-conductor substrate by the selective introduction of an appropriate dopant assembled or not and/or tested in a non-party or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
8544 to 8548	Insulated wire, cable (and other insulated electric conductors, optical fibre cables Carbon electrodes, carbon brushes, lamp carbons, battery carbons and other articles of graphite or other carbon, of a kind used for electrical purposes Electrical insulators of any material Insulating fittings for electrical machines, appliances or equipment, electrical conduit tubing and joints therefor, of base metal lined with insulating material Waste and scrap of primary cells, primary batteries and electric accumulators; spent primary cells, spent primary batteries and spent electric accumulators; electrical parts of machinery or apparatus, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 86	Railway or tramway locomotives, rolling-stock and parts thereof; railway or tramway track fixtures and fittings and parts thereof; mechanical (including electro-mechanical) traffic signalling equipment of all kinds	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
ex Chapter 87	Vehicles other than railway or tramway rolling-stock, and parts and accessories thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 45 % of the ex-works price of the product
8708	Parts and accessories for vehicles of headings 8701 to 8705	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
8711	Motorcycles (including mopeds) and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor, with or without side-cars; side-cars	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 88	Aircraft, spacecraft, and parts thereof	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 89	Ships, boats and floating structures	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product; however, hulls of heading 8906 may not be used or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 90	Optical, photographic, cinematographic, measuring, checking, precision, medical or surgical instruments and apparatus; parts and accessories thereof; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
9001 50	Spectacle lenses of other materials than glass	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which one of the following operations is made: — surfacing of the semi-finished lens into a finished ophthalmic lens with optical corrective power meant to be mounted on a pair of spectacles — coating of the lens through appropriated treatments to improve vision and ensure protection of the wearer or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 91	Clocks and watches and parts thereof	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 92	Musical instruments; parts and accessories of such articles	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 93	Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 94	Furniture; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions and similar stuffed furnishings; lamps and lighting fittings, not elsewhere specified or included; illuminated signs, illuminated name-plates and the like; prefabricated buildings	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 95	Toys, games and sports requisites; parts and accessories thereof	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product

▼ M9

(1)	(2)	(3)
Chapter 96	Miscellaneous manufactured articles	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 97	Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product

(1) For the special conditions relating to 'specific process(es)', see Introductory Notes 8.1 to 8.3.

(2) For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 6.

(3) See Introductory Note 7.

(4) See Introductory Note 9.

▼ **M9***ANNEX III***TEXT OF THE ORIGIN DECLARATION**

The origin declaration, the text of which is given below, must be made out in accordance with the footnotes. However, the footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

Albanian version

Eksportuesi i produkteve të mbuluara nga ky dokument (autorizim doganor Nr.⁽¹⁾) deklaron që përveç rasteve kur tregohet qartësisht ndryshe, këto produkte janë me origjinë preferenciale⁽²⁾ në përputhje me Rregullat kalimtare të origjinës.

Arabic version

يصرح مصدر المنتجات التي تشملها هذه الوثيقة (التصريح الجمركي رقم⁽¹⁾) باستثناء ما ينص بوضوح على خلاف ذلك، بأن هذه المنتجات من منشأ تفضيلي من⁽²⁾ طبقاً لقواعد المنشأ الانتقالية.

Bosnian version

Izvoznik proizvoda obuhvaćenih ovom ispravom (carinsko ovlaštenje br.⁽¹⁾) izjavljuje da su, osim ako je to drugačije izričito navedeno, ovi proizvodi⁽²⁾ preferencijalnog porijekla u skladu sa prijelaznim pravilima porijekla.

Bulgarian version

Износителят на продуктите, обхванати от този документ (митническо разрешение №⁽¹⁾), декларира, че освен където ясно е отбелязано друго, тези продукти са с⁽²⁾ преференциален произход съгласно преходните правила за произход.

Croatian version

Izvoznik proizvoda obuhvaćenih ovom ispravom (carinsko ovlaštenje br.⁽¹⁾) izjavljuje da su, osim ako je drukčije izričito navedeno, ovi proizvodi⁽²⁾ preferencijalnog podrijetla prema prijelaznim pravilima o podrijetlu.

Czech version

Vývozce výrobků uvedených v tomto dokumentu (číslo povolení⁽¹⁾) prohlašuje, že podle přechodných pravidel původu mají tyto výrobky kromě zřetelně označených preferenční původ v⁽²⁾.

Danish version

Eksportøren af varer, der er omfattet af nærværende dokument (toldmyndighedernes tilladelse nr.⁽¹⁾) erklærer, at varerne, medmindre andet tydeligt er angivet, har præferenceoprindelse i⁽²⁾ i henhold til overgangsreglerne for oprindelse.

Dutch version

De exporteur van de goederen waarop dit document van toepassing is (douanevergunning nr.⁽¹⁾), verklaart dat, behoudens uitdrukkelijke andersluidende vermelding, deze goederen van preferentiële⁽²⁾ oorsprong zijn in overeenstemming met de overgangsregels van oorsprong.

English version

The exporter of the products covered by this document (customs authorization No.⁽¹⁾) declares that, except where otherwise clearly indicated, these products are of⁽²⁾ preferential origin according to the transitional rules of origin.

Estonian version

Käesoleva dokumendiga hõlmatud toodete eksportija (tolli kinnitus nr.⁽¹⁾) deklareerib, et need tooted on päritolureglite üleminekueeskirjade kohaselt⁽²⁾ sooduspäritoluga, välja arvatud juhul, kui on selgelt näidatud teisiti.

▼ **M9****Faeroese version**

Útflytarin av vørunum, sum hetta skjal fevnir um (tollvaldsins loyvi nr.⁽¹⁾) vátar, át um ikki nakað annað er tilskilað, eru hesar vøur upprunavøur⁽²⁾ sambært skiftisreglunum um uppruna.

Finnish version

Tässä asiakirjassa mainittujen tuotteiden viejä (tullin lupa n:o⁽¹⁾) ilmoittaa, että nämä tuotteet ovat, ellei toisin ole selvästi merkitty, etuuskohteluun oikeutettuja.....⁽²⁾ alkuperä tuotteita siirtymäkauden alkuperäsääntöjen nojalla.

French version

L'exportateur des produits couverts par le présent document (autorisation douanière n°⁽¹⁾) déclare que, sauf indication claire du contraire, ces produits ont l'origine préférentielle⁽²⁾ selon les règles d'origine transitoires.

German version

Der Ausfüh­rer (Ermäch­tigter Ausfüh­rer; Bewilligungs-Nr.⁽¹⁾) der Waren, auf die sich dieses Hand­els­pa­pier bezieht, er­klärt, dass diese Waren, so­weit nicht anders an­ge­ge­ben, präferenz­be­gün­stigte⁽²⁾ Ursprungs­wa­ren ge­mäß den Über­gangs­re­geln für den Ursprung sind.

Georgian version

ამ დოკუმენტით წარმოდგენილი საქონლის ექსპორტიორი (საბაჟოორგანოს მიერ მი­ნიჭებული ავტორიზაციის No.....¹) აცხადებს, რომეს საქონელი არის² შე­ღავათიანი წარმოშობის, გარდამავალი წარმოშობის წესების შესაბამისად, თუ სხვარ ამ არ არის პირდაპირ მითითებული.

Greek version

Ο εξαγωγέας των προϊόντων που καλύπτονται από το παρόν έγγραφο (άδεια τελωνείου υπ' αριθ.⁽¹⁾) δηλώνει ότι, εκτός εάν δηλώνεται σαφώς άλλως, τα προϊόντα αυτά είναι προτιμησιακής καταγωγής⁽²⁾ σύμφωνα με τους μεταβατικούς κανόνες καταγωγής.

Hebrew version

היצואן של הטובין המכוסים במסמך זה (אישור מכס מס'.....¹) מצהיר כי מקורם של הטובין הללו המועדף ב. _____² בהתאם לכללי המעבר, אלא אם כן צוין אחרת במפורש.

Hungarian version

A jelen okmányban szereplő termékek exportőre (vámfelhatalmazási szám:⁽¹⁾) kijelentem, hogy eltérő egyértelmű jelzés hiányában a termékek az átmeneti származási szabályok szerint preferenciális⁽²⁾ származásúak.

Icelandic version

Útflytjandi framleiðsluvara sem skjal þetta tekur til (leyfi tollyfirvalda nr.⁽¹⁾), lýsir því yfir að vörurnar séu, ef annars er ekki greinilega getið, af⁽²⁾ uppruna samkvæmt upprunareglum á umbreytingartímabili.

Italian version

L'esportatore delle merci contemplate nel presente documento (autorizzazione doganale n.⁽¹⁾) dichiara che, salvo indicazione contraria, le merci sono di origine preferenziale⁽²⁾ conformemente alle norme di origine transitorie.

▼ **M9****Latvian version**

To produktu eksportētājs, kuri ietverti šajā dokumentā (muitas atļauja Nr.⁽¹⁾), deklarē, ka, izņemot tur, kur ir citādi skaidri noteikts, šiem produktiem ir⁽²⁾ preferenciāla izcelsme saskaņā ar pārejas noteikumiem par izcelsmi.

Lithuanian version

Šiame dokumente nurodytų produktų eksportuotojas (muitinės leidimo Nr.⁽¹⁾) deklaruoja, kad, jeigu aiškiai nenurodyta kitaip, šie produktai turi⁽²⁾ lengvatinės kilmės statusą pagal pereinamojo laikotarpio kilmės taisyklės.

Macedonian version

Извозникот на производитите што ги покрива овој документ (царинско одобрение бр.⁽¹⁾) изјавува дека, освен ако тоа не е јасно поинаку назначено, овие производи се со⁽²⁾ преференцијално потекло, во согласност со преодните правила за потекло.

Maltese version

L-esportatur tal-prodotti koperti minn dan id-dokument (awtorizzazzjoni tad-dwana nru.....⁽¹⁾) jiddikjara li, hlief fejn indikat mod ieħor b'mod ċar, dawn il-prodotti huma ta' oriġini preferenzjali⁽²⁾ skont ir-regoli ta' oriġini tranzitorji.

Montenegrin version

Извозник производа обухваћених овом исправом (царинско овлашћење бр.⁽¹⁾) изјављује да су, осим ако је другачије изричито наведено, ови производи⁽²⁾ преференцијалног поријекла, у складу са транзиционим правилима поријекла.

Izvoznik proizvoda obuhvaćenih ovom ispravom (carinsko ovlašćenje br.⁽¹⁾) izjavљује da su, osim ako je drugačije izričito navedeno, ovi proizvodi⁽²⁾ preferencijalnog porijekla u skladu sa tranzicionim pravilima porijekla.

Norwegian version

Eksportøren av produktene omfattet av dette dokument (tollmyndighetenes autorisasjonsnr.....⁽¹⁾) erklærer at disse produktene, unntatt hvor annet er tydelig angitt, har preferanseopprinnelse i henhold til overgangsreglene for opprinnelse ⁽²⁾.

Polish version

Eksporter produktów objętych tym dokumentem (upoważnienie władz celnych nr.....⁽¹⁾) deklaruje, że z wyjątkiem gdzie jest to wyraźnie określone, produkty te mają⁽²⁾ preferencyjne pochodzenie zgodnie z przejściowymi regulami pochodzenia.

Portuguese version

O exportador dos produtos cobertos pelo presente documento (autorização aduaneira n.º.....⁽¹⁾) declara que, salvo expressamente indicado em contrário, estes produtos são de origem preferencial⁽²⁾ de acordo com as regras de origem transitórias.

Romanian version

Exportatorul produselor care fac obiectul prezentului document (autorizația vamală nr.⁽¹⁾) declară că, exceptând cazul în care se indică altfel în mod clar, aceste produse sunt de origine preferențială⁽²⁾ în conformitate cu regulile de origine tranzitorii.

Serbian version

Извозник производа обухваћених овом исправом (царинско овлашћење бр.⁽¹⁾) изјављује да су, осим ако је другачије изричито наведено, ови производи⁽²⁾ преференцијалног порекла, у складу са прелазним правилима о пореклу.

▼ M9

Izvoznik proizvoda obuhvaćenih ovom ispravom (carinsko ovlašćenje br.....⁽¹⁾) izjavljuje da su, osim ako je drugačije izričito navedeno, ovi proizvodi⁽²⁾ preferencijalnog porekla, u skladu sa prelaznim pravilima o poreklu.

Slovak version

Vývozca výrobkov uvedených v tomto dokumente (číslo povolenia⁽¹⁾) vyhlasuje, že pokiaľ nie je zreteľne uvedené inak, tieto výrobky majú v súlade s prechodnými pravidlami pôvodu preferenčný pôvod v⁽²⁾.

Slovenian version

Izvoznik blaga, zajetega s tem dokumentom (pooblastilo carinskih organov št⁽¹⁾), izjavlja, da, razen če ni drugače jasno navedeno, ima to blago preferencialno⁽²⁾ poreklo v skladu s prehodnimi pravili o poreklu.

Spanish version

El exportador de los productos incluidos en el presente documento (autorización aduanera n.º⁽¹⁾) declara que, excepto donde se indique claramente lo contrario, estos productos son de origen preferencial.....⁽²⁾ con arreglo a las normas de origen transitorias.

Swedish version

Exportören av de varor som omfattas av detta dokument (tullmyndighetens tillstånd nr.⁽¹⁾) försäkrar att dessa varor, om inte annat tydligt markerats, har förmånsberättigande⁽²⁾ ursprung i enlighet med övergångsreglerna om ursprung.

Turkish version

Bu belge kapsamındaki ürünlerin ihracatçısı (gümrük yetki No:⁽¹⁾), aksi açıkça belirtilmedikçe, bu ürünlerin geçiş menşe kurallarına göre⁽²⁾ tercihli menşeli olduğunu beyan eder.

Ukrainian version

Експортер продукції, на яку поширюється цей документ (митний дозвіл №⁽¹⁾) заявляє, що, за винятком випадків, де це явно зазначено, ця продукція має⁽²⁾ преференційне походження згідно з перехідними правилами походження.

.....
(Place and date)⁽³⁾
.....

(Signature of the exporter, in addition the name of the person signing the declaration has to be indicated in clear script)⁽⁴⁾

⁽¹⁾ When the origin declaration is made out by an approved exporter, the authorisation number of the approved exporter must be entered in this space. When the origin declaration is not made out by an approved exporter, the words in brackets shall be omitted or the space left blank.

⁽²⁾ Origin of products to be indicated. When the origin declaration relates in whole or in part, to products originating in Ceuta and Melilla, the exporter must clearly indicate them in the document on which the declaration is made out, by means of the symbol 'CM'.

⁽³⁾ These indications may be omitted if the information is contained on the document itself.

⁽⁴⁾ In cases where the exporter is not required to sign, the exemption of signature also implies the exemption of the name of the signatory.

▼M9*ANNEX IV***SPECIMENS OF MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE EUR.1 AND APPLICATION FOR A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE EUR.1**

PRINTING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Each form shall measure 210×297 mm; a tolerance of up to minus 5 mm or plus 8 mm in the length may be allowed. The paper used must be white, sized for writing, not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 25 g/m². It shall have a printed green guilloche pattern background making any falsification by mechanical or chemical means apparent to the eye.
2. The competent authorities of the Parties may reserve the right to print the forms themselves or may have them printed by approved printers. In the latter case, each form must include a reference to such approval. Each form must bear the name and address of the printer or a mark by which the printer can be identified. It shall also bear a serial number, either printed or not, by which it can be identified.

▼ **M9**

MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

1. Exporter (Name, full address, country)	EUR.1		No A	000.000
	See notes overleaf before completing this form.			
3. Consignee (Name, full address, country) (Optional)	2. Certificate used in preferential trade between			
	<p style="text-align: center;">..... and </p> <p style="text-align: center;">(Insert appropriate countries, groups of countries or territories)</p>			
	4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating	5. Country, group of countries or territory of destination		
6. Transport details (Optional)	7. Remarks			
8. Item number; Marks and numbers; Number and kind of packages ⁽¹⁾ ; Description of goods	9. Gross mass (kg) or other measure (litres, m³, etc.)	10. Invoices (Optional)		
11. CUSTOMS ENDORSEMENT <i>Declaration certified</i> Export document ⁽²⁾ Form No Of Customs office Issuing country or territory Place and date (Signature)	Stamp	12. DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER I, the undersigned, declare that the goods described above meet the conditions required for the issue of this certificate. Place and date (Signature)		

⁽¹⁾ If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state 'in bulk', as appropriate.⁽²⁾ Complete only where the regulations of the exporting country or territory require.

▼ **M9**

13. REQUEST FOR VERIFICATION, to	14. RESULT OF VERIFICATION
Verification of the authenticity and accuracy of this certificate is requested. <div style="text-align: center;">(Place and date)</div> <div style="text-align: center;">Stamp</div> <div style="text-align: center;">(Signature)</div>	Verification carried out shows that this certificate ⁽¹⁾ <input type="checkbox"/> was issued by the customs office indicated and that the information contained therein is accurate. <input type="checkbox"/> does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy (see remarks appended). <div style="text-align: center;">(Place and date)</div> <div style="text-align: center;">Stamp</div> <div style="text-align: center;">(Signature)</div>

⁽¹⁾ Insert X in the appropriate box.

NOTES

1. Certificate must not contain erasures or words written over one another. Any alterations must be made by deleting the incorrect particulars and adding any necessary corrections. Any such alteration must be initialled by the person who completed the certificate and endorsed by the Customs authorities of the issuing country or territory.
2. No spaces must be left between the items entered on the certificate and each item must be preceded by an item number. A horizontal line must be drawn immediately below the last item. Any unused space must be struck through in such a manner as to make any later additions impossible.
3. Goods must be described in accordance with commercial practice and with sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.

▼ **M9**

APPLICATION FOR A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

1. Exporter (Name, full address, country)	EUR.1 No A 000.000		
	See notes overleaf before completing this form.		
3. Consignee (Name, full address, country) (Optional)	2. Application for a certificate to be used in preferential trade between <p style="text-align: center;">and</p> (Insert appropriate countries or groups of countries or territories)		
	4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating	5. Country, group of countries or territory of destination	
6. Transport details (Optional)	7. Remarks		
8. Item number; Marks and numbers; Number and kind of packages ⁽¹⁾ ; Description of goods	9. Gross mass (kg) or other measure (litres, m³, etc.)	10. Invoices (Optional)	

⁽¹⁾ If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state 'in bulk', as appropriate.

▼ **M9**

DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER

I, the undersigned, exporter of the goods described overleaf,

DECLARE that the goods meet the conditions required for the issue of the attached certificate;

SPECIFY as follows the circumstances which have enable these goods to meet the above conditions:

.....
.....
.....
.....

SUBMIT the following supporting documents ⁽¹⁾:

.....
.....
.....
.....

UNDERTAKE to submit, at the request of the appropriate authorities, any supporting evidence which those authorities may require for the purpose of issuing the attached certificate, and undertake, if required, to agree to any inspection of my accounts and to any check on the processes of manufacture of the above goods, carried out by the said authorities;

REQUEST the issue of the attached certificate for those goods.

.....

(Place and date)

.....

(Signature)

⁽¹⁾ For example: import documents, movement certificates, invoices, manufacturer's declarations, etc., referring to the products used in manufacture or to the goods re-exported in the same state.

▼ **M9***ANNEX V***SPECIAL CONDITIONS CONCERNING PRODUCTS ORIGINATING IN CEUTA AND MELILLA***Sole Article*

1. Providing they comply with the non-alteration rule of Article 14 of this Appendix, the following shall be considered as:
 - (1) products originating in Ceuta and Melilla:
 - (a) products wholly obtained in Ceuta and Melilla;
 - (b) products obtained in Ceuta and Melilla in the manufacture of which products other than products wholly obtained in Ceuta and Melilla are used, provided that:
 - (i) the said products have undergone sufficient working or processing within the meaning of Article 4 of this Appendix; or
 - (ii) those products originate in Georgia or in the European Union, provided that they have been submitted to working or processing which goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 of this Appendix;
 - (2) products originating in Georgia:
 - (a) products wholly obtained in Georgia;
 - (b) products obtained in Georgia, in the manufacture of which products other than products wholly obtained in Georgia are used, provided that:
 - (i) those products have undergone sufficient working or processing within the meaning of Article 4 of this Appendix; or
 - (ii) those products originate in Ceuta and Melilla or in the European Union, and they have been submitted to working or processing which goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6 of this Appendix.
2. Ceuta and Melilla shall be considered as a single territory.
3. The exporter or his authorised representative shall enter the name of the exporting Party and 'Ceuta and Melilla' in Box 2 of movement certificates EUR.1 or on origin declarations. In addition, in the case of products originating in Ceuta and Melilla, this shall be indicated in Box 4 of movement certificates EUR.1 or on origin declarations.
4. The Spanish customs authorities shall be responsible for the application of these Rules in Ceuta and Melilla.

▼ **M9***ANNEX VI***SUPPLIER'S DECLARATION**

The supplier's declaration, the text of which is provided below, must be made out in accordance with the footnotes. However, the footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

SUPPLIER'S DECLARATION

for goods which have undergone working or processing in applying Contracting Parties without having obtained preferential origin status

I, the undersigned, supplier of the goods covered by the annexed document, declare that:

1. The following materials which do not originate in [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)] have been used in [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)] to produce these goods:

Description of the goods supplied ⁽¹⁾	Description of non-originating materials used	Heading of non-originating materials used ⁽²⁾	Value of non-originating materials used ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
Total value			

2. All the other materials used in [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)] to produce those goods originate in [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)];

▼ M9

3. The following goods have undergone working or processing outside [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)] in accordance with Article 13 of this Appendix and have acquired the following total added value there:

Description of the goods supplied	Total added value acquired outside [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)] ⁽⁴⁾
(Place and date)	
(Address and signature of the supplier; in addition the name of the person signing the declaration has to be indicated in clear script)	

⁽¹⁾ When the invoice, delivery note or other commercial document to which the declaration is annexed relates to different kinds of goods, or to goods which do not incorporate non-originating materials to the same extent, the supplier must clearly differentiate them.
Example:

The document relates to different models of electric motor of heading 8501 to be used in the manufacture of washing machines of heading 8450. The nature and value of the non-originating materials used in the manufacture of those motors differ from one model to another. The models must therefore be differentiated in the first column and the indications in the other columns must be provided separately for each of the models to make it possible for the manufacturer of washing machines to make a correct assessment of the originating status of his products depending on which model of electrical motor he uses.

⁽²⁾ The indications requested in those columns should only be given if they are necessary.

Examples:

The rule for garments of ex Chapter 62 says Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric may be used. If a manufacturer of such garments in an applying Contracting Party uses fabric imported from the European Union which has been obtained there by weaving non-originating yarn, it is sufficient for the European Union supplier to describe in his declaration the non-originating material used as yarn, without it being necessary to indicate the heading and value of such yarn.

A producer of iron of heading 7217 who has produced it from non-originating iron bars should indicate in the second column 'bars of iron'. Where this wire is to be used in the production of a machine, for which the rule contains a limitation for all non-originating materials used to a certain percentage value, it is necessary to indicate in the third column the value of non-originating bars.

⁽³⁾ 'Value of materials' means the customs value at the time of importation of the non-originating materials used, or, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)].

The exact value for each non-originating material used must be given per unit of the goods specified in the first column.

⁽⁴⁾ 'Total added value' shall mean all costs accumulated outside [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)], including the value of all materials added there. The exact total added value acquired outside [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)] must be given per unit of the goods specified in the first column.

▼ **M9**

ANNEX VII

LONG-TERM SUPPLIER'S DECLARATION

The long-term supplier's declaration, the text of which is given below, must be made out in accordance with the footnotes. However, the footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

LONG-TERM SUPPLIER'S DECLARATION

for goods which have undergone working or processing in an applying Contracting Party without having obtained preferential origin status

I, the undersigned, supplier of the goods covered by the annexed document, which are regularly supplied to ⁽¹⁾ declare that:

1. The following materials which do not originate in [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)] have been used in [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)] to produce these goods:

Description of the goods supplied ⁽²⁾	Description of non-originating materials used	Heading of non-originating materials used ⁽³⁾	Value of non-originating materials used ⁽³⁾ ⁽⁴⁾
Total value			

2. All the other materials used in [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)] to produce those goods originate in [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)];

3. The following goods have undergone working or processing outside [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)] in accordance with Article 13 of this Appendix and have acquired the following total added value there:

Description of the goods supplied	Total added value acquired outside [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)] ⁽⁵⁾

This declaration is valid for all subsequent consignments of those goods dispatched from.....

to..... ⁽⁶⁾

I undertake to inform ⁽¹⁾ immediately if this declaration is no longer valid.

▼ M9

(Place and date)
(Address and signature of the supplier; in addition the name of the person signing the declaration has to be indicated in clear script)

(¹) Name and address of the customer.

(²) When the invoice, delivery note or other commercial document to which the declaration is annexed relates to different kinds of goods, or to goods which do not incorporate non-originating materials to the same extent, the supplier must clearly differentiate them.
Example:

The document relates to different models of electric motor of heading 8501 to be used in the manufacture of washing machines of heading 8450. The nature and value of the non-originating materials used in the manufacture of those motors differ from one model to another. The models must therefore be differentiated in the first column and the indications in the other columns must be provided separately for each of the models to make it possible for the manufacturer of washing machines to make a correct assessment of the originating status of his products depending on which model of electrical motor he uses.

(³) The indications requested in these columns should only be given if they are necessary.

Examples:

The rule for garments of ex Chapter 62 says Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric may be used. If a manufacturer of such garments in an applying Contracting Party uses fabric imported from the European Union which has been obtained there by weaving non-originating yarn, it is sufficient for the European Union supplier to describe in his declaration the non-originating material used as yarn, without it being necessary to indicate the heading and value of such yarn.

A producer of iron of heading 7217 who has produced it from non-originating iron bars should indicate in the second column 'bars of iron'. Where this wire is to be used in the production of a machine, for which the rule contains a limitation for all non-originating materials used to a certain percentage value, it is necessary to indicate in the third column the value of non-originating bars.

(⁴) 'Value of materials' means the customs value at the time of importation of the non-originating materials used, or, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)].

The exact value for each non-originating material used must be given per unit of the goods specified in the first column.

(⁵) 'Total added value' shall mean all costs accumulated outside [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)], including the value of all materials added there. The exact total added value acquired outside [indicate the name of the relevant applying Contracting Party(ies)] must be given per unit of the goods specified in the first column.

(⁶) Insert dates. The period of validity of the long-term supplier's declaration should not normally exceed 24 months, subject to the conditions laid down by the customs authorities of the applying Contracting Party where the long-term supplier's declaration is made out.

▼B**PROTOCOL II****on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Customs Matters***Article 1***Definitions**

For the purposes of this Protocol:

- (a) ‘customs legislation’ means any legal or regulatory provision applicable in the territories of the Parties, governing the import, export and transit of goods and their placing under any other customs regime or procedure, including measures on prohibition, restriction and control thereof;
- (b) ‘requesting authority’ means a competent administrative authority which makes a request for assistance on the basis of this Protocol and which has been designated by a Party for that purpose;
- (c) ‘requested authority’ means a competent administrative authority which receives a request for assistance on the basis of this Protocol and which has ► **CI** been designated by ◀ a Party for that purpose;
- (d) ‘personal data’ means all information relating to an identified or identifiable individual;
- (e) ‘operation in breach of customs legislation’ means any violation or attempted violation of customs legislation.

*Article 2***Scope**

1. The Parties shall assist each other, in the areas of their competence, in the manner and under the conditions laid down in this Protocol, to ensure the correct application of their customs legislation, in particular by preventing, investigating and combating operations in breach of that legislation.
2. The assistance in customs matters, as provided for in this Protocol, shall apply to any administrative authority of the Parties which is competent for the application of this Protocol. It shall not prejudice the rules governing mutual assistance in criminal matters. Nor shall it cover exchange of information obtained under powers exercised at the request of a judicial authority, except where the communication of such information is authorised by that authority.
3. The assistance to recover duties, taxes or fines is not covered by this Protocol.

▼B*Article 3***Assistance upon request**

1. Upon request of the requesting authority, the requested authority shall provide the requesting authority with all relevant information which may enable the requesting authority to ensure that customs legislation is correctly applied, including information regarding noted or planned activities which are or could be operations in breach of customs legislation.
2. Upon request of the requesting authority, the requested authority shall inform the requesting authority of the following:
 - (a) whether goods exported from the territory of one of the Parties have been properly imported into the territory of the other Party, specifying, where appropriate, the customs procedure applied to those goods;
 - (b) whether goods imported into the territory of one of the Parties have been properly exported from the territory of the other Party, specifying, where appropriate, the customs procedure applied to those goods.
3. Upon request of the requesting authority, the requested authority shall, within the framework of its legal or regulatory provisions, take the necessary steps to ensure special surveillance of:
 - (a) natural or legal persons in respect of whom there are reasonable grounds for believing that they are or have been involved in operations in breach of customs legislation;
 - (b) places where stocks of goods have been or may be assembled in such a way that there are reasonable grounds for believing that those goods are intended to be used in operations in breach of customs legislation;
 - (c) goods that are or may be transported in such a way that there are reasonable grounds for believing that they are intended to be used in operations in breach of customs legislation;
 - (d) means of transport that are or may be used in such a way that there are reasonable grounds for believing that they are intended to be used in operations in breach of customs legislation.

*Article 4***Spontaneous assistance**

The Parties shall assist each other, on their own initiative and in accordance with their legal or regulatory provisions, if they consider that to be necessary for the correct application of customs legislation, in particular by providing information pertaining to:

- (a) activities which are or appear to be operations in breach of customs legislation and which may be of interest to the other Party;

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- (b) new means or methods employed in carrying out operations in breach of customs legislation;
- (c) goods known to be subject to operations in breach of customs legislation;
- (d) natural or legal persons in respect of whom there are reasonable grounds for believing that they are or have been involved in operations in breach of customs legislation;
- (e) means of transport in respect of which there are reasonable grounds for believing that they have been, are, or may be used in operations in breach of customs legislation.

*Article 5***Delivery and notification**

1. Upon request of the requesting authority, the requested authority shall, in accordance with legal or regulatory provisions applicable to that authority, take all necessary measures in order to deliver any documents or to notify any decisions originating from the requesting authority and falling within the scope of this Protocol, to an addressee residing or established in the territory of the requested authority.
2. Requests for delivery of documents or notification of decisions shall be made in writing in an official language of the requested authority or in a language acceptable to that authority.

*Article 6***Form and substance of requests for assistance**

1. Requests pursuant to this Protocol shall be made in writing. They shall be accompanied by the documents necessary to enable compliance with the request. When required because of the urgency of the situation, oral requests may be accepted, but must be confirmed in writing immediately.
2. Requests pursuant to paragraph 1 shall include the following information:
 - (a) the requesting authority;
 - (b) the requested measure;
 - (c) the object of and the reason for the request;
 - (d) the legal or regulatory provisions and other legal elements involved;
 - (e) indications as exact and comprehensive as possible regarding the natural or legal persons who are the target of the enquiries, and
 - (f) a summary of the relevant facts and of the enquiries already carried out.

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3. Requests shall be submitted in an official language of the requested authority or in a language acceptable to that authority. That requirement shall not apply to any documents that accompany a request under paragraph 1.

4. If a request does not meet the formal requirements set out in this Article, its correction or completion may be requested and precautionary measures may be ordered in the meantime.

*Article 7***Execution of requests**

1. In order to comply with a request for assistance, the requested authority shall proceed, within the limits of its competence and available resources, as though it were acting on its own account or upon request of other authorities of that same Party, by supplying information already in the requested authority's possession, by carrying out appropriate enquiries or by arranging for them to be carried out. This provision shall also apply to any other authority to which the request has been addressed by the requested authority when the latter cannot act on its own.

2. Requests for assistance shall be executed in accordance with the legal or regulatory provisions of the requested Party.

3. Duly authorised officials of a Party may, with the agreement of the other Party and subject to the conditions laid down by the latter, be present in the offices of the requested authority or any other concerned authority in accordance with paragraph 1, to obtain information relating to activities that are or may be operations in breach of customs legislation which the requesting authority needs for the purposes of this Protocol.

4. Duly authorised officials of a Party may, with the agreement of the other Party and subject to the conditions laid down by the latter, be present at enquiries carried out in the latter's territory.

*Article 8***Form in which information is to be communicated**

1. The requested authority shall communicate the results of enquiries to the requesting authority in writing together with relevant documents, certified copies or other items.

2. That information may be in a computerised form.

3. Original documents shall be transmitted only upon request in cases where certified copies would be insufficient. Those originals shall be returned at the earliest opportunity.

▼B*Article 9***Exceptions to the obligation to provide assistance**

1. Assistance may be refused or may be subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions or requirements, in cases where a Party is of the opinion that assistance under this Protocol would:
 - (a) be likely to prejudice the sovereignty of Georgia or that of a Member State which has been requested to provide assistance under this Protocol;
 - (b) be likely to prejudice public policy, security or other essential interests, in particular in the cases referred to under Article 10(2) of this Protocol; or
 - (c) violate an industrial, commercial or professional secret.
2. Assistance may be postponed by the requested authority on the ground that it will interfere with an on-going investigation, prosecution or proceeding. In such a case, the requested authority shall consult with the requesting authority to determine if assistance can be given subject to such terms or conditions as the requested authority may require.
3. Where the requesting authority seeks assistance which it would itself be unable to provide if so requested, it shall draw attention to that fact in its request. It shall then be for the requested authority to decide how to respond to such a request.
4. For the cases referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the decision of the requested authority and the reasons therefor must be communicated to the requesting authority without delay.

*Article 10***Information exchange and confidentiality**

1. Any information communicated in whatsoever form pursuant to this Protocol shall be of a confidential or restricted nature, depending on the rules applicable in each of the Parties. It shall be covered by the obligation of official secrecy and shall enjoy the protection extended to similar information under the relevant laws of the Party that received it and the corresponding provisions applying to the institutions of the Union.
2. Personal data may be exchanged only where the Party which may receive it undertakes to protect such data in a manner that is considered adequate by the Party that may supply them.
3. The use, in administrative or judicial proceedings instituted in respect of operations in breach of customs legislation, of information obtained under this Protocol, shall be considered to be for the purposes of this Protocol. Therefore, the Parties may, in their records of evidence, reports and testimonies and in proceedings and charges brought before the courts, use as evidence information obtained and documents consulted in accordance with the provisions of this Protocol. The competent authority which supplied that information or gave access to those documents shall be notified of such use.

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4. The information obtained under this Protocol shall be used solely for the purposes set out in this Protocol. Where one of the Parties wishes to use such information for other purposes, it shall obtain the prior written consent of the requested authority which provided the information. Such use shall then be subject to any restrictions laid down by requested authority.

*Article 11***Experts and witnesses**

An official of a requested authority may be authorised to appear, within the limitations of the authorisation granted, as an expert or a witness in administrative or judicial proceedings regarding the matters covered by this Protocol, and may produce such objects, documents or certified copies thereof, as may be needed for the proceedings. The request to the official is made by the requesting authority and must indicate specifically before which administrative or judicial authority the official will have to appear, on which matters and in which capacity (title or qualification).

*Article 12***Assistance expenses**

The Parties shall waive all claims against each other for the reimbursement of expenses incurred pursuant to this Protocol, except, as appropriate, for expenses related to experts and witnesses, and those related to interpreters and translators who are not public service employees.

*Article 13***Implementation**

1. The implementation of this Protocol shall be entrusted on the one hand to the customs authorities of Georgia and on the other hand to the competent services of the European Commission and the customs authorities of the Member States, as appropriate. They shall decide on all practical measures and arrangements necessary for its application, taking into consideration the rules in force, in particular in the field of data protection.

2. The Parties shall consult each other and subsequently keep each other informed of the detailed rules of implementation which are adopted in accordance with the provisions of this Protocol.

*Article 14***Other agreements**

1. Taking into account the respective competencies of the Union and the Member States, the provisions of this Protocol shall:

- (a) not affect the obligations of the Parties under any other international agreement or convention;

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- (b) be deemed complementary to agreements on mutual assistance which have been or may be concluded between individual Member States and Georgia; and
- (c) not affect the Union's provisions governing the communication between the competent services of the European Commission and the customs authorities of the Member States of any information obtained under this Protocol which could be of interest to the Union.

2. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 1, the provisions of this Protocol shall take precedence over the provisions of any bilateral agreement on mutual assistance which has been or may be concluded between individual Member States and Georgia in so far as the provisions of such a bilateral agreement are incompatible with those of this Protocol.

*Article 15***Consultations**

In respect of questions relating to the applicability of this Protocol, the Parties shall consult each other to resolve the matter in the framework of the Customs Sub-Committee set up under Article 74 of this Agreement.



PROTOCOL III

on a framework Agreement between the European Union and Georgia on the general principles for the participation of Georgia in Union programmes

Article 1

Georgia shall be allowed to participate in all current and future programmes of the Union opened to the participation of Georgia in accordance with the relevant provisions adopting those programmes.

Article 2

Georgia shall contribute financially to the general budget of the EU corresponding to the specific programmes in which Georgia participates.

Article 3

Georgia's representatives shall be allowed to take part as observers and, for the points which concern Georgia, in the management committees responsible for monitoring the programmes, to which Georgia contributes financially.

Article 4

Projects and initiatives submitted by participants from Georgia shall, as far as possible, be subject to the same conditions, rules and procedures pertaining to the programmes concerned as those which apply to Member States.

Article 5

The specific terms and conditions regarding the participation of Georgia in each specific programme, in particular the financial contribution payable, as well as reporting and evaluation procedures, shall be determined by agreement between the European Commission and the competent authorities of Georgia on the basis of the criteria established by the programmes concerned.

If Georgia applies for external assistance of the Union to participate in a given Union programme pursuant to Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 1638/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 October 2006 laying down general provisions establishing a European Neighbourhood and Partnership Instrument or pursuant to any similar legislative act of the Union providing for external assistance of the Union to Georgia that may be adopted in the future, the conditions governing the use by Georgia of external assistance of the Union shall be determined in a financing agreement, complying in particular with Article 20 of Regulation (EC) No 1638/2006.

Article 6

Each agreement concluded pursuant to Article 5 of this Protocol, shall stipulate, in accordance with Regulation (EU, EURATOM) No 966/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on the financial rules applicable to the general budget of the

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Union and repealing Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1605/2002, that financial control or audits or other verifications, including administrative investigations will be carried out by, or under the authority of, the European Commission, the Court of Auditors and the European Anti-Fraud Office.

Detailed provisions shall be made on financial control and auditing, administrative measures, penalties and recovery enabling the European Commission, the Court of Auditors and the European Anti-Fraud Office to be granted powers equivalent to their powers with regard to beneficiaries or contractors established in the Union.

Article 7

This Protocol shall apply while this Agreement is applicable.

Either Party may denounce this Protocol by written notification to the other Party.

Termination of the Protocol following denunciation by either Party shall have no influence on the checks and controls to be carried out in accordance with the provisions laid down in Articles 5 and 6 respectively.

Article 8

No later than three years after the date of entry into force of this Protocol, and every three years thereafter, both Parties may review the implementation of this Protocol on the basis of the actual participation of Georgia in Union programmes.

▼B**PROTOCOL IV****Definitions**

For the purposes of this Agreement:

1. 'Irregularity' means any infringement of a provision of EU law, of this Agreement or ensuing agreements and contracts, resulting from an act or omission by an economic operator, which has, or would have, the effect of prejudicing the general budget of the EU or budgets managed by it, either by reducing or losing revenue accruing from own resources collected directly on behalf of the EU, or by an unjustified item of expenditure.

2. 'Fraud' means:
 - (a) in respect of expenditure, any intentional act or omission relating to:
 - the use or presentation of false, incorrect or incomplete statements or documents, which has as its effect the misappropriation or wrongful retention of funds from the general budget of the EU or budgets managed by, or on behalf of, the EU;
 - the non-disclosure of information in violation of a specific obligation, with the same effect as described in the first indent of this point;
 - the misapplication of funds referred to in the first indent of this point for purposes other than those for which they were originally granted;

 - (b) in respect of revenue, any intentional act or omission relating to:
 - the use or presentation of false, incorrect or incomplete statements or documents, which has as its effect the illegal diminution of the resources of the general budget of the EU or budgets managed by, or on behalf of, the EU;
 - the non-disclosure of information in violation of a specific obligation, with the same effect as described in the first indent of this point;
 - the misapplication of a legally obtained benefit, with the same effect as described in the first indent of this point.

3. 'Active corruption' means the deliberate action of whosoever promises or gives, directly or through an intermediary, an advantage of any kind whatsoever to an official for himself or for a third party for him to act or refrain from acting in accordance with his duty or in the exercise of his functions in breach of his official duties in a way which damages or is likely to damage the financial interests of the EU.

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4. 'Passive corruption' means the deliberate action of an official who, directly or through an intermediary, requests or receives advantages of any kind whatsoever, for himself or for a third party, or accepts a promise of such an advantage, to act or refrain from acting in accordance with his duty or in the exercise of his functions in breach of his official duties in a way which damages or is likely to damage the financial interests of the EU.
5. 'Conflict of interest' means any situation that could cast doubt on the ability of staff to act in an impartial and objective manner for reasons involving family, emotional life (e.g. friendship, affectionate relations, etc.), political or national affinity, economic interest or any other shared interest with a tenderer, applicant or beneficiary, or that could reasonably appear to do so in the eyes of an external third party.
6. 'Unduly paid' means paid in breach of the rules governing EU funds.
7. 'European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF)' means the European Commission's specialised anti-fraud department. OLAF has operational independence and is responsible for carrying out administrative investigations intended to combat fraud, corruption and any other illegal activity adversely affecting the financial interests of the EU, as provided for in Commission Decision 1999/352/EC, ECSC, Euratom of 28 April 1999 establishing the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF), Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 May 1999 concerning investigations by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities.